## Jakob Manthey

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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186265 161849 3,646 112 28 54 citations h-index g-index papers 131 131 131 3984 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Global alcohol exposure between 1990 and 2017 and forecasts until 2030: a modelling study. Lancet, The, 2019, 393, 2493-2502.	13.7	498
2	Alcohol use in times of the <scp>COVID</scp> 19: Implications for monitoring and policy. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2020, 39, 301-304.	2.1	347
3	National, regional, and global burdens of disease from 2000 to 2016 attributable to alcohol use: a comparative risk assessment study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2020, 5, e51-e61.	10.0	287
4	Alcohol use disorder severity and reported reasons not to seek treatment: a cross-sectional study in European primary care practices. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2015, 10, 32.	2.2	185
5	Alcohol Use Disorders in Primary Health Care: What Do We Know and Where Do We Go?. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2016, 51, 422-427.	1.6	124
6	Immediate impact of minimum unit pricing on alcohol purchases in Scotland: controlled interrupted time series analysis for 2015-18. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 366, l5274.	2.3	122
7	Alcohol consumption during the COVIDâ€19 pandemic in Europe: a largeâ€scale crossâ€sectional study in 21 countries. Addiction, 2021, 116, 3369-3380.	3.3	108
8	Alcohol dependence and treatment utilization in Europe – a representative cross-sectional study in primary care. BMC Family Practice, 2015, 16, 90.	2.9	93
9	General Practitioners Recognizing Alcohol Dependence: A Large Cross-Sectional Study in 6 European Countries. Annals of Family Medicine, 2015, 13, 28-32.	1.9	80
10	Public health monitoring of cannabis use in Europe: prevalence of use, cannabis potency, and treatment rates. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2021, 10, 100227.	5 <b>.</b> 6	80
11	Cannabis use in Europe: Current trends and public health concerns. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2019, 68, 93-96.	3.3	63
12	Use of alcohol, tobacco, cannabis, and other substances during the first wave of the SARS-CoV-2 pandemic in Europe: a survey on 36,000 European substance users. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2021, 16, 36.	2.2	60
13	Stigmatization of people with alcohol use disorders: An updated systematic review of population studies. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2021, 45, 899-911.	2.4	59
14	Impact of minimum unit pricing on alcohol purchases in Scotland and Wales: controlled interrupted time series analyses. Lancet Public Health, The, 2021, 6, e557-e565.	10.0	59
15	The elusiveness of representativeness in general population surveys for alcohol. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, 40, 161-165.	2.1	58
16	What are the Economic Costs to Society Attributable to Alcohol Use? A Systematic Review and Modelling Study. Pharmacoeconomics, 2021, 39, 809-822.	3.3	52
17	The stigma of alcohol-related liver disease and its impact on healthcare. Journal of Hepatology, 2022, 77, 516-524.	3.7	50
18	Changes in alcohol use during the <scp>COVID</scp> â€19 pandemic in Europe: A metaâ€analysis of observational studies. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2022, 41, 918-931.	2.1	49

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19	Why Is Per Capita Consumption Underestimated in Alcohol Surveys? Results from 39 Surveys in 23 European Countries. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2020, 55, 554-563.	1.6	46
20	People with Alcohol Use Disorders in Specialized Care in Eight Different European Countries. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2015, 50, 310-318.	1.6	45
21	Trends in substance use and in the attributable burden of disease and mortality in the WHO European Region, 2010–16. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, 723-728.	0.3	45
22	The potential effects of an extended alcohol withdrawal treatment programme on morbidity and mortality among inpatients in the German city of Bremen: a simulation study. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2020, $15$ , $1$ .	2.2	44
23	The International Cannabis Toolkit (iCannToolkit): a multidisciplinary expert consensus on minimum standards for measuring cannabis use. Addiction, 2022, 117, 1510-1517.	3.3	44
24	Alcohol control policy measures and all ause mortality in Lithuania: an interrupted time–series analysis. Addiction, 2021, 116, 2673-2684.	3.3	42
25	Who receives treatment for alcohol use disorders in the European Union? A cross-sectional representative study in primary and specialized health care. European Psychiatry, 2015, 30, 885-893.	0.2	40
26	Unrecorded alcohol use: a global modelling study based on nominal group assessments and survey data. Addiction, 2018, 113, 1231-1241.	3.3	39
27	Alcohol control policy and changes in alcoholâ€related traffic harm. Addiction, 2020, 115, 655-665.	3.3	35
28	National, regional and global mortality due to alcoholic cardiomyopathy in 2015. Heart, 2018, 104, 1663-1669.	2.9	31
29	Classifying Alcohol Control Policies with Respect to Expected Changes in Consumption and Alcohol-Attributable Harm: The Example of Lithuania, 2000–2019. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 2419.	2.6	29
30	What is the best indicator of the harmful use of alcohol? A narrative review. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2020, 39, 624-631.	2.1	28
31	Impact of low and no alcohol beers on purchases of alcohol: interrupted time series analysis of British household shopping data, 2015–2018. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e036371.	1.9	26
32	The role of alcohol in the management of hypertension in patients in European primary health care practices – a survey in the largest European Union countries. BMC Family Practice, 2016, 17, 130.	2.9	24
33	Alcohol use disorders in Europe: A comparison of general population and primary health care prevalence rates. Journal of Substance Use, 2016, 21, 478-484.	0.7	24
34	Towards new recommendations to reduce the burden of alcohol-induced hypertension in the European Union. BMC Medicine, 2017, 15, 173.	5.5	24
35	Alcohol consumption and attributable harm in middle-income South-East Asian countries: Epidemiology and policy options. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 83, 102856.	3.3	24
36	Understanding the prevalence of lifetime abstinence from alcohol: An ecological study. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2017, 178, 126-129.	3.2	23

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37	Alcohol policy has saved lives in the Russian Federation. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 80, 102636.	3.3	23
38	Barriers to Alcohol Screening Among Hypertensive Patients and the Role of Stigma: Lessons for the Implementation of Screening and Brief Interventions in European Primary Care Settings. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2017, 52, 572-579.	1.6	21
39	Medical marijuana. What can we learn from the experiences in Canada, Germany and Thailand?. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2019, 74, 47-51.	3.3	20
40	Alcohol use disorders and the risk of progression of liver disease in people with hepatitis C virus infection – a systematic review. Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy, 2020, 15, 45.	2.2	19
41	Abstinence Among Alcohol Use Disorder Patients During the COVIDâ€19 Pandemic: Insights From Spain. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2021, 45, 802-807.	2.4	19
42	Risky Alcohol Use: The Impact on Health Service Use. European Addiction Research, 2018, 24, 234-244.	2.4	18
43	The role of alcohol use in the aetiology and progression of liver disease: A narrative review and a quantification. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, 40, 1377-1386.	2.1	18
44	Mortality from Alcoholic Cardiomyopathy: Exploring the Gap between Estimated and Civil Registry Data. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2019, 8, 1137.	2.4	17
45	Changes in Alcohol Consumption during the COVID-19 Pandemic Are Dependent on Initial Consumption Level: Findings from Eight European Countries. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 10547.	2.6	17
46	Identification of smokers, drinkers and risky drinkers by general practitioners. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2015, 154, 93-99.	3.2	16
47	Comparing Medical and Recreational Cannabis Users on Socio-Demographic, Substance and Medication Use, and Health and Disability Characteristics. European Addiction Research, 2017, 23, 129-135.	2.4	16
48	Implementing primary healthcare-based measurement, advice and treatment for heavy drinking and comorbid depression at the municipal level in three Latin American countries: final protocol for a quasiexperimental study (SCALA study). BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e038226.	1.9	16
49	Validation of a new patient-reported outcome instrument of health-related quality of life specific to patients with alcohol use disorder: the Alcohol Quality of Life Scale (AQoLS). Quality of Life Research, 2016, 25, 1549-1560.	3.1	15
50	Economic burden associated with alcohol dependence in a German primary care sample: a bottom-up study. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 906.	2.9	15
51	Clinical and Patient-Reported Outcomes of Direct-Acting Antivirals for the Treatment of Chronic Hepatitis C Among Patients on Opioid Agonist Treatment: A Real-world Prospective Cohort Study. Open Forum Infectious Diseases, 2020, 7, ofaa317.	0.9	15
52	Quantifying the global contribution of alcohol consumption to cardiomyopathy. Population Health Metrics, $2017,15,20.$	2.7	14
53	Alcohol screening and alcohol interventions among patients with hypertension in primary health care: an empirical survey of German general practitioners. Addiction Research and Theory, 2017, 25, 285-292.	1.9	12
54	How Attitudes toward Alcohol Policies Differ across European Countries: Evidence from the Standardized European Alcohol Survey (SEAS). International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 4461.	2.6	12

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55	Estimating alcoholâ€attributable fractions for injuries based on data from emergency department and observational studies: a comparison of two methods. Addiction, 2019, 114, 462-470.	3.3	12
56	Reducing the Harmful Use of Alcohol: Have International Targets Been Met?. European Journal of Risk Regulation, 2021, 12, 530-541.	1.2	12
57	Impact of alcohol on the progression of HCV-related liver disease: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Journal of Hepatology, 2021, 75, 536-546.	3.7	12
58	Meeting the Global NCD Target of at Least 10% Relative Reduction in the Harmful Use of Alcohol: Is the WHO European Region on Track?. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 3423.	2.6	11
59	A new perspective on European drinking cultures: a modelâ€based approach to determine variations in drinking practices among 19 European countries. Addiction, 2021, 116, 2016-2025.	3.3	11
60	Differential impact of minimum unit pricing on alcohol consumption between Scottish men and women: controlled interrupted time series analysis. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e054161.	1.9	11
61	A systematic comparison of the global comparative risk assessments for alcohol. Addiction, 2021, 116, 2026-2038.	3.3	10
62	Impact of Training and Municipal Support on Primary Health Care–Based Measurement of Alcohol Consumption in Three Latin American Countries: 5-Month Outcome Results of the Quasi-experimental Randomized SCALA Trial. Journal of General Internal Medicine, 2021, 36, 2663-2671.	2.6	10
63	PrÃ <b>ÿ</b> alenz und Behandlungsraten von Störungen durch Alkoholkonsum in der primÃ <b>p</b> Ãp€tlichen Versorgung in Deutschland. Sucht, 2016, 62, 233-243.	0.2	10
64	Assessment of alcoholic standard drinks using the Munich composite international diagnostic interview (Mâ€CIDI): An evaluation and subsequent revision. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2017, 26, .	2.1	9
65	Cannabis and public health: a global experiment without control. World Psychiatry, 2020, 19, 192-194.	10.4	9
66	Unrecorded Alcohol Consumption in Seven European Union Countries. European Addiction Research, 2020, 26, 316-325.	2.4	8
67	Estimating the economic consequences of substance use and substance use disorders. Expert Review of Pharmacoeconomics and Outcomes Research, 2021, 21, 869-876.	1.4	8
68	Validation of a screening test for alcohol use, the Russian Federation. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2021, 99, 496-505.	3.3	8
69	Can alcohol control policies reduce cirrhosis mortality? An interrupted timeâ€series analysis in Lithuania. Liver International, 2022, 42, 765-774.	3.9	8
70	Self-reported changes in alcohol and tobacco use during COVID-19: findings from the eastern part of WHO European Region. European Journal of Public Health, 2022, 32, 474-480.	0.3	8
71	Evaluating the Impact of Alcohol Policy on Suicide Mortality: A Sex-Specific Time-Series Analysis for Lithuania. Archives of Suicide Research, 2023, 27, 339-352.	2.3	7
72	Identification of heavy drinking in the 10-item AUDIT: Results from a prospective study among 18–21 years old non-dependent German males. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2018, 86, 94-101.	2.8	6

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73	Future of surveys in the alcohol field. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2021, 40, 176-178.	2.1	6
74	Mid and long-term effects of a SBIRT program for at-risk drinkers attending to an emergency department. Follow-up results from a randomized controlled trial European Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2021, 28, 373-379.	1.1	6
75	Can alcohol consumption in Germany be reduced by alcohol screening, brief intervention and referral to treatment in primary health care? Results of a simulation study. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0255843.	2.5	6
76	Alcohol consumption in India: a systematic review and modelling study for subâ€national estimates of drinking patterns. Addiction, 2022, 117, 1871-1886.	3.3	6
77	Barriers to implement screening for alcohol consumption in Spanish hypertensive patients. Family Practice, 2018, 35, 295-301.	1.9	5
78	Gender Differences and the Role of Social Inequality in Alcohol's Harm to Others in Europe. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2020, 81, 762-769.	1.0	5
79	Primary care-based screening and management of depression amongst heavy drinking patients: Interim secondary outcomes of a three-country quasi-experimental study in Latin America. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0255594.	2.5	5
80	Standard units for cannabis dose: Why is it important to standardize cannabis dose for drug policy and how can we enhance its place on the public health agenda?. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2021, 97, 103350.	3.3	5
81	Supporting Future Cannabis Policy – Developing a Standard Joint Unit: A Brief Back-Casting Exercise. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2021, 12, 675033.	2.6	4
82	Conducting a multiâ€country online alcohol survey in the time of the COVIDâ€19 pandemic: Opportunities and challenges. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2021, 30, e1875.	2.1	4
83	A randomized controlled non-inferiority trial of primary care-based facilitated access to an alcohol reduction website (EFAR Spain). Internet Interventions, 2021, 26, 100446.	2.7	4
84	Tailored interventions to support the implementation of the German national guideline on screening, diagnosis and treatment of alcohol-related disorders: a project protocol. Sucht, 2019, 65, 373-381.	0.2	4
85	Changes in Alcoholic Beverage Choice and Risky Drinking among Adolescents in Europe 1999–2019. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 10933.	2.6	4
86	Definition of a  standard joint equivalent': Comment on "Who consumes most of the cannabis in Canada? Profiles of cannabis consumption by quantity― Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2020, 206, 107731.	3.2	3
87	Guidelines and reality in studies on the economic costs of alcohol use: a systematic review. The International Journal of Alcohol and Drug Research, 0, , .	0.9	3
88	Early, Chronic, and Acute Cannabis Exposure and Their Relationship With Cognitive and Behavioral Harms. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2021, 12, 643556.	2.6	3
89	Perceived appropriateness of alcohol screening and brief advice programmes in Colombia, Mexico and Peru and barriers to their implementation in primary health care – a cross-sectional survey. Primary Health Care Research and Development, 2021, 22, e4.	1.2	3
90	The Alcohol-Attributable Burden of Disease in Canada from 2000 to 2016. Canadian Journal of Addiction, 2020, 11, 6-12.	0.4	3

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91	The iCannToolkit: a tool to embrace measurement of medicinal and nonâ€medicinal cannabis use across licit, illicit and crossâ€cultural settings. Addiction, 2022, , .	3.3	3
92	Reduced alcohol consumption during the COVID-19 pandemic: Analyses of 17 000 patients seeking primary health care in Colombia and Mexico. Journal of Global Health, 2022, 12, 05002.	2.7	3
93	Changes in Alcohol Use in Denmark during the Initial Months of the COVID-19 Pandemic: Further Evidence of Polarization of Drinking Responses. European Addiction Research, 2022, 28, 297-308.	2.4	3
94	The role of standardized instruments in identifying older adults with alcohol problems. International Psychogeriatrics, 2017, 29, 351-352.	1.0	2
95	Alcohol control policies add to secular trends in all-cause mortality rates in young adults. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 15127.	3.3	2
96	Alcohol in Primary Care. Differential characteristics between alcohol-dependent patients who are receiving or not receiving treatment. Revista De Psicologia De La Salud, 2016, 28, 116-22.	0.5	2
97	OUP accepted manuscript. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2021, , .	1.6	2
98	Cross-sectional study on the characteristics of unrecorded alcohol consumption in nine newly independent states between 2013 and 2017. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e051874.	1.9	2
99	Rozpoznawanie uzależnienia od alkoholu przez lekarzy podstawowej opieki zdrowotnej: polskie wyniki europejskiego projektu badawczego Alcoholism in Primary Care. Alkoholizm I Narkomania, 2015, 28, 163-171.	0.1	1
100	Further considerations of the best indicator for the harmful use of alcohol. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2020, 39, 634-636.	2.1	1
101	Global Health Risk Factors: Alcohol Consumption. , 2021, , 679-717.		1
102	Controlled administration of cannabis to mitigate cannabis-attributable harm among recreational users: a quasi-experimental study in Germany. F1000Research, 2020, 9, 201.	1.6	1
103	Controlled administration of cannabis to mitigate cannabis-attributable harm among recreational users: a quasi-experimental study in Germany. F1000Research, 0, 9, 201.	1.6	1
104	Comparing subjective intoxication with risky single-occasion drinking in a European sample. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0241433.	2.5	1
105	Costs of an Alcohol Measurement Intervention in Three Latin American Countries. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2022, 19, 700.	2.6	1
106	Interrupted time series analyses to assess the impact of alcohol control policy on socioeconomic inequalities in mortality in Lithuania: a study protocol. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e053497.	1.9	1
107	The iCannTookit: A consensusâ€based, flexible framework for measuring contemporary cannabis use. Addiction, 0, , .	3.3	1
108	Evaluation of alcohol policy control measures is key. Addiction, 2020, 115, 1590-1591.	3.3	0

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109	Anmerkungen zu "Ökonomische undÂintangible Kosten des Cannabiskonsums in Deutschland" von Effertz etÂal., SUCHT (2016), 62(1), 31 – 41. Sucht, 2016, 62, 244-245.	0.2	0
110	Global Health Risk Factors: Alcohol Consumption. , 2020, , 1-39.		0
111	Gender Differences and the Role of Social Inequality in Alcohol's Harm to Others in Europe. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2020, 81, 762-769.	1.0	O
112	The Impact of Alcohol Control Policy on Pneumonia Mortality in Lithuania: An Interrupted Time-Series Analysis. Epidemiology and Infection, 2022, , 1-25.	2.1	0