List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Life with 6000 Genes. Science, 1996, 274, 546-567.	12.6	3,548
2	Population genomics of domestic and wild yeasts. Nature, 2009, 458, 337-341.	27.8	1,391
3	Sgs1: A eukaryotic homolog of E. coil RecQ that interacts with topoisomerase II in vivo and is required for faithful chromosome segregation. Cell, 1995, 81, 253-260.	28.9	416
4	Complete DNA sequence of yeast chromosome XI. Nature, 1994, 369, 371-378.	27.8	382
5	<i>SGS1</i> , a Homologue of the Bloom's and Werner's Syndrome Genes, Is Required for Maintenance of Genome Stability in <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> . Genetics, 1996, 144, 935-945.	2.9	368
6	Mutation of yeast Ku genes disrupts the subnuclear organization of telomeres. Current Biology, 1998, 8, 653-657.	3.9	330
7	A High-Definition View of Functional Genetic Variation from Natural Yeast Genomes. Molecular Biology and Evolution, 2014, 31, 872-888.	8.9	328
8	Trait Variation in Yeast Is Defined by Population History. PLoS Genetics, 2011, 7, e1002111.	3.5	311
9	Chromosomal evolution in Saccharomyces. Nature, 2000, 405, 451-454.	27.8	308
10	Complete nucleotide sequence of Saccharomyces cerevisiae chromosome VIII. Science, 1994, 265, 2077-2082.	12.6	303
11	Sequence Diversity, Reproductive Isolation and Species Concepts in Saccharomyces. Genetics, 2006, 174, 839-850.	2.9	283
12	Limitations of silencing at native yeast telomeres. EMBO Journal, 1999, 18, 2538-2550.	7.8	266
13	Revealing the genetic structure of a trait by sequencing a population under selection. Genome Research, 2011, 21, 1131-1138.	5.5	263
14	Telomeric Expression Sites Are Highly Conserved in Trypanosoma brucei. PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e3527.	2.5	254
15	An Exact Test for Hardy-Weinberg and Multiple Alleles. Biometrics, 1987, 43, 805.	1.4	249
16	Mapping of a Major Locus that Determines Telomere Length in Humans. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2005, 76, 147-151.	6.2	243
17	The chromosome ends ofSaccharomyces cerevisiae. Yeast, 1995, 11, 1553-1573.	1.7	233
18	Engineering evolution to study speciation in yeasts. Nature, 2003, 422, 68-72.	27.8	232

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19	Assessing the complex architecture of polygenic traits in diverged yeast populations. Molecular Ecology, 2011, 20, 1401-1413.	3.9	194
20	Generation of a large set of genetically tractable haploid and diploid <i>Saccharomyces</i> strains. FEMS Yeast Research, 2009, 9, 1217-1225.	2.3	187
21	Genetic homology betweenSaccharomyces cerevisiae and its sibling speciesS. paradoxus andS. bayanus: Electrophoretic karyotypes. Yeast, 1992, 8, 599-612.	1.7	179
22	SGS1 is required for telomere elongation in the absence of telomerase. Current Biology, 2001, 11, 125-129.	3.9	178
23	Advances in Quantitative Trait Analysis in Yeast. PLoS Genetics, 2012, 8, e1002912.	3.5	167
24	High-Resolution Mapping of Complex Traits with a Four-Parent Advanced Intercross Yeast Population. Genetics, 2013, 195, 1141-1155.	2.9	164
25	Chromosome ends: all the same under their caps. Current Opinion in Genetics and Development, 1997, 7, 822-828.	3.3	160
26	Hybrid Speciation in Experimental Populations of Yeast. Science, 2002, 298, 1773-1775.	12.6	155
27	Inferences of evolutionary relationships from a population survey of LTR-retrotransposons and telomeric-associated sequences in theSaccharomyces sensu stricto complex. Yeast, 2005, 22, 177-192.	1.7	148
28	Sequence comparison of human and yeast telomeres identifies structurally distinct subtelomeric domains. Human Molecular Genetics, 1997, 6, 1305-1313.	2.9	121
29	Exploring redundancy in the yeast genome: an improved strategy for use of the cre–loxP system. Gene, 2000, 252, 127-135.	2.2	120
30	YEAST EVOLUTION AND COMPARATIVE GENOMICS. Annual Review of Microbiology, 2005, 59, 135-153.	7.3	113
31	The Genetic Basis of Natural Variation in Oenological Traits in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e49640.	2.5	107
32	Genome Diversity and Evolution in the Budding Yeasts (Saccharomycotina). Genetics, 2017, 206, 717-750.	2.9	105
33	Metabolic footprinting as a tool for discriminating between brewing yeasts. Yeast, 2007, 24, 667-679.	1.7	103
34	Recurrent Rearrangement during Adaptive Evolution in an Interspecific Yeast Hybrid Suggests a Model for Rapid Introgression. PLoS Genetics, 2013, 9, e1003366.	3.5	102
35	A role for the mismatch repair system during incipient speciation in Saccharomyces. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2003, 16, 429-437.	1.7	96
36	Epistasis and hybrid sterility inSaccharomyces. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2002, 269, 1167-1171.	2.6	95

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37	Telomere maintenance and telomerase activity are differentially regulated in asexual and sexual worms. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2012, 109, 4209-4214.	7.1	90
38	High quality de novo sequencing and assembly of the Saccharomyces arboricolus genome. BMC Genomics, 2013, 14, 69.	2.8	87
39	Life History Shapes Trait Heredity by Accumulation of Loss-of-Function Alleles in Yeast. Molecular Biology and Evolution, 2012, 29, 1781-1789.	8.9	76
40	Phenotypic characterisation of Saccharomyces spp. yeast for tolerance to stresses encountered during fermentation of lignocellulosic residues to produce bioethanol. Microbial Cell Factories, 2014, 13, 47.	4.0	68
41	The effect of sex on adaptation to high temperature in heterozygous and homozygous yeast. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 1998, 265, 1017-1023.	2.6	65
42	lsolation of the repertoire of VSG expression site containing telomeres of Trypanosoma brucei 427 using transformation-associated recombination in yeast. Genome Research, 2004, 14, 2319-2329.	5.5	63
43	Chromosome ends: different sequences may provide conserved functions. BioEssays, 2005, 27, 685-697.	2.5	58
44	Pat1: a topoisomerase II-associated protein required for faithful chromosome transmission in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Nucleic Acids Research, 1996, 24, 4791-4797.	14.5	54
45	A new genetically isolated population of theSaccharomyces sensu stricto complex from Brazil. Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek, 1995, 67, 351-355.	1.7	53
46	NEJ1 Prevents NHEJ-Dependent Telomere Fusions in Yeast without Telomerase. Molecular Cell, 2003, 11, 1373-1378.	9.7	53
47	Pneumocystis carinii telomere repeats are composed of TTAGGG and the subtelomeric sequence contains a gene encoding the major surface glycoprotein. Molecular Microbiology, 1996, 19, 273-281.	2.5	52
48	New reservoirs of HLA alleles: pools of rare variants enhance immune defense. Trends in Genetics, 2012, 28, 480-486.	6.7	52
49	The affected sib method. IV. Sib trios. Annals of Human Genetics, 1985, 49, 303-314.	0.8	51
50	Evolutionarily recent transfer of a group I mitochondrial intron to telomere regions in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Current Genetics, 1991, 20, 411-415.	1.7	51
51	Segregating YKU80 and TLC1 Alleles Underlying Natural Variation in Telomere Properties in Wild Yeast. PLoS Genetics, 2009, 5, e1000659.	3.5	46
52	Two new genetically isolated populations of the Saccharomyces sensu stricto complex from Japan Journal of General and Applied Microbiology, 1995, 41, 499-505.	0.7	46
53	Circadian Rhythm Gene Regulation in the Housefly Musca domestica. Genetics, 2007, 177, 1539-1551.	2.9	39
54	Isolation and analysis of the genetic diversity of repertoires of VSG expression site containing telomeres from Trypanosoma brucei gambiense, T. b. brucei and T. equiperdum. BMC Genomics, 2008, 9, 385.	2.8	39

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55	Minisatellite Origins in Yeast and Humans. Genomics, 1998, 48, 132-135.	2.9	38
56	The evolving species concepts used for yeasts: from phenotypes and genomes to speciation networks. Fungal Diversity, 2021, 109, 27-55.	12.3	37
57	Sequence analysis of the right end of chromosome XV inSaccharomyces cerevisiae: An insight into the structural and functional significance of sub-telomeric repeat sequences. Yeast, 1995, 11, 371-382.	1.7	36
58	Deletion of the <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae ARO8</i> gene, encoding an aromatic amino acid transaminase, enhances phenylethanol production from glucose. Yeast, 2014, 32, n/a-n/a.	1.7	35
59	Genetic mapping of the α-galactosidaseMEL gene family on right and left telomeres ofSaccharomyces cerevisiae. Yeast, 1995, 11, 481-483.	1.7	34
60	The affected sib method. II. The intermediate model. Annals of Human Genetics, 1983, 47, 225-243.	0.8	31
61	Making the most of redundancy. Nature, 2007, 449, 673-674.	27.8	31
62	Meiotic Gene Conversion Mediates Gene Amplification in Yeast. Cold Spring Harbor Symposia on Quantitative Biology, 1984, 49, 55-65.	1.1	31
63	Analysis of a Ty1-less variant ofSaccharomyces paradoxus: the gain and loss of Ty1 elements. Yeast, 2004, 21, 649-660.	1.7	29
64	The Association of yKu With Subtelomeric Core X Sequences Prevents Recombination Involving Telomeric Sequences. Genetics, 2009, 183, 453-467.	2.9	28
65	Repressive and non-repressive chromatin at native telomeres in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Epigenetics and Chromatin, 2009, 2, 18.	3.9	28
66	A New Isolation and Evaluation Method for Marine-Derived Yeast spp. with Potential Applications in Industrial Biotechnology. Journal of Microbiology and Biotechnology, 2016, 26, 1891-1907.	2.1	28
67	Population genomics and speciation in yeasts. Fungal Biology Reviews, 2011, 25, 136-142.	4.7	26
68	The human SB1.8 gene (DXS423E) encodes a putative chromosome segregation protein conserved in lower eukaryotes and prokaryotes. Human Molecular Genetics, 1995, 4, 243-249.	2.9	25
69	Are Drosophila telomeres an exception or the rule?. Genome Biology, 2002, 3, reviews0007.1.	9.6	22
70	In <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> , yKu and Subtelomeric Core X Sequences Repress Homologous Recombination Near Telomeres as Part of the Same Pathway. Genetics, 2009, 183, 441-451.	2.9	22
71	Integrative Omics Analysis Reveals a Limited Transcriptional Shock After Yeast Interspecies Hybridization. Frontiers in Genetics, 2020, 11, 404.	2.3	22
72	Restoring fertility in yeast hybrids: Breeding and quantitative genetics of beneficial traits. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	7.1	21

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73	Monomorphic subtelomeric DNA in the filamentous fungus, Metarhizium anisopliae,contains a RecQ helicase-like gene. Molecular Genetics and Genomics, 2005, 274, 79-90.	2.1	19
74	Localization of telomeres and telomere-associated proteins in telomerase-negative Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Chromosome Research, 2007, 15, 1033-50.	2.2	19
75	The Genetic Basis of Variation in Clean Lineages of Saccharomyces cerevisiae in Response to Stresses Encountered during Bioethanol Fermentations. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e103233.	2.5	19
76	Minisatellite Variants Generated in Yeast Meiosis Involve DNA Removal During Gene Conversion. Genetics, 2000, 156, 7-20.	2.9	18
77	PHENOS: a high-throughput and flexible tool for microorganism growth phenotyping on solid media. BMC Microbiology, 2018, 18, 9.	3.3	17
78	III. Yeast sequencing reports. Corrected sequence for the right telomere ofSaccharomyces cerevisiae chromosome III. Yeast, 1994, 10, 271-274.	1.7	16
79	The topoisomerase II-associated protein, Pat1p, is required for maintenance of rDNA locus stability in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Molecular Genetics and Genomics, 1999, 261, 831-840.	2.4	15
80	Origins of reproductive isolation. Nature, 2009, 457, 549-550.	27.8	15
81	2 Whole Chromosome Analysis. Methods in Microbiology, 1998, , 15-31.	0.8	15
82	Silenced yeast chromatin is maintained by Sir2 in preference to permitting histone acetylations for efficient NER. Nucleic Acids Research, 2010, 38, 4675-4686.	14.5	14
83	An ultra-dense library resource for rapid deconvolution of mutations that cause phenotypes in <i>Escherichia coli</i> . Nucleic Acids Research, 2016, 44, e41-e41.	14.5	14
84	Cloning of the Repertoire of Individual Plasmodium falciparum var Genes Using Transformation Associated Recombination (TAR). PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e17782.	2.5	14
85	Developing methods and strains for genetic studies in theSaccharomyces bayanus var.uvarum species. Yeast, 2004, 21, 1195-1203.	1.7	13
86	Rif1 and Exo1 regulate the genomic instability following telomere losses. Aging Cell, 2016, 15, 553-562.	6.7	13
87	Screening of Non- Saccharomyces cerevisiae Strains for Tolerance to Formic Acid in Bioethanol Fermentation. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0135626.	2.5	12
88	Meiotic Recombination: Too Much of a Good Thing?. Current Biology, 2003, 13, R953-R955.	3.9	11
89	Three-allele synergistic mixed model for insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus. Diabetes, 1986, 35, 958-963.	0.6	10
90	Telomere Dysfunction Triggers Palindrome Formation Independently of Double-Strand Break Repair Mechanisms. Genetics, 2016, 203, 1659-1668.	2.9	8

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91	Saccharomyces cerevisiae: Gene Annotation and Genome Variability, State of the Art Through Comparative Genomics. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2011, 759, 31-40.	0.9	7
92	Historical Evolution of Laboratory Strains of <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> . Cold Spring Harbor Protocols, 2016, 2016, pdb.top077750.	0.3	7
93	Thymineless death is inhibited by CsrA in Escherichia coli lacking the SOS response. DNA Repair, 2013, 12, 993-999.	2.8	4
94	Insights on life cycle and cell identity regulatory circuits for unlocking genetic improvement in Zygosaccharomyces and Kluyveromyces yeasts. FEMS Yeast Research, 2021, , .	2.3	4
95	Apparent Ploidy Effects on Silencing Are Post-Transcriptional at HML and Telomeres in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e39044.	2.5	3
96	Rescue of a single yeast artificial chromosome from a cotransformation event utilizing segregation at meiosis. Genetic Analysis, Techniques and Applications, 1993, 10, 123-127.	1.5	2
97	Telomeres: a diversity of solutions to the problem of chromosome ends. Chromosome Research, 2005, 13, 425-429.	2.2	2
98	Sickle Cell Anemia: "Interesting Pathology" and "Rarely Told Stories". American Biology Teacher, 1985, 47, 183-187.	0.2	1
99	Population genomics of domestic and wild yeasts. Nature Precedings, 2008, , .	0.1	1
100	Genomics of Subtelomeres: Technical Problems, Solutions and the Future. , 2014, , 259-271.		1
101	17-P036 How are the chromosome ends of immortal worms maintained?. Mechanisms of Development, 2009, 126, S281.	1.7	0
102	Meeting Report: Minutes from EMBO: Ten Years of Comparative Genomics of Eukaryotic Microorganisms. Protist, 2016, 167, 217-221.	1.5	0
103	A47â€Quantitative trait locus analysis in yeast: identifying candidate therapeutic targets for huntington's disease. , 2018, , .		0