

# Gary P Moran

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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75  
papers

3,439  
citations

147801

31  
h-index

149698

56  
g-index

80  
all docs

80  
docs citations

80  
times ranked

3235  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Antifungal drug susceptibilities of oral <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> isolates from human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-infected and non-HIV-infected subjects and generation of stable fluconazole-resistant derivatives in vitro. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 1997, 41, 617-623.	3.2	263
2	Candidiasis. <i>Aids</i> , 1997, 11, 557-567.	2.2	205
3	Comparative genomics of the fungal pathogens <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> and <i>Candida albicans</i> . <i>Genome Research</i> , 2009, 19, 2231-2244.	5.5	195
4	Identification and Expression of Multidrug Transporters Responsible for Fluconazole Resistance in <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 1998, 42, 1819-1830.	3.2	194
5	Comparison of the epidemiology, drug resistance mechanisms, and virulence of and. <i>FEMS Yeast Research</i> , 2004, 4, 369-376.	2.3	190
6	<i>Candida albicans</i> versus <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> : Why Is <i>C. albicans</i> More Pathogenic?. <i>International Journal of Microbiology</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-7.	2.3	102
7	Comparative Genomics and the Evolution of Pathogenicity in Human Pathogenic Fungi. <i>Eukaryotic Cell</i> , 2011, 10, 34-42.	3.4	99
8	<i>Candida dubliniensis</i> : Ten years on. <i>FEMS Microbiology Letters</i> , 2005, 253, 9-17.	1.8	97
9	Comparative genomics using <i>Candida albicans</i> DNA microarrays reveals absence and divergence of virulence-associated genes in <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Microbiology (United Kingdom)</i> , 2004, 150, 3363-3382.	1.8	96
10	The Microbiome of Potentially Malignant Oral Leukoplakia Exhibits Enrichment for <i>Fusobacterium</i> , <i>Leptotrichia</i> , <i>Campylobacter</i> , and <i>Rothia</i> Species. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2017, 8, 2391.	3.5	95
11	Molecular genetic approaches to identification, epidemiology and taxonomy of non- <i>albicans</i> <i>Candida</i> species. <i>Journal of Medical Microbiology</i> , 1996, 44, 399-408.	1.8	86
12	MDR1 -Mediated Drug Resistance in <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2001, 45, 3416-3421.	3.2	86
13	<i>Candida albicans</i> Hyphal Expansion Causes Phagosomal Membrane Damage and Luminal Alkalinization. <i>MBio</i> , 2018, 9, .	4.1	82
14	Comparative Transcript Profiling of <i>Candida albicans</i> and <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> Identifies <i>SFL2</i> , a <i>C. albicans</i> Gene Required for Virulence in a Reconstituted Epithelial Infection Model. <i>Eukaryotic Cell</i> , 2010, 9, 251-265.	3.4	78
15	The microbiome and oral cancer: More questions than answers. <i>Oral Oncology</i> , 2019, 89, 30-33.	1.5	75
16	Lower filamentation rates of <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> contribute to its lower virulence in comparison with <i>Candida albicans</i> . <i>Fungal Genetics and Biology</i> , 2007, 44, 920-931.	2.1	73
17	The <i>Candida albicans</i> -Specific Gene <i>EED1</i> Encodes a Key Regulator of Hyphal Extension. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e18394.	2.5	72
18	Molecular Mechanisms of Itraconazole Resistance in <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2003, 47, 2424-2437.	3.2	61

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19	Persistence, replacement, and microevolution of <i>Cryptococcus neoformans</i> strains in recurrent meningitis in AIDS patients. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 1996, 34, 1739-1744.	3.9	59
20	Multilocus Sequence Typing Reveals that the Population Structure of <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> Is Significantly Less Divergent than That of <i>Candida albicans</i> . <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2008, 46, 652-664.	3.9	57
21	Differential Filamentation of <i>Candida albicans</i> and <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> Is Governed by Nutrient Regulation of <i>UME6</i> Expression. <i>Eukaryotic Cell</i> , 2010, 9, 1383-1397.	3.4	55
22	The expression of genes involved in the ergosterol biosynthesis pathway in <i>Candida albicans</i> and <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> biofilms exposed to fluconazole. <i>Mycoses</i> , 2009, 52, 118-128.	4.0	54
23	Phosphate is the third nutrient monitored by TOR in <i>Candida albicans</i> and provides a target for fungal-specific indirect TOR inhibition. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, 6346-6351.	7.1	53
24	Differential regulation of the transcriptional repressor NRG1 accounts for altered host-cell interactions in <i>Candida albicans</i> and <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Molecular Microbiology</i> , 2007, 66, 915-929.	2.5	50
25	Response of Extraintestinal Pathogenic <i>Escherichia coli</i> to Human Serum Reveals a Protective Role for Rcs-Regulated Exopolysaccharide Colanic Acid. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2014, 82, 298-305.	2.2	50
26	Isogenic Strain Construction and Gene Targeting in <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Journal of Bacteriology</i> , 2001, 183, 2859-2865.	2.2	44
27	The <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> CdCDR1 Gene Is Not Essential for Fluconazole Resistance. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2002, 46, 2829-2841.	3.2	41
28	Phenotypic screening, transcriptional profiling, and comparative genomic analysis of an invasive and non-invasive strain of <i>Candida albicans</i> . <i>BMC Microbiology</i> , 2008, 8, 187.	3.3	39
29	Reduced Azole Susceptibility in Genotype 3 <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> Isolates Associated with Increased Cd CDR1 and Cd CDR2 Expression. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2005, 49, 1312-1318.	3.2	37
30	Genome-wide gene expression profiling and a forward genetic screen show that differential expression of the sodium ion transporter <i>Ena21</i> contributes to the differential tolerance of <i>Candida albicans</i> and <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> to osmotic stress. <i>Molecular Microbiology</i> , 2009, 72, 216-228.	2.5	37
31	Telomeric ORFs (TLOs) in <i>Candida</i> spp. Encode Mediator Subunits That Regulate Distinct Virulence Traits. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2014, 10, e1004658.	3.5	36
32	Purification and germination of <i>Candida albicans</i> and <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> chlamydospores cultured in liquid media. <i>FEMS Yeast Research</i> , 2009, 9, 1051-1060.	2.3	33
33	CYP56 ( <i>Dit2p</i> ) in <i>Candida albicans</i> : Characterization and Investigation of Its Role in Growth and Antifungal Drug Susceptibility. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2008, 52, 3718-3724.	3.2	32
34	Triclosan Antagonizes Fluconazole Activity against <i>Candida albicans</i> . <i>Journal of Dental Research</i> , 2012, 91, 65-70.	5.2	32
35	Azole susceptibility and resistance in <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Biochemical Society Transactions</i> , 2005, 33, 1210.	3.4	30
36	The <i>Porphyromonas gingivalis</i> hemagglutinins HagB and HagC are major mediators of adhesion and biofilm formation. <i>Molecular Oral Microbiology</i> , 2017, 32, 35-47.	2.7	30

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37	Base-metal dental casting alloy biocompatibility assessment using a human-derived three-dimensional oral mucosal model. <i>Acta Biomaterialia</i> , 2012, 8, 432-438.	8.3	27
38	The Histoneâ€œDeacetylaseâ€œInhibitor Suberoylanilide Hydroxamic Acid Promotes Dental Pulp Repair Mechanisms Through Modulation of Matrix Metalloproteinaseâ€œ13 Activity. <i>Journal of Cellular Physiology</i> , 2016, 231, 798-816.	4.1	27
39	The <i>Candida albicans</i> TOR-Activating GTPases Ctr1 and Rhb1 Coregulate Starvation Responses and Biofilm Formation. <i>MSphere</i> , 2017, 2, .	2.9	27
40	Biocompatibility effects of indirect exposure of base-metal dental casting alloys to a human-derived three-dimensional oral mucosal model. <i>Journal of Dentistry</i> , 2013, 41, 1091-1100.	4.1	24
41	A Ser29Leu Substitution in the Cytosine Deaminase Fca1p Is Responsible for Clade-Specific Flucytosine Resistance in <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2009, 53, 4678-4685.	3.2	23
42	Mechanisms of antifungal drug resistance in <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Future Microbiology</i> , 2010, 5, 935-949.	2.0	23
43	Effects of surface finishing conditions on the biocompatibility of a nickelâ€œchromium dental casting alloy. <i>Dental Materials</i> , 2011, 27, 637-650.	3.5	23
44	Azole susceptibility and resistance in <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Biochemical Society Transactions</i> , 2005, 33, 1210-1214.	3.4	22
45	Microbiological Screening of Irish Patients with Autoimmune Polyendocrinopathy-Candidiasis-Ectodermal Dystrophy Reveals Persistence of <i>Candida albicans</i> Strains, Gradual Reduction in Susceptibility to Azoles, and Incidences of Clinical Signs of Oral Candidiasis without Culture Evidence. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2011, 49, 1879-1889.	3.9	21
46	Influence of <i>S. mutans</i> on Base-metal Dental Casting Alloy Toxicity. <i>Journal of Dental Research</i> , 2013, 92, 92-97.	5.2	19
47	Differential virulence of <i>Candida albicans</i> and <i>C. dubliniensis</i> : A role for Tor1 kinase?. <i>Virulence</i> , 2011, 2, 77-81.	4.4	18
48	Acetaldehyde production by <i>Rothia mucilaginosa</i> isolates from patients with oral leukoplakia. <i>Journal of Oral Microbiology</i> , 2020, 12, 1743066.	2.7	18
49	Longitudinal Genotyping of <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> Isolates Reveals Strain Maintenance, Microevolution, and the Emergence of Itraconazole Resistance. <i>Journal of Clinical Microbiology</i> , 2010, 48, 1643-1650.	3.9	17
50	Distribution of yeast species associated with oral lesions in HIV-infected patients in Southwest Uganda. <i>Medical Mycology</i> , 2012, 50, 276-280.	0.7	17
51	Genetic Differences between Avian and Human Isolates of <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2009, 15, 1467-1470.	4.3	16
52	Development of a discriminatory biocompatibility testing model for non-precious dental casting alloys. <i>Dental Materials</i> , 2011, 27, 1295-1306.	3.5	16
53	The Oral Microbiome in Pediatric IBD: A Source of Pathobionts or Biomarkers?. <i>Frontiers in Pediatrics</i> , 2020, 8, 620254.	1.9	16
54	An Introduction to the Medically Important <i>Candida</i> Species. , 0, , 9-25.		16

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55	Amplification of TLO Mediator Subunit Genes Facilitate Filamentous Growth in <i>Candida</i> Spp.. PLoS Genetics, 2016, 12, e1006373.	3.5	16
56	Expansion of the TLO gene family enhances the virulence of <i>Candida</i> species. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0200852.	2.5	14
57	Role of Mediator in virulence and antifungal drug resistance in pathogenic fungi. Current Genetics, 2019, 65, 621-630.	1.7	14
58	Comparison of two DNA microarrays for detection of plasmid-mediated antimicrobial resistance and virulence factor genes in clinical isolates of Enterobacteriaceae and non-Enterobacteriaceae. International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents, 2010, 35, 593-598.	2.5	13
59	Telomeric ORFS in <i>Candida albicans</i> : Does Mediator Tail Wag the Yeast?. PLoS Pathogens, 2015, 11, e1004614.	4.7	12
60	Comparative adherence of <i>Candida albicans</i> and <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> to human buccal epithelial cells and extracellular matrix proteins. Medical Mycology, 2014, 52, 254-263.	0.7	11
61	An <i>in vivo</i> comparison of internal bacterial colonization in two dental implant systems: Identification of a pathogenic reservoir. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 2015, 73, 188-194.	1.6	10
62	A conserved regulator controls asexual sporulation in the fungal pathogen <i>Candida albicans</i> . Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 6224.	12.8	10
63	Transcript profiling reveals rewiring of iron assimilation gene expression in <i>Candida albicans</i> and <i>C. dubliniensis</i> . FEMS Yeast Research, 2012, 12, 918-923.	2.3	8
64	A European ECMM-ESCMID survey on goals and practices for mycobiota characterisation using next-generation sequencing. Mycoses, 2019, 62, 1096-1099.	4.0	8
65	<i>Candida albicans</i> exhibits enhanced alkaline and temperature induction of Efg1-regulated transcripts relative to <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . Genomics Data, 2015, 6, 130-135.	1.3	7
66	The effect of a decontamination protocol on contaminated titanium dental implant surfaces with different surface topography in edentulous patients. Acta Odontologica Scandinavica, 2019, 77, 66-75.	1.6	6
67	Transcriptional profiling of suberoylanilide hydroxamic acid (SAHA) regulated genes in mineralizing dental pulp cells at early and late time points. Genomics Data, 2015, 5, 391-393.	1.3	4
68	Stress- and metabolic responses of <i>Candida albicans</i> require Tor1 kinase N-terminal HEAT repeats. PLoS Pathogens, 2022, 18, e1010089.	4.7	4
69	Fungal Diseases of Humans. , 2005, , 171-190.		3
70	Influence of doxorubicin on fluconazole susceptibility and efflux pump gene expression of <i>Candida dubliniensis</i> . Medical Mycology, 2012, 50, 421-426.	0.7	2
71	The microbiome of oral leukoplakia shows enrichment in Fusobacteria and Rothia species. Journal of Oral Microbiology, 2017, 9, 1325253.	2.7	2
72	Editorial: The Human Microbiome and Cancer. Frontiers in Microbiology, 2020, 11, 1514.	3.5	1

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73	Analysis of Drug Resistance in Pathogenic Fungi. , 0, , 93-113.		0
74	Molecular Epidemiology of Candida Species. , 2010, , 19-39.		0
75	CRISPR-Cas9 mutagenesis and single gene reintegration suggests functional diversity within the Candida albicans TLO gene family. Access Microbiology, 2021, 3, .	0.5	0