## Bo Xi

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

145	5,415	36	66
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
151	151	151	8663 citing authors
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Relationship of Alcohol Consumption to All-Cause, Cardiovascular, and Cancer-Related Mortality in U.S. Adults. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2017, 70, 913-922.	2.8	306
2	Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of hypertension and CVD: a dose–response meta-analysis. British Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 113, 709-717.	2.3	220
3	Prevalence of metabolic syndrome and its influencing factors among the Chinese adults: The China Health and Nutrition Survey in 2009. Preventive Medicine, 2013, 57, 867-871.	3.4	208
4	Physical Activity and Risk of Hypertension. Hypertension, 2013, 62, 1021-1026.	2.7	207
5	Short sleep duration predicts risk of metabolic syndrome: AÂsystematic review and meta-analysis. Sleep Medicine Reviews, 2014, 18, 293-297.	8.5	202
6	Short sleep duration is associated with hypertension risk among adults: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Hypertension Research, 2012, 35, 1012-1018.	2.7	189
7	Uncontrolled hypertension increases risk of all-cause and cardiovascular disease mortality in US adults: the NHANES III Linked Mortality Study. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 9418.	3.3	170
8	Recommended physical activity and all cause and cause specific mortality in US adults: prospective cohort study. BMJ, The, 2020, 370, m2031.	6.0	169
9	Tobacco use and second-hand smoke exposure in young adolescents aged 12–15 years: data from 68 low-income and middle-income countries. The Lancet Global Health, 2016, 4, e795-e805.	6.3	142
10	Elevated Blood Pressure in Childhood or Adolescence and Cardiovascular Outcomes in Adulthood. Hypertension, 2020, 75, 948-955.	2.7	130
11	Intake of Fruit Juice and Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e93471.	2.5	119
12	Association between leisure time physical activity and metabolic syndrome: a meta-analysis of prospective cohort studies. Endocrine, 2014, 46, 231-240.	2.3	114
13	Association between Common Polymorphism near the MC4R Gene and Obesity Risk: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e45731.	2.5	112
14	Nut consumption in relation to cardiovascular disease risk and type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective studies. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 100, 270-277.	4.7	109
15	Establishing International Blood Pressure References Among Nonoverweight Children and Adolescents Aged 6 to 17 Years. Circulation, 2016, 133, 398-408.	1.6	97
16	Associations of Six Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms in Obesity-Related Genes With BMI and Risk of Obesity in Chinese Children. Diabetes, 2010, 59, 3085-3089.	0.6	94
17	Trends in the prevalence of overweight, obesity, and abdominal obesity among Chinese adults between 1993 and 2015. International Journal of Obesity, 2021, 45, 427-437.	3.4	87
18	Race and Sex Differences of Long-Term Blood Pressure Profiles From Childhood and Adult Hypertension. Hypertension, 2017, 70, 66-74.	2.7	84

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19	Trends in prevalence, awareness, treatment, and control of hypertension among Chinese adults 1991–2009. International Journal of Cardiology, 2012, 158, 326-329.	1.7	79
20	Trends in smoking prevalence and attributable mortality in China, 1991–2011. Preventive Medicine, 2016, 93, 82-87.	3.4	79
21	Beneficial associations of low and large doses of leisure time physical activity with all-cause, cardiovascular disease and cancer mortality: a national cohort study of 88,140 US adults. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2019, 53, 1405-1411.	6.7	75
22	Prevalence and trends in tobacco use among adolescents aged 13–15 years in 143 countries, 1999–2018: findings from the Global Youth Tobacco Surveys. The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health, 2021, 5, 245-255.	5.6	73
23	International Waist Circumference Percentile Cutoffs for Central Obesity in Children and Adolescents Aged 6 to 18 Years. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2020, 105, e1569-e1583.	3.6	71
24	Trends in Abdominal Obesity Among US Children and Adolescents. Pediatrics, 2014, 134, e334-e339.	2.1	65
25	Influence of Physical Inactivity on Associations Between Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms and Genetic Predisposition to Childhood Obesity. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 173, 1256-1262.	3.4	63
26	Trends in Elevated Blood Pressure Among US Children and Adolescents: 1999–2012. American Journal of Hypertension, 2016, 29, 217-225.	2.0	57
27	Metabolically Healthy Obesity and High Carotid Intima-Media Thickness in Children and Adolescents: International Childhood Vascular Structure Evaluation Consortium. Diabetes Care, 2019, 42, 119-125.	8.6	56
28	Global prevalence of WHO infant feeding practices in 57 LMICs in 2010–2018 and time trends since 2000 for 44 LMICs. EClinicalMedicine, 2021, 37, 100971.	7.1	56
29	Can Pediatric Hypertension Criteria Be Simplified?. Hypertension, 2017, 69, 691-696.	2.7	51
30	Study of 11 BMI-Associated Loci Identified in GWAS for Associations with Central Obesity in the Chinese Children. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e56472.	2.5	50
31	Consumption of Carbonated Soft Drinks Among Young Adolescents Aged 12 to 15 Years in 53 Low- and Middle-Income Countries. American Journal of Public Health, 2017, 107, 1095-1100.	2.7	50
32	Hypertension trends in Chinese children in the national surveys, 1993 to 2009. International Journal of Cardiology, 2013, 165, 577-579.	1.7	49
33	Skeletal muscle reference for Chinese children and adolescents. Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle, 2019, 10, 155-164.	7.3	46
34	Association of Glutathione S-Transferases Polymorphisms (GSTM1andGSTT1) with Senile Cataract: A Meta-analysis. , 2010, 51, 6381.		45
35	Secular trends in blood pressure in children: A systematic review. Journal of Clinical Hypertension, 2017, 19, 488-497.	2.0	43
36	Fruit intake decreases risk of incident type 2 diabetes: an updated meta-analysis. Endocrine, 2015, 48, 454-460.	2.3	42

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37	Definition of pediatric hypertension: are blood pressure measurements on three separate occasions necessary?. Hypertension Research, 2017, 40, 496-503.	2.7	42
38	Global trends in the prevalence of secondhand smoke exposure among adolescents aged 12–16 years from 1999 to 2018: an analysis of repeated cross-sectional surveys. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e1667-e1678.	6.3	42
39	Alcohol use among young adolescents in low-income and middle-income countries: a population-based study. The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health, 2018, 2, 415-429.	5.6	41
40	FTO Polymorphisms Are Associated with Obesity But Not with Diabetes in East Asian Populations: A Meta-analysis. Biomedical and Environmental Sciences, 2009, 22, 449-457.	0.2	39
41	Recapitulation of four hypertension susceptibility genes (CSK, CYP17A1, MTHFR, and FGF5) in East Asians. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2013, 62, 196-203.	3.4	38
42	Hypertension Screening Using Blood Pressure to Height Ratio. Pediatrics, 2014, 134, e106-e111.	2.1	37
43	The ACE insertion/deletion polymorphism and its association with metabolic syndrome. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2012, 61, 891-897.	3.4	36
44	Influence of Obesity on Association Between Genetic Variants Identified by Genome-Wide Association Studies and Hypertension Risk in Chinese Children. American Journal of Hypertension, 2013, 26, 990-996.	2.0	36
45	Associations of genetic variants in/near body mass indexâ€associated genes with type 2 diabetes: a systematic metaâ€analysis. Clinical Endocrinology, 2014, 81, 702-710.	2.4	35
46	An obesity genetic risk score is associated with metabolic syndrome in Chinese children. Gene, 2014, 535, 299-302.	2.2	35
47	Sleep duration and cardiovascular risk factors in children and adolescents: A systematic review. Sleep Medicine Reviews, 2020, 53, 101338.	8.5	35
48	Association between polymorphisms of the renin–angiotensin system genes and breast cancer risk: a meta-analysis. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2011, 130, 561-568.	2.5	33
49	Impact of the 2017 American Academy of Pediatrics Guideline on Hypertension Prevalence Compared With the Fourth Report in an International Cohort. Hypertension, 2019, 74, 1343-1348.	2.7	33
50	FTO gene variant and risk of hypertension: A meta-analysis of 57,464 hypertensive cases and 41,256 controls. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2014, 63, 633-639.	3.4	32
51	Tobacco control in China: still a long way to go. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 1375-1376.	13.7	31
52	Performance of Eleven Simplified Methods for the Identification of Elevated Blood Pressure in Children and Adolescents. Hypertension, 2016, 68, 614-620.	2.7	31
53	Increased risk of metabolic dysfunction in children conceived by assisted reproductive technology. Diabetologia, 2020, 63, 2150-2157.	6.3	30
54	The growing burden of cardiovascular diseases in China. International Journal of Cardiology, 2014, 174, 736-737.	1.7	27

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55	Salt reduction strategies in China. Lancet, The, 2014, 383, 1128.	13.7	27
56	Bone mineral density reference standards for Chinese children aged 3–18: cross-sectional results of the 2013–2015 China Child and Adolescent Cardiovascular Health (CCACH) Study. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e014542.	1.9	27
57	Recent blood pressure trends in adolescents from China, Korea, Seychelles and the United States of America, 1997–2012. Journal of Hypertension, 2016, 34, 1948-1958.	0.5	26
58	Childhood body mass index and blood pressure in prediction of subclinical vascular damage in adulthood. Journal of Hypertension, 2017, 35, 47-54.	0.5	26
59	Body mass index percentiles and elevated blood pressure among children and adolescents. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2020, 34, 319-325.	2.2	26
60	Assessment of Cardiovascular Health of Children Ages 6 to 10 Years Conceived by Assisted Reproductive Technology. JAMA Network Open, 2021, 4, e2132602.	5.9	26
61	Physical activity modifies the associations between genetic variants and hypertension in the Chinese children. Atherosclerosis, 2012, 225, 376-380.	0.8	25
62	Age- and Sex-Dependent Association between FTO rs9939609 and Obesity-Related Traits in Chinese Children and Adolescents. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e97545.	2.5	24
63	Polymorphism near the ATP2B1 gene is associated with hypertension risk in East Asians: A meta-analysis involving 15 909 cases and 18 529 controls. Blood Pressure, 2012, 21, 134-138.	1.5	23
64	Rate of change in body mass index at different ages during childhood and adult obesity risk. Pediatric Obesity, 2019, 14, e12513.	2.8	23
65	Psychological distress and mortality among US adults: prospective cohort study of 330 367 individuals. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2020, 74, 384-390.	3.7	23
66	STK39 Polymorphism Is Associated with Essential Hypertension: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e59584.	2.5	23
67	Tracking Body Mass Index From Childhood to Adulthood for Subclinical Cardiovascular Diseases atÂAdulthood. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2016, 67, 1006-1007.	2.8	22
68	Weight change from childhood to adulthood and cardiovascular risk factors and outcomes in adulthood: A systematic review of the literature. Obesity Reviews, 2021, 22, e13138.	6.5	22
69	Maternal and child mortality in China. Lancet, The, 2014, 383, 953-954.	13.7	21
70	Prevalence and changes of anemia among young children and women in 47 low- and middle-income countries, 2000-2018. EClinicalMedicine, 2021, 41, 101136.	7.1	21
71	Physical Fighting and Associated Factors among Adolescents Aged 13–15 Years in Six Western Pacific Countries. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 1427.	2.6	20
72	Metabolic syndrome, clustering of cardiovascular risk factors and high carotid intima–media thickness in children and adolescents. Journal of Hypertension, 2020, 38, 618-624.	0.5	19

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73	Prevalence of E-Cigarette Use and Its Associated Factors Among Youths Aged 12 to 16 Years in 68 Countries and Territories: Global Youth Tobacco Survey, 2012‒2019. American Journal of Public Health, 2022, 112, 650-661.	2.7	19
74	Association of polymorphisms in the <i>AGT</i> gene with essential hypertension in the Chinese population. JRAAS - Journal of the Renin-Angiotensin-Aldosterone System, 2012, 13, 282-288.	1.7	18
75	Performance of different adiposity measures for predicting cardiovascular risk in adolescents. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 43686.	3.3	18
76	Prevalence of Target Organ Damage in Chinese Hypertensive Children and Adolescents. Frontiers in Pediatrics, 2018, 6, 333.	1.9	18
77	Weight status change from childhood to early adulthood and the risk of adult hypertension. Journal of Hypertension, 2019, 37, 1239-1243.	0.5	18
78	GABBR1 gene polymorphism(G1465A)isassociated with temporal lobe epilepsy. Epilepsy Research, 2011, 96, 58-63.	1.6	17
79	Simplification of childhood hypertension definition using blood pressure to height ratio among US youths aged 8–17years, NHANES 1999–2012. International Journal of Cardiology, 2015, 180, 210-213.	1.7	17
80	Association of sleep duration with all-cause and disease-specific mortality in US adults. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 556-561.	3.7	17
81	Maternal Pre-pregnancy Body Mass Index Categories and Infant Birth Outcomes: A Population-Based Study of 9 Million Mother–Infant Pairs. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2022, 9, 789833.	3.7	17
82	Association of the CYP3A5 polymorphism (6986G>A) with blood pressure and hypertension. Hypertension Research, 2011, 34, 1216-1220.	2.7	15
83	Maternal age at birth and neonatal mortality: Associations from 67 lowâ€income and middleâ€income countries. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2021, 35, 318-327.	1.7	15
84	Maternal cigarette smoking before or during pregnancy increases the risk of birth congenital anomalies: a population-based retrospective cohort study of 12 million mother-infant pairs. BMC Medicine, 2022, 20, 4.	5.5	15
85	Recent prevalence of hypertension among Chinese children and adolescents based on 2010 China national blood pressure references. International Journal of Cardiology, 2014, 174, 870-871.	1.7	14
86	Association between short sleep duration and metabolic syndrome in Chinese children and adolescents. Sleep Medicine, 2020, 74, 343-348.	1.6	14
87	<i>FTO</i> Gene Polymorphisms Are Associated With Obesity and Type 2 Diabetes in East Asian Populations: An Update. Obesity, 2011, 19, 236-237.	3.0	13
88	The common SNP (rs9939609) in the FTO gene modifies the association between obesity and high blood pressure in Chinese children. Molecular Biology Reports, 2013, 40, 773-778.	2.3	13
89	Preterm birth is associated with risk of essential hypertension in later life. International Journal of Cardiology, 2014, 172, e361-e363.	1.7	13
90	Short-term effects of exposure to ambient PM1, PM2.5, and PM10 on ischemic and hemorrhagic stroke incidence in Shandong Province, China. Environmental Research, 2022, 212, 113350.	7.5	13

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91	An obesity genetic risk score predicts risk of insulin resistance among Chinese children. Endocrine, 2014, 47, 825-832.	2.3	12
92	Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior among Young Adolescents in 68 LMICs, and Their Relationships with National Economic Development. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 7752.	2.6	12
93	Tri-Ponderal Mass Index as a Screening Tool for Identifying Body Fat and Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Children and Adolescents: A Systematic Review. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2021, 12, 694681.	3.5	12
94	Common polymorphisms (rs2241766 and rs1501299) in the ADIPOQ gene are not associated with hypertension susceptibility among the Chinese. Molecular Biology Reports, 2012, 39, 8771-8775.	2.3	11
95	Simplified blood pressure tables based on different height percentiles for screening elevated blood pressure in children. Journal of Hypertension, 2019, 37, 292-296.	0.5	11
96	Control of hypertension in China: Challenging. International Journal of Cardiology, 2014, 174, 797.	1.7	10
97	Light Cigarette Smoking Increases Risk of All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality: Findings from the NHIS Cohort Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 5122.	2.6	10
98	Editorial: Metabolically Healthy and Unhealthy Obese Children and Adolescents. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2020, 11, 613703.	3.5	9
99	Associations Between Gestational Weight Gain and Adverse Birth Outcomes: A Population-Based Retrospective Cohort Study of 9 Million Mother-Infant Pairs. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2022, 9, 811217.	3.7	9
100	Prevalence and trends in tobacco use, secondhand smoke exposure at home and household solid fuel use among women in 57 low- and middle-income countries, 2000–2018. Environment International, 2022, 161, 107142.	10.0	9
101	Polymorphisms of three genes ( <i>ACE</i> , <i>AGT</i> and <i>CYP11B2</i> ) in the renin–angiotensin–aldosterone system are not associated with blood pressure salt sensitivity: A systematic meta-analysis. Blood Pressure, 2016, 25, 117-122.	1.5	8
102	Hypertension Prevalence Based on Three Separate Visits and Its Association With Obesity Among Chinese Children and Adolescents. Frontiers in Pediatrics, 2019, 7, 307.	1.9	8
103	Association of Parental Height With Offspring Stunting in 14 Low- and Middle-Income Countries. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2021, 8, 650976.	3.7	8
104	Trends in abdominal obesity among Chinese children and adolescents, 1993–2015. Journal of Pediatric Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2021, 34, 163-169.	0.9	8
105	Waist circumference change and risk of high carotid intima-media thickness in a cohort of Chinese children. Journal of Hypertension, 2021, 39, 1901-1907.	0.5	7
106	Identification of Potential Metabolic Markers of Hypertension in Chinese Children. International Journal of Hypertension, $2021, 2021, 1-8$ .	1.3	7
107	Genome-wide association studies of common obesity: now and future. Biomedical and Environmental Sciences, 2013, 26, 787-91.	0.2	7
108	Transforming growth factor- $\hat{l}^21$ gene +869T/C, but not +915G/C polymorphism is associated with essential hypertension in a Chinese patient cohort. Molecular Biology Reports, 2012, 39, 6107-6112.	2.3	6

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109	Performance of modified blood pressure-to-height ratio for identifying hypertension in Chinese and American children. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2018, 32, 408-414.	2.2	6
110	Weight Status Change From Adolescence to Young Adulthood and the Risk of Hypertension and Diabetes Mellitus. Hypertension, 2020, 76, 583-588.	2.7	6
111	Breastfeeding and Mortality Under 2 Years of Age in Sub-Saharan Africa. Pediatrics, 2020, 145, e20192209.	2.1	6
112	Is BMI accurate to reflect true adiposity?. International Journal of Cardiology, 2016, 220, 883.	1.7	5
113	Performance of the Simplified American Academy of Pediatrics Table to Screen Elevated Blood Pressure in Children. JAMA Pediatrics, 2018, 172, 1196.	6.2	5
114	Prevalence of Elevated <scp>Blood Pressure</scp> Among <scp>US</scp> Children, 2013–2014. Journal of Clinical Hypertension, 2016, 18, 1071-1072.	2.0	4
115	Static cutâ€points of hypertension and increased arterial stiffness in children and adolescents: The International Childhood Vascular Function Evaluation Consortium. Journal of Clinical Hypertension, 2019, 21, 1335-1342.	2.0	4
116	Use of Static Cutoffs of Hypertension to Determine High cIMT in Children and Adolescents: An International Collaboration Study. Canadian Journal of Cardiology, 2020, 36, 1467-1473.	1.7	4
117	Trends in Cardiometabolic and Cancer Multimorbidity Prevalence and Its Risk With All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality in U.S. Adults: Prospective Cohort Study. Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine, 2021, 8, 731240.	2.4	4
118	Abdominal obesity-related lipid metabolites may mediate the association between obesity and glucose dysregulation. Pediatric Research, 2023, 93, 183-188.	2.3	4
119	A Proposal to Unify the Definition of the Metabolic Syndrome in Children and Adolescents. Frontiers in Endocrinology, $0,13,.$	3.5	4
120	Catechol-O-methyltransferase Val158Met polymorphism in breast cancer risk. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2011, 126, 839-841.	2.5	3
121	Change in waist circumference over 2 years and the odds of left ventricular hypertrophy among Chinese children. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2021, 31, 2484-2489.	2.6	3
122	Two-Year Change in Blood Pressure Status and Left Ventricular Mass Index in Chinese Children. Frontiers in Medicine, 2021, 8, 708044.	2.6	3
123	Twoâ€year change in weight status and high carotid intimaâ€media thickness in Chinese children. Pediatric Obesity, 2021, , e12854.	2.8	3
124	Prevalence of thinness, overweight and obesity among Tibetan adolescents aged 12–17 years. Public Health Nutrition, 2021, 24, 4017-4022.	2.2	3
125	Performance of different adiposity measures for predicting left ventricular remodeling in Chinese hypertensive youth. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 21943.	3.3	3
126	Leisure sedentary time and suicide risk among young adolescents: Data from 54 low- and middle-income countries. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2022, 298, 457-463.	4.1	3

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127	Chili pepper intake and all-cause and disease-specific mortality. International Journal for Vitamin and Nutrition Research, 2023, 93, 378-384.	1.5	3
128	Height-specific blood pressure cutoffs for screening elevated and high blood pressure in children and adolescents: an International Study. Hypertension Research, 2019, 42, 845-851.	2.7	2
129	Association between paternal age and offspring's underâ€5 mortality: Data from 159 surveys in 67 low―to middleâ€income countries. Journal of Paediatrics and Child Health, 2020, 56, 1577-1583.	0.8	2
130	Genetic Predisposition and Salt Sensitivity in a Chinese Han Population: The EpiSS Study. International Journal of Hypertension, 2020, 2020, 1-8.	1.3	2
131	Association of abdominal obesity and high blood pressure with left ventricular hypertrophy and geometric remodeling in Chinese children. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2021, 31, 306-313.	2.6	2
132	Parental tobacco and indoor secondhand smoking exposure and the risk of offspring underâ€five mortality in low―and middleâ€income countries. Indoor Air, 2021, 31, 2188-2199.	4.3	2
133	Serum metabolites of hypertension among Chinese adolescents aged 12–17 years. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2021, , .	2.2	2
134	Utility of Three Adiposity Indices for Identifying Left Ventricular Hypertrophy and Geometric Remodeling in Chinese Children. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2021, 12, 762250.	3.5	2
135	Association between short-term exposure to ambient PM1 and PM2.5 and forced vital capacity in Chinese children and adolescents. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 0, , .	5.3	2
136	Diagnostic Effect of the Single BP Cut-Offs for Identifying Elevated BP and Hypertension in Adolescents Aged 13–17ÅYears. Pediatric Cardiology, 2019, 40, 738-743.	1.3	1
137	Maternal body mass index and risks of neonatal mortality and offspring overweight and obesity: Findings from 0.5 million samples in 61 low―and middle―ncome countries. Pediatric Obesity, 2020, 15, e12665.	2.8	1
138	Utility of blood pressure measurements at an initial screening visit to identify Chinese children and adolescents with hypertension. Journal of Clinical Hypertension, 2021, 23, 766-772.	2.0	1
139	Weight status change from birth to childhood and high carotid intimaâ€media thickness in childhood. Pediatric Obesity, 2022, 17, e12927.	2.8	1
140	Reply to M Zhao and W Liu. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 100, 982.	4.7	0
141	Reducing adolescent smoking in India – Authors' reply. The Lancet Global Health, 2017, 5, e267.	6.3	0
142	Reply. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2018, 71, 583-584.	2.8	0
143	Notice of Duplicate Publication: Performance of the Simplified American Academy of Pediatrics Table to Screen Elevated Blood Pressure in Children. JAMA Pediatrics, 2018, 172, 1198.	6.2	0
144	A simple table based on height to assess elevated and high blood pressure in children. Journal of Human Hypertension, 2019, 33, 248-254.	2.2	0

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145	Reply. Journal of Hypertension, 2020, 38, 1387-1388.	0.5	0