

# AngÃ©lica Salatino-Oliveira

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7710486/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

24  
papers

633  
citations

567281

15  
h-index

610901

24  
g-index

25  
all docs

25  
docs citations

25  
times ranked

1204  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Shared genetic background between children and adults with attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2020, 45, 1617-1626.	5.4	72
2	Genetics of attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder: current findings and future directions. <i>Expert Review of Neurotherapeutics</i> , 2013, 13, 435-445.	2.8	55
3	The dopamine transporter role in psychiatric phenotypes. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2018, 177, 211-231.	1.7	51
4	Assessing causality in the association between attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder and obesity: a Mendelian randomization study. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2019, 43, 2500-2508.	3.4	45
5	ADHD pharmacogenetics across the life cycle: New findings and perspectives. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2014, 165, 263-282.	1.7	40
6	G-protein gene 825C>T polymorphism is associated with response to clozapine in Brazilian schizophrenics. <i>Pharmacogenomics</i> , 2008, 9, 1429-1436.	1.3	39
7	Influence of serotonin transporter gene polymorphisms on clozapine response in Brazilian schizophrenics. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2010, 44, 1158-1162.	3.1	35
8	Glutamatergic copy number variants and their role in attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2014, 165, 502-509.	1.7	32
9	Cadherin-13 gene is associated with hyperactive/impulsive symptoms in attention/deficit hyperactivity disorder. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2015, 168, 162-169.	1.7	32
10	Catechol-O-Methyltransferase Valine158Methionine Polymorphism Moderates Methylphenidate Effects on Oppositional Symptoms in Boys with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2011, 70, 216-221.	1.3	30
11	Gene-Environment Interaction in Youth Depression: Replication of the 5-HTTLPR Moderation in a Diverse Setting. <i>American Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 172, 978-985.	7.2	22
12	Synergistic effects between ADORA2A and DRD2 genes on anxiety disorders in children with ADHD. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 93, 214-220.	4.8	22
13	CLOCK Polymorphisms in Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD): Further Evidence Linking Sleep and Circadian Disturbances and ADHD. <i>Genes</i> , 2019, 10, 88.	2.4	19
14	Host genetics influences the relationship between the gut microbiome and psychiatric disorders. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 106, 110153.	4.8	19
15	COMT and DAT1 genes are associated with hyperactivity and inattention traits in the 1993 Pelotas Birth Cohort: evidence of sex-specific combined effect. <i>Journal of Psychiatry and Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 41, 405-412.	2.4	17
16	Catechol-O-methyltransferase Val 158 Met polymorphism is associated with disruptive behavior disorders among children and adolescents with ADHD. <i>Journal of Neural Transmission</i> , 2012, 119, 729-733.	2.8	14
17	GAD1 gene polymorphisms are associated with hyperactivity in Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics</i> , 2016, 171, 1099-1104.	1.7	14
18	NOS1 and SNAP25 polymorphisms are associated with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder symptoms in adults but not in children. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2016, 75, 75-81.	3.1	14

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Replicated association of Synaptotagmin ( SYT1 ) with ADHD and its broader influence in externalizing behaviors. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2017, 27, 239-247.	0.7	12
20	COMT and prenatal maternal smoking in associations with conduct problems and crime: the Pelotas 1993 birth cohort study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 29900.	3.3	11
21	MAP1B and NOS1 genes are associated with working memory in youths with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder. <i>European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 266, 359-366.	3.2	9
22	Lack of association between the GRM7 gene and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder. <i>Psychiatric Genetics</i> , 2014, 24, 281-282.	1.1	7
23	Genetic variants in miRNAs differentially expressed during brain development and their relevance to psychiatric disorders susceptibility. <i>World Journal of Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 22, 1-12.	2.6	7
24	Stress-related genetic components in attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD): Effects of the SERPINA6 and SERPINA1 genetic markers in a family-based brazilian sample. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2022, 149, 1-9.	3.1	3