

# Kostadin Kushlev

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7672090/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

39  
papers

2,672  
citations

361296

20  
h-index

360920

35  
g-index

51  
all docs

51  
docs citations

51  
times ranked

2594  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Subjective Well-Being and Prosociality Around the Globe: Happy People Give More of Their Time and Money to Others. <i>Social Psychological and Personality Science</i> , 2022, 13, 849-861.	2.4	24
2	Well-Being Science for Teaching and the General Public. <i>Perspectives on Psychological Science</i> , 2022, 17, 1452-1471.	5.2	4
3	Money Does Not Always Buy Happiness, but Are Richer People Less Happy in Their Daily Lives? It Depends on How You Analyze Income. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2022, 13, .	1.1	4
4	A week during COVID-19: Online social interactions are associated with greater connection and more stress. <i>Computers in Human Behavior Reports</i> , 2021, 4, 100133.	2.3	12
5	Long-distance texting: Text messaging is linked with higher relationship satisfaction in long-distance relationships. <i>Journal of Social and Personal Relationships</i> , 2021, 38, 3543-3565.	1.4	14
6	Supplemental Material for Anxiety talking: Does anxiety predict sharing information about COVID-19?. <i>Technology Mind and Behavior</i> , 2021, 2, .	1.1	0
7	Anxiety talking: Does anxiety predict sharing information about COVID-19?. <i>Technology Mind and Behavior</i> , 2021, 2, .	1.1	1
8	Do happy people care about society's problems?. <i>Journal of Positive Psychology</i> , 2020, 15, 467-477.	2.6	23
9	Subjective Well-Being and Health Behaviors in 2.5 Million Americans. <i>Applied Psychology: Health and Well-Being</i> , 2020, 12, 166-187.	1.6	46
10	Does Happiness Improve Health? Evidence From a Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Psychological Science</i> , 2020, 31, 807-821.	1.8	44
11	Happiness, Meaning, and Psychological Richness. <i>Affective Science</i> , 2020, 1, 107-115.	1.5	22
12	Emphasizing scientific rigor in the development, testing, and implementation of positive psychological interventions. <i>Journal of Positive Psychology</i> , 2020, 15, 685-690.	2.6	8
13	The effects of smartphones on well-being: theoretical integration and research agenda. <i>Current Opinion in Psychology</i> , 2020, 36, 77-82.	2.5	46
14	ENHANCE: Evidence for the efficacy of a comprehensive intervention program to promote subjective well-being.. <i>Journal of Experimental Psychology: Applied</i> , 2020, 26, 360-383.	0.9	37
15	Batching smartphone notifications can improve well-being. <i>Computers in Human Behavior</i> , 2019, 101, 84-94.	5.1	71
16	The psychologically rich life questionnaire. <i>Journal of Research in Personality</i> , 2019, 81, 257-270.	0.9	20
17	The Social Price of Constant Connectivity: Smartphones Impose Subtle Costs on Well-Being. <i>Current Directions in Psychological Science</i> , 2019, 28, 347-352.	2.8	48
18	Smartphones reduce smiles between strangers. <i>Computers in Human Behavior</i> , 2019, 91, 12-16.	5.1	59

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19	Smartphones distract parents from cultivating feelings of connection when spending time with their children. <i>Journal of Social and Personal Relationships</i> , 2019, 36, 1619-1639.	1.4	80
20	The declining marginal utility of social time for subjective well-being. <i>Journal of Research in Personality</i> , 2018, 74, 124-140.	0.9	19
21	Smartphone use undermines enjoyment of face-to-face social interactions. <i>Journal of Experimental Social Psychology</i> , 2018, 78, 233-239.	1.3	192
22	Put the Phone Down. <i>Social Psychological and Personality Science</i> , 2018, 9, 702-710.	2.4	41
23	Progressive taxation, income inequality, and happiness.. <i>American Psychologist</i> , 2018, 73, 157-168.	3.8	64
24	Too tense for candy crush. , 2017, , .		5
25	Digitally connected, socially disconnected: The effects of relying on technology rather than other people. <i>Computers in Human Behavior</i> , 2017, 76, 68-74.	5.1	48
26	Findings all psychologists should know from the new science on subjective well-being.. <i>Canadian Psychology</i> , 2017, 58, 87-104.	1.4	398
27	ENHANCE: Design and rationale of a randomized controlled trial for promoting enduring happiness & well-being. <i>Contemporary Clinical Trials</i> , 2017, 52, 62-74.	0.8	18
28	"Silence Your Phones". , 2016, , .		126
29	Income Reliably Predicts Daily Sadness, but Not Happiness. <i>Social Psychological and Personality Science</i> , 2016, 7, 828-836.	2.4	21
30	The Social Costs of Ubiquitous Information: Consuming Information on Mobile Phones Is Associated with Lower Trust. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0162130.	1.1	8
31	Bike sharing station placement leveraging heterogeneous urban open data. , 2015, , .		91
32	Higher Income Is Associated With Less Daily Sadness but not More Daily Happiness. <i>Social Psychological and Personality Science</i> , 2015, 6, 483-489.	2.4	72
33	Checking email less frequently reduces stress. <i>Computers in Human Behavior</i> , 2015, 43, 220-228.	5.1	154
34	Parents Are Slightly Happier Than Nonparents, but Causality Still Cannot Be Inferred. <i>Psychological Science</i> , 2014, 25, 303-304.	1.8	17
35	The pains and pleasures of parenting: When, why, and how is parenthood associated with more or less well-being?. <i>Psychological Bulletin</i> , 2014, 140, 846-895.	5.5	390
36	Shame and the motivation to change the self.. <i>Emotion</i> , 2014, 14, 1049-1061.	1.5	97

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37	Parents Reap What They Sow. <i>Social Psychological and Personality Science</i> , 2013, 4, 635-642.	2.4	46
38	In Defense of Parenthood. <i>Psychological Science</i> , 2013, 24, 3-10.	1.8	235
39	Does affluence impoverish the experience of parenting?. <i>Journal of Experimental Social Psychology</i> , 2012, 48, 1381-1384.	1.3	53