

Tobias Jogler

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7418089/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

11
papers

1,292
citations

840776

11
h-index

1281871

11
g-index

11
all docs

11
docs citations

11
times ranked

4534
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	DEVELOPMENT OF THE MODEL OF GALACTIC INTERSTELLAR EMISSION FOR STANDARD POINT-SOURCE ANALYSIS OF FERMI LARGE AREA TELESCOPE DATA. <i>Astrophysical Journal, Supplement Series</i> , 2016, 223, 26.	7.7	313
2	FERMI-LAT OBSERVATIONS OF HIGH-ENERGY $\hat{\gamma}$ -RAY EMISSION TOWARD THE GALACTIC CENTER. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 819, 44.	4.5	301
3	MULTIWAVELENGTH EVIDENCE FOR QUASI-PERIODIC MODULATION IN THE GAMMA-RAY BLAZAR PG 1553+113. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2015, 813, L41.	8.3	144
4	HIGH-ENERGY GAMMA-RAY EMISSION FROM SOLAR FLARES: SUMMARY OF <i>FERMI</i> LARGE AREA TELESCOPE DETECTIONS AND ANALYSIS OF TWO M-CLASS FLARES. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2014, 787, 15.	4.5	100
5	IMPULSIVE AND LONG DURATION HIGH-ENERGY GAMMA-RAY EMISSION FROM THE VERY BRIGHT 2012 MARCH 7 SOLAR FLARES. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2014, 789, 20.	4.5	96
6	VERY HIGH ENERGY $\hat{\gamma}$ -RAYS FROM THE UNIVERSE'S MIDDLE AGE: DETECTION OF THE $z = 0.940$ BLAZAR PKS 1441+25 WITH MAGIC. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2015, 815, L23.	8.3	78
7	REVEALING W51C AS A COSMIC RAY SOURCE USING FERMI-LAT DATA. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 816, 100.	4.5	70
8	FERMI LARGE AREA TELESCOPE DETECTION OF EXTENDED GAMMA-RAY EMISSION FROM THE RADIO GALAXY FORNAX A. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2016, 826, 1.	4.5	60
9	Fermi-LAT Observations of High-energy Behind-the-limb Solar Flares. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2017, 835, 219.	4.5	53
10	FERMI-LAT OBSERVATIONS OF THE LIGO EVENT GW150914. <i>Astrophysical Journal Letters</i> , 2016, 823, L2.	8.3	45
11	SEARCHING THE GAMMA-RAY SKY FOR COUNTERPARTS TO GRAVITATIONAL WAVE SOURCES: FERMI GAMMA-RAY BURST MONITOR AND LARGE AREA TELESCOPE OBSERVATIONS OF LVT151012 AND GW151226. <i>Astrophysical Journal</i> , 2017, 835, 82.	4.5	32