## Gary D Lopaschuk

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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		5891	6128
257	27,580	81	159
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
263	263	263	24155
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Branched-Chain Amino Acid Metabolism in the Failing Heart. Cardiovascular Drugs and Therapy, 2023, 37, 413-420.	1.3	23
2	CrossTalk proposal: Ketone bodies are an important metabolic fuel for the heart. Journal of Physiology, 2022, 600, 1001-1004.	1.3	10
3	Rebuttal from Gary D. Lopaschuk and Qutuba G. Karwi. Journal of Physiology, 2022, 600, 1009-1009.	1.3	1
4	Concurrent diabetes and heart failure: interplay and novel therapeutic approaches. Cardiovascular Research, 2022, 118, 686-715.	1.8	24
5	Metabolic, structural and biochemical changes in diabetes and the development of heart failure. Diabetologia, 2022, 65, 411-423.	2.9	19
6	Mechanisms of action of SGLT2 inhibitors and their beneficial effects on the cardiorenal axis. Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology, 2022, 100, 93-106.	0.7	11
7	Ketones regulate endothelial homeostasis. Cell Metabolism, 2022, 34, 513-515.	7.2	5
8	RPlâ€194 is a Novel Troponin Activator that Increases the Calcium Sensitivity of Striated Muscle Contraction. FASEB Journal, 2022, 36, .	0.2	0
9	Ketones can become the major fuel source for the heart but do not increase cardiac efficiency. Cardiovascular Research, 2021, 117, 1178-1187.	1.8	55
10	Targeting the Brain to Protect the Heart. JACC Basic To Translational Science, 2021, 6, 71-73.	1.9	1
11	Cardiac Energy Metabolism in Heart Failure. Circulation Research, 2021, 128, 1487-1513.	2.0	433
12	Barth syndrome-related cardiomyopathy is associated with a reduction in myocardial glucose oxidation. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2021, 320, H2255-H2269.	1.5	9
13	Post-translational Acetylation Control of Cardiac Energy Metabolism. Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine, 2021, 8, 723996.	1.1	17
14	Inhibition of lipid metabolism exerts antitumor effects on rhabdomyosarcoma. Cancer Medicine, 2021, 10, 6442-6455.	1.3	7
15	Deletion of BCATm increases insulin-stimulated glucose oxidation in the heart. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2021, 124, 154871.	1.5	18
16	The Contribution of Cardiac Fatty Acid Oxidation to Diabetic Cardiomyopathy Severity. Cells, 2021, 10, 3259.	1.8	20
17	Ketone metabolism in the failing heart. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular and Cell Biology of Lipids, 2020, 1865, 158813.	1.2	50
18	Insulin directly stimulates mitochondrial glucose oxidation in the heart. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2020, 19, 207.	2.7	29

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19	Selective enhancement of cardiomyocyte efficiency results in a pernicious heart condition. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0236457.	1.1	3
20	SARS-CoV-2 perturbs the renin-angiotensin system and energy metabolism. American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2020, 319, E43-E47.	1.8	24
21	Mechanisms of Cardiovascular Benefits of Sodium Glucose Co-Transporter 2 (SGLT2) Inhibitors. JACC Basic To Translational Science, 2020, 5, 632-644.	1.9	419
22	Empagliflozin improves left ventricular diastolic function of db/db mice. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease, 2020, 1866, 165807.	1.8	36
23	Myocardial Ketones Metabolism in Heart Failure. Journal of Cardiac Failure, 2020, 26, 998-1005.	0.7	36
24	Abstract MP125: Branched-chain Keto Acids, Not Branched-chain Amino Acids, Impairs Cardiac Insulin Sensitivity by Disrupting Insulin Signaling in the Mitochondria. Circulation Research, 2020, 127, .	2.0	3
25	Impaired branched chain amino acid oxidation contributes to cardiac insulin resistance in heart failure. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2019, 18, 86.	2.7	102
26	Malonyl CoA Decarboxylase Inhibition Improves Cardiac Function Post-Myocardial Infarction. JACC Basic To Translational Science, 2019, 4, 385-400.	1.9	37
27	The peptide hormone adropin regulates signal transduction pathways controlling hepatic glucose metabolism in a mouse model of diet-induced obesity. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2019, 294, 13366-13377.	1.6	52
28	Trimetazidine in cardiovascular medicine. International Journal of Cardiology, 2019, 293, 39-44.	0.8	59
29	Allosteric, transcriptional and post-translational control of mitochondrial energy metabolism. Biochemical Journal, 2019, 476, 1695-1712.	1.7	25
30	Adropin regulates cardiac energy metabolism and improves cardiac function and efficiency. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2019, 98, 37-48.	1.5	42
31	Statins Reduce Epicardial Adipose Tissue Attenuation Independent of Lipid Lowering: A Potential Pleiotropic Effect. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2019, 8, e013104.	1.6	73
32	Weight loss enhances cardiac energy metabolism and function in heart failure associated with obesity. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism, 2019, 21, 1944-1955.	2.2	31
33	Increased ketone body oxidation provides additional energy for the failing heart without improving cardiac efficiency. Cardiovascular Research, 2019, 115, 1606-1616.	1.8	114
34	A novel role of endothelial autophagy as a regulator of myocardial fatty acid oxidation. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2019, 157, 185-193.	0.4	9
35	Cardiac-specific deficiency of the mitochondrial calcium uniporter augments fatty acid oxidation and functional reserve. Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology, 2019, 127, 223-231.	0.9	27
36	Targeting the glucagon receptor improves cardiac function and enhances insulin sensitivity following a myocardial infarction. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2019, 18, 1.	2.7	98

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37	Abstract 868: A Cardiac Specific Branched Chain Aminotransferase Deletion Increases Insulin Stimulated Glucose Oxidation in the Mouse Heart. Circulation Research, 2019, 125, .	2.0	4
38	Increased cardiac fatty acid oxidation in a mouse model with decreased malonyl-CoA sensitivity of CPT1B. Cardiovascular Research, 2018, 114, 1324-1334.	1.8	37
39	Treading slowly through hypoxic waters: dichloroacetate to the rescue!. Journal of Physiology, 2018, 596, 2957-2958.	1.3	1
40	Cytosolic carnitine acetyltransferase as a source of cytosolic acetyl-CoA: a possible mechanism for regulation of cardiac energy metabolism. Biochemical Journal, 2018, 475, 959-976.	1.7	26
41	Uncoupling of glycolysis from glucose oxidation accompanies the development of heart failure with preserved ejection fraction. Molecular Medicine, 2018, 24, 3.	1.9	72
42	Loss of Metabolic Flexibility in the Failing Heart. Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine, 2018, 5, 68.	1.1	258
43	Acetylation contributes to hypertrophy-caused maturational delay of cardiac energy metabolism. JCI Insight, 2018, 3, .	2.3	21
44	Empagliflozin Increases Cardiac EnergyÂProductionÂin Diabetes. JACC Basic To Translational Science, 2018, 3, 575-587.	1.9	263
45	Cardiac branched-chain amino acid oxidation is reduced during insulin resistance in the heart. American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2018, 315, E1046-E1052.	1.8	44
46	Alterations in Myocardial Energy Metabolism in Streptozotocin Diabetes. , 2018, , 19-38.		1
47	Complex Energy Metabolic Changes in Heart Failure With Preserved Ejection Fraction and Heart Failure With Reduced Ejection Fraction. Canadian Journal of Cardiology, 2017, 33, 860-871.	0.8	113
48	Metabolic Modulators in Heart Disease: Past, Present, and Future. Canadian Journal of Cardiology, 2017, 33, 838-849.	0.8	111
49	Decreased Maternal Cardiac Glucose Oxidation. Circulation Research, 2017, 121, 1299-1301.	2.0	Ο
50	Nrg4 promotes fuel oxidation and a healthy adipokine profile to ameliorate diet-induced metabolic disorders. Molecular Metabolism, 2017, 6, 863-872.	3.0	97
51	Obesity and type 2 diabetes have additive effects on left ventricular remodelling in normotensive patients-a cross sectional study. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2017, 16, 21.	2.7	35
52	ACE2 Deficiency Worsens Epicardial Adipose Tissue Inflammation and Cardiac Dysfunction in Response to Diet-Induced Obesity. Diabetes, 2016, 65, 85-95.	0.3	193
53	Inhibition of the Unfolded Protein Response Mechanism Prevents Cardiac Fibrosis. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0159682.	1.1	50
54	Inhibition of Soluble Epoxide Hydrolase Limits Mitochondrial Damage and Preserves Function Following Ischemic Injury. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2016, 7, 133.	1.6	27

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55	Acetylation and succinylation contribute to maturational alterations in energy metabolism in the newborn heart. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2016, 311, H347-H363.	1.5	70
56	Fatty Acid Oxidation and Its Relation with Insulin Resistance and Associated Disorders. Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2016, 68, 15-20.	1.0	52
57	Evolving Concepts of Myocardial Energy Metabolism. Circulation Research, 2016, 119, 1173-1176.	2.0	90
58	Reply to Katlandur, Ozbek, and Keser. American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2016, 310, E863-E863.	1.8	1
59	Preface to the BBA special issue "heart lipid metabolism― Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular and Cell Biology of Lipids, 2016, 1861, 1423-1424.	1.2	0
60	Assessing Cardiac Metabolism. Circulation Research, 2016, 118, 1659-1701.	2.0	211
61	Genetic and Pharmacological Inhibition of Malonyl CoA Decarboxylase Does Not Exacerbate Age-Related Insulin Resistance in Mice. Diabetes, 2016, 65, 1883-1891.	0.3	13
62	Acetylation control of cardiac fatty acid β-oxidation and energy metabolism in obesity, diabetes, and heart failure. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease, 2016, 1862, 2211-2220.	1.8	77
63	Empagliflozin's Fuel Hypothesis: Not so Soon. Cell Metabolism, 2016, 24, 200-202.	7.2	111
64	Cardiac fatty acid oxidation in heart failure associated with obesity and diabetes. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular and Cell Biology of Lipids, 2016, 1861, 1525-1534.	1.2	87
65	Rationale and benefits of trimetazidine by acting on cardiac metabolism in heart failure. International Journal of Cardiology, 2016, 203, 909-915.	0.8	67
66	Accumulation of ceramide in slowâ€ŧwitch muscle contributes to the development of insulin resistance in the obese JCR:LAâ€cp rat. Experimental Physiology, 2015, 100, 730-741.	0.9	10
67	Targeting MicroRNAs to Limit Myocardial Lipid Accumulation. Circulation Research, 2015, 116, 229-231.	2.0	5
68	Lowering Body Weight in Obese Mice With Diastolic Heart Failure Improves Cardiac Insulin Sensitivity and Function: Implications for the Obesity Paradox. Diabetes, 2015, 64, 1643-1657.	0.3	58
69	Tolerance to ischaemic injury in remodelled mouse hearts: less ischaemic glycogenolysis and preserved metabolic efficiency. Cardiovascular Research, 2015, 107, 499-508.	1.8	6
70	Therapeutic effects of adropin on glucose tolerance and substrate utilization in diet-induced obese mice with insulin resistance. Molecular Metabolism, 2015, 4, 310-324.	3.0	132
71	What is good for the circulation also lessens cancer risk. European Heart Journal, 2015, 36, 1157-1162.	1.0	9
72	Activating PPARα Prevents Post–Ischemic Contractile Dysfunction in Hypertrophied Neonatal Hearts. Circulation Research, 2015, 117, 41-51.	2.0	60

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73	Cardiac Energy Metabolic Alterations in Pressure Overload–Induced Left and Right Heart Failure (2013) Tj ETQ	q1 <u>1</u> 0.78 0.8	4314 rgBT /○ 45
74	Feeding the fibrillating heart: Dichloroacetate improves cardiac contractile dysfunction following VF. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2015, 309, H1543-H1553.	1.5	13
75	Effect of Fatty Acids on Human Bone Marrow Mesenchymal Stem Cell Energy Metabolism and Survival. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0120257.	1.1	60
76	Myocardial Energy Substrate Metabolism in Heart Failure : from Pathways to Therapeutic Targets. Current Pharmaceutical Design, 2015, 21, 3654-3664.	0.9	92
77	Failing mouse hearts utilize energy inefficiently and benefit from improved coupling of glycolysis and glucose oxidation. Cardiovascular Research, 2014, 101, 30-38.	1.8	83
78	Malonyl CoA: A promising target for the treatment of cardiac disease. IUBMB Life, 2014, 66, 139-146.	1.5	21
79	Treatment with the 3-Ketoacyl-CoA Thiolase Inhibitor Trimetazidine Does Not Exacerbate Whole-Body Insulin Resistance in Obese Mice. Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 2014, 349, 487-496.	1.3	17
80	Angiotensin 1–7 Ameliorates Diabetic Cardiomyopathy and Diastolic Dysfunction in <i>db/db</i> Mice by Reducing Lipotoxicity and Inflammation. Circulation: Heart Failure, 2014, 7, 327-339.	1.6	158
81	5â€2-AMP-activated protein kinase increases glucose uptake independent of GLUT4 translocation in cardiac myocytes. Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology, 2014, 92, 307-314.	0.7	18
82	Cardiovascular remodelling in coronary artery disease and heart failure. Lancet, The, 2014, 383, 1933-1943.	6.3	589
83	The link between pediatric heart failure and mitochondrial lipids. Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology, 2014, 76, 71-72.	0.9	4
84	Regulation of Substrate Oxidation Preferences in Muscle by the Peptide Hormone Adropin. Diabetes, 2014, 63, 3242-3252.	0.3	86
85	Obesity-induced lysine acetylation increases cardiac fatty acid oxidation and impairs insulin signalling. Cardiovascular Research, 2014, 103, 485-497.	1.8	175
86	Role of CoA and acetyl-CoA in regulating cardiac fatty acid and glucose oxidation. Biochemical Society Transactions, 2014, 42, 1043-1051.	1.6	62
87	Cardiac dysfunction and peri-weaning mortality in malonyl-coenzyme A decarboxylase (MCD) knockout mice as a consequence of restricting substrate plasticity. Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology, 2014, 75, 76-87.	0.9	18
88	Trimetazidine Therapy Prevents Obesity-Induced Cardiomyopathy in Mice. Canadian Journal of Cardiology, 2014, 30, 940-944.	0.8	26
89	Cardiac Energy Metabolism in Heart Failure Associated with Obesity and Diabetes. , 2014, , 69-88.		0
90	Impact of the renin–angiotensin system on cardiac energy metabolism in heart failure. Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology, 2013, 63, 98-106.	0.9	51

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91	Hypothalamic malonyl-CoA and the control of food intake. Physiology and Behavior, 2013, 122, 17-24.	1.0	42
92	Regulating cardiac energy metabolism and bioenergetics by targeting the DNA damage repair protein BRCA1. Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, 2013, 146, 702-709.	0.4	19
93	Gut microbiota metabolism of l-carnitine and cardiovascular risk. Atherosclerosis, 2013, 231, 456-461.	0.4	152
94	Targeting mitochondrial oxidative metabolism as an approach to treat heart failure. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research, 2013, 1833, 857-865.	1.9	111
95	Inhibition of Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase-1 Activity Alleviates Insulin Resistance in Diet-Induced Obese Mice. Diabetes, 2013, 62, 711-720.	0.3	98
96	Differential effects of central ghrelin on fatty acid metabolism in hypothalamic ventral medial and arcuate nuclei. Physiology and Behavior, 2013, 118, 165-170.	1.0	36
97	Pressure-overload-induced heart failure induces a selective reduction in glucose oxidation at physiological afterload. Cardiovascular Research, 2013, 97, 676-685.	1.8	112
98	Cardiac Insulin-Resistance and Decreased Mitochondrial Energy Production Precede the Development of Systolic Heart Failure After Pressure-Overload Hypertrophy. Circulation: Heart Failure, 2013, 6, 1039-1048.	1.6	196
99	Cardiac Insulin Resistance: It's Sweeter Than You Think. Endocrinology, 2013, 154, 2575-2578.	1.4	3
100	ANG II causes insulin resistance and induces cardiac metabolic switch and inefficiency: a critical role of PDK4. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2013, 304, H1103-H1113.	1.5	138
101	Acute Liver Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase I Overexpression Recapitulates Reduced Palmitate Oxidation of Cardiac Hypertrophy. Circulation Research, 2013, 112, 57-65.	2.0	27
102	Important role of ventromedial hypothalamic carnitine palmitoyltransferase-1a in the control of food intake. American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2013, 305, E336-E347.	1.8	11
103	Choline Supplementation Promotes Hepatic Insulin Resistance in Phosphatidylethanolamine N-Methyltransferase-deficient Mice via Increased Glucagon Action. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2013, 288, 837-847.	1.6	23
104	The Failing Heart: Is It an Inefficient Engine or an Engine Out of Fuel?. , 2013, , 65-84.		4
105	Inhibition of malonyl-CoA decarboxylase reduces the inflammatory response associated with insulin resistance. American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2012, 303, E1459-E1468.	1.8	19
106	Cellular cross-talk between epicardial adipose tissue and myocardium in relation to the pathogenesis of cardiovascular disease. American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2012, 303, E937-E949.	1.8	143
107	Cardiac hypertrophy in the newborn delays the maturation of fatty acid β-oxidation and compromises postischemic functional recovery. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2012, 302, H1784-H1794.	1.5	15
108	Agonist-Induced Hypertrophy and Diastolic Dysfunction Are Associated With Selective Reduction in Glucose Oxidation. Circulation: Heart Failure, 2012, 5, 493-503.	1.6	136

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109	Pyridine Nucleotide Regulation of Cardiac Intermediary Metabolism. Circulation Research, 2012, 111, 628-641.	2.0	68
110	An ACE Up Your Sleeve. Circulation Research, 2012, 110, 1270-1272.	2.0	1
111	A Role for Period 2 in Cardioprotection. Cell Metabolism, 2012, 16, 2-4.	7.2	3
112	Hypoxia-Induced Adaptation to Mitral Regurgitation. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2012, 59, 397-399.	1.2	1
113	Inhibition of Serine Palmitoyl Transferase I Reduces Cardiac Ceramide Levels and Increases Glycolysis Rates following Diet-Induced Insulin Resistance. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e37703.	1.1	44
114	Stimulation of glucose oxidation protects against acute myocardial infarction and reperfusion injury. Cardiovascular Research, 2012, 94, 359-369.	1.8	154
115	Activating cardiac E2F1 induces upâ€regulation of pyruvate dehydrogenase kinase 4 in mice on a short term of high fat feeding. FEBS Letters, 2012, 586, 996-1003.	1.3	18
116	Elevated levels of activated NHE1 protect the myocardium and improve metabolism following ischemia/reperfusion injury. Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology, 2011, 50, 157-164.	0.9	13
117	Intracerebroventricular Leptin Administration Differentially Alters Cardiac Energy Metabolism in Mice Fed a Low-fat and High-fat Diet. Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology, 2011, 57, 103-113.	0.8	13
118	Cardiac diacylglycerol accumulation in high fat-fed mice is associated with impaired insulin-stimulated glucose oxidation. Cardiovascular Research, 2011, 89, 148-156.	1.8	105
119	Targeting fatty acid and carbohydrate oxidation — A novel therapeutic intervention in the ischemic and failing heart. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research, 2011, 1813, 1333-1350.	1.9	298
120	Long-term effects of intrauterine growth restriction on cardiac metabolism and susceptibility to ischaemia/reperfusion. Cardiovascular Research, 2011, 90, 285-294.	1.8	94
121	Chronic Inhibition of Pyruvate Dehydrogenase in Heart Triggers an Adaptive Metabolic Response. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2011, 286, 11155-11162.	1.6	97
122	Important roles of brain-specific carnitine palmitoyltransferase and ceramide metabolism in leptin hypothalamic control of feeding. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 9691-9696.	3.3	79
123	Second window of preconditioning normalizes palmitate use for oxidation and improves function during low-flow ischaemia. Cardiovascular Research, 2011, 92, 394-400.	1.8	11
124	Malonyl-CoA mediates leptin hypothalamic control of feeding independent of inhibition of CPT-1a. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2011, 301, R209-R217.	0.9	19
125	Energy Metabolic Phenotype of the Cardiomyocyte During Development, Differentiation, and Postnatal Maturation. Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology, 2010, 56, 130-140.	0.8	512
126	The inhibition of pyruvate dehydrogenase kinase improves impaired cardiac function and electrical remodeling in two models of right ventricular hypertrophy: resuscitating the hibernating right ventricular hypertrophy. Neuscitating the hibernating right ventricle. Journal of Molecular Medicine, 2010, 88, 47-60.	1.7	271

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127	Novel O-palmitolylated beta-E1 subunit of pyruvate dehydrogenase is phosphorylated during ischemia/reperfusion injury. Proteome Science, 2010, 8, 38.	0.7	7
128	Fatty Acid Oxidation and Malonyl-CoA Decarboxylase in the Vascular Remodeling of Pulmonary Hypertension. Science Translational Medicine, 2010, 2, 44ra58.	5.8	193
129	Inhibition of De Novo Ceramide Synthesis Reverses Diet-Induced Insulin Resistance and Enhances Whole-Body Oxygen Consumption. Diabetes, 2010, 59, 2453-2464.	0.3	296
130	Isoproterenol stimulates 5′-AMP-activated protein kinase and fatty acid oxidation in neonatal hearts. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2010, 299, H1135-H1145.	1.5	14
131	High levels of fatty acids increase contractile function of neonatal rabbit hearts during reperfusion following ischemia. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2010, 298, H1426-H1437.	1.5	17
132	Targeting Intermediary Metabolism in the Hypothalamus as a Mechanism to Regulate Appetite. Pharmacological Reviews, 2010, 62, 237-264.	7.1	55
133	Role of fatty acid uptake and fatty acid β-oxidation in mediating insulin resistance in heart and skeletal muscle. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular and Cell Biology of Lipids, 2010, 1801, 1-22.	1.2	203
134	Myocardial Fatty Acid Metabolism in Health and Disease. Physiological Reviews, 2010, 90, 207-258.	13.1	1,643
135	Increased Glucose Uptake and Oxidation in Mouse Hearts Prevent High Fatty Acid Oxidation but Cause Cardiac Dysfunction in Diet-Induced Obesity. Circulation, 2009, 119, 2818-2828.	1.6	168
136	Insulin-Stimulated Cardiac Glucose Oxidation Is Increased in High-Fat Diet–Induced Obese Mice Lacking Malonyl CoA Decarboxylase. Diabetes, 2009, 58, 1766-1775.	0.3	116
137	Diastolic dysfunction in familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy transgenic model mice. Cardiovascular Research, 2009, 82, 84-92.	1.8	62
138	Type 1 diabetic cardiomyopathy in the Akita ( <i>Ins2</i> <sup>WT/C96Y</sup> ) mouse model is characterized by lipotoxicity and diastolic dysfunction with preserved systolic function. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2009, 297, H2096-H2108.	1.5	139
139	Role of the atypical protein kinase Cζ in regulation of 5â€2-AMP-activated protein kinase in cardiac and skeletal muscle. American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2009, 297, E349-E357.	1.8	21
140	Suppression of 5′-AMP-activated protein kinase activity does not impair recovery of contractile function during reperfusion of ischemic hearts. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2009, 297, H313-H321.	1.5	32
141	Targeting malonyl CoA inhibition of mitochondrial fatty acid uptake as an approach to treat cardiac ischemia/reperfusion. Basic Research in Cardiology, 2009, 104, 203-210.	2.5	57
142	High rates of residual fatty acid oxidation during mild ischemia decrease cardiac work and efficiency. Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology, 2009, 47, 142-148.	0.9	36
143	Myocardial fatty acid utilization as a determinant of cardiac efficiency and function. Clinical Lipidology, 2009, 4, 379-389.	0.4	24
144	Mitochondrial Overload and Incomplete Fatty Acid Oxidation Contribute to Skeletal Muscle Insulin Resistance. Cell Metabolism, 2008, 7, 45-56.	7.2	1,618

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145	Signalling in cardiac metabolism. Cardiovascular Research, 2008, 79, 205-207.	1.8	29
146	Metabolic response to an acute jump in cardiac workload: effects on malonyl-CoA, mechanical efficiency, and fatty acid oxidation. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2008, 294, H954-H960.	1.5	28
147	The malonyl CoA axis as a potential target for treating ischaemic heart disease. Cardiovascular Research, 2008, 79, 259-268.	1.8	79
148	Myocardial Hypertrophy and the Maturation of Fatty Acid Oxidation in the Newborn Human Heart. Pediatric Research, 2008, 64, 643-647.	1.1	22
149	Leptin activates hypothalamic acetyl-CoA carboxylase to inhibit food intake. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2007, 104, 17358-17363.	3.3	188
150	Role of malonyl-CoA in heart disease and the hypothalamic control of obesity. Cardiovascular Research, 2007, 73, 278-287.	1.8	74
151	Metabolic therapy for the treatment of ischemic heart disease: reality and expectations. Expert Review of Cardiovascular Therapy, 2007, 5, 1123-1134.	0.6	32
152	Malonyl CoA decarboxylase deficient mice display minimal infarct during in vivo ischemia/reperfusion. Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology, 2007, 42, S194-S195.	0.9	1
153	Anti-anginal effects of partial fatty acid oxidation inhibitors. Current Opinion in Pharmacology, 2007, 7, 179-185.	1.7	23
154	Cardiac Energy Metabolism in Obesity. Circulation Research, 2007, 101, 335-347.	2.0	238
155	Alterations in energy metabolism in cardiomyopathies. Annals of Medicine, 2007, 39, 594-607.	1.5	76
156	A Mitochondria-K+ Channel Axis Is Suppressed in Cancer and Its Normalization Promotes Apoptosis and Inhibits Cancer Growth. Cancer Cell, 2007, 11, 37-51.	7.7	1,374
157	α-Lipoic acid increases cardiac glucose oxidation independent of AMP-activated protein kinase in isolated working rat hearts. Basic Research in Cardiology, 2007, 102, 436-444.	2.5	8
158	Regulation of Fatty Acid Oxidation of the Heart. , 2007, , 27-62.		0
159	Synthesis and Structureâ <sup>^</sup> Activity Relationship of Small-Molecule Malonyl Coenzyme A Decarboxylase Inhibitors. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 2006, 49, 1517-1525.	2.9	31
160	Discovery of Potent and Orally Available Malonyl-CoA Decarboxylase Inhibitors as Cardioprotective Agents. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 2006, 49, 4055-4058.	2.9	42
161	AMPK alterations in cardiac physiology and pathology: enemy or ally?. Journal of Physiology, 2006, 574, 95-112.	1.3	340
162	Heteroaryl substituted bis-trifluoromethyl carbinols as malonyl-CoA decarboxylase inhibitors. Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry Letters, 2006, 16, 3484-3488.	1.0	18

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163	Malonyl-CoA Decarboxylase Inhibition as a Novel Approach to Treat Ischemic Heart Disease. Cardiovascular Drugs and Therapy, 2006, 20, 433-439.	1.3	33
164	Chronic activation of PPARÎ $\pm$ is detrimental to cardiac recovery after ischemia. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2006, 290, H87-H95.	1.5	106
165	Optimizing Cardiac Fatty Acid and Clucose Metabolism as an Approach to Treating Heart Failure. Seminars in Cardiothoracic and Vascular Anesthesia, 2006, 10, 228-230.	0.4	24
166	Fatty Acids Attenuate Insulin Regulation of 5′-AMP–Activated Protein Kinase and Insulin Cardioprotection After Ischemia. Circulation Research, 2006, 99, 61-68.	2.0	68
167	Absence of Malonyl Coenzyme A Decarboxylase in Mice Increases Cardiac Glucose Oxidation and Protects the Heart From Ischemic Injury. Circulation, 2006, 114, 1721-1728.	1.6	131
168	Fatty acid oxidation inhibitors in the management of chronic complications of atherosclerosis. Current Atherosclerosis Reports, 2005, 7, 63-70.	2.0	36
169	Regulation of cardiac malonyl-CoA content and fatty acid oxidation during increased cardiac power. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2005, 289, H1033-H1037.	1.5	35
170	Malonyl-CoA decarboxylase inhibition suppresses fatty acid oxidation and reduces lactate production during demand-induced ischemia. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2005, 289, H2304-H2309.	1.5	71
171	Myocardial Ischemia Differentially Regulates LKB1 and an Alternate 5′-AMP-activated Protein Kinase Kinase. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2005, 280, 183-190.	1.6	89
172	Myocardial Substrate Metabolism in the Normal and Failing Heart. Physiological Reviews, 2005, 85, 1093-1129.	13.1	1,650
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