

Michael A Mccarthy

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

231
papers

15,886
citations

20036

63
h-index

26792

111
g-index

238
all docs

238
docs citations

238
times ranked

19077
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A field experiment characterizing variable detection rates during plant surveys. Conservation Biology, 2022, 36, .	2.4	11
2	Integrating climate change and management scenarios in population models to guide the conservation of marine turtles. Bulletin of Marine Science, 2022, , .	0.4	6
3	Partial migration of Brolgas (<i>Antigone rubicunda</i>) within a restricted range is revealed by GPS tracking. Emu, 2022, 122, 39-50.	0.2	0
4	Using decision science to evaluate global biodiversity indices. Conservation Biology, 2021, 35, 492-501.	2.4	20
5	Reallocating budgets among ongoing and emerging conservation projects. Conservation Biology, 2021, 35, 955-966.	2.4	10
6	Defining and evaluating predictions of joint species distribution models. Methods in Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 12, 394-404.	2.2	30
7	The influence of weather and moon phase on small mammal activity. Australian Mammalogy, 2021, 43, 160.	0.7	3
8	Traits explain invasion of alien plants into tropical rainforests. Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 11, 3808-3819.	0.8	5
9	Predicting mammal responses to pyrodiversity: From microbats to macropods. Biological Conservation, 2021, 256, 109031.	1.9	9
10	Efficient effort allocation in lineâ€transect distance sampling of highâ€density species: When to walk further, measure lessâ€often and gain precision. Methods in Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 12, 962-970.	2.2	4
11	Does intraspecific variation in demography have implications for fire management of an obligateâ€seedler shrub across its geographic range?. Austral Ecology, 2021, 46, 315-323.	0.7	0
12	Fire and biodiversity in the Anthropocene. Science, 2020, 370, .	6.0	240
13	Breeding home range movements of pre-fledged brolga chicks, <i>Antigone rubicunda</i> (Gruidae) in Victoria, Australia â€ Implications for wind farm planning and conservation. Global Ecology and Conservation, 2019, 20, e00703.	1.0	5
14	Combining captureâ€recapture data and known ages allows estimation of ageâ€dependent survival rates. Ecology and Evolution, 2019, 9, 90-99.	0.8	3
15	Disentangling the Influence of Past Fires on Subsequent Fires in Mediterranean Landscapes. Ecosystems, 2019, 22, 1338-1351.	1.6	12
16	Optimizing habitat management for amphibians: From simple models to complex decisions. Biological Conservation, 2019, 236, 60-69.	1.9	21
17	Early warning signals of recovery in complex systems. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 1681.	5.8	52
18	Open access solutions for biodiversity journals: Do not replace one problem with another. Diversity and Distributions, 2019, 25, 5-8.	1.9	19

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19	Simultaneous count models to estimate abundance from counts of unmarked individuals with imperfect detection. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2019, 33, 697-708.	2.4	1
20	Sympatric cranes in northern Australia: abundance, breeding success, habitat preference and diet. <i>Emu</i> , 2019, 119, 79-89.	0.2	2
21	A comparison of joint species distribution models for presence-absence data. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 10, 198-211.	2.2	58
22	Improving the transparency of statistical reporting in <i>Conservation Letters</i> . <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2018, 11, e12453.	2.8	6
23	Optimal timing of biodiversity offsetting for metapopulations. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2018, 28, 508-521.	1.8	3
24	Managing the timing and speed of vehicles reduces wildlife-transport collision risk. <i>Transportation Research, Part D: Transport and Environment</i> , 2018, 59, 86-95.	3.2	16
25	Declining populations in one of the last refuges for threatened mammal species in northern Australia. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2018, 43, 602-612.	0.7	39
26	Redefine statistical significance. <i>Nature Human Behaviour</i> , 2018, 2, 6-10.	6.2	1,763
27	Assessing the sensitivity of biodiversity indices used to inform fire management. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2018, 55, 461-471.	1.9	8
28	Bridging the Divide: Integrating Animal and Plant Paradigms to Secure the Future of Biodiversity in Fire-Prone Ecosystems. <i>Fire</i> , 2018, 1, 29.	1.2	13
29	Seasonal asthma in Melbourne, Australia, and some observations on the occurrence of thunderstorm asthma and its predictability. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0194929.	1.1	47
30	Traits influence detection of exotic plant species in tropical forests. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0202254.	1.1	5
31	An experimental test of whether pyrodiversity promotes mammal diversity in a northern Australian savanna. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2018, 55, 2124-2134.	1.9	23
32	Informing network management using fuzzy cognitive maps. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2018, 224, 122-128.	1.9	29
33	Effects of fire on pollinators and pollination. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2017, 54, 313-322.	1.9	57
34	Functional trait changes in the floras of 11 cities across the globe in response to urbanization. <i>Ecography</i> , 2017, 40, 875-886.	2.1	42
35	Factors influencing the use of decision support tools in the development and design of conservation policy. <i>Environmental Science and Policy</i> , 2017, 70, 1-8.	2.4	26
36	Two-step adaptive management for choosing between two management actions. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2017, 27, 1210-1222.	1.8	5

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37	Interactions between rainfall, fire and herbivory drive resprouter vital rates in a semi-arid ecosystem. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2017, 105, 1562-1570.	1.9	24
38	Fire regimes and environmental gradients shape vertebrate and plant distributions in temperate eucalypt forests. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2017, 8, e01781.	1.0	36
39	Accounting for false mortality in telemetry tag applications. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2017, 355, 116-125.	1.2	6
40	A systematic review reveals changes in where and how we have studied habitat loss and fragmentation over 20 years. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2017, 212, 130-138.	1.9	83
41	Top-down control of species distributions: feral cats driving the regional extinction of a threatened rodent in northern Australia. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2017, 23, 272-283.	1.9	47
42	Classifying animals into ecologically meaningful groups: A case study on woodland birds. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2017, 214, 184-194.	1.9	5
43	Consistent patterns of vehicle collision risk for six mammal species. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2017, 201, 397-406.	3.8	20
44	Adaptive management improves decisions about where to search for invasive species. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2017, 212, 249-255.	1.9	7
45	Putting pyrodiversity to work for animal conservation. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2017, 31, 952-955.	2.4	56
46	Prioritizing plant eradication targets by re-framing the project prioritization protocol (PPP) for use in biosecurity applications. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2017, 19, 859-873.	1.2	10
47	Metaresearch for Evaluating Reproducibility in Ecology and Evolution. <i>BioScience</i> , 2017, 67, biw159.	2.2	41
48	Disentangling the four demographic dimensions of species invasiveness. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2016, 104, 1745-1758.	1.9	55
49	Optimizing ecological survey effort over space and time. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016, 7, 891-899.	2.2	31
50	Planning for ex situ conservation in the face of uncertainty. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2016, 30, 599-609.	2.4	40
51	Assessing the cost-efficiency of environmental DNA sampling. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016, 7, 1291-1298.	2.2	103
52	Learning about colonization when managing metapopulations under an adaptive management framework. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2016, 26, 279-294.	1.8	12
53	Conserving phylogenetic diversity, with reference to Victorian eucalypts. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society of Victoria</i> , 2016, 128, 7.	0.3	1
54	Abiotic and biotic interactions determine whether increased colonization is beneficial or detrimental to metapopulation management. <i>Theoretical Population Biology</i> , 2016, 109, 44-53.	0.5	5

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55	Models that predict ecosystem impacts of reintroductions should consider uncertainty and distinguish between direct and indirect effects. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2016, 196, 211-212.	1.9	9
56	Stochastic Dominance to Account for Uncertainty and Risk in Conservation Decisions. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2016, 9, 260-266.	2.8	15
57	A simple framework for a complex problem? Predicting wildlife-vehicle collisions. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016, 6, 6409-6421.	0.8	45
58	Identifying hotspots of alien plant naturalisation in Australia: approaches and predictions. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2016, 18, 631-645.	1.2	20
59	The IUCN Red List of Ecosystems: Motivations, Challenges, and Applications. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2015, 8, 214-226.	2.8	141
60	Cost-effective assessment of extinction risk with limited information. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2015, 52, 861-870.	1.9	43
61	The changing patterns of plant naturalization in Australia. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2015, 21, 1038-1050.	1.9	27
62	Consequences of inconsistently classifying woodland birds. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015, 3, .	1.1	18
63	Demographic Effects of Habitat Restoration for the Grey-Crowned Babbler <i>Pomatostomus temporalis</i> , in Victoria, Australia. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0130153.	1.1	7
64	Threatened species impact assessments: survey effort requirements based on criteria for cumulative impacts. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2015, 21, 620-630.	1.9	7
65	Is my species distribution model fit for purpose? Matching data and models to applications. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2015, 24, 276-292.	2.7	661
66	Phylogenetic diversity meets conservation policy: small areas are key to preserving eucalypt lineages. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2015, 370, 20140007.	1.8	67
67	Environmental DNA sampling is more sensitive than a traditional survey technique for detecting an aquatic invader. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2015, 25, 1944-1952.	1.8	135
68	Plant extirpation at the site scale: implications for eradication programmes. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2015, 21, 151-162.	1.9	32
69	Improving policy efficiency and effectiveness to save more species: A case study of the megadiverse country Australia. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2015, 182, 102-108.	1.9	47
70	The neglected tool in the Bayesian ecologist's shed: a case study testing informative priors' effect on model accuracy. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015, 5, 102-108.	0.8	34
71	European newts establish in Australia, marking the arrival of a new amphibian order. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2015, 17, 31-37.	1.2	19
72	Distinguishing geographical range shifts from artefacts of detectability and sampling effort. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2015, 21, 13-22.	1.9	52

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73	Incorporating detectability of threatened species into environmental impact assessment. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2015, 29, 216-225.	2.4	34
74	Optimal fire histories for biodiversity conservation. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2015, 29, 473-481.	2.4	107
75	Ignoring Imperfect Detection in Biological Surveys Is Dangerous: A Response to 'Fitting and Interpreting Occupancy Models'. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e99571.	1.1	142
76	Bayesian Estimates of Transition Probabilities in Seven Small Lithophytic Orchid Populations: Maximizing Data Availability from Many Small Samples. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e102859.	1.1	11
77	The Optimal Number of Surveys when Detectability Varies. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e115345.	1.1	27
78	Optimal surveillance strategy for invasive species management when surveys stop after detection. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 4, 1751-1760.	0.8	25
79	Contending with uncertainty in conservation management decisions. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2014, 1322, 77-91.	1.8	32
80	Prevent, search or destroy? A partially observable model for invasive species management. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2014, 51, 804-813.	1.9	51
81	Nonlinear Effects of Stand Age on Fire Severity. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2014, 7, 355-370.	2.8	146
82	Understanding co-occurrence by modelling species simultaneously with a Joint Species Distribution Model (<scp>JSDM</scp>). <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 5, 397-406.	2.2	477
83	Optimal release strategies for cost-effective reintroductions. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2014, 51, 1107-1115.	1.9	35
84	Determining When to Change Course in Management Actions. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2014, 28, 1617-1625.	2.4	8
85	When to declare successful eradication of an invasive predator?. <i>Animal Conservation</i> , 2014, 17, 125-132.	1.5	47
86	Estimating population size in the presence of temporary migration using a joint analysis of telemetry and capture-recapture data. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 5, 615-625.	2.2	28
87	Inferring extinctions from sighting records of variable reliability. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2014, 51, 251-258.	1.9	38
88	Linking Indices for Biodiversity Monitoring to Extinction Risk Theory. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2014, 28, 1575-1583.	2.4	23
89	Predicting the Effect of Urban Noise on the Active Space of Avian Vocal Signals. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2013, 182, 452-464.	1.0	55
90	Incorporating Uncertainty of Management Costs in Sensitivity Analyses of Matrix Population Models. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2013, 27, 134-144.	2.4	10

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91	Defining vegetation age class distributions for multispecies conservation in fire-prone landscapes. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2013, 166, 111-117.	1.9	59
92	Continental-scale Governance and the Hastening of Loss of Australia's Biodiversity. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2013, 27, 1133-1135.	2.4	39
93	Profiting from pilot studies: Analysing mortality using Bayesian models with informative priors. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2013, 14, 81-89.	1.2	18
94	Inferring extinction risks from sighting records. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2013, 338, 16-22.	0.8	25
95	A general model of detectability using species traits. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2013, 4, 45-52.	2.2	63
96	The influence of abundance on detectability. <i>Oikos</i> , 2013, 122, 717-726.	1.2	122
97	A Bayesian model of metapopulation viability, with application to an endangered amphibian. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2013, 19, 555-566.	1.9	61
98	Improving decisions for invasive species management: reformulation and extensions of the P _{anetta} -L _{awes} eradication graph. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2013, 19, 603-607.	1.9	16
99	Movement re-established but not restored: Inferring the effectiveness of road-crossing mitigation for a gliding mammal by monitoring use. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2013, 159, 434-441.	1.9	81
100	Population Viability Analysis. , 2013, , 210-219.		8
101	Scientific Foundations for an IUCN Red List of Ecosystems. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e62111.	1.1	383
102	Considering Extinction of Dependent Species during Translocation, Ex Situ Conservation, and Assisted Migration of Threatened Hosts. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2012, 26, 199-207.	2.4	55
103	Designing occupancy surveys and interpreting non-detection when observations are imperfect. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2012, 18, 417-424.	1.9	67
104	Transparent planning for biodiversity and development in the urban fringe. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i> , 2012, 108, 140-149.	3.4	52
105	The Role of Streamflow and Land Use in Limiting Oversummer Survival of Juvenile Steelhead in California Streams. <i>Transactions of the American Fisheries Society</i> , 2012, 141, 585-598.	0.6	53
106	A preliminary assessment of changes in plant-dwelling insects when threatened plants are translocated. <i>Journal of Insect Conservation</i> , 2012, 16, 367-377.	0.8	11
107	A predictive model of avian natal dispersal distance provides prior information for investigating response to landscape change. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2012, 81, 14-23.	1.3	46
108	Integrating variability in detection probabilities when designing wildlife surveys: a case study of amphibians from south-eastern Australia. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2012, 21, 729-744.	1.2	18

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109	The SAFE index should not be used for prioritization. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2011, 9, 486-487.	1.9	6
110	Allocating conservation resources between areas where persistence of a species is uncertain. , 2011, 21, 844-858.		42
111	Estimating detection“effort curves for plants using search experiments. , 2011, 21, 601-607.		71
112	Designing nature reserves in the face of uncertainty. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2011, 14, 470-475.	3.0	41
113	Plant traits and extinction in urban areas: a meta-analysis of 11 cities. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2011, 20, 509-519.	2.7	122
114	Breathing some air into the single-species vacuum: multi-species responses to environmental change. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2011, 80, 1-3.	1.3	9
115	Identifying and Managing Threatened Invertebrates through Assessment of Coextinction Risk. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2011, 25, 787-796.	2.4	43
116	Allocating biosecurity resources between preventing, detecting, and eradicating island invasions. <i>Ecological Economics</i> , 2011, 71, 54-62.	2.9	51
117	Current Constraints and Future Directions in Estimating Coextinction. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2010, 24, 682-690.	2.4	79
118	On Valuing Information in Adaptive“Management Models. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2010, 24, 984-993.	2.4	40
119	Optimal Allocation of Conservation Resources to Species That May be Extinct. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2010, 24, 1111-1118.	2.4	25
120	Assessing ethical trade“offs in ecological field studies. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2010, 47, 227-234.	1.9	43
121	Resource allocation for efficient environmental management. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2010, 13, 1280-1289.	3.0	55
122	Evidence that a Highway Reduces Apparent Survival Rates of Squirrel Gliders. <i>Ecology and Society</i> , 2010, 15, .	1.0	30
123	The biodiversity bank cannot be a lending bank. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2010, 3, 151-158.	2.8	128
124	Fungi and the urban environment: A review. <i>Landscape and Urban Planning</i> , 2010, 96, 138-145.	3.4	107
125	Phenology of epigeous macrofungi found in red gum woodlands. <i>Fungal Biology</i> , 2010, 114, 171-178.	1.1	5
126	How many hosts? Modelling host breadth from field samples. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2010, 1, 292-299.	2.2	22

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127	Wildlife Tunnel Enhances Population Viability. <i>Ecology and Society</i> , 2009, 14, .	1.0	54
128	Designing nature reserves in the face of uncertainty. <i>Nature Precedings</i> , 2009, , .	0.1	0
129	Using sighting records to declare eradication of an invasive species. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2009, 46, 110-117.	1.9	67
130	Robust decisions for declaring eradication of invasive species. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2009, 46, 782-786.	1.9	56
131	A conceptual framework for predicting the effects of urban environments on floras. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2009, 97, 4-9.	1.9	346
132	Streamlining "search and destroy": cost-effective surveillance for invasive species management. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2009, 12, 683-692.	3.0	185
133	A global synthesis of plant extinction rates in urban areas. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2009, 12, 1165-1173.	3.0	253
134	Effects of Toe Clipping on Survival, Recapture, and Return Rates of Jefferson Salamanders (<i>Ambystoma</i>)	0.2	16
135	Allometric Scaling and Bayesian Priors for Annual Survival of Birds and Mammals. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2008, 172, 216-222.	1.0	51
136	Resources at the landscape scale influence possum abundance. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2008, 33, 243-252.	0.7	32
137	Cost-effective Suppression and Eradication of Invasive Predators. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2008, 22, 89-98.	2.4	65
138	Optimal Marking of Threatened Species to Balance Benefits of Information with Impacts of Marking. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2008, 22, 1506-1512.	2.4	8
139	Some practical suggestions for improving engagement between researchers and policy-makers in natural resource management. <i>Ecological Management and Restoration</i> , 2008, 9, 182-186.	0.7	134
140	When have we looked hard enough? A novel method for setting minimum survey effort protocols for flora surveys. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2008, 33, 986-998.	0.7	131
141	Traits of British alien and native urban plants. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2008, 96, 853-859.	1.9	102
142	Optimal investment in conservation of species. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2008, 45, 1428-1435.	1.9	85
143	Optimal management of a flammable multi-stand forest for timber production and maintenance of nesting sites for wildlife. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2008, 255, 3857-3865.	1.4	19
144	When to stop managing or surveying cryptic threatened species. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2008, 105, 13936-13940.	3.3	161

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145	Alternative measures to value at risk. <i>Journal of Risk Finance</i> , 2008, 9, 81-88.	3.6	0
146	HOW WE VALUE THE FUTURE AFFECTS OUR DESIRE TO LEARN. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2008, 18, 1061-1069.	1.8	19
147	Subjective priors. , 2007, , 225-243.		2
148	An info-gap approach to power and sample size calculations. <i>Environmetrics</i> , 2007, 18, 189-203.	0.6	15
149	Active Adaptive Management for Conservation. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2007, 21, 956-963.	2.4	260
150	Info-Gap Decision Theory for Assessing the Management of Catchments for Timber Production and Urban Water Supply. <i>Environmental Management</i> , 2007, 39, 553-562.	1.2	40
151	Big Decisions and Sparse Data: Adapting Scientific Publishing to the Needs of Practical Conservation. <i>Avian Conservation and Ecology</i> , 2007, 2, .	0.3	12
152	Rejoinder: uncertainty and decision making. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2006, 9, 13-14.	3.0	1
153	LOCAL EXTINCTION OF GRASSLAND PLANTS: THE LANDSCAPE MATRIX IS MORE IMPORTANT THAN PATCH ATTRIBUTES. <i>Ecology</i> , 2006, 87, 3000-3006.	1.5	76
154	Accounting for uncertainty in marine reserve design. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2006, 9, 2-11.	3.0	144
155	Optimal eradication: when to stop looking for an invasive plant. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2006, 9, 759-766.	3.0	178
156	Modelling the occurrence of rainbow lorikeets (<i>Trichoglossus haematodus</i>) in Melbourne. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2006, 31, 240-253.	0.7	29
157	Accounting for Management Costs in Sensitivity Analyses of Matrix Population Models. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2006, 20, 893-905.	2.4	76
158	Evaluation of PVA Models of Arboreal Marsupials: Coupling Models with Long-term Monitoring Data. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2006, 15, 4079-4096.	1.2	17
159	Logic for Designing Nature Reserves for Multiple Species. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2006, 167, 717-727.	1.0	35
160	The Consistency of Extinction Risk Classification Protocols. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2005, 19, 1969-1977.	2.4	52
161	A theory for optimal monitoring of marine reserves. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2005, 8, 829-837.	3.0	78
162	Plant traits and local extinctions in natural grasslands along an urban-rural gradient. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2005, 93, 1203-1213.	1.9	159

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163	Profiting from prior information in Bayesian analyses of ecological data. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2005, 42, 1012-1019.	1.9	179
164	ESTIMATING AND DEALING WITH DETECTABILITY IN OCCUPANCY SURVEYS FOR FOREST OWLS AND ARBOREAL MARSUPIALS. <i>Journal of Wildlife Management</i> , 2005, 69, 905-917.	0.7	155
165	Inferring persistence of indigenous mammals in response to urbanisation. <i>Animal Conservation</i> , 2005, 8, 309-319.	1.5	70
166	Theory for Designing Nature Reserves for Single Species. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2005, 165, 250-257.	1.0	85
167	The use of nest boxes in urban natural vegetation remnants by vertebrate fauna. <i>Wildlife Research</i> , 2005, 32, 509.	0.7	86
168	The abundance of hollow-bearing trees in urban dry sclerophyll forest and the effect of wind on hollow development. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2005, 122, 181-192.	1.9	75
169	Protocols for listing threatened species can forecast extinction. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2004, 7, 1101-1108.	3.0	38
170	The habitat hectares approach to vegetation assessment: An evaluation and suggestions for improvement. <i>Ecological Management and Restoration</i> , 2004, 5, 24-27.	0.7	70
171	Clarifying the effect of toe clipping on frogs with Bayesian statistics. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2004, 41, 780-786.	1.9	175
172	PRECISION AND BIAS OF METHODS FOR ESTIMATING POINT SURVEY DETECTION PROBABILITIES. , 2004, 14, 703-712.		129
173	Overcoming bias in ground-based surveys of hollow-bearing trees using double-sampling. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2004, 190, 291-300.	1.4	48
174	Comparing predictions of extinction risk using models and subjective judgement. <i>Acta Oecologica</i> , 2004, 26, 67-74.	0.5	66
175	Eliciting and integrating expert knowledge for wildlife habitat modelling. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2003, 165, 251-264.	1.2	96
176	Reliability of Relative Predictions in Population Viability Analysis. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2003, 17, 982-989.	2.4	120
177	The Use of Bayesian Model Averaging to Better Represent Uncertainty in Ecological Models. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2003, 17, 1579-1590.	2.4	224
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