List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Multiancestry genome-wide association study of 520,000 subjects identifies 32 loci associated with stroke and stroke subtypes. Nature Genetics, 2018, 50, 524-537.	21.4	1,124
2	Effects of intensive blood pressure lowering on cardiovascular and renal outcomes: updated systematic review and meta-analysis. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 435-443.	13.7	792
3	Overview of the BioBank Japan Project: Study design and profile. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S2-S8.	2.4	451
4	Type 2 Diabetes as a Risk Factor for Dementia in Women Compared With Men: A Pooled Analysis of 2.3 Million People Comprising More Than 100,000 Cases of Dementia. Diabetes Care, 2016, 39, 300-307.	8.6	450
5	Brachial-Ankle Pulse Wave Velocity and the Risk Prediction of Cardiovascular Disease. Hypertension, 2017, 69, 1045-1052.	2.7	382
6	Chronic kidney disease and cardiovascular disease in a general Japanese population: The Hisayama Study. Kidney International, 2005, 68, 228-236.	5.2	331
7	Altered Expression of Diabetes-Related Genes in Alzheimer's Disease Brains: The Hisayama Study. Cerebral Cortex, 2014, 24, 2476-2488.	2.9	294
8	Stroke and cerebrovascular diseases in patients with chronic kidney disease. Lancet Neurology, The, 2014, 13, 823-833.	10.2	269
9	Secular Trends in Cardiovascular Disease and Its Risk Factors in Japanese. Circulation, 2013, 128, 1198-1205.	1.6	250
10	Lowering Blood Pressure Reduces Renal Events in Type 2 Diabetes. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2009, 20, 883-892.	6.1	245
11	Bacterial diversity in saliva and oral health-related conditions: the Hisayama Study. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 22164.	3.3	221
12	A prospective study of dietary salt intake and gastric cancer incidence in a defined Japanese population: The Hisayama study. International Journal of Cancer, 2006, 119, 196-201.	5.1	218
13	Midlife and Late-Life Blood Pressure and Dementia in Japanese Elderly. Hypertension, 2011, 58, 22-28.	2.7	214
14	A nonsynonymous SNP in PRKCH (protein kinase C η) increases the risk of cerebral infarction. Nature Genetics, 2007, 39, 212-217.	21.4	200
15	Biomarkers of Dietary Omega-6 Fatty Acids and Incident Cardiovascular Disease and Mortality. Circulation, 2019, 139, 2422-2436.	1.6	199
16	Effect of SGLT2 inhibitors on cardiovascular, renal and safety outcomes in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and chronic kidney disease: A systematic review and metaâ€analysis. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism, 2019, 21, 1237-1250.	4.4	190
17	High-Sensitivity C-Reactive Protein and Coronary Heart Disease in a General Population of Japanese. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2008, 28, 1385-1391.	2.4	180
18	Dietary patterns and risk of dementia in an elderly Japanese population: the Hisayama Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 97, 1076-1082.	4.7	178

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19	Impact of Metabolic Syndrome on the Development of Cardiovascular Disease in a General Japanese Population. Stroke, 2007, 38, 2063-2069.	2.0	176
20	Metabolic Syndrome and CKD in a General Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. American Journal of Kidney Diseases, 2006, 48, 383-391.	1.9	165
21	Association of Kidney Function With Coronary Atherosclerosis and Calcification in Autopsy Samples From Japanese Elders: The Hisayama Study. American Journal of Kidney Diseases, 2010, 55, 21-30.	1.9	163
22	Diabetes Mellitus and Dementia. Current Diabetes Reports, 2014, 14, 487.	4.2	160
23	Trends in dementia prevalence, incidence, and survival rate in a Japanese community. Neurology, 2017, 88, 1925-1932.	1.1	154
24	Comparative profiling of cortical gene expression in Alzheimer's disease patients and mouse models demonstrates a link between amyloidosis and neuroinflammation. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 17762.	3.3	138
25	Elevated C-Reactive Protein Is a Predictor of the Development of Diabetes in a General Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. Diabetes Care, 2005, 28, 2497-2500.	8.6	136
26	Cross-sectional analysis of BioBank Japan clinical data: A large cohort of 200,000 patients with 47 common diseases. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S9-S21.	2.4	133
27	Blood n-3 fatty acid levels and total and cause-specific mortality from 17 prospective studies. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 2329.	12.8	132
28	Clinical impact of albuminuria and glomerular filtration rate on renal and cardiovascular events, and all-cause mortality in Japanese patients with type 2 diabetes. Clinical and Experimental Nephrology, 2014, 18, 613-620.	1.6	127
29	Day-to-Day Blood Pressure Variability and Risk of Dementia in a General Japanese Elderly Population. Circulation, 2017, 136, 516-525.	1.6	113
30	Hyperglycemia Increases Risk of Gastric Cancer Posed by Helicobacter pylori Infection: A Population-Based Cohort Study. Gastroenterology, 2009, 136, 1234-1241.	1.3	109
31	The Serum Pepsinogen Test as a Predictor of Gastric Cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 163, 629-637.	3.4	107
32	Tooth Loss and Risk of Dementia in the Community: the Hisayama Study. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2017, 65, e95-e100.	2.6	103
33	Association between ratio of serum eicosapentaenoic acid to arachidonic acid and risk of cardiovascular disease: The Hisayama Study. Atherosclerosis, 2013, 231, 261-267.	0.8	101
34	Association of extremely high levels of high-density lipoprotein cholesterol with cardiovascular mortality in a pooled analysis of 9 cohort studies including 43,407 individuals: The EPOCH–JAPAN study. Journal of Clinical Lipidology, 2018, 12, 674-684.e5.	1.5	101
35	Impact of Glucose Tolerance Status on Development of Ischemic Stroke and Coronary Heart Disease in a General Japanese Population. Stroke, 2010, 41, 203-209.	2.0	98
36	Chronic Kidney Disease, Cardiovascular Events, and the Effects of Perindopril-Based Blood Pressure Lowering. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2007, 18, 2766-2772.	6.1	97

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37	Impact of Kidney Disease and Blood Pressure on the Development of Cardiovascular Disease. Circulation, 2008, 118, 2694-2701.	1.6	95
38	Brachial-ankle pulse wave velocity predicts the development of cardiovascular disease in a general Japanese population. Journal of Hypertension, 2013, 31, 477-483.	0.5	89
39	Having few remaining teeth is associated with a low nutrient intake and low serum albumin levels in middle-aged and older Japanese individuals: findings from the NIPPON DATA2010. Environmental Health and Preventive Medicine, 2019, 24, 1.	3.4	84
40	Alexithymia Is Associated with Greater Risk of Chronic Pain and Negative Affect and with Lower Life Satisfaction in a General Population: The Hisayama Study. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e90984.	2.5	79
41	Population-based Prospective Study of the Combined Influence of Cigarette Smoking and Helicobacter pylori Infection on Gastric Cancer Incidence: The Hisayama Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 168, 1409-1415.	3.4	78
42	Japanese Legacy Cohort Studies: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 444-451.	2.4	74
43	Tongue Microbiota and Oral Health Status in Community-Dwelling Elderly Adults. MSphere, 2018, 3, .	2.9	73
44	Prevalence of chronic kidney disease in Asia: a systematic review and analysis. BMJ Global Health, 2022, 7, e007525.	4.7	73
45	Prevalence and Causes of Functional Disability in an Elderly General Population of Japanese: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 22, 222-229.	2.4	71
46	Association Between Diabetes and Hippocampal Atrophy in Elderly Japanese: The Hisayama Study. Diabetes Care, 2016, 39, 1543-1549.	8.6	71
47	The long-term association between physical activity and risk of dementia in the community: the Hisayama Study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 31, 267-274.	5.7	67
48	Proposed Criteria for Metabolic Syndrome in Japanese Based on Prospective Evidence. Stroke, 2009, 40, 1187-1194.	2.0	66
49	Genetic Predisposition to Ischemic Stroke. Stroke, 2017, 48, 253-258.	2.0	64
50	The Contribution of Inflammation to the Development of Hypertension Mediated by Increased Arterial Stiffness. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2017, 6, .	3.7	64
51	Association Between Daily Sleep Duration and Risk of Dementia and Mortality in a Japanese Community. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2018, 66, 1911-1918.	2.6	64
52	Moyamoya Disease Susceptibility Variant <i>RNF213</i> p.R4810K Increases the Risk of Ischemic Stroke Attributable to Large-Artery Atherosclerosis. Circulation, 2019, 139, 295-298.	1.6	64
53	Association of anthropometry and weight change with risk of dementia and its major subtypes: A metaâ€analysis consisting 2.8 million adults with 57 294 cases of dementia. Obesity Reviews, 2020, 21, e12989.	6.5	62
54	Distinct composition of the oral indigenous microbiota in South Korean and Japanese adults. Scientific Reports, 2014, 4, 6990.	3.3	58

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55	Impact of lower range of prehypertension on cardiovascular events in a general population. Journal of Hypertension, 2012, 30, 893-900.	0.5	57
56	Characteristics of the Salivary Microbiota in Patients With Various Digestive Tract Cancers. Frontiers in Microbiology, 2019, 10, 1780.	3.5	57
57	Midlife and Lateâ€Life Smoking and Risk of Dementia in the Community: The Hisayama Study. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2015, 63, 2332-2339.	2.6	56
58	Hematocrit and the risk of cardiovascular disease in a Japanese community: The Hisayama Study. Atherosclerosis, 2015, 242, 199-204.	0.8	54
59	Haemoglobin A1c even within non-diabetic level is a predictor of cardiovascular disease in a general Japanese population: the Hisayama Study. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2013, 12, 164.	6.8	52
60	Combination of <i>Helicobacter pylori</i> Antibody and Serum Pepsinogen as a Good Predictive Tool of Gastric Cancer Incidence: 20-Year Prospective Data From the Hisayama Study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 26, 629-636.	2.4	52
61	Small Dense Low-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol and the Risk of Coronary Heart Disease in a Japanese Community. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2020, 27, 669-682.	2.0	52
62	Development and validation of a cardiovascular risk prediction model for Japanese: the Hisayama study. Hypertension Research, 2009, 32, 1119-1122.	2.7	51
63	Association Between Glucose Tolerance Level and Cancer Death in a General Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 176, 856-864.	3.4	50
64	n-3 Fatty Acid Biomarkers and Incident Type 2 Diabetes: An Individual Participant-Level Pooling Project of 20 Prospective Cohort Studies. Diabetes Care, 2021, 44, 1133-1142.	8.6	50
65	Midlife and late-life handgrip strength and risk of cause-specific death in a general Japanese population: the Hisayama Study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2014, 68, 663-668.	3.7	48
66	Trends in the prevalence of type 2 diabetes and prediabetes in communityâ€dwelling Japanese subjects: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Diabetes Investigation, 2014, 5, 162-169.	2.4	47
67	Overview of BioBank Japan follow-up data in 32 diseases. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S22-S28.	2.4	47
68	Study design and baseline characteristics of a population-based prospective cohort study of dementia in Japan: the Japan Prospective Studies Collaboration for Aging and Dementia (JPSC-AD). Environmental Health and Preventive Medicine, 2020, 25, 64.	3.4	47
69	Serum Soluble Triggering Receptor Expressed on Myeloid Cells 2 as a Biomarker for Incident Dementia: The Hisayama Study. Annals of Neurology, 2019, 85, 47-58.	5.3	45
70	Serum Uric Acid as a Risk Factor for Chronic Kidney Disease in a Japanese Community – The Hisayama Study –. Circulation Journal, 2016, 80, 1857-1862.	1.6	44
71	Diabetes and hypertension markedly increased the risk of ischemic stroke associated with high serum resistin concentration in a general Japanese population: the Hisayama Study. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2009, 8, 60.	6.8	43
72	Clustering of risk factors and the risk of incident cardiovascular disease in Asian and Caucasian populations: results from the Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e019335.	1.9	42

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73	Prehypertension Increases the Risk for Renal Arteriosclerosis in Autopsies: The Hisayama Study. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2007, 18, 2135-2142.	6.1	41
74	Albuminuria Increases the Risks for Both Alzheimer Disease and Vascular Dementia in Communityâ€Đwelling Japanese Elderly: The Hisayama Study. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2018, 7, .	3.7	40
75	Hyperhomocysteinemia and the development of chronic kidney disease in a general population: the Hisayama study. American Journal of Kidney Diseases, 2004, 44, 437-45.	1.9	39
76	Characteristics and prognosis of Japanese colorectal cancer patients: The BioBank Japan Project. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S36-S42.	2.4	38
77	Trends in the Prevalence of Myopia and Myopic Maculopathy in a Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. , 2019, 60, 2781.		38
78	Non-high-density lipoprotein cholesterol and the development of coronary heart disease and stroke subtypes in a general Japanese population: The Hisayama Study. Atherosclerosis, 2014, 233, 343-348.	0.8	37
79	Paternal and maternal bonding styles in childhood are associated with the prevalence of chronic pain in a general adult population: the Hisayama Study. BMC Psychiatry, 2015, 15, 181.	2.6	36
80	Proposed Cutoff Value of Brachial-Ankle Pulse Wave Velocity for the Management of Hypertension. Circulation Journal, 2017, 81, 1540-1542.	1.6	36
81	Epidemiological Evidence of the Relationship Between Diabetes and Dementia. Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology, 2019, 1128, 13-25.	1.6	36
82	Serum Lipopolysaccharideâ€Binding Protein Levels and the Incidence of Cardiovascular Disease in a General Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2019, 8, e013628.	3.7	35
83	Ankle-brachial index measured by oscillometry is predictive for cardiovascular disease and premature death in the Japanese population: An individual participant data meta-analysis. Atherosclerosis, 2018, 275, 141-148.	0.8	34
84	Reduced Estimated GFR and Cardiac Remodeling: A Population-Based Autopsy Study. American Journal of Kidney Diseases, 2019, 74, 373-381.	1.9	34
85	Association of hemoglobin A1c and glycated albumin with carotid atherosclerosis in community-dwelling Japanese subjects: the Hisayama Study. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2015, 14, 84.	6.8	33
86	Prevalence and Mortality of Sarcopenia in a Community-dwelling Older Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 31, 320-327.	2.4	33
87	Association study of susceptibility genes for late-onset Alzheimer's disease in the Japanese population. Psychiatric Genetics, 2012, 22, 290-293.	1.1	32
88	Demographic and lifestyle factors and survival among patients with esophageal and gastric cancer: The Biobank Japan Project. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S29-S35.	2.4	32
89	The Construction of Risk Prediction Models Using GWAS Data and Its Application to a Type 2 Diabetes Prospective Cohort. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e92549.	2.5	31
90	Serum Angiopoietin–Like Protein 2 Is a Novel Risk Factor for Cardiovascular Disease in the Community. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2016, 36, 1686-1691.	2.4	31

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91	Alternative Measures of Hyperglycemia and Risk of Alzheimer's Disease in the Community: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2017, 102, 3002-3010.	3.6	31
92	Temporal trends in sudden unexpected death in a general population: The Hisayama Study. American Heart Journal, 2013, 165, 932-938.e1.	2.7	30
93	Association between Axial Length and Myopic Maculopathy. Ophthalmology Retina, 2019, 3, 867-873.	2.4	30
94	Lifetime Risk of Stroke and Coronary Heart Disease Deaths According to Blood Pressure Level. Hypertension, 2019, 73, 52-59.	2.7	30
95	Patterns and Levels of Sedentary Behavior and Physical Activity in a General Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 260-265.	2.4	29
96	Age-specific impact of diabetes mellitus on the risk of cardiovascular mortality: An overview from the evidence for Cardiovascular Prevention from Observational Cohorts in the Japan Research Group (EPOCH-JAPAN). Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, 123-129.	2.4	28
97	Association of adipocyte enhancerâ€binding protein 1 with <scp>A</scp> lzheimer's disease pathology in human hippocampi. Brain Pathology, 2018, 28, 58-71.	4.1	28
98	Estimated glomerular filtration rate decline and risk of end-stage renal disease in type 2 diabetes. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0201535.	2.5	28
99	Albuminuria and Chronic Kidney Disease in Association With the Metabolic Syndrome. Journal of the Cardiometabolic Syndrome, 2007, 2, 104-107.	1.7	27
100	Characteristics and prognosis of Japanese female breast cancer patients: The BioBank Japan project. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S58-S64.	2.4	27
101	Decline in Handgrip Strength From Midlife to Late-Life is Associated With Dementia in a Japanese Community: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 30, 15-23.	2.4	26
102	Insulin Resistance and the Development of Cardiovascular Disease in a Japanese Community: the Hisayama Study. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2012, 19, 977-985.	2.0	26
103	Validation of a COPD screening questionnaire and establishment of diagnostic cut-points in a Japanese general population: The Hisayama study. Allergology International, 2015, 64, 49-53.	3.3	25
104	Statin use and all-cause and cancer mortality: BioBank Japan cohort. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S84-S91.	2.4	25
105	Genome-Wide Polygenic Score and the Risk of Ischemic Stroke in a Prospective Cohort. Stroke, 2020, 51, 759-765.	2.0	25
106	Apolipoprotein Genotype for Prediction of Alzheimer's Disease in Older Japanese: The Hisayama Study. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2011, 59, 1074-1079.	2.6	24
107	Comparison of oral versus intravenous vitamin D receptor activator in reducing infection-related mortality in hemodialysis patients: the Q-Cohort Study. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2016, 31, 1152-1160.	0.7	24
108	Dietary fiber intake and risk of typeÂ2 diabetes in a general Japanese population: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Diabetes Investigation, 2021, 12, 527-536.	2.4	24

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109	Development and Validation of a Risk Prediction Model for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease in Japanese Adults: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2022, 29, 345-361.	2.0	23
110	Integrated analysis of human genetic association study and mouse transcriptome suggests LBH and SHF genes as novel susceptible genes for amyloid-β accumulation in Alzheimer's disease. Human Genetics, 2018, 137, 521-533.	3.8	22
111	Disrupted tongue microbiota and detection of nonindigenous bacteria on the day of allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation. PLoS Pathogens, 2020, 16, e1008348.	4.7	22
112	Trends in autopsyâ€verified dementia prevalence over 29Âyears of the Hisayama study. Neuropathology, 2016, 36, 383-387.	1.2	21
113	Dietary Protein Intake and Stroke Risk in a General Japanese Population. Stroke, 2017, 48, 1478-1486.	2.0	21
114	The Fukuoka Kidney disease Registry (FKR) Study: design and methods. Clinical and Experimental Nephrology, 2017, 21, 465-473.	1.6	21
115	Development and validation of a risk assessment tool for gastric cancer in a general Japanese population. Gastric Cancer, 2018, 21, 383-390.	5.3	21
116	Estimation of nephron number in living humans by combining unenhanced computed tomography with biopsy-based stereology. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 14400.	3.3	21
117	Arterial Stiffness and QT Interval Prolongation in a General Population: The Hisayama Study. Hypertension Research, 2008, 31, 1339-1345.	2.7	20
118	Risk of Stroke in Kidney Disease. Contributions To Nephrology, 2013, 179, 58-66.	1.1	20
119	Survival of macrovascular disease, chronic kidney disease, chronic respiratory disease, cancer and smoking in patients with type 2 diabetes: BioBank Japan cohort. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S98-S106.	2.4	20
120	Prevalence of and risk factors for cerebral microbleeds in a general Japanese elderly community. Neurology: Clinical Practice, 2018, 8, 223-231.	1.6	20
121	Development and validation of modified risk prediction models for cardiovascular disease and its subtypes: The Hisayama Study. Atherosclerosis, 2018, 279, 38-44.	0.8	19
122	Association between the ratio of serum arachidonic acid to eicosapentaenoic acid and the presence of depressive symptoms in a general Japanese population: the Hisayama Study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2018, 237, 73-79.	4.1	19
123	Dietary Patterns and Clinical Outcomes in Hemodialysis Patients in Japan: A Cohort Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0116677.	2.5	18
124	The ratio of serum eicosapentaenoic acid to arachidonic acid and riskÂof cancer death in a Japanese community: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, 578-583.	2.4	18
125	Serum Non-High-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol and Risk of Cardiovascular Disease in Community Dwellers with Chronic Kidney Disease: the Hisayama Study. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2017, 24, 706-715.	2.0	18
126	Prevalence and Risk Factors for Polypoidal Choroidal Vasculopathy in a General Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. Seminars in Ophthalmology, 2018, 33, 813-819.	1.6	18

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127	Association Between Serum Î ² -Alanine and Risk of Dementia. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 1637-1645.	3.4	18
128	Dietary Inflammatory Index Positively Associated With High-Sensitivity C-Reactive Protein Level in Japanese From NIPPON DATA2010. Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 30, 98-107.	2.4	18
129	Serum homocysteine and risk of dementia in Japan. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2020, 91, 540-546.	1.9	18
130	Risk Factors for Reduced Salivary Flow Rate in a Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. BioMed Research International, 2015, 2015, 1-7.	1.9	17
131	Comparison of the COPD Population Screener and International Primary Care Airway Group questionnaires in a general Japanese population: the Hisayama study. International Journal of COPD, 2016, Volume 11, 1903-1909.	2.3	17
132	Characteristics of patients with liver cancer in the BioBank Japan project. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S43-S48.	2.4	17
133	Characteristics and prognosis of Japanese male and female lung cancer patients: The BioBank Japan Project. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S49-S57.	2.4	17
134	Exploration of bacterial species associated with the salivary microbiome of individuals with a low susceptibility to dental caries. Clinical Oral Investigations, 2017, 21, 2399-2406.	3.0	17
135	Trends in the prevalence of type 2 diabetes and prediabetes in a Japanese community, 1988–2012: the Hisayama Study. Diabetology International, 2019, 10, 198-205.	1.4	17
136	Randomized trial of an intensified, multifactorial intervention in patients with advancedâ€stage diabetic kidney disease: Diabetic Nephropathy Remission and Regression Team Trial in Japan (DNETTâ€Japan). Journal of Diabetes Investigation, 2021, 12, 207-216.	2.4	17
137	MUTYH Actively Contributes to Microglial Activation and Impaired Neurogenesis in the Pathogenesis of Alzheimer's Disease. Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity, 2021, 2021, 1-30.	4.0	17
138	Treatment of hepatic encephalopathy by retrograde transcaval coil embolization of an ileal vein-to-right gonadal vein portosystemic shunt. CardioVascular and Interventional Radiology, 1997, 20, 222-224.	2.0	16
139	White-coat and masked hypertension are associated with albuminuria in a general population: the Hisayama Study. Hypertension Research, 2017, 40, 937-943.	2.7	16
140	Influence of the Accumulation of Unhealthy Eating Habits on Obesity in a General Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 3160.	4.1	16
141	Impact of blood urea nitrogen to creatinine ratio on mortality and morbidity in hemodialysis patients: The Q-Cohort Study. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 14901.	3.3	15
142	Association Between Serum Vitamin D and All-Cause and Cause-Specific Death in a General Japanese Population ― The Hisayama Study ―. Circulation Journal, 2017, 81, 1315-1321.	1.6	15
143	Tauopathy in basal ganglia involvement is exacerbated in a subset of patients with Alzheimer's disease: The Hisayama study. Alzheimer's and Dementia: Diagnosis, Assessment and Disease Monitoring, 2019, 11, 415-423.	2.4	15
144	Association between serum glycated albumin and risk of cardiovascular disease in a Japanese community: The Hisayama Study. Atherosclerosis, 2020, 311, 52-59.	0.8	15

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145	Association of Albuminuria With White Matter Hyperintensities Volume on Brain Magnetic Resonance Imaging in Elderly Japanese ― The Hisayama Study ―. Circulation Journal, 2020, 84, 935-942.	1.6	15
146	Perceived inadequate care and excessive overprotection during childhood are associated with greater risk of sleep disturbance in adulthood: the Hisayama Study. BMC Psychiatry, 2016, 16, 215.	2.6	14
147	Periodontal status and lung function decline in the community: the Hisayama study. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 13354.	3.3	14
148	Insulin Resistance Is a Risk Factor for Increased Intraocular Pressure: The Hisayama Study. , 2015, 56, 7983.		13
149	Apparent Treatment-Resistant Hypertension and Cardiovascular Risk in Hemodialysis Patients: Ten-Year Outcomes of the Q-Cohort Study. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 1043.	3.3	13
150	Emotional Loneliness Is Associated With a Risk of Dementia in a General Japanese Older Population: The Hisayama Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series B Psychological Sciences and Social Sciences, 2020, 76, 1756-1766.	3.9	13
151	Five-Year Incidence of Myopic Maculopathy in a General Japanese Population. JAMA Ophthalmology, 2020, 138, 887.	2.5	13
152	Serum uric acid levels and cardiovascular mortality in a general Japanese population: the Hisayama Study. Hypertension Research, 2020, 43, 560-568.	2.7	13
153	The Association of Small Dense Low-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol and Coronary Heart Disease in Subjects at High Cardiovascular Risk. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2021, 28, 79-89.	2.0	13
154	Risk Classification for Metabolic Syndrome and the Incidence of Cardiovascular Disease in Japan With Low Prevalence of Obesity: A Pooled Analysis of 10 Prospective Cohort Studies. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2021, 10, e020760.	3.7	13
155	Long-term association of vegetable and fruit intake with risk of dementia in Japanese older adults: the Hisayama study. BMC Geriatrics, 2022, 22, 257.	2.7	13
156	Serum antibody to <i>Porphyromonas gingivalis</i> and periodontitis progression: the Hisayama Study. Journal of Clinical Periodontology, 2015, 42, 719-725.	4.9	12
157	Prognostic impact of serum bilirubin level on long-term renal survival in IgA nephropathy. Clinical and Experimental Nephrology, 2015, 19, 1062-1070.	1.6	12
158	Recent Increases in Hippocampal Tau Pathology in the Aging Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2016, 55, 613-624.	2.6	12
159	Serum glucose, cholesterol and blood pressure levels in Japanese type 1 and 2 diabetic patients: BioBank Japan. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S92-S97.	2.4	12
160	Association Between Genetic Risk and Development of Type 2 Diabetes in a General Japanese Population: The Hisayama Study. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2019, 104, 3213-3222.	3.6	12
161	Parenting style during childhood is associated with the development of chronic pain and a patient's need for psychosomatic treatment in adulthood. Medicine (United States), 2020, 99, e21230.	1.0	12
162	The effect of renin–angiotensin system blockade on the incidence of end-stage renal disease in IgA nephropathy. Clinical and Experimental Nephrology, 2016, 20, 689-698.	1.6	11

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163	Risk prediction models for mortality in patients with cardiovascular disease: The BioBank Japan project. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S71-S76.	2.4	11
164	Clinical and histopathological characteristics of patients with prostate cancer in the BioBank Japan project. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, S65-S70.	2.4	11
165	Socioeconomic Inequalities in Oral Health among Middle-Aged and Elderly Japanese: NIPPON DATA2010. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, S59-S65.	2.4	11
166	Serum elaidic acid concentration and risk of dementia. Neurology, 2019, 93, e2053-e2064.	1.1	11
167	Dietary Sodium Reduction Reduces Albuminuria: A Cluster Randomized Trial. , 2019, 29, 276-284.		11
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