

Pietro Caironi

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7415312/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

23
papers

1,705
citations

623734

14
h-index

642732

23
g-index

23
all docs

23
docs citations

23
times ranked

2193
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|------|-----------|
| 1 | Albumin Replacement in Patients with Severe Sepsis or Septic Shock. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2014, 370, 1412-1421. | 27.0 | 947 |
| 2 | Presepsin (soluble CD14 subtype) and procalcitonin levels for mortality prediction in sepsis: data from the Albumin Italian Outcome Sepsis trial. <i>Critical Care</i> , 2014, 18, R6. | 5.8 | 175 |
| 3 | Circulating presepsin (soluble CD14 subtype) as a marker of host response in patients with severe sepsis or septic shock: data from the multicenter, randomized ALBIOS trial. <i>Intensive Care Medicine</i> , 2015, 41, 12-20. | 8.2 | 114 |
| 4 | Sequential N-Terminal Pro-B-Type Natriuretic Peptide and High-Sensitivity Cardiac Troponin Measurements During Albumin Replacement in Patients With Severe Sepsis or Septic Shock*. <i>Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2016, 44, 707-716. | 0.9 | 75 |
| 5 | Pentraxin 3 in patients with severe sepsis or shock: the ALBIOS trial. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2017, 47, 73-83. | 3.4 | 71 |
| 6 | Circulating Biologically Active Adrenomedullin (bio-ADM) Predicts Hemodynamic Support Requirement and Mortality During Sepsis. <i>Chest</i> , 2017, 152, 312-320. | 0.8 | 59 |
| 7 | Low D-dimer levels in sepsis: Good or bad?. <i>Thrombosis Research</i> , 2019, 174, 13-15. | 1.7 | 30 |
| 8 | Lung Response to a Higher Positive End-Expiratory Pressure in Mechanically Ventilated Patients With COVID-19. <i>Chest</i> , 2022, 161, 979-988. | 0.8 | 30 |
| 9 | PCSK9 is associated with mortality in patients with septic shock: data from the ALBIOS study. <i>Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2021, 289, 179-192. | 6.0 | 27 |
| 10 | Paradoxical Effect of Chest Wall Compression on Respiratory System Compliance. <i>Chest</i> , 2021, 160, 1335-1339. | 0.8 | 27 |
| 11 | Fluid-induced harm in the hospital: look beyond volume and start considering sodium. From physiology towards recommendations for daily practice in hospitalized adults. <i>Annals of Intensive Care</i> , 2021, 11, 79. | 4.6 | 22 |
| 12 | Persistence of Central Venous Oxygen Desaturation During Early Sepsis Is Associated With Higher Mortality. <i>Chest</i> , 2018, 154, 1291-1300. | 0.8 | 18 |
| 13 | The role of resistin and myeloperoxidase in severe sepsis and septic shock: Results from the ALBIOS trial. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2020, 50, e13333. | 3.4 | 17 |
| 14 | Extracorporeal Chloride Removal by Electrodialysis. A Novel Approach to Correct Acidemia. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2020, 201, 799-813. | 5.6 | 16 |
| 15 | D-dimer corrected for thrombin and plasmin generation is a strong predictor of mortality in patients with sepsis. <i>Blood Transfusion</i> , 2020, 18, 304-311. | 0.4 | 16 |
| 16 | Early osteopontin levels predict mortality in patients with septic shock. <i>European Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2020, 78, 113-120. | 2.2 | 15 |
| 17 | The Impact of Serum Albumin Levels on COVID-19 Mortality. <i>Infectious Disease Reports</i> , 2022, 14, 278-286. | 3.1 | 12 |
| 18 | Emergency room comprehensive assessment of demographic, radiological, laboratory and clinical data of patients with COVID-19: determination of its prognostic value for in-hospital mortality. <i>Internal and Emergency Medicine</i> , 2022, 17, 205-214. | 2.0 | 9 |

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Cardiac dysfunction and circulating cardiac markers during sepsis. <i>Minerva Anestesiologica</i> , 2016, 82, 697-710. | 1.0 | 7 |
| 20 | Higher levels of IgA and IgG at sepsis onset are associated with higher mortality: results from the Albumin Italian Outcome Sepsis (ALBIOS) trial. <i>Annals of Intensive Care</i> , 2021, 11, 161. | 4.6 | 6 |
| 21 | A combined role for low vitamin D and low albumin circulating levels as strong predictors of worse outcome in COVID-19 patients. <i>Irish Journal of Medical Science</i> , 2023, 192, 423-430. | 1.5 | 5 |
| 22 | Orthodeoxia and its implications on awake-proning in COVID-19 pneumonia. <i>Critical Care</i> , 2021, 25, 429. | 5.8 | 4 |
| 23 | Effects of neuromuscular electrical stimulation therapy on physical function in patients with COVID-19 associated pneumonia: Study protocol of a randomized controlled trial. <i>Contemporary Clinical Trials Communications</i> , 2021, 21, 100742. | 1.1 | 3 |