Bronwyn M Graham

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/757100/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Why are women so vulnerable to anxiety, trauma-related and stress-related disorders? The potential role of sex hormones. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2017, 4, 73-82.	7.4	339
2	The Study of Fear Extinction: Implications for Anxiety Disorders. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2011, 168, 1255-1265.	7.2	315
3	Blockade of Estrogen by Hormonal Contraceptives Impairs Fear Extinction in Female Rats and Women. Biological Psychiatry, 2013, 73, 371-378.	1.3	232
4	Estradiol and Progesterone have Opposing Roles in the Regulation of Fear Extinction in Female Rats. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2016, 41, 774-780.	5.4	80
5	Bridging the gap: Lessons we have learnt from the merging of psychology and psychiatry for the optimisation of treatments for emotional disorders. Behaviour Research and Therapy, 2014, 62, 3-16.	3.1	74
6	Inhibition of estradiol synthesis impairs fear extinction in male rats. Learning and Memory, 2014, 21, 347-350.	1.3	61
7	A window of vulnerability: Impaired fear extinction in adolescence. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2014, 113, 90-100.	1.9	55
8	Low Estradiol Levels: A Vulnerability Factor for the Development of Posttraumatic Stress Disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2012, 72, 6-7.	1.3	52
9	Estradiol levels in women predict skin conductance response but not valence and expectancy ratings in conditioned fear extinction. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2016, 134, 339-348.	1.9	48
10	Pharmacological enhancement of fear reduction: preclinical models. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2011, 164, 1230-1247.	5.4	47
11	Acute Systemic Fibroblast Growth Factor-2 Enhances Long-Term Extinction of Fear and Reduces Reinstatement in Rats. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2009, 34, 1875-1882.	5.4	44
12	Fibroblast Growth Factor-2 Enhances Extinction and Reduces Renewal of Conditioned Fear. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2010, 35, 1348-1355.	5.4	43
13	Estradiol is associated with altered cognitive and physiological responses during fear conditioning and extinction in healthy and spider phobic women Behavioral Neuroscience, 2016, 130, 614-623.	1.2	42
14	Effects of systemic estradiol on fear extinction in female rats are dependent on interactions between dose, estrous phase, and endogenous estradiol levels. Hormones and Behavior, 2018, 97, 67-74.	2.1	40
15	The association between estradiol levels, hormonal contraceptive use, and responsiveness to one-session-treatment for spider phobia in women. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2018, 90, 134-140.	2.7	38
16	Memory of fearful events: the role of fibroblast growth factor-2 in fear acquisition and extinction. Neuroscience, 2011, 189, 156-169.	2.3	37
17	From Resilience to Vulnerability: Mechanistic Insights into the Effects of Stress on Transitions in Critical Period Plasticity. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2013, 4, 90.	2.6	37
18	Teens that fear screams: A comparison of fear conditioning, extinction, and reinstatement in adolescents and adults. Developmental Psychobiology, 2015, 57, 818-832.	1.6	33

BRONWYN M GRAHAM

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Mothers do it differently: reproductive experience alters fear extinction in female rats and women. Translational Psychiatry, 2016, 6, e928-e928.	4.8	28
20	Physical and mental fatigue across the menstrual cycle in women with and without generalised anxiety disorder. Hormones and Behavior, 2020, 118, 104667.	2.1	26
21	Intraamygdala Infusion of Fibroblast Growth Factor 2 Enhances Extinction and Reduces Renewal and Reinstatement in Adult Rats. Journal of Neuroscience, 2011, 31, 14151-14157.	3.6	24
22	Early-life exposure to fibroblast growth factor-2 facilitates context-dependent long-term memory in developing rats Behavioral Neuroscience, 2010, 124, 337-345.	1.2	23
23	Acute systemic fibroblast growth factor-2 enhances long-term memory in developing rats. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2009, 91, 424-430.	1.9	22
24	High endogenous estradiol is associated with enhanced cognitive emotion regulation of physiological conditioned fear responses in women. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2017, 80, 7-14.	2.7	22
25	Sex Hormones Are Associated With Rumination and Interact With Emotion Regulation Strategy Choice to Predict Negative Affect in Women Following a Sad Mood Induction. Frontiers in Psychology, 2018, 9, 937.	2.1	22
26	Cannabinoid polymorphisms interact with plasma endocannabinoid levels to predict fear extinction learning. Depression and Anxiety, 2021, 38, 1087-1099.	4.1	21
27	Fibroblast growth factor-2 alters the nature of extinction. Learning and Memory, 2011, 18, 80-84.	1.3	19
28	Individual differences in fear extinction and anxiety-like behavior. Learning and Memory, 2017, 24, 182-190.	1.3	17
29	Low Endogenous Fibroblast Growth Factor 2ÂLevels Are Associated With Heightened Conditioned Fear Expression in Rats and Humans. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 82, 601-607.	1.3	17
30	Symptom fluctuation over the menstrual cycle in anxiety disorders, PTSD, and OCD: a systematic review. Archives of Women's Mental Health, 2022, 25, 71-85.	2.6	17
31	Individual differences in fear relapse. Behaviour Research and Therapy, 2018, 100, 37-43.	3.1	16
32	Individual differences in conditioned fear expression are associated with enduring differences in endogenous Fibroblast Growth Factor-2 and hippocampal-mediated memory performance. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2016, 134, 248-255.	1.9	15
33	Individual differences in the expression of conditioned fear are associated with endogenous fibroblast growth factor 2. Learning and Memory, 2016, 23, 42-45.	1.3	13
34	Gender Differences in Adolescent Sleep Disturbance and Treatment Response to Smartphone App–Delivered Cognitive Behavioral Therapy for Insomnia: Exploratory Study. JMIR Formative Research, 2021, 5, e22498.	1.4	13
35	Women With Generalized Anxiety Disorder Show Increased Repetitive Negative Thinking During the Luteal Phase of the Menstrual Cycle. Clinical Psychological Science, 2020, 8, 1037-1045.	4.0	12
36	Estradiol-induced enhancement of fear extinction in female rats: The role of NMDA receptor activation. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2018, 86, 1-9.	4.8	11

BRONWYN M GRAHAM

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Hormonal, reproductive, and behavioural predictors of fear extinction recall in female rats. Hormones and Behavior, 2020, 121, 104693.	2.1	11
38	Estradiol moderates the relationship between state-trait anxiety and attentional bias to threat in women. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2018, 93, 82-89.	2.7	10
39	Reproductive experience alters the involvement of N-methyl-D-aspartate receptors in fear extinction, but not fear conditioning, in female Sprague Dawley rats. Psychopharmacology, 2019, 236, 251-264.	3.1	10
40	Progesterone levels predict reductions in behavioral avoidance following cognitive restructuring in women with spider phobia. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 270, 1-8.	4.1	9
41	The relationship between repetitive negative thinking, sleep disturbance, and subjective fatigue in women with Generalized Anxiety Disorder. British Journal of Clinical Psychology, 2022, 61, 666-679.	3.5	9
42	Fibroblast Growth Factor 2 as a New Approach to Fighting Fear. JAMA Psychiatry, 2015, 72, 959.	11.0	8
43	The impact of chronic fluoxetine on conditioned fear expression and hippocampal FGF2 in rats: Short- and long-term effects. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2018, 155, 344-350.	1.9	8
44	Gender differences in avoidance and repetitive negative thinking following symptom provocation in men and women with spider phobia. British Journal of Clinical Psychology, 2020, 59, 565-577.	3.5	7
45	Fibroblast Growth Factor-2: A Promising Biomarker for Anxiety and Trauma Disorders. Journal of Experimental Neuroscience, 2017, 11, 117906951774958.	2.3	6
46	Effects of d -cycloserine on individual differences in relapse of fear. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2018, 84, 115-121.	4.8	6
47	Postnatal stress is associated with impaired fear conditioning and extinction, and heightened hippocampal fibroblast growth factor 2, in mother rats. Hormones and Behavior, 2018, 105, 110-114.	2.1	6
48	d-Cycloserine and estradiol enhance fear extinction in nulliparous but not primiparous female rats. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2019, 166, 107088.	1.9	6
49	Low estradiol is linked to increased skin conductance, but not subjective anxiety or affect, in response to an impromptu speech task. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2018, 98, 30-38.	2.7	5
50	Maternal Experience Does Not Predict Fear Extinction and Anxiety-Like Behaviour in Primiparous Rats Post-weaning. Frontiers in Global Women S Health, 2021, 2, 742337.	2.3	5
51	Subjective sleep quality and characteristics across the menstrual cycle in women with and without Generalized Anxiety Disorder. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2021, 148, 110570.	2.6	4
52	BDNF genotype Val66Met interacts with acute plasma BDNF levels to predict fear extinction and recall. Behaviour Research and Therapy, 2021, 145, 103942.	3.1	4
53	Fibroblast growth factor-2 enhancement of extinction recall depends on the success of within-session extinction training in rats: a re-analysis. Psychopharmacology, 2019, 236, 227-238.	3.1	2
54	Day at the museum. A benchmarking and feasibility study for large group, oneâ€session exposure treatment for spider phobia. Australian Psychologist, 2020, 55, 121-131.	1.6	2

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
55	It's all about who you know: Memory retention of a rat's cagemates during infancy negatively predicts adulthood hippocampal FGF2. Neurobiology of Learning and Memory, 2021, 182, 107448.	1.9	2
56	Methodological implications of sample size and extinction gradient on the robustness of fear conditioning across different analytic strategies. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0268814.	2.5	2
57	T14. Individual Differences in Extinction and Relapse: Who, Why, and What Can We Do?. Biological Psychiatry, 2018, 83, S134.	1.3	1
58	Mind's eye: The impact of spider presence and cognitive therapy on size estimation biases in spider phobia. Journal of Anxiety Disorders, 2021, 83, 102456.	3.2	1
59	Fear Conditioning and Extinction. Innovations in Cognitive Neuroscience, 2016, , 139-155.	0.3	1
60	653. Can What Goes up Come Back Down? The Effects of DCS on Individual Differences in Relapse of Fear. Biological Psychiatry, 2017, 81, S264-S265.	1.3	0