## Lyndall M Strazdins

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/75935/publications.pdf

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100 papers

3,831 citations

34 h-index 57 g-index

101 all docs

101 docs citations

101 times ranked

3851 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Unsociable Work? Nonstandard Work Schedules, Family Relationships, and Children's Well-Being. Journal of Marriage and Family, 2006, 68, 394-410.	2.6	280
2	The psychosocial quality of work determines whether employment has benefits for mental health: results from a longitudinal national household panel survey. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2011, 68, 806-812.	2.8	247
3	Women, work and musculoskeletal health. Social Science and Medicine, 2004, 58, 997-1005.	3.8	158
4	Work and health in a contemporary society: demands, control, and insecurity. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2003, 57, 849-854.	3.7	146
5	The lesser evil: Bad jobs or unemployment? A survey of mid-aged Australians. Social Science and Medicine, 2006, 63, 575-586.	3.8	126
6	Parents' Nonstandard Work Schedules and Child Well-Being: A Critical Review of the Literature. Journal of Primary Prevention, 2014, 35, 53-73.	1.6	121
7	Time Scarcity: Another Health Inequality?. Environment and Planning A, 2011, 43, 545-559.	3.6	120
8	Job Strain, Job Insecurity, and Health: Rethinking the Relationship Journal of Occupational Health Psychology, 2004, 9, 296-305.	3.3	116
9	Around-the-clock: parent work schedules and children's well-being in a 24-h economy. Social Science and Medicine, 2004, 59, 1517-1527.	3.8	108
10	Impact of saliva collection methods on sIgA and cortisol assays and acceptability to participants. Journal of Immunological Methods, 2005, 307, 167-171.	1.4	107
11	The associations between work stress and mental health: A comparison of organizationally employed and self-employed workers. Work and Stress, 2004, 18, 231-244.	4.5	93
12	Your money or your time? How both types of scarcity matter to physical activity and healthy eating. Social Science and Medicine, 2017, 172, 98-106.	3.8	84
13	Not all hours are equal: could time be a social determinant of health?. Sociology of Health and Illness, 2016, 38, 21-42.	2.1	80
14	Mothers' workâ€"family conflict and enrichment: associations with parenting quality and couple relationship. Child: Care, Health and Development, 2015, 41, 266-277.	1.7	77
15	Hour-glass ceilings: Work-hour thresholds, gendered health inequities. Social Science and Medicine, 2017, 176, 42-51.	3.8	77
16	Job quality and inequality: Parents' jobs and children's emotional and behavioural difficulties. Social Science and Medicine, 2010, 70, 2052-2060.	3.8	61
17	What Enables and Constrains the Inclusion of the Social Determinants of Health Inequities in Government Policy Agendas? A Narrative Review. International Journal of Health Policy and Management, 2018, 7, 101-111.	0.9	60
18	Change and stability in work–family conflict and mothers' and fathers' mental health: Longitudinal evidence from an Australian cohort. Social Science and Medicine, 2016, 155, 24-34.	3.8	59

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19	Shift work and mental health: a systematic review and meta-analysis. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2019, 92, 763-793.	2.3	59
20	Parents' transitions into and out of work-family conflict and children's mental health: Longitudinal influence via family functioning. Social Science and Medicine, 2017, 194, 42-50.	3.8	56
21	Communication and behavioural disorders among children with hearing loss increases risk of mental health disorders. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2011, 35, 377-383.	1.8	53
22	Combining work and family: Rewards or risks for children's mental health?. Social Science and Medicine, 2013, 87, 99-107.	3.8	52
23	Fathers at Work. Journal of Family Issues, 2016, 37, 1611-1635.	1.6	51
24	Worries, â€~weirdos', neighborhoods and knowing people: a qualitative study with children and parents regarding children's independent mobility. Health and Place, 2017, 45, 131-139.	3.3	51
25	What matters for working fathers? Job characteristics, work-family conflict and enrichment, and fathers' postpartum mental health in an Australian cohort. Social Science and Medicine, 2015, 146, 214-222.	3.8	48
26	Work demands, job insecurity and sickness absence from work. How productive is the new, flexible labour force?. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2006, 30, 205-212.	1.8	47
27	The benefits of paid maternity leave for mothers' post-partum health and wellbeing: Evidence from an Australian evaluation. Social Science and Medicine, 2017, 182, 97-105.	3.8	46
28	The limitations of employment as a tool for social inclusion. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 621.	2.9	44
29	Could better jobs improve mental health? A prospective study of change in work conditions and mental health in mid-aged adults. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2011, 65, 529-534.	3.7	42
30	Psychosocial job adversity and health in Australia: analysis of data from the HILDA Survey. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2011, 35, 564-571.	1.8	41
31	Employment conditions and maternal postpartum mental health: results from the Longitudinal Study of Australian Children. Archives of Women's Mental Health, 2011, 14, 217-225.	2.6	41
32	The health effects of jobs: status, working conditions, or both?. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2005, 29, 222-228.	1.8	38
33	Mothers' and Fathers' Work Hours, Child Gender, and Behavior in Middle Childhood. Journal of Marriage and Family, 2013, 75, 56-74.	2.6	38
34	Integrating emotions: Multiple role measurement of emotional work. Australian Journal of Psychology, 2000, 52, 41-50.	2.8	36
35	Maternal Work–Family Conflict and Psychological Distress: Reciprocal Relationships Over 8 Years. Journal of Marriage and Family, 2016, 78, 107-126.	2.6	35
36	Flexible employment, flexible eating and health risks. Critical Public Health, 2014, 24, 461-475.	2.4	34

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37	The mental health costs and benefits of giving social support International Journal of Stress Management, 2007, 14, 370-385.	1.2	32
38	Time limits? Reflecting and responding to time barriers for healthy, active living in Australia. Health Promotion International, 2011, 26, 46-54.	1.8	32
39	Social determinants of household food expenditure in Australia: the role of education, income, geography and time. Public Health Nutrition, 2018, 21, 902-911.	2.2	32
40	Health or harm? A cohort study of the importance of job quality in extended workforce participation by older adults. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 885.	2.9	30
41	Longitudinal analysis of ear infection and hearing impairment: findings from 6-year prospective cohorts of Australian children. BMC Pediatrics, 2013, 13, 28.	1.7	29
42	Too busy: why time is a health and environmental problem. NSW Public Health Bulletin, 2007, 18, 219.	0.3	28
43	The impact of employee level and work stress on mental health and GP service use: an analysis of a sample of Australian government employees. BMC Public Health, 2004, 4, 41.	2.9	26
44	Promoting equity in the mental wellbeing of children and young people: a scoping review. Health Promotion International, 2015, 30, ii36-ii76.	1.8	22
45	Mothers and Fathers with Young Children: Paid Employment, Caring and Wellbeing. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	21
46	Feeding the Australian family: challenges for mothers, nutrition and equity. Health Promotion International, 2020, 35, 771-778.	1.8	21
47	Thailand's work and health transition. International Labour Review, 2010, 149, 373-386.	2.1	20
48	Integrating paid work and chronic illness in daily life: A space-time approach to understanding the challenges. Health and Place, 2015, 34, 83-91.	3.3	20
49	Parents' Shift Work in Connection with Workâ€"Family Conflict and Mental Health: Examining the Pathways for Mothers and Fathers. Journal of Family Issues, 2021, 42, 445-473.	1.6	19
50	Time and participation in workplace health promotion: Australian qualitative study. Health Promotion International, 2018, 33, daw078.	1.8	18
51	A method of identifying health-based benchmarks for psychosocial risks at work: A tool for risk assessment. Safety Science, 2017, 93, 143-151.	4.9	18
52	Long work hours of mothers and fathers are linked to increased risk for overweight and obesity among preschool children: longitudinal evidence from Germany. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2019, 73, 723-729.	3.7	18
53	Gender and depressive symptoms: Parents' sharing of instrumental and expressive tasks when their children are young Journal of Family Psychology, 1997, 11, 222-233.	1.3	17
54	Socioeconomic disadvantage and onset of childhood chronic disabling conditions: a cohort study. Archives of Disease in Childhood, 2015, 100, 317-322.	1.9	17

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55	Long-term air pollution exposure and self-reported morbidity: A longitudinal analysis from the Thai cohort study (TCS). Environmental Research, 2021, 192, 110330.	7.5	17
56	Measuring poor job quality amongst employees: the VicWAL job quality index. Labour & Industry, 2014, 24, 103-123.	1.5	15
57	Contemporary contestations over working time: time for health to weigh in. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 1068.	2.9	15
58	Long Hours and Longings: Australian Children's Views of Fathers' Work and Family Time. Journal of Marriage and Family, 2017, 79, 965-982.	2.6	15
59	Promoting Children's Social and Emotional Wellbeing in Childcare Centres within Low Socioeconomic Areas: Strategies, Facilitators and Challenges. Australasian Journal of Early Childhood, 2010, 35, 77-86.	1.0	14
60	Developing Prospective Measures of Adversity Among Australian Families with Young Children. Social Indicators Research, 2013, 113, 1171-1191.	2.7	14
61	What Influences Parents' Fear about Children's Independent Mobility? Evidence from a State-Wide Survey of Australian Parents. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2018, 32, 667-676.	1.7	14
62	Drivers of Overweight/Obesity in 4–11 Year Old Children of Australians and Immigrants; Evidence from Growing Up in Australia. Journal of Immigrant and Minority Health, 2019, 21, 737-750.	1.6	14
63	Non-linear relationship between maternal work hours and child body weight: Evidence from the Western Australian Pregnancy Cohort (Raine) Study. Social Science and Medicine, 2017, 186, 52-60.	3.8	13
64	Heightened Maternal Separation Anxiety in the Postpartum. Journal of Family Issues, 2014, 35, 1497-1519.	1.6	12
65	Worry and time: the unseen costs of informal care. Chronic Illness, 2016, 12, 249-260.	1.5	12
66	Growing up in Australia: paradox of overweight/obesity in children of immigrants from lowâ€andâ€middle â€income countries. Obesity Science and Practice, 2018, 4, 178-187.	1.9	12
67	Flexible employment policies, temporal control and health promoting practices: A qualitative study in two Australian worksites. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0224542.	2.5	11
68	Identifying long-term psychological distress from single measures: evidence from a nationally representative longitudinal survey of the Australian population. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2020, 20, 55.	3.1	11
69	Impact of missing data strategies in studies of parental employment and health: Missing items, missing waves, and missing mothers. Social Science and Medicine, 2018, 209, 160-168.	3.8	10
70	Advancing a health equity agenda across multiple policy domains: a qualitative policy analysis of social, trade and welfare policy. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e040180.	1.9	10
71	Regulation, Managerial Discretion and Family-Friendliness in Australia's Changing Industrial Relations Environment. Journal of Industrial Relations, 2012, 54, 57-74.	1.8	9
72	Predictors of injury mortality: findings from a large national cohort in Thailand. BMJ Open, 2014, 4, e004668-e004668.	1.9	9

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73	Physically and psychologically hazardous jobs and mental health in Thailand. Health Promotion International, 2015, 30, 531-541.	1.8	9
74	What explains trends in Australian working-time arrangements in the 2000s?. Labour & Industry, 2016, 26, 138-155.	1.5	9
75	How can multiple frames enable action on social determinants? Lessons from Australia's paid parental leave. Health Promotion International, 2020, 35, 973-983.	1.8	9
76	Flexible Work, Temporal Disruption and Implications for Health Practices: An Australian Qualitative Study. Work, Employment and Society, 2021, 35, 277-295.	2.7	9
77	Australian parents' work–family conflict: accumulated effects on children's family environment and mental health. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2021, 56, 571-581.	3.1	8
78	Time for Physical Activity: Different, Unequal, Gendered. Journal of Health and Social Behavior, 2022, 63, 37-54.	4.8	8
79	Does flexible work †work†in Australia? A survey of employed mothers†and fathers†work, family and health. Community, Work and Family, 2021, 24, 488-506.	2.2	7
80	Is Self-Employment a Good Option? Gender, Parents and the Work-Family Interface. Sex Roles, 2021, 84, 731-746.	2.4	7
81	What Contributes to Gendered Work Time Inequality? An Australian Case Study. Social Indicators Research, 2021, 155, 259-279.	2.7	7
82	The health of the Australian workforce: 1998-2001. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2002, 26, 325-331.	1.8	6
83	Losing the workers who need employment the most: how health and job quality affect involuntary retirement. Labour & Industry, 2018, 28, 261-278.	1.5	6
84	Bringing in critical frameworks to investigate agenda-setting for the social determinants of health: Lessons from a multiple framework analysis. Social Science and Medicine, 2020, 250, 112886.	3.8	6
85	How to Fit In? Acculturation and Risk of Overweight and Obesity. Experiences of Australian Immigrant Mothers From South Asia and Their 8- to 11-Year-Old Children. SAGE Open, 2021, 11, 215824402110317.	1.7	6
86	How parents' income, time and job quality affect children's health and development. Australian Journal of Social Issues, 2012, 47, 505-525.	2.7	5
87	Part-time in general practiceâ€"a remedy to a time-based problem?. Family Practice, 2019, 36, 511-515.	1.9	5
88	Earning to learn: the time-health trade-offs of employed Australian undergraduate students. Health Promotion International, 2020, 35, 1302-1311.	1.8	5
89	How does working nonstandard hours impact psychological resources important for parental functioning? Evidence from an Australian longitudinal cohort study. SSM - Population Health, 2021, 16, 100931.	2.7	5
90	BMI trajectories and risk factors among 2-11-year-old children by their immigrant status: evidence from the Longitudinal Study of Australian Children. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e026845.	1.9	4

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91	Blue collar timescapes: work, health, and pension eligibility age for mature age Australian bus drivers. Critical Public Health, 2020, , 1-10.	2.4	2
92	Does psychological distress directly increase risk of incident cardiovascular disease? Evidence from a prospective cohort study using a longer-term measure of distress. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e039628.	1.9	2
93	Reciprocal relationships between time pressure and mental or physical health in Australian mothers of preschool aged children. Social Science and Medicine, 2022, 301, 114937.	3.8	2
94	Consistency and Continuity in Material and Psychosocial Adversity Among Australian Families with Young Children. Social Indicators Research, 2016, 128, 35-57.	2.7	1
95	A cultural economy approach to workplace health promotion in Australian small and medium sized workplaces: a critical qualitative study. Critical Public Health, 2019, 29, 100-109.	2.4	1
96	Health and occupation: the limits to older adults' work hours. Ageing and Society, 0, , 1-29.	1.7	1
97	Unencumbered and still unequal? Work hour - Health tipping points and gender inequality among older, employed Australian couples. SSM - Population Health, 2022, , 101121.	2.7	1
98	Santé au travail en ThaÃ-lande: le processus de transition. International Labour Review, 2010, 149, 409-424.	0.0	0
99	Intergenerational policy and workforce participation in Australia: using health as a metric. Health Promotion International, 2018, 33, daw044.	1.8	0
100	Is It Just Too Hard? Gender Time Symmetry in Market and Nonmarket Work and Subjective Time Pressure in Australia, Finland, and Korea., 2017,, 465-494.		O