

AngÃ©lica Salatino-Oliveira

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

24
papers

633
citations

567281

15
h-index

610901

24
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25
all docs

25
docs citations

25
times ranked

1204
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Stress-related genetic components in attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD): Effects of the SERPINA6 and SERPINA1 genetic markers in a family-based Brazilian sample. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2022, 149, 1-9.	3.1	3
2	Genetic variants in miRNAs differentially expressed during brain development and their relevance to psychiatric disorders susceptibility. <i>World Journal of Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 22, 1-12.	2.6	7
3	Host genetics influences the relationship between the gut microbiome and psychiatric disorders. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 106, 110153.	4.8	19
4	Shared genetic background between children and adults with attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2020, 45, 1617-1626.	5.4	72
5	CLOCK Polymorphisms in Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD): Further Evidence Linking Sleep and Circadian Disturbances and ADHD. <i>Genes</i> , 2019, 10, 88.	2.4	19
6	Assessing causality in the association between attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder and obesity: a Mendelian randomization study. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2019, 43, 2500-2508.	3.4	45
7	Synergistic effects between ADORA2A and DRD2 genes on anxiety disorders in children with ADHD. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 93, 214-220.	4.8	22
8	The dopamine transporter role in psychiatric phenotypes. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2018, 177, 211-231.	1.7	51
9	Replicated association of Synaptotagmin (SYT1) with ADHD and its broader influence in externalizing behaviors. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2017, 27, 239-247.	0.7	12
10	COMT and DAT1 genes are associated with hyperactivity and inattention traits in the 1993 Pelotas Birth Cohort: evidence of sex-specific combined effect. <i>Journal of Psychiatry and Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 41, 405-412.	2.4	17
11	COMT and prenatal maternal smoking in associations with conduct problems and crime: the Pelotas 1993 birth cohort study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 29900.	3.3	11
12	GAD1 gene polymorphisms are associated with hyperactivity in Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2016, 171, 1099-1104.	1.7	14
13	NOS1 and SNAP25 polymorphisms are associated with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder symptoms in adults but not in children. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2016, 75, 75-81.	3.1	14
14	MAP1B and NOS1 genes are associated with working memory in youths with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder. <i>European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 266, 359-366.	3.2	9
15	Cadherin-13 gene is associated with hyperactive/impulsive symptoms in attention/deficit hyperactivity disorder. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2015, 168, 162-169.	1.7	32
16	Gene-Environment Interaction in Youth Depression: Replication of the 5-HTTLPR Moderation in a Diverse Setting. <i>American Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 172, 978-985.	7.2	22
17	Lack of association between the GRM7 gene and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder. <i>Psychiatric Genetics</i> , 2014, 24, 281-282.	1.1	7
18	Glutamatergic copy number variants and their role in attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2014, 165, 502-509.	1.7	32

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19	ADHD pharmacogenetics across the life cycle: New findings and perspectives. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2014, 165, 263-282.	1.7	40
20	Genetics of attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder: current findings and future directions. <i>Expert Review of Neurotherapeutics</i> , 2013, 13, 435-445.	2.8	55
21	Catechol-O-methyltransferase Val 158 Met polymorphism is associated with disruptive behavior disorders among children and adolescents with ADHD. <i>Journal of Neural Transmission</i> , 2012, 119, 729-733.	2.8	14
22	Catechol-O-Methyltransferase Valine158Methionine Polymorphism Moderates Methylphenidate Effects on Oppositional Symptoms in Boys with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2011, 70, 216-221.	1.3	30
23	Influence of serotonin transporter gene polymorphisms on clozapine response in Brazilian schizophrenics. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2010, 44, 1158-1162.	3.1	35
24	G-protein gene 825C>T polymorphism is associated with response to clozapine in Brazilian schizophrenics. <i>Pharmacogenomics</i> , 2008, 9, 1429-1436.	1.3	39