## Thomas E Schlaepfer

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Deep Brain Stimulation to Reward Circuitry Alleviates Anhedonia in Refractory Major Depression. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2008, 33, 368-377.	5.4	893
2	Nucleus Accumbens Deep Brain Stimulation Decreases Ratings of Depression and Anxiety in Treatment-Resistant Depression. Biological Psychiatry, 2010, 67, 110-116.	1.3	729
3	Deep brain stimulation: current challenges and future directions. Nature Reviews Neurology, 2019, 15, 148-160.	10.1	721
4	Rapid Effects of Deep Brain Stimulation for Treatment-Resistant Major Depression. Biological Psychiatry, 2013, 73, 1204-1212.	1.3	502
5	Decreased regional cortical gray matter volume in schizophrenia. American Journal of Psychiatry, 1994, 151, 842-848.	7.2	365
6	Guidelines for the pharmacological treatment of anxiety disorders, obsessive–compulsive disorder and posttraumatic stress disorder in primary care. International Journal of Psychiatry in Clinical Practice, 2012, 16, 77-84.	2.4	327
7	Long-Term Effects of Nucleus Accumbens Deep Brain Stimulation in Treatment-Resistant Depression: Evidence for Sustained Efficacy. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2012, 37, 1975-1985.	5.4	310
8	Efficacy and safety of deep transcranial magnetic stimulation for major depression: a prospective multicenter randomized controlled trial. World Psychiatry, 2015, 14, 64-73.	10.4	293
9	Repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation for the treatment of depression. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2003, 182, 480-491.	2.8	279
10	Safety and Feasibility of Magnetic Seizure Therapy (MST) in Major Depression: Randomized Within-Subject Comparison with Electroconvulsive Therapy. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2003, 28, 1852-1865.	5.4	236
11	Cross-species affective functions of the medial forebrain bundle—Implications for the treatment of affective pain and depression in humans. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2011, 35, 1971-1981.	6.1	227
12	An Oxytocin-Induced Facilitation of Neural and Emotional Responses to Social Touch Correlates Inversely with Autism Traits. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2014, 39, 2078-2085.	5.4	214
13	Oxytocin Facilitates the Extinction of Conditioned Fear in Humans. Biological Psychiatry, 2015, 78, 194-202.	1.3	210
14	Structural differences in the cerebral cortex of healthy female and male subjects: a magnetic resonance imaging study. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 1995, 61, 129-135.	1.8	194
15	Repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation activates specific regions in rat brain. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 1998, 95, 15635-15640.	7.1	179
16	Vagus nerve stimulation for depression: efficacy and safety in a European study. Psychological Medicine, 2008, 38, 651-661.	4.5	179
17	Magnetic Seizure Therapy of Major Depression. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2001, 58, 303.	12.3	178
18	Good Vibrations: Cross-frequency Coupling in the Human Nucleus Accumbens during Reward Processing. Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience, 2009, 21, 875-889.	2.3	177

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19	Intracranial EEG Correlates of Expectancy and Memory Formation in the Human Hippocampus and Nucleus Accumbens. Neuron, 2010, 65, 541-549.	8.1	166
20	Scientific and Ethical Issues Related to Deep Brain Stimulation for Disorders of Mood, Behavior, and Thought. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2009, 66, 931.	12.3	159
21	Repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation: a putative add-on treatment for major depression in elderly patients. Psychiatry Research, 2004, 126, 123-133.	3.3	158
22	Stimulating personality: Ethical criteria for deep brain stimulation in psychiatric patients and for enhancement purposes. Biotechnology Journal, 2008, 3, 1511-1520.	3.5	155
23	Consensus on guidelines for stereotactic neurosurgery for psychiatric disorders. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2014, 85, 1003-1008.	1.9	150
24	Antidepressant effects, of magnetic seizure therapy and electroconvulsive therapy, in treatment-resistant depression. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2011, 45, 569-576.	3.1	144
25	Noradrenergic enhancement of amygdala responses to fear. Social Cognitive and Affective Neuroscience, 2009, 4, 119-126.	3.0	139
26	Psycho-Informatics: Big Data shaping modern psychometrics. Medical Hypotheses, 2014, 82, 405-411.	1.5	139
27	Site of Opioid Action in the Human Brain: Mu and Kappa Agonists' Subjective and Cerebral Blood Flow Effects. American Journal of Psychiatry, 1998, 155, 470-473.	7.2	137
28	Two-Year Outcome of Vagus Nerve Stimulation in Treatment-Resistant Depression. Journal of Clinical Psychopharmacology, 2010, 30, 273-281.	1.4	137
29	Deep Brain Stimulation of the Human Reward System for Major Depression—Rationale, Outcomes and Outlook. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2014, 39, 1303-1314.	5.4	126
30	Fear Processing and Social Networking in the Absence of a Functional Amygdala. Biological Psychiatry, 2012, 72, 70-77.	1.3	123
31	PET study of competition between intravenous cocaine and [11C]raclopride at dopamine receptors in human subjects. American Journal of Psychiatry, 1997, 154, 1209-1213.	7.2	118
32	Deep brain stimulation to the medial forebrain bundle for depression- long-term outcomes and a novel data analysis strategy. Brain Stimulation, 2017, 10, 664-671.	1.6	118
33	Magnetic Seizure Therapy Improves Mood in Refractory Major Depression. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2003, 28, 2045-2048.	5.4	111
34	Superolateral medial forebrain bundle deep brain stimulation in major depression: a gateway trial. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2019, 44, 1224-1232.	5.4	109
35	Deep brain stimulation for treatment of refractory depression. Lancet, The, 2005, 366, 1420-1422.	13.7	106
36	Deep Brain Stimulation and the Neuroethics of Responsible Publishing. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2010, 303, 775.	7.4	106

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37	Modeling a Negative Response Bias in the Human Amygdala by Noradrenergic–Glucocorticoid Interactions. Journal of Neuroscience, 2008, 28, 12868-12876.	3.6	103
38	Misuse Of The FDA's Humanitarian Device Exemption In Deep Brain Stimulation For Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder. Health Affairs, 2011, 30, 302-311.	5.2	100
39	Distinctive neurocognitive effects of repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation and electroconvulsive therapy in major depression. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2005, 186, 410-416.	2.8	97
40	Mood improvement after deep brain stimulation of the internal globus pallidus for tardive dyskinesia in a patient suffering from major depression. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2007, 41, 801-803.	3.1	97
41	Neuropsychological safety of nucleus accumbens deep brain stimulation for major depression: Effects of 12-month stimulation. World Journal of Biological Psychiatry, 2011, 12, 516-527.	2.6	95
42	Decreased frontal white-matter volume in chronic substance abuse. International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology, 2006, 9, 147.	2.1	94
43	WFSBP Guidelines on Brain Stimulation Treatments in Psychiatry. World Journal of Biological Psychiatry, 2010, 11, 2-18.	2.6	93
44	The anatomy of the human medial forebrain bundle: Ventral tegmental area connections to reward-associated subcortical and frontal lobe regions. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2018, 18, 770-783.	2.7	93
45	The N-Methyl-D-Aspartate Receptor Co-agonist D-Cycloserine Facilitates Declarative Learning and Hippocampal Activity in Humans. Biological Psychiatry, 2010, 67, 1205-1211.	1.3	90
46	Mood effects of repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation of left prefrontal cortex in healthy volunteers. Psychiatry Research, 2000, 94, 251-256.	3.3	83
47	Nuclei Accumbens Phase Synchrony Predicts Decision-Making Reversals Following Negative Feedback. Journal of Neuroscience, 2009, 29, 7591-7598.	3.6	82
48	The medial forebrain bundle as a target for deep brain stimulation for obsessive-compulsive disorder. CNS Spectrums, 2017, 22, 282-289.	1.2	81
49	Controversy: Repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation or transcranial direct current stimulation shows efficacy in treating psychiatric diseases (depression, mania, schizophrenia,) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /O	verlæk 10	) Tf7580 257 To
50	Chronic vagus nerve stimulation for treatment-resistant depression increases regional cerebral blood flow in the dorsolateral prefrontal cortex. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2011, 191, 153-159.	1.8	76
51	Cognitive Improvement in Schizophrenic Patients does not Require a Serotonergic Mechanism: Randomized Controlled Trial of Olanzapine vs Amisulpride. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2005, 30, 381-390.	5.4	75
52	Hemispheric asymmetry in visuospatial attention assessed with transcranial magnetic stimulation. Experimental Brain Research, 2002, 143, 426-430.	1.5	72
53	Depression comorbidity in spinocerebellar ataxia. Movement Disorders, 2011, 26, 870-876.	3.9	69
54	Tractography-assisted deep brain stimulation of the superolateral branch of the medial forebrain bundle (slMFB DBS) in major depression. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2018, 20, 580-593.	2.7	69

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55	Affective Neuroscience Strategies for Understanding and Treating Depression. Clinical Psychological Science, 2014, 2, 472-494.	4.0	68
56	Onset and recovery from panic disorder in the Baltimore Epidemiologic Catchment Area follow-up. British Journal of Psychiatry, 1998, 173, 501-507.	2.8	66
57	Neuroelectric Signatures of Reward Learning and Decision-Making in the Human Nucleus Accumbens. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2009, 34, 1649-1658.	5.4	64
58	Did Ezekiel Have Temporal Lobe Epilepsy?. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2002, 59, 561.	12.3	62
59	Diffusion Tensor Imaging and Neuromodulation. International Review of Neurobiology, 2012, 107, 207-234.	2.0	59
60	Efficacy of Repetitive Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation (rTMS) in the Treatment of Affective Disorders. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2003, 28, 201-205.	5.4	58
61	Repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation of the dorsolateral prefrontal cortex affects divided attention immediately after cessation of stimulation. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2006, 40, 315-321.	3.1	56
62	The hidden third: improving outcome in treatment-resistant depression. Journal of Psychopharmacology, 2012, 26, 587-602.	4.0	56
63	Electrodes in the brain—Ethical criteria for research and treatment with deep brain stimulation for neuropsychiatric disorders. Brain Stimulation, 2011, 4, 7-16.	1.6	55
64	Aberrant NMDA receptor DNA methylation detected by epigenome-wide analysis of hippocampus and prefrontal cortex in major depression. European Archives of Psychiatry and Clinical Neuroscience, 2015, 265, 331-341.	3.2	55
65	Deep brain stimulation for refractory obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD): emerging or established therapy?. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 60-65.	7.9	54
66	International Society for Transcranial Stimulation Consensus Statement: Managing the Risks of Repetitive Transcranial Stimulation. CNS Spectrums, 2003, 8, 489-489.	1.2	53
67	Tractographic description of major subcortical projection pathways passing the anterior limb of the internal capsule. Corticopetal organization of networks relevant for psychiatric disorders. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2020, 25, 102165.	2.7	52
68	Transcranial magnetic stimulation. Neurosurgery Clinics of North America, 2003, 14, 283-301.	1.7	51
69	Exploratory factor analysis of MRI brain structure measures in schizophrenia. Schizophrenia Research, 1996, 19, 93-101.	2.0	44
70	Mood Effects of Prefrontal Repetitive High-Frequency TMS in Healthy Volunteers. CNS Spectrums, 1997, 2, 53-68.	1.2	42
71	Cerebral blood flow in obsessive–compulsive patients with major depression: effect of treatment with sertraline or desipramine on treatment responders and non-responders. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2001, 108, 89-100.	1.8	40
72	How Happy Is Too Happy? Euphoria, Neuroethics, and Deep Brain Stimulation of the Nucleus Accumbens. AJOB Neuroscience, 2012, 3, 30-36.	1.1	40

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73	Baseline severity of depression predicts antidepressant drug response relative to escitalopram. Expert Opinion on Pharmacotherapy, 2009, 10, 927-936.	1.8	38
74	Beyond the Treatment of Epilepsy: New Applications of Vagus Nerve Stimulation in Psychiatry. CNS Spectrums, 2003, 8, 515-521.	1.2	36
75	Deep brain stimulation for obsessive–compulsive disorder: a crisis of access. Nature Medicine, 2022, 28, 1529-1532.	30.7	36
76	Magnetic Seizure Therapy of Treatment-Resistant Depression in a Patient With Bipolar Disorder. Journal of ECT, 2009, 25, 137-140.	0.6	35
77	Deep brain stimulation for psychiatric disorders — state of the art. Advances and Technical Standards in Neurosurgery, 2009, 34, 37-57.	0.5	34
78	Comparable seizure characteristics in magnetic seizure therapy and electroconvulsive therapy for major depression. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2013, 23, 1541-1550.	0.7	33
79	Carotid atherosclerosis in depression and anxiety: Associations for age of depression onset. World Journal of Biological Psychiatry, 2011, 12, 549-558.	2.6	32
80	Frontal white matter architecture predicts efficacy of deep brain stimulation in major depression. Translational Psychiatry, 2019, 9, 197.	4.8	32
81	Double-pulse transcranial magnetic stimulation over the frontal eye field facilitates triggering of memory-guided saccades. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2001, 14, 571-575.	2.6	31
82	Being open minded about neuromodulation trials: Finding success in our "failures― Brain Stimulation, 2017, 10, 181-186.	1.6	31
83	Ethical guidance for the management of conflicts of interest for researchers, engineers and clinicians engaged in the development of therapeutic deep brain stimulation. Journal of Neural Engineering, 2011, 8, 033001.	3.5	30
84	Update on Neuromodulation for Treatment-Resistant Depression. F1000Research, 2015, 4, 1389.	1.6	30
85	High frequency repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation (rTMS) of the left dorsolateral cortex: EEG topography during waking and subsequent sleep. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2001, 107, 1-9.	1.8	28
86	Effects of Electroconvulsive Therapy and Magnetic Seizure Therapy on Acute Memory Retrieval. Journal of ECT, 2015, 31, 13-19.	0.6	28
87	Deep Brain Stimulation for Major Depression—Steps on a Long and Winding Road. Biological Psychiatry, 2015, 78, 218-219.	1.3	27
88	Deep brain stimulation for bipolar disorder—review and outlook. CNS Spectrums, 2017, 22, 254-257.	1.2	27
89	Suicide reporting in the Swiss print media. European Journal of Public Health, 1995, 5, 199-203.	0.3	26
90	The impact of Parkinson's disease and subthalamic deep brain stimulation on reward processing. Neuropsychologia, 2015, 75, 11-19.	1.6	26

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91	Reduced 5-HT2Areceptor signaling following selective bilateral amygdala damage. Social Cognitive and Affective Neuroscience, 2009, 4, 79-84.	3.0	24
92	Clinical milestones predict symptom remission over 6-month and choice of treatment of patients with major depressive disorder (MDD). Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2009, 43, 568-575.	3.1	24
93	Surgical decision making for deep brain stimulation should not be based on aggregated normative data mining. Brain Stimulation, 2019, 12, 1345-1348.	1.6	24
94	Machine learning—aided personalized DTI tractographic planning for deep brain stimulation of the superolateral medial forebrain bundle using HAMLET. Acta Neurochirurgica, 2019, 161, 1559-1569.	1.7	24
95	Chronic depression as a model disease for cerebral aging. Dialogues in Clinical Neuroscience, 2013, 15, 77-85.	3.7	24
96	Neuromodulation in Psychiatric disorders: Experimental and Clinical evidence for reward and motivation network Deep Brain Stimulation: Focus on the medial forebrain bundle. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2021, 53, 89-113.	2.6	23
97	Separating Hope from Hype: <i>Some Ethical Implications of the Development of Deep Brain Stimulation in Psychiatric Research and Treatment</i> . CNS Spectrums, 2010, 15, 285-287.	1.2	22
98	Bilateral bispectral index monitoring during and after electroconvulsive therapy compared with magnetic seizure therapy for treatment-resistant depression. British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2014, 112, 695-702.	3.4	22
99	Mechanisms and State of the Art of Vagus Nerve Stimulation. Journal of ECT, 2002, 18, 189-192.	0.6	21
100	Modulating Affect, Cognition, and Behavior – Prospects of Deep Brain Stimulation for Treatment-Resistant Psychiatric Disorders. Frontiers in Integrative Neuroscience, 2011, 5, 29.	2.1	21
101	Increased benzodiazepine-like activity is neither necessary nor sufficient to explain acute hepatic encephalopathy in the thioacetamide-treated rat. Hepatology, 1993, 18, 1459-1464.	7.3	19
102	Cerebral blood flow effects of acute intravenous heroin administration. European Neuropsychopharmacology, 2008, 18, 278-285.	0.7	19
103	Reply to: Medial Forebrain Bundle Stimulation—Speed Access to an Old or Entry into a New Depression Neurocircuit?. Biological Psychiatry, 2013, 74, e45-e46.	1.3	19
104	A neuromodulation experience registry for deep brain stimulation studies in psychiatric research: Rationale and recommendations for implementation. Brain Stimulation, 2012, 5, 653-655.	1.6	18
105	Paradoxical effects of mild hypoxia and moderate altitude on human visual perception. Clinical Science, 1992, 83, 633-636.	4.3	17
106	Brain stimulation therapies for neuropsychiatric disease. Handbook of Clinical Neurology / Edited By P J Vinken and G W Bruyn, 2012, 106, 681-695.	1.8	17
107	SPECT brain blood flow changes with continuous ligand infusion during previously-learned WCST performance. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 1998, 82, 47-52.	1.8	16
108	Induced Seizures as Psychiatric Therapy. Journal of ECT, 2004, 20, 133-136.	0.6	16

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109	Neuromodulation for Treatment Resistant Depression: State of the Art and Recommendations for Clinical and Scientific Conduct. Brain Topography, 2014, 27, 12-19.	1.8	16
110	Degree of Postictal Suppression Depends on Seizure Induction Time in Magnetic Seizure Therapy and Electroconvulsive Therapy. Journal of ECT, 2017, 33, 167-175.	0.6	16
111	Diverging prefrontal cortex fiber connection routes to the subthalamic nucleus and the mesencephalic ventral tegmentum investigated with long range (normative) and short range (ex-vivo) Tj ETQq1 i	l <b>027:8</b> 4314	4 ngBT /Overl
112	Citalopram plus low-dose pipamperone <i>versus</i> citalopram plus placebo in patients with major depressive disorder: an 8-week, double-blind, randomized study on magnitude and timing of clinical response. Psychological Medicine, 2011, 41, 2089-2097.	4.5	15
113	Diminished GABAA Receptor-Binding Capacity and a DNA Base Substitution in a Patient with Treatment-Resistant Depression and Anxiety. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2004, 29, 347-350.	5.4	14
114	Incident Mania During Therapy With Vagus Nerve Stimulation. Journal of ECT, 2005, 21, 197.	0.6	14
115	Deep brain stimulation of the supero-lateral branch of the medial forebrain bundle does not lead to changes in personality in patients suffering from severe depression. Psychological Medicine, 2018, 48, 2684-2692.	4.5	14
116	Discontinuation of Superolateral Medial Forebrain Bundle Deep Brain Stimulation for Treatment-Resistant Depression Leads to Critical Relapse. Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 85, e23-e24.	1.3	14
117	Novel physical treatments for major depression: vagus nerve stimulation, transcranial magnetic stimulation and magnetic seizure therapy. Current Opinion in Psychiatry, 2004, 17, 15-20.	6.3	13
118	Pattern ofÂregional cerebral blood-flow changes induced byÂacute heroin administration – aÂperfusion MRI study. Journal of Neuroradiology, 2007, 34, 322-329.	1.1	13
119	Nicotinic Acetylcholine Receptors Contribute to Learning-induced Metaplasticity in the Hippocampus. Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience, 2013, 25, 986-997.	2.3	13
120	Diminished appetitive startle modulation following targeted inhibition of prefrontal cortex. Scientific Reports, 2015, 5, 8954.	3.3	13
121	Walking away from depression-motor activity increases ratings of mood and incentive drive in patients with major depression. Psychiatry Research, 2017, 247, 68-72.	3.3	13
122	Brain stimulation treatments for depression. World Journal of Biological Psychiatry, 2014, 15, 167-168.	2.6	12
123	The psychological burden of a two-stage exchange of infected total hip and knee arthroplasties. Journal of Health Psychology, 2022, 27, 470-480.	2.3	12
124	The involvement of benzodiazepine receptor ligands in hepatic encephalopathy. Hepatology, 1994, 20, 541-543.	7.3	11
125	Aripiprazole in patients with bipolar mania and beyond: an update of practical guidance. Current Medical Research and Opinion, 2011, 27, 2285-2299.	1.9	11
126	Treatment resistance in major depression is correlated with increased plasma levels of neurofilament light protein reflecting axonal damage. Medical Hypotheses, 2019, 127, 159-161.	1.5	11

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127	Autonomy in Depressive Patients Undergoing DBS-Treatment: Informed Consent, Freedom of Will and DBS' Potential to Restore It. Frontiers in Integrative Neuroscience, 2017, 11, 11.	2.1	10
128	Pegylated human interferon alpha 2a does not induce depression-associated changes in mice. Psychiatry Research, 2011, 185, 243-247.	3.3	9
129	Neuromodulation – ECT, rTMS, DBS. International Library of Ethics, Law, and the New Medicine, 2010, , 299-320.	0.5	8
130	Clinical Predictors of Response to Magnetic Seizure Therapy in Depression. Journal of ECT, 2019, 35, 48-52.	0.6	7
131	Acute antidepressant effects of deep brain stimulation – Review and data from slMFB-stimulation. Personalized Medicine in Psychiatry, 2017, 3, 1-7.	0.1	6
132	Effects of magnetic seizure therapy on anterograde and retrograde amnesia in treatmentâ€resistant depression. Depression and Anxiety, 2020, 37, 125-133.	4.1	6
133	WFSBP Guidelines on Brain Stimulation Treatments in Psychiatry. World Journal of Biological Psychiatry, 0, , 1-17.	2.6	6
134	Deep-Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. New England Journal of Medicine, 2006, 355, 2256-2256.	27.0	5
135	Overnight deprivation from smoking disrupts amygdala responses to fear. Human Brain Mapping, 2012, 33, 1407-1416.	3.6	5
136	Not too much reason for excitement: Deep Brain Stimulation for Anorexia Nervosa. European Eating Disorders Review, 2013, 21, 509-511.	4.1	5
137	Efficacy of superolateral medial forebrain bundle deep brain stimulation in obsessive-compulsive disorder. Brain Stimulation, 2022, 15, 582-585.	1.6	5
138	FDA Exemptions: The Authors Reply. Health Affairs, 2011, 30, 1212-1212.	5.2	4
139	Evidence and expert consensus based German guidelines for the use of repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation in depression. World Journal of Biological Psychiatry, 2022, 23, 327-348.	2.6	4
140	"The Heart Asks Pleasure Firstâ€â€"Conceptualizing Psychiatric Diseases as MAINTENANCE Network Dysfunctions through Insights from slMFB DBS in Depression and Obsessive–Compulsive Disorder. Brain Sciences, 2022, 12, 438.	2.3	4
141	Resolving dyskinesias at sustained anti-OCD efficacy by steering of DBS away from the anteromedial STN to the mesencephalic ventral tegmentum – case report. Acta Neurochirurgica, 2022, 164, 2303-2307.	1.7	4
142	Clozapine: Acquittal of the usual suspect. World Journal of Biological Psychiatry, 2009, 10, 981-984.	2.6	3
143	Detection of benzodiazepine-like activity in hepatic encephalopathy requires an initial lipophilic extraction procedure!. Hepatology, 1994, 20, 544-546.	7.3	2
144	Neuroimaging in Affective Disorders: Accomplishments and Shortfalls. Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Clinics of North America, 1997, 6, 413-430.	1.9	2

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145	Progress in Therapeutic Brain Stimulation in Neuropsychiatry. CNS Spectrums, 2003, 8, 488-488.	1.2	2
146	Brain Stimulation in Depression. , 2005, , 403-425.		2
147	Repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation (rTMS) in depression. Poiesis & Praxis, 2006, 4, 111-127.	0.3	2
148	Electrodes in the brain—Ethical criteria for research and treatment with deep brain stimulation for neuropsychiatric disorders. Brain Stimulation, 2010, , .	1.6	2
149	Humanitarian Device Exemptions: The Authors Reply. Health Affairs, 2011, 30, 1213-1213.	5.2	2
150	Johann Bernhard Aloys von Gudden: The Unrecognized Role of the Psychiatrist and Neuroanatomist in Modern Stereotactic Neurosurgery. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2020, 98, 65-69.	1.5	2
151	Pitfalls of SPECT Studies of Acute Ethanol-Induced Changes in Cerebral Blood Flow. American Journal of Psychiatry, 1995, 152, 1695-1695.	7.2	2
152	Learning From the History of Neuroscience: Dogma and Patient Interests. Journal of ECT, 2004, 20, 137-138.	0.6	1
153	ECT and rTMS for depression. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2005, 187, 386-386.	2.8	1
154	FDA Considers Classification of ECT. CNS Spectrums, 2009, 14, 668-670.	1.2	1
155	Toward an Emergent Consensus–International Perspectives on Neuroethics of Deep Brain Stimulation for Psychiatric Disorders–A Tower of Babel?. AJOB Neuroscience, 2012, 3, 1-3.	1.1	1
156	Panksepp's SEEKING System Concepts and Their Implications for the Treatment of Depression with Deep-Brain Stimulation. Neuropsychoanalysis, 2012, 14, 43-45.	0.7	1
157	Putative novel neuromodulatory treatments for affective disorders – What might emerge?. Personalized Medicine in Psychiatry, 2019, 17-18, 46-50.	0.1	1
158	Deep Brain Stimulation for Major Depression and Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder—Discontinuation of Ongoing Stimulation. Psych, 2020, 2, 174-185.	1.6	1
159	Beyond antidepressant effects of deep brain stimulation – A systematic qualitative approach. Personalized Medicine in Psychiatry, 2020, 23-24, 100063.	0.1	1
160	The Clinical Future of Repetitive Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation and Depression: Separating Hope From Hype. CNS Spectrums, 2010, 15, 554-557.	1.2	0
161	Registering Findings From Deep Brain Stimulation—Reply. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2010, 303, 2139.	7.4	0
162	Arachnophobia alleviated by subthalamic nucleus stimulation for Parkinson's disease. Journal of Neural Transmission, 2016, 123, 631-635.	2.8	0

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163	Deep brain stimulation for major depression: A prototype of a personalized treatment in psychiatry. , 2020, , 83-89.		0