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List of Publications by Year in descending order

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84 9,503 25 76
papers citations h-index g-index

87 87 87 12002 all docs docs citations times ranked citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Global burden of 87 risk factors in 204 countries and territories, 1990–2019: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2019. Lancet, The, 2020, 396, 1223-1249.	13.7	3,928
2	Alcohol use and burden for 195 countries and territories, 1990–2016: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2016. Lancet, The, 2018, 392, 1015-1035.	13.7	2,005
3	Global age-sex-specific fertility, mortality, healthy life expectancy (HALE), and population estimates in 204 countries and territories, 1950–2019: a comprehensive demographic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2019. Lancet, The, 2020, 396, 1160-1203.	13.7	890
4	The global, regional, and national burden of cirrhosis by cause in 195 countries and territories, 1990–2017: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2017. The Lancet Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2020, 5, 245-266.	8.1	823
5	Effects of minimum unit pricing for alcohol on different income and socioeconomic groups: a modelling study. Lancet, The, 2014, 383, 1655-1664.	13.7	235
6	Estimating the burden of the COVID-19 pandemic on mortality, life expectancy and lifespan inequality in England and Wales: a population-level analysis. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 735-740.	3.7	103
7	Estimated Effects of Different Alcohol Taxation and Price Policies on Health Inequalities: A Mathematical Modelling Study. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1001963.	8.4	98
8	Alcohol Consumption and the Physical Availability of Take-Away Alcohol: Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses of the Days and Hours of Sale and Outlet Density. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2018, 79, 58-67.	1.0	87
9	Comparison of brief interventions in primary care on smoking and excessive alcohol consumption: a population survey in England. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e1-e9.	1.4	82
10	Estimation of own and cross price elasticities of alcohol demand in the UK—A pseudo-panel approach using the Living Costs and Food Survey 2001–2009. Journal of Health Economics, 2014, 34, 96-103.	2.7	68
11	What are the Implications for Policy Makers? A Systematic Review of the Cost-Effectiveness of Screening and Brief Interventions for Alcohol Misuse in Primary Care. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2014, 5, 114.	2.6	67
12	Modelling the Cost-Effectiveness of Alcohol Screening and Brief Interventions in Primary Care in England. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2013, 48, 180-188.	1.6	58
13	Deconstructing the Alcohol Harm Paradox: A Population Based Survey of Adults in England. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0160666.	2.5	58
14	Moderators of changes in smoking, drinking and quitting behaviour associated with the first COVIDâ€19 lockdown in England. Addiction, 2022, 117, 772-783.	3.3	56
15	Causal mechanisms proposed for the alcohol harm paradoxâ€"a systematic review. Addiction, 2022, 117, 33-56.	3.3	54
16	Measurable effects of local alcohol licensing policies on population health in England. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2016, 70, 231-237.	3.7	52
17	The intervention effect of local alcohol licensing policies on hospital admission and crime: a natural experiment using a novel Bayesian synthetictime-series method. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2017, 71, 912-918.	3.7	49
18	Alcohol tax pass-through across the product and price range: do retailers treat cheap alcohol differently?. Addiction, 2014, 109, 1994-2002.	3.3	44

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19	Testing the impact of local alcohol licencing policies on reported crime rates in England. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2017, 71, 137-145.	3.7	39
20	The Sheffield Alcohol Policy Model - A Mathematical Description. Health Economics (United Kingdom), 2015, 24, 1368-1388.	1.7	36
21	Comparing alcohol taxation throughout the European Union. Addiction, 2019, 114, 1489-1494.	3.3	36
22	How dependent is the alcohol industry on heavy drinking in England?. Addiction, 2018, 113, 2225-2232.	3.3	34
23	Alcohol Consumption and the Physical Availability of Take-Away Alcohol: Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses of the Days and Hours of Sale and Outlet Density. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2018, 79, 58-67.	1.0	32
24	Cost-effectiveness of a programme of screening and brief interventions for alcohol in primary care in Italy. BMC Family Practice, 2014, 15, 26.	2.9	28
25	Understanding the alcohol harm paradox: an analysis of sex―and conditionâ€specific hospital admissions by socioâ€economic group for alcoholâ€associated conditions in England. Addiction, 2017, 112, 808-817.	3.3	28
26	Healthier central England or North–South divide? Analysis of national survey data on smoking and high-risk drinking. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e014210.	1.9	27
27	Estimating the cost-effectiveness of brief interventions for heavy drinking in primary health care across Europe. European Journal of Public Health, 2017, 27, ckw122.	0.3	25
28	How should we set consumption thresholds for low risk drinking guidelines? Achieving objectivity and transparency using evidence, expert judgement and pragmatism. Addiction, 2019, 114, 590-600.	3.3	25
29	Evaluating the causal impact of individual alcohol licensing decisions on local health and crime using natural experiments with synthetic controls. Addiction, 2020, 115, 2021-2031.	3.3	23
30	Temporal patterns of alcohol consumption and attempts to reduce alcohol intake in England. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 917.	2.9	22
31	Reducing the standard serving size of alcoholic beverages prompts reductions in alcohol consumption. Addiction, 2018, 113, 1598-1608.	3.3	22
32	Evaluating the effectiveness of the smartphone app, Drink Less, compared with the NHS alcohol advice webpage, for the reduction of alcohol consumption among hazardous and harmful adult drinkers in the UK at 6â€month followâ€up: protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Addiction, 2021, 116, 412-425.	3.3	22
33	Impact of the introduction and withdrawal of financial incentives on the delivery of alcohol screening and brief advice in English primary health care: an interrupted time–series analysis. Addiction, 2020, 115, 49-60.	3.3	20
34	Reweighting national survey data for small area behaviour estimates: modelling alcohol consumption in Local Authorities in England. Population Health Metrics, 2020, 18, 1.	2.7	20
35	Alcohol deaths rise sharply in England and Wales. BMJ, The, 0, , n607.	6.0	18
36	Estimating the public health impact of disbanding a government alcohol monopoly: application of new methods to the case of Sweden. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 1400.	2.9	17

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37	UK alcohol industry's "billion units pledge― interim evaluation flawed. BMJ, The, 2015, 350, h1301.	6.0	15
38	Mapping Patterns and Trends in the Spatial Availability of Alcohol Using Low-Level Geographic Data: A Case Study in England 2003–2013. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 406.	2.6	15
39	Alcohol outlet density and alcohol related hospital admissions in England: a national smallâ€area level ecological study. Addiction, 2018, 113, 2051-2059.	3.3	15
40	Socioeconomic inequalities in the delivery of brief interventions for smoking and excessive drinking: findings from a cross-sectional household survey in England. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e023448.	1.9	14
41	Assessing the contribution of alcoholâ€specific causes to socioâ€economic inequalities in mortality in England and Wales 2001–16. Addiction, 2020, 115, 2268-2279.	3.3	14
42	Alcohol policy and gender: a modelling study estimating genderâ€specific effects of alcohol pricing policies. Addiction, 2021, 116, 2372-2384.	3.3	14
43	Alcohol Screening and Brief Intervention in Police Custody Suites: Pilot Cluster Randomised Controlled Trial (AcCePT). Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2018, 53, 548-559.	1.6	12
44	Exploring the impact of public health teams on alcohol premisesÂlicensing in England and Scotland (ExILEnS):Âprocotol for a mixed methods natural experiment evaluation. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2018, 18, 123.	3.1	11
45	Effects of minimum unit pricing for alcohol in South Africa across different drinker groups and wealth quintiles: a modelling study. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e052879.	1.9	11
46	The effect of alcohol tax changes on retail prices: how do on-trade alcohol retailers pass through tax changes to consumers?. European Journal of Health Economics, 2021, 22, 381-392.	2.8	10
47	Estimation of usual occasion-based individual drinking patterns using diary survey data. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2014, 134, 136-143.	3.2	9
48	Propensity score matching for selection of local areas as controls for evaluation of effects of alcohol policies in case series and quasi case–control designs. Public Health, 2016, 132, 40-49.	2.9	9
49	Minimum unit pricing for alcohol clears final legal hurdle in Scotland. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2017, 359, j5372.	2.3	9
50	Expanding attributable fraction applications to outcomes wholly attributable to a risk factor. Statistical Methods in Medical Research, 2020, 29, 2637-2646.	1.5	9
51	Quantile regression of tobacco tax pass-through in the UK 2013–2019. How have manufacturers passed through tax changes for different tobacco products?. Tobacco Control, 2021, 30, e27-e32.	3.2	8
52	Understanding longâ€ŧerm trends in smoking in England, 1972–2019: an age–period–cohort approach. Addiction, 2022, 117, 1392-1403.	3.3	8
53	Cost-effectiveness of strategies to improve delivery of brief interventions for heavy drinking in primary care: results from the ODHIN trial. European Journal of Public Health, 2019, 29, 219-225.	0.3	7
54	Do dual purchasers behave differently? An analysis of purchasing data for households that buy both alcohol and tobacco in the United Kingdom. Addiction, 2021, 116, 2538-2547.	3.3	7

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55	Potential effects of minimum unit pricing at local authority level on alcohol-attributed harms in North West and North East England: a modelling study. Public Health Research, 2021, 9, 1-106.	1.3	7
56	The SPECTRUM Consortium: a new UK Prevention Research Partnership consortium focussed on the commercial determinants of health, the prevention of non-communicable diseases, and the reduction of health inequalities. Wellcome Open Research, 2021, 6, 6.	1.8	7
57	Scotland's policy on minimum unit pricing for alcohol: the legal barriers are gone, so what are the implications for implementation and evaluation?. Addiction, 2018, 113, 203-204.	3.3	6
58	Impact of Socioeconomic Differences on Distributional Cost-effectiveness Analysis. Medical Decision Making, 2020, 40, 606-618.	2.4	6
59	Estimating the Burden of Alcohol on Ambulance Callouts through Development and Validation of an Algorithm Using Electronic Patient Records. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 6363.	2.6	5
60	Impact of public health team engagement in alcohol licensing on health and crime outcomes in England and Scotland: A comparative timeseries study between 2012 and 2019. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2022, 20, 100450.	5.6	5
61	The problem with good news: how should public health actors respond when alcohol consumption declines?. Addiction, 2020, 115, 1987-1988.	3.3	4
62	Efficacy of a theoryâ€driven program to implement alcohol screening and brief interventions in primary healthâ€care: a cluster randomized controlled trial. Addiction, 2021, , .	3.3	4
63	Has the increased participation in the national campaign †Dry January' been associated with cutting down alcohol consumption in England?. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 227, 108938.	3.2	3
64	Reply to Klaus MÃÞælÁÞæ Cost-of-Alcohol Studies as a Research Programme. NAD Nordic Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2013, 30, 445-447.	1.3	2
65	A Response to Two Papers Critiquing the Total Consumption Model by Kari Poikolainen. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2017, 52, 264-265.	1.6	2
66	Implementing the European Action Plan on Alcohol. Lancet Public Health, The, 2019, 4, e493.	10.0	2
67	The allure, and challenges, of complexity in epidemiological modelling of alcohol harm: Commentary on Rehm. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2019, 38, 11-12.	2.1	2
68	Practitioner and digitally delivered interventions for reducing hazardous and harmful alcohol consumption in people not seeking alcohol treatment: a systematic review and network metaâ€analysis. Addiction, 2023, 118, 17-29.	3.3	2
69	Minimum unit pricing for alcohol: policy appraisal modelling of income and socioeconomic group-specific effects on consumption, spending, and health harms. Lancet, The, 2013, 382, S47.	13.7	1
70	Which costs of alcohol do policymakers care about?. Addiction, 2017, 112, 566-568.	3.3	1
71	Liver disease mortality trends: a response to the editor. Lancet, The, 2018, 391, 1258-1259.	13.7	1
72	Drinking guidelines and the need for evidence beyond the epidemiological. Addiction, 2019, 114, 607-608.	3.3	1

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73	Reducing hazardous alcohol consumption: an evidence synthesis. Lancet, The, 2019, 394, S24.	13.7	1
74	Evaluating the impact of individual alcohol licensing decisions on local health and crime: a natural experiment with synthetic controls. Lancet, The, 2019, 394, S35.	13.7	1
75	Taking public health policy models upstream. Lancet Public Health, The, 2020, 5, e130.	10.0	1
76	What Proportion of On-Trade Alcohol Is Served to Those Who Are Already Potentially Intoxicated? An Analysis of Event-Level Data. Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2021, 82, 602-609.	1.0	1
77	Equity impact of minimum unit pricing of alcohol on household health and finances among rich and poor drinkers in South Africa. BMJ Global Health, 2022, 7, e007824.	4.7	1
78	P66â€Cross-sectional and longitudinal associations between alcohol licensing policies, outlet density and deprivation and population health and crime in England. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2016, 70, A83.1-A83.	3.7	0
79	Response to: â€~Synthetic control methodology as a tool for evaluating population-level health interventions' by Bouttell <i>et al</i> . Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2018, 72, 864-864.	3.7	0
80	OP42â€How much evidence do we have, and how much more do we need for assessing the impact of public health interventions on health inequalities? Part 1: smoking cessation interventions. , 2019, , .		0
81	OP60â€How much evidence do we have, and how much more do we need for assessing the impact of public health interventions on health inequalities? Part 2: alcohol brief interventions. , 2019, , .		0
82	Associations between public health team engagement in local alcohol licensing and public health and crime outcomes in England and Scotland: a timeseries analysis. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, S40.	13.7	0
83	Visualising the spread of COVID-19 across England. People Place and Policy Online, 2020, 14, 294-296.	0.0	0
84	Implementation of alcohol minimum unit pricing (MUP): a qualitative study with small retailers. Drugs: Education, Prevention and Policy, 2023, 30, 453-460.	1.3	0