

# Ian Sillitoe

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7703844/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

35  
papers

8,258  
citations

236925

25  
h-index

345221

36  
g-index

41  
all docs

41  
docs citations

41  
times ranked

14512  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The InterPro protein families and domains database: 20 years on. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2021, 49, D344-D354.	14.5	1,385
2	InterPro in 2017—beyond protein family and domain annotations. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2017, 45, D190-D199.	14.5	1,358
3	InterPro in 2019: improving coverage, classification and access to protein sequence annotations. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2019, 47, D351-D360.	14.5	1,291
4	The InterPro protein families database: the classification resource after 15 years. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2015, 43, D213-D221.	14.5	1,205
5	CATH: comprehensive structural and functional annotations for genome sequences. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2015, 43, D376-D381.	14.5	399
6	CATH: an expanded resource to predict protein function through structure and sequence. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2017, 45, D289-D295.	14.5	344
7	An expanded evaluation of protein function prediction methods shows an improvement in accuracy. <i>Genome Biology</i> , 2016, 17, 184.	8.8	308
8	CATH: increased structural coverage of functional space. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2021, 49, D266-D273.	14.5	270
9	The CAFA challenge reports improved protein function prediction and new functional annotations for hundreds of genes through experimental screens. <i>Genome Biology</i> , 2019, 20, 244.	8.8	261
10	New functional families (FunFams) in CATH to improve the mapping of conserved functional sites to 3D structures. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2012, 41, D490-D498.	14.5	188
11	MSAViewer: interactive JavaScript visualization of multiple sequence alignments. <i>Bioinformatics</i> , 2016, 32, 3501-3503.	4.1	156
12	CATH: expanding the horizons of structure-based functional annotations for genome sequences. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2019, 47, D280-D284.	14.5	131
13	Gene3D: Extensive prediction of globular domains in proteins. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2018, 46, D435-D439.	14.5	129
14	Functional classification of CATH superfamilies: a domain-based approach for protein function annotation. <i>Bioinformatics</i> , 2015, 31, 3460-3467.	4.1	93
15	VarSite: Disease variants and protein structure. <i>Protein Science</i> , 2020, 29, 111-119.	7.6	77
16	Gene3D: expanding the utility of domain assignments. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2016, 44, D404-D409.	14.5	64
17	CATH FunFMMer web server: protein functional annotations using functional family assignments. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2015, 43, W148-W153.	14.5	59
18	Genome3D: a UK collaborative project to annotate genomic sequences with predicted 3D structures based on SCOP and CATH domains. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2012, 41, D499-D507.	14.5	53

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Functional innovation from changes in protein domains and their combinations. <i>Current Opinion in Structural Biology</i> , 2016, 38, 44-52.	5.7	51
20	An overview of comparative modelling and resources dedicated to large-scale modelling of genome sequences. <i>Acta Crystallographica Section D: Structural Biology</i> , 2017, 73, 628-640.	2.3	46
21	Genome3D: exploiting structure to help users understand their sequences. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2015, 43, D382-D386.	14.5	42
22	Contrastive learning on protein embeddings enlightens midnight zone. <i>NAR Genomics and Bioinformatics</i> , 2022, 4, .	3.2	38
23	Understanding enzyme function evolution from a computational perspective. <i>Current Opinion in Structural Biology</i> , 2017, 47, 131-139.	5.7	36
24	The evolution of enzyme function in the isomerases. <i>Current Opinion in Structural Biology</i> , 2014, 26, 121-130.	5.7	33
25	Anatomy of BioJS, an open source community for the life sciences. <i>ELife</i> , 2015, 4, .	6.0	29
26	CATH-Gene3D: Generation of the Resource and Its Use in Obtaining Structural and Functional Annotations for Protein Sequences. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2017, 1558, 79-110.	0.9	24
27	Assessing strategies for improved superfamily recognition. <i>Protein Science</i> , 2005, 14, 1800-1810.	7.6	20
28	Characterizing and explaining the impact of disease-associated mutations in proteins without known structures or structural homologs. <i>Briefings in Bioinformatics</i> , 2022, 23, .	6.5	18
29	Tracing Evolution Through Protein Structures: Nature Captured in a Few Thousand Folds. <i>Frontiers in Molecular Biosciences</i> , 2021, 8, 668184.	3.5	16
30	The Classification of Protein Domains. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2017, 1525, 137-164.	0.9	14
31	FunTree: advances in a resource for exploring and contextualising protein function evolution. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2016, 44, D317-D323.	14.5	13
32	Genome3D: integrating a collaborative data pipeline to expand the depth and breadth of consensus protein structure annotation. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2020, 48, D314-D319.	14.5	13
33	Exploring Enzyme Evolution from Changes in Sequence, Structure, and Function. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2019, 1851, 263-275.	0.9	8
34	Assigning protein function from domain-function associations using DomFun. <i>BMC Bioinformatics</i> , 2022, 23, 43.	2.6	8
35	The Genome3D Consortium for Structural Annotations of Selected Model Organisms. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2020, 2165, 27-67.	0.9	3