Rhonda Small

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7346037/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01

		87888	85541
134	5,714	38	71
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
137	137	137	5273
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Generating best evidence from qualitative research: the role of data analysis. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2007, 31, 545-550.	1.8	562
2	A hierarchy of evidence for assessing qualitative health research. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2007, 60, 43-49.	5.0	415
3	Migration to western industrialised countries and perinatal health: A systematic review. Social Science and Medicine, 2009, 69, 934-946.	3.8	268
4	Association between depression and abuse by partners of women attending general practice: descriptive, cross sectional survey. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2004, 328, 621-624.	2.3	187
5	Birth events, birth experiences and social differences in postnatal depression. Australian Journal of Public Health, 1994, 18, 176-184.	0.2	177
6	Randomised controlled trial of midwife led debriefing to reduce maternal depression after operative childbirth. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 321, 1043-1047.	2.3	176
7	Stillbirths and infant deaths among migrants in industrialized countries. Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2009, 88, 134-148.	2.8	167
8	Somali women and their pregnancy outcomes postmigration: data from six receiving countries. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2008, 115, 1630-1640.	2.3	165
9	Immigrant and non-immigrant women's experiences of maternity care: a systematic and comparative review of studies in five countries. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 152.	2.4	157
10	Giving offspring a healthy start: parents' experiences of health promotion and lifestyle change during pregnancy and early parenthood. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 936.	2.9	119
11	Early postnatal discharge from hospital for healthy mothers and term infants. The Cochrane Library, 2002, , CD002958.	2.8	109
12	Cross-cultural experiences of maternal depression: associations and contributing factors for Vietnamese, Turkish and Filipino immigrant women in Victoria, Australia. Ethnicity and Health, 2003, 8, 189-206.	2.5	104
13	Mothers' AdvocateS In the Community (MOSAIC)- non-professional mentor support to reduce intimate partner violence and depression in mothers: a cluster randomised trial in primary care. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 178.	2.9	104
14	International migration and caesarean birth: a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2013, 13, 27.	2.4	100
15	Mothers in a New Country: The Role of Culture and Communication in Vietnamese, Turkish and Filipino Women's Experiences of Giving Birth in Australia. Women and Health, 1999, 28, 77-101.	1.0	95
16	Applying normalization process theory to understand implementation of a family violence screening and care model in maternal and child health nursing practice: a mixed method process evaluation of a randomised controlled trial. Implementation Science, 2015, 10, 39.	6.9	91
17	Immigrant Women's Views About Care During Labor and Birth: An Australian Study of Vietnamese, Turkish, and Filipino Women. Birth, 2002, 29, 266-277.	2.2	87
18	Lived experience of gestational diabetes mellitus among immigrant South Asian women in Australia. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2011, 51, 360-364.	1.0	86

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19	Missing voices: What women say and do about depression after childbirth. Journal of Reproductive and Infant Psychology, 1994, 12, 89-103.	1.8	85
20	Debriefing interventions for the prevention of psychological trauma in women following childbirth. The Cochrane Library, 2015, , CD007194.	2.8	73
21	Severe maternal morbidity associated with maternal birthplace in three high-immigration settings. European Journal of Public Health, 2015, 25, 620-625.	0.3	66
22	Support, sensitivity, satisfaction: Filipino, Turkish and Vietnamese women's experiences of postnatal hospital stay. Midwifery, 1998, 14, 144-154.	2.3	62
23	The performance of the Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale in English speaking and non-English speaking populations in Australia. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2007, 42, 70-78.	3.1	61
24	PRISM (Program of Resources, Information and Support for Mothers): a community-randomised trial to reduce depression and improve women's physical health six months after birth [ISRCTN03464021]. BMC Public Health, 2006, 6, 37.	2.9	58
25	Maternal and child health nurse screening and care for mothers experiencing domestic violence (MOVE): a cluster randomised trial. BMC Medicine, 2015, 13, 150.	5.5	56
26	The power of social connection and support in improving health: lessons from social support interventions with childbearing women. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, S4.	2.9	55
27	Women× ³ s experiences of labour pain and the role of the mind: An exploratory study. Midwifery, 2014, 30, 1029-1035.	2.3	55
28	Cross-cultural research: trying to do it better 2. Enhancing data quality. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 1999, 23, 390-395.	1.8	52
29	Women's views and experiences of maternity care: A study of immigrant Afghan women in Melbourne, Australia. Midwifery, 2012, 28, 198-203.	2.3	52
30	Maternity services are not meeting the needs of immigrant women of non-English speaking background: Results of two consecutive Australian population based studies. Midwifery, 2015, 31, 664-670.	2.3	51
31	Depression after childbirth. Medical Journal of Australia, 1994, 161, 473-477.	1.7	50
32	The meaning of labour pain: how the social environment and other contextual factors shape women's experiences. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2017, 17, 157.	2.4	49
33	Life with a new baby: How do immigrant and Australianâ€born women's experiences compare?. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2010, 34, 412-421.	1.8	47
34	Reflections on maternal health care within the Victorian Maternal and Child Health Service. Australian Journal of Primary Health, 2016, 22, 77.	0.9	46
35	Early discharge: no evidence of adverse outcomes in three consecutive population-based Australian surveys of recent mothers, conducted in 1989, 1994 and 2000. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2004, 18, 202-213.	1.7	45
36	The essential role of social theory in qualitative public health research. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2007, 31, 438-443.	1.8	45

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
	Proactive Peer (Mother-to-Mother) Breastfeeding Support by Telephone (Ringing up About) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314		
37	EClinicalMedicine, 2019, 8, 20-28.	7.1	45
38	Stillbirth in relation to maternal country of birth and other migration related factors: a population-based study in Norway. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2019, 19, 5.	2.4	44
39	Cross-cultural research: trying to do it better 2. Enhancing data quality. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 1999, 23, 385-389.	1.8	42
40	MOSAIC (MOthers' Advocates In the Community): protocol and sample description of a cluster randomised trial of mentor mother support to reduce intimate partner violence among pregnant or recent mothers. BMC Public Health, 2009, 9, 159.	2.9	40
41	Development of the Migrant Friendly Maternity Care Questionnaire (MFMCQ) for migrants to Western societies: an international Delphi consensus process. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 200.	2.4	40
42	Perinatal health outcomes of East African immigrant populations in Victoria, Australia: a population based study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2016, 16, 86.	2.4	39
43	Maternal height and risk of caesarean section in singleton births in Sweden—A population-based study using data from the Swedish Pregnancy Register 2011 to 2016. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0198124.	2.5	39
44	Being a â€~good mother'. Journal of Reproductive and Infant Psychology, 1997, 15, 185-200.	1.8	37
45	PRISM (Program of Resources, Information and Support for Mothers) Protocol for a community-randomised trial [ISRCTN03464021]. BMC Public Health, 2003, 3, 36.	2.9	36
46	Interventions for supporting pregnant women's decision-making about mode of birth after a caesarean. The Cochrane Library, 2013, , CD010041.	2.8	36
47	â€~Ultrasound is an invaluable third eye, but it can't see everything': a qualitative study with obstetricians in Australia. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 363.	2.4	32
48	Caesarean births among migrant women in high-income countries. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 32, 88-99.	2.8	32
49	Antenatal care for Somali-born women in Sweden: Perspectives from mothers, fathers and midwives. Midwifery, 2019, 74, 107-115.	2.3	32
50	Understanding sustained domestic violence identification in maternal and child health nurse care: process evaluation from a 2â€year followâ€up of the MOVE trial. Journal of Advanced Nursing, 2016, 72, 533-544.	3.3	31
51	Improved maternity care if midwives learn to perform ultrasound: a qualitative study of Rwandan midwives' experiences and views of obstetric ultrasound. Global Health Action, 2017, 10, 1350451.	1.9	30
52	Bridging the Gap: using an interrupted time series design to evaluate systems reform addressing refugee maternal and child health inequalities. Implementation Science, 2015, 10, 62.	6.9	29
53	Improving child health promotion practices in multiple sectors – outcomes of the Swedish Salut Programme. BMC Public Health, 2012, 12, 920.	2.9	28
54	Assessment of pain associated with childbirth: Women׳s perspectives, preferences and solutions. Midwifery, 2015, 31, 708-712.	2.3	27

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55	To stay or not to stay: are fears about shorter postnatal hospital stays justified?. Midwifery, 1992, 8, 170-177.	2.3	25
56	Frequency, severity and persistence of postnatal dyspareunia to 18 months post partum: A cohort study. Midwifery, 2016, 34, 15-20.	2.3	25
57	Episiotomy and severe perineal trauma among Eastern African immigrant women giving birth in public maternity care: A population based study in Victoria, Australia. Women and Birth, 2017, 30, 282-290.	2.0	25
58	Depression After Childbirth: The Views of Medical Students and Women Compared. Birth, 1997, 24, 109-115.	2.2	24
59	Mounting a community-randomized trial: sample size, matching, selection, and randomization issues in PRISM. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2004, 25, 235-250.	1.9	24
60	Developing evidence-based maternity care in Iran: a quality improvement study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2008, 8, 20.	2.4	24
61	Immigrant Afghan women׳s emotional well-being after birth and use of health services in Melbourne, Australia. Midwifery, 2015, 31, 671-677.	2.3	24
62	Health professionals' experiences and views on obstetric ultrasound in Rwanda: A cross-sectional study. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0208387.	2.5	24
63	A handsâ€on experience of the voice of customer analysis in maternity care from Iran. International Journal of Health Care Quality Assurance, 2010, 23, 153-170.	0.9	23
64	Increasing possibilities – Increasing dilemmas: A qualitative study of Swedish midwives' experiences of ultrasound use in pregnancy. Midwifery, 2016, 42, 46-53.	2.3	23
65	Caesarean Birth is Associated with Both Maternal and Paternal Origin in Immigrants in Sweden: a Populationâ€Based Study. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2017, 31, 509-521.	1.7	23
66	Shared antenatal care fails to rate well with women of non‣nglishâ€speaking backgrounds. Medical Journal of Australia, 1998, 168, 15-18.	1.7	22
67	Enhanced maternal and child health nurse care for women experiencing intimate partner/family violence: protocol for MOVE, a cluster randomised trial of screening and referral in primary health care. BMC Public Health, 2012, 12, 811.	2.9	22
68	A routine tool with far-reaching influence: Australian midwives' views on the use of ultrasound during pregnancy. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2015, 15, 195.	2.4	22
69	Physicians' experiences and views on the role of obstetric ultrasound in rural and urban Rwanda: a qualitative study. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2016, 21, 895-906.	2.3	22
70	â€~Essential but not always available when needed' – an interview study of physicians' experiences and views regarding use of obstetric ultrasound in Tanzania. Global Health Action, 2016, 9, 31062.	1.9	20
71	Screening for postnatal depression: not a simple task. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2007, 31, 57-61.	1.8	19
72	Publicly-funded home birth in Victoria, Australia: Exploring the views and experiences of midwives and doctors. Midwifery, 2016, 35, 24-30.	2.3	19

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73	Using documents to investigate links between implementation and sustainability in a complex community intervention: The PRISM study. Social Science and Medicine, 2012, 75, 1222-1229.	3.8	18
74	â€~Women think pregnancy management means obstetric ultrasound': Vietnamese obstetricians' views o the use of ultrasound during pregnancy. Global Health Action, 2015, 8, 28405.	n 1.9	18
75	Supporting breastfeeding In Local Communities (SILC) in Victoria, Australia: a cluster randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e008292.	1.9	18
76	Preeclampsia by maternal reasons for immigration: a population-based study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2018, 18, 423.	2.4	17
77	Ringing Up about Breastfeeding: a randomised controlled trial exploring early telephone peer support for breastfeeding (RUBY) – trial protocol. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 177.	2.4	16
78	International migration as a determinant of emergency caesarean. Women and Birth, 2016, 29, e89-e98.	2.0	16
79	†Without ultrasound you can't reach the best decision' – Midwives' experiences and views of the of ultrasound in maternity care in Dar Es Salaam, Tanzania. Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare, 2018, 15, 28-34.	role 1.2	16
80	How useful is the concept of somatization in cross-cultural studies of maternal depression? A contribution from the Mothers in a New Country (MINC) study. Journal of Psychosomatic Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2003, 24, 45-52.	2.1	14
81	Midwife-led debriefing after operative birth: four to six year follow-up of a randomised trial [ISRCTN24648614]. BMC Medicine, 2006, 4, 3.	5.5	14
82	A population-based study of overweight and obesity in expectant parents: socio-demographic patterns and within-couple associations. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 923.	2.9	13
83	Ultrasound's â€~window on the womb' brings ethical challenges for balancing maternal and fetal health interests: obstetricians' experiences in Australia. BMC Medical Ethics, 2015, 16, 31.	2.4	13
84	Intimate partner violence in Vietnam and among Vietnamese diaspora communities in western societies: A comprehensive review. Journal of Family Studies, 2008, 14, 167-182.	1.5	12
85	Researching labour and birth events using health information records: methodological challenges. Midwifery, 2009, 25, 701-710.	2.3	12
86	Two sides of the same coin – an interview study of Swedish obstetricians' experiences using ultrasound in pregnancy management. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2015, 15, 304.	2.4	12
87	Supporting the updated definition of pain. But what about labour pain?. Pain, 2017, 158, 990-991.	4.2	12
88	Women's views and experiences of publicly-funded homebirth programs in Victoria, Australia: A cross-sectional survey. Women and Birth, 2019, 32, 221-230.	2.0	11
89	A much valued tool that also brings ethical dilemmas - a qualitative study of Norwegian midwives' experiences and views on the role of obstetric ultrasound. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2019, 19, 33.	2.4	11
90	Preventing and reducing violence against women: innovation in community-level studies. BMC Medicine, 2014, 12, 155.	5.5	10

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91	Supporting breastfeeding In Local Communities (SILC): protocol for a cluster randomised controlled trial. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2014, 14, 346.	2.4	10
92	Exploring the views and experiences of callers to the PANDA Post and Antenatal Depression Association Australian National Perinatal Depression Helpline: a cross-sectional survey. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2015, 15, 209.	2.4	10
93	Peer supporters' experiences on an Australian perinatal mental health helpline. Health Promotion International, 2019, 34, 479-489.	1.8	10
94	Fathers' satisfaction with two different models of antenatal care in Sweden – Findings from a quasi-experimental study. Midwifery, 2017, 50, 201-207.	2.3	10
95	Frequency of "Time for Self―Is a Significant Predictor of Postnatal Depressive Symptoms: Results from a Prospective Pregnancy Cohort Study. Birth, 2016, 43, 58-67.	2.2	9
96	Characteristics of women calling the PANDA Perinatal Anxiety & Depression Australia National Helpline: a cross-sectional study. Archives of Women's Mental Health, 2018, 21, 801-812.	2.6	9
97	Birthweight of babies born to migrant mothers - What role do integration policies play?. SSM - Population Health, 2019, 9, 100503.	2.7	9
98	Community-based bilingual doulas for migrant women in labour and birth – findings from a Swedish register-based cohort study. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2020, 20, 721.	2.4	9
99	Community-based doula support for migrant women during labour and birth: study protocol for a randomised controlled trial in Stockholm, Sweden (NCT03461640). BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e031290.	1.9	9
100	Epidural analgesia for labour pain in nulliparous women in Norway in relation to maternal country of birth and migration related factors. Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare, 2020, 26, 100553.	1.2	9
101	Women's experiences of infant feeding support: Findings from a cross-sectional survey in Victoria, Australia. Women and Birth, 2021, 34, e505-e513.	2.0	9
102	Reduction of maternal depression: much remains to be done. Lancet, The, 2007, 370, 1593-1595.	13.7	8
103	Norwegian obstetricians' experiences of the use of ultrasound in pregnancy management. A qualitative study. Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare, 2018, 15, 69-76.	1.2	8
104	Preconception Folic Acid Supplement Use in Immigrant Women (1999–2016). Nutrients, 2019, 11, 2300.	4.1	8
105	Health professionals' experiences and views on obstetric ultrasound in Vietnam: a regional, cross-sectional study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e031761.	1.9	8
106	Country of first birth and neonatal outcomes in migrant and Norwegian-born parous women in Norway: a population-based study. BMC Health Services Research, 2020, 20, 540.	2.2	8
107	Paternal country of origin and adverse neonatal outcomes in births to foreign-born women in Norway: A population-based cohort study. PLoS Medicine, 2020, 17, e1003395.	8.4	8
108	Improving Population-Level Maternal Health: A Hard Nut to Crack? Long Term Findings and Reflections on a 16-Community Randomised Trial in Australia to Improve Maternal Emotional and Physical Health after Birth [ISRCTN03464021]. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e88457.	2.5	7

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109	Numeric Scoring of Pain Still Has Value. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 2016, 67, 679-680.	0.6	7
110	Group Pregnancy Care for refugee background women: a codesigned, multimethod evaluation protocol applying a community engagement framework and an interrupted time series design. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e048271.	1.9	7
111	Rationale, development and feasibility of group antenatal care for immigrant women in Sweden: a study protocol for the Hooyo Project. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e030314.	1.9	6
112	Sub-optimal use of ultrasound examinations may result in underperformance of Vietnamese maternity care – A qualitative study of midwives' experiences and views. Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare, 2020, 24, 100508.	1.2	6
113	The community-based bilingual doula – A new actor filling gaps in labour care for migrant women. Findings from a qualitative study of midwives' and obstetricians' experiences. Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare, 2021, 28, 100614.	1.2	6
114	PRISM: Mounting a communityâ€randomised trial. Establishing partnerships with local government. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2004, 28, 471-475.	1.8	5
115	Measuring Perinatal Health Equity and Migration Indicators for International Comparisons. Health Care for Women International, 2015, 36, 684-710.	1.1	5
116	Variations in firstâ€ŧime caesarean birth between Eastern African immigrants and Australianâ€born women in public care: A populationâ€based investigation in Victoria. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2017, 57, 294-301.	1.0	5
117	Implementation and evaluation of community-based drop-in centres for breastfeeding support in Victoria, Australia. International Breastfeeding Journal, 2017, 12, 46.	2.6	5
118	Vietnamese midwives' experiences of working in maternity care – A qualitative study in the Hanoi region. Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare, 2022, 31, 100695.	1.2	5
119	Length of residence and caesarean section in migrant women in Sweden: a population-based study. European Journal of Public Health, 2018, 28, 1073-1079.	0.3	4
120	Risk of unplanned caesarean birth in Vietnamese-born women in Victoria, Australia: A cross-sectional study. Women and Birth, 2018, 31, 496-504.	2.0	4
121	Trial of labour and vaginal birth after previous caesarean section: A population based study of Eastern African immigrants in Victoria, Australia. Midwifery, 2017, 46, 8-16.	2.3	2
122	Maternal health care professionals' experiences and views on the use of obstetric ultrasound in Rwanda: A cross-sectional study. BMC Health Services Research, 2021, 21, 789.	2.2	1
123	Midwives' communication with non-Swedish-speaking women giving birth: A survey from a multicultural setting in Sweden. European Journal of Midwifery, 2022, 6, 1-8.	1.1	1
124	Early discharge and risk for postnatal depression. Medical Journal of Australia, 1998, 168, 419-419.	1.7	0
125	Conceptual clarity in international collaborations: A point of departure for policy-relevant research on discrimination. Journal of International Migration and Integration, 2004, 5, 477-494.	1.4	0
126	Study highlighted important issues. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2007, 31, 286-287.	1.8	0

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127	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003395.		0
128	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003395.		0
129	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003395.		0
130	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003395.		0
131	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003395.		0
132	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003395.		0
133	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003395.		0
134	Language-supported labor ward visits for pregnant migrant women: Staff experiences in a Swedish hospital. European Journal of Midwifery, 2022, 6, 1-9.	1.1	0