Andrew G Rundle

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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266 papers

13,737 citations

20817 60 h-index 28297 105 g-index

270 all docs

270 docs citations

times ranked

270

17446 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Short Sleep Duration as a Risk Factor for Hypertension. Hypertension, 2006, 47, 833-839.	2.7	1,078
2	COVIDâ€19–Related School Closings and Risk of Weight Gain Among Children. Obesity, 2020, 28, 1008-1009.	3.0	571
3	Sleep Duration as a Risk Factor for Diabetes Incidence in a Large US Sample. Sleep, 2007, 30, 1667-1673.	1.1	487
4	Using Google Street View to Audit Neighborhood Environments. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2011, 40, 94-100.	3.0	458
5	Neighborhood Food Environment and Walkability Predict Obesity in New York City. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2009, 117, 442-447.	6.0	324
6	The Urban Built Environment and Obesity in New York City: A Multilevel Analysis. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2007, 21, 326-334.	1.7	269
7	Children living in areas with more street trees have lower prevalence of asthma. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2008, 62, 647-649.	3.7	228
8	Urban Tree Canopy and Asthma, Wheeze, Rhinitis, and Allergic Sensitization to Tree Pollen in a New York City Birth Cohort. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2013, 121, 494-500.	6.0	217
9	Anthropometric measures in middle age after exposure to famine during gestation: evidence from the Dutch famine. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 85, 869-876.	4.7	199
10	Association of Childhood Obesity With Maternal Exposure to Ambient Air Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons During Pregnancy. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 175, 1163-1172.	3.4	198
11	Why the Neighborhood Social Environment Is Critical in Obesity Prevention. Journal of Urban Health, 2016, 93, 206-212.	3.6	190
12	Association of proximity and density of parks and objectively measured physical activity in the United States: A systematic review. Social Science and Medicine, 2015, 138, 22-30.	3.8	183
13	Disparities in Urban Neighborhood Conditions: Evidence from GIS Measures and Field Observation in New York City. Journal of Public Health Policy, 2009, 30, S264-S285.	2.0	177
14	The relationship between genetic damage from polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons in breast tissue and breast cancer. Carcinogenesis, 2000, 21, 1281-1289.	2.8	173
15	Neighborhood safety and green space as predictors of obesity among preschool children from low-income families in New York City. Preventive Medicine, 2013, 57, 189-193.	3.4	161
16	Sleep duration associated with mortality in elderly, but not middle-aged, adults in a large US sample. Sleep, 2008, 31, 1087-96.	1.1	150
17	Neighborhood Characteristics and Disability in Older Adults. Journals of Gerontology - Series B Psychological Sciences and Social Sciences, 2009, 64B, 252-257.	3.9	148
18	Effect of Individual or Neighborhood Disadvantage on the Association Between Neighborhood Walkability and Body Mass Index. American Journal of Public Health, 2009, 99, 279-284.	2.7	143

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19	High-resolution tree canopy mapping for New York City using LIDAR and object-based image analysis. Journal of Applied Remote Sensing, 2012, 6, 063567-1.	1.3	143
20	Decreased Risk of Celiac Disease in Patients With Helicobacter pylori Colonization. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 178, 1721-1730.	3.4	133
21	Is the Environment Near Home and School Associated with Physical Activity and Adiposity of Urban Preschool Children?. Journal of Urban Health, 2011, 88, 1143-1157.	3.6	131
22	Reconsidering Access: Park Facilities and Neighborhood Disamenities in New York City. Journal of Urban Health, 2011, 88, 297-310.	3.6	130
23	Urinary and air phthalate concentrations and self-reported use of personal care products among minority pregnant women in New York city. Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology, 2010, 20, 625-633.	3.9	128
24	Does practicing hatha yoga satisfy recommendations for intensity of physical activity which improves and maintains health and cardiovascular fitness?. BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine, 2007, 7, 40.	3.7	122
25	Colonoscopic Screening in Average-Risk Individuals Ages 40 to 49 vs 50 to 59 Years. Gastroenterology, 2008, 134, 1311-1315.	1.3	115
26	Impact of Prenatal Exposure to Piperonyl Butoxide and Permethrin on 36-Month Neurodevelopment. Pediatrics, 2011, 127, e699-e706.	2.1	115
27	Prenatal Phthalate Exposures and Body Mass Index Among 4- to 7-Year-old Children. Epidemiology, 2016, 27, 449-458.	2.7	112
28	Asthma in Inner-City Children at 5–11 Years of Age and Prenatal Exposure to Phthalates: The Columbia Center for Children's Environmental Health Cohort. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2014, 122, 1141-1146.	6.0	111
29	Changes in Pest Infestation Levels, Self-Reported Pesticide Use, and Permethrin Exposure during Pregnancy after the 2000–2001 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Restriction of Organophosphates. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2008, 116, 1681-1688.	6.0	106
30	Design Options for Molecular Epidemiology Research within Cohort Studies. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 1899-1907.	2.5	104
31	Traffic density and stationary sources of air pollution associated with wheeze, asthma, and immunoglobulin E from birth to age 5 years among New York City children. Environmental Research, 2011, 111, 1222-1229.	7.5	103
32	Prenatal Exposure to Phthalates and Childhood Body Size in an Urban Cohort. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2016, 124, 514-520.	6.0	102
33	Trends in Obesity Prevalence in Adults With a History of Cancer: Results From the US National Health Interview Survey, 1997 to 2014. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 3133-3140.	1.6	102
34	Associations between carcinogen-DNA damage, glutathione S-transferase genotypes, and risk of lung cancer in the prospective Physicians' Health Cohort Study. Carcinogenesis, 2002, 23, 1641-1646.	2.8	97
35	Development and deployment of the Computer Assisted Neighborhood Visual Assessment System (CANVAS) to measure health-related neighborhood conditions. Health and Place, 2015, 31, 163-172.	3. 3	95
36	Neighborhood differences in exposure and sensitization to cockroach, mouse, dust mite, cat, and dog allergens in New York City. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2011, 128, 284-292.e7.	2.9	94

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37	Polymorphisms in the DNA Repair Enzyme XPD are Associated with Increased Levels of PAH–DNA Adducts in a Case-Control Study of Breast Cancer. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2002, 75, 159-166.	2.5	93
38	A pilot randomized controlled trial of a commercial diet and exercise weight loss program in minority breast cancer survivors. Obesity, 2013, 21, 65-76.	3.0	92
39	Validity of an Ecometric Neighborhood Physical Disorder Measure Constructed by Virtual Street Audit. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 180, 626-635.	3.4	88
40	Steps Forward: Review and Recommendations for Research on Walkability, Physical Activity and Cardiovascular Health. Public Health Reviews, 2011, 33, 484-506.	3.2	86
41	Prenatal Exposure to Butylbenzyl Phthalate and Early Eczema in an Urban Cohort. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2012, 120, 1475-1480.	6.0	86
42	Bisphenol A and Adiposity in an Inner-City Birth Cohort. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2016, 124, 1644-1650.	6.0	85
43	Grilled Meat Consumption and PhIP-DNA Adducts in Prostate Carcinogenesis. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2007, 16, 803-808.	2.5	82
44	Further development of the case-only design for assessing gene-environment interaction: evaluation of and adjustment for bias. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 33, 1014-1024.	1.9	81
45	Weightâ€Related Behaviors When Children Are in School Versus on Summer Breaks: Does Income Matter?. Journal of School Health, 2015, 85, 458-466.	1.6	81
46	Influence of Sports, Physical Education, and Active Commuting to School on Adolescent Weight Status. Pediatrics, 2012, 130, e296-e304.	2.1	80
47	Using GPS Data to Study Neighborhood Walkability and Physical Activity. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2016, 50, e65-e72.	3.0	80
48	Neighborhood Walkability and Active Travel (Walking and Cycling) in New York City. Journal of Urban Health, 2013, 90, 575-585.	3.6	77
49	Place of birth, duration of residence, neighborhood immigrant composition and body mass index in New York City. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2008, 5, 19.	4.6	76
50	Hispanic immigrant women's perspective on healthy foods and the New York City retail food environment: A mixed-method study. Social Science and Medicine, 2011, 73, 13-21.	3.8	76
51	Early-life cockroach allergen and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon exposures predict cockroach sensitization among inner-city children. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2013, 131, 886-893.e6.	2.9	76
52	Predictors and Consequences of Global DNA Methylation in Cord Blood and at Three Years. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e72824.	2.5	75
53	Disparities in the Food Environments of New York City Public Schools. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2010, 39, 195-202.	3.0	73
54	Use of Google Street View to Assess Environmental Contributions to Pedestrian Injury. American Journal of Public Health, 2016, 106, 462-469.	2.7	73

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55	Racial Differences in Risk of Prostate Cancer Associated With Metabolic Syndrome. Urology, 2009, 74, 185-190.	1.0	70
56	Creating and validating GIS measures of urban design for health research. Journal of Environmental Psychology, 2009, 29, 457-466.	5.1	69
57	Tracking of Obesity in Childhood into Adulthood: Effects on Body Mass Index and Fat Mass Index at Age 50. Childhood Obesity, 2020, 16, 226-233.	1.5	67
58	A comparison of energy expenditure estimates from the Actiheart and Actical physical activity monitors during low intensity activities, walking, and jogging. European Journal of Applied Physiology, 2011, 111, 659-667.	2.5	66
59	Personal and neighborhood socioeconomic status and indices of neighborhood walk-ability predict body mass index in New York City. Social Science and Medicine, 2008, 67, 1951-1958.	3.8	65
60	COVID-19 and Food Insecurity: an Uneven Patchwork of Responses. Journal of Urban Health, 2020, 97, 332-335.	3.6	65
61	Children's Urinary Phthalate Metabolites and Fractional Exhaled Nitric Oxide in an Urban Cohort. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2012, 186, 830-837.	5.6	64
62	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon exposure, obesity and childhood asthma in an urban cohort. Environmental Research, 2014, 128, 35-41.	7. 5	63
63	Physical activity and lung cancer risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition Cohort. International Journal of Cancer, 2006, 119, 2389-2397.	5.1	62
64	Associations between Body Mass Index and Park Proximity, Size, Cleanliness, and Recreational Facilities. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2013, 27, 262-269.	1.7	62
65	Associations of Gestational Exposure to Famine with Energy Balance and Macronutrient Density of the Diet at Age 58 Years Differ According to the Reference Population Used ,. Journal of Nutrition, 2009, 139, 1555-1561.	2.9	61
66	The impact of neighborhood park access and quality on body mass index among adults in New York City. Preventive Medicine, 2014, 64, 63-68.	3.4	59
67	A Randomized Controlled Trial Comparing the Effects of Yoga With an Active Control on Ambulatory Blood Pressure in Individuals With Prehypertension and Stage 1 Hypertension. Journal of Clinical Hypertension, 2014, 16, 54-62.	2.0	58
68	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon-DNA adduct formation in prostate carcinogenesis. Cancer Letters, 2006, 239, 157-167.	7.2	57
69	Inflammation and preneoplastic lesions in benign prostate as risk factors for prostate cancer. Modern Pathology, 2012, 25, 1023-1032.	5. 5	57
70	Spatial Lifecourse Epidemiology Reporting Standards (ISLE-ReSt) statement. Health and Place, 2020, 61, 102243.	3.3	57
71	Excessive gestational weight gain is associated with long-term body fat and weight retention at 7 y postpartum in African American and Dominican mothers with underweight, normal, and overweight prepregnancy BMI. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 1460-1467.	4.7	56
72	Chlorpyrifos Exposure and Urban Residential Environment Characteristics as Determinants of Early Childhood Neurodevelopment. American Journal of Public Health, 2011, 101, 63-70.	2.7	55

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73	Obesity and screening PSA levels among men undergoing an annual physical exam. Prostate, 2008, 68, 373-380.	2.3	54
74	Domestic airborne black carbon and exhaled nitric oxide in children in NYC. Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology, 2012, 22, 258-266.	3.9	54
75	Body Mass Index, Safety Hazards, and Neighborhood Attractiveness. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2012, 43, 378-384.	3.0	54
76	Socioeconomic and Outdoor Meteorological Determinants of Indoor Temperature and Humidity in New York City Dwellings*. Weather, Climate, and Society, 2013, 5, 168-179.	1.1	54
77	Neighbourhood food environments and body mass index among New York City adults. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2013, 67, 736-742.	3.7	54
78	Associations between Smoking, Polymorphisms in Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon (PAH) Metabolism and Conjugation Genes and PAH-DNA Adducts in Prostate Tumors Differ by Race. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2007, 16, 1236-1245.	2.5	53
79	Characterization of residential pest control products used in inner city communities in New York City. Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology, 2011, 21, 291-301.	3.9	53
80	Pathways from neighborhood poverty to depression among older adults. Health and Place, 2017, 43, 138-143.	3.3	51
81	Sulfotransferase 1A1 (SULT1A1) Polymorphism, PAH-DNA Adduct Levels in Breast Tissue and Breast Cancer Risk in a Case-Control Study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2003, 78, 217-222.	2.5	50
82	Carcinogen-DNA adducts as a biomarker for cancer risk. Mutation Research - Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis, 2006, 600, 23-36.	1.0	50
83	Neighbourhood immigrant acculturation and diet among Hispanic female residents of New York City. Public Health Nutrition, 2011, 14, 1593-1600.	2.2	50
84	A prospective study of socioeconomic status, prostate cancer screening and incidence among men at high risk for prostate cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2013, 24, 297-303.	1.8	49
85	Socio-economic status, neighbourhood food environments and consumption of fruits and vegetables in New York City. Public Health Nutrition, 2013, 16, 1197-1205.	2.2	47
86	Relationship between maternal demoralization, wheeze, and immunoglobulin E among inner-city children. Annals of Allergy, Asthma and Immunology, 2011, 107, 42-49.e1.	1.0	46
87	Development of a Neighborhood Walkability Index for Studying Neighborhood Physical Activity Contexts in Communities across the U.S. over the Past Three Decades. Journal of Urban Health, 2019, 96, 583-590.	3 . 6	46
88	The effect of an inclined landing surface on biomechanical variables during a jumping task. Clinical Biomechanics, 2007, 22, 1030-1036.	1.2	45
89	Comparison of anthropometric and body composition measures as predictors of components of the metabolic syndrome in a clinical setting. Obesity Research and Clinical Practice, 2013, 7, e55-e66.	1.8	45
90	At Odds: Concerns Raised by Using Odds Ratios for Continuous or Common Dichotomous Outcomes in Research on Physical Activity and Obesity. The Open Epidemiology Journal, 2012, 5, 13-17.	1.0	45

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91	Urinary concentrations of bisphenol A in an urban minority birth cohort in New York City, prenatal through age 7 years. Environmental Research, 2013, 122, 38-44.	7.5	44
92	Detection of Gluten in Gluten-Free Labeled Restaurant Food: Analysis of Crowd-Sourced Data. American Journal of Gastroenterology, 2019, 114, 792-797.	0.4	44
93	Exercise Effect on Oxidative Stress Is Independent of Change in Estrogen Metabolism. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2008, 17, 220-223.	2.5	43
94	Individual- and School-Level Sociodemographic Predictors of Obesity Among New York City Public School Children. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 176, 986-994.	3.4	43
95	The Promise, Practicalities, and Perils of Virtually Auditing Neighborhoods Using Google Street View. Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, 2017, 669, 18-40.	1.6	43
96	Beyond METs: types of physical activity and depression among older adults. Age and Ageing, 2016, 45, 103-109.	1.6	42
97	Associations of Residential Socioeconomic, Food, and Built Environments With Glycemic Control in Persons With Diabetes in New York City From 2007–2013. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 736-745.	3.4	42
98	Neighborhood Disadvantage and Lifeâ€Space Mobility Are Associated with Incident Falls in Communityâ€Dwelling Older Adults. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2016, 64, 2218-2225.	2.6	41
99	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon-DNA Adducts in Prostate Cancer. Cancer Research, 2004, 64, 8854-8859.	0.9	40
100	More neighborhood retail associated with lower obesity among New York City public high school students. Health and Place, 2013, 23, 104-110.	3.3	40
101	Street Audits to Measure Neighborhood Disorder: Virtual or In-Person?. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 186, 265-273.	3.4	40
102	COVID-19 testing, case, and death rates and spatial socio-demographics in New York City: An ecological analysis as of June 2020. Health and Place, 2021, 68, 102539.	3.3	40
103	Long-Term Air Pollution Exposure and COVID-19 Mortality: A Patient-Level Analysis from New York City. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2022, 205, 651-662.	5.6	40
104	Physical activity, black carbon exposure and airway inflammation in an urban adolescent cohort. Environmental Research, 2016, 151, 756-762.	7.5	39
105	Molecular epidemiologic studies of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon-DNA adducts and breast cancer. Environmental and Molecular Mutagenesis, 2002, 39, 201-207.	2.2	37
106	Methylation of the RARB Gene Increases Prostate Cancer Risk in Black Americans. Journal of Urology, 2013, 190, 317-324.	0.4	36
107	Measuring health-relevant businesses over $21 {\rm \^Ayears}$: refining the National Establishment Time-Series (NETS), a dynamic longitudinal data set. BMC Research Notes, 2015, 8, 507.	1.4	36
108	Childhood trauma and neighborhood-level crime interact in predicting adult posttraumatic stress and major depression symptoms. Child Abuse and Neglect, 2016, 51, 212-222.	2.6	36

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109	Aesthetic Amenities and Safety Hazards Associated with Walking and Bicycling for Transportation in New York City. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2013, 45, 76-85.	2.9	35
110	Neighborhood Social Context and Individual Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon Exposures Associated with Child Cognitive Test Scores. Journal of Child and Family Studies, 2014, 23, 785-799.	1.3	34
111	The Metabolic Syndrome and Biochemical Recurrence following Radical Prostatectomy. Prostate Cancer, 2011, 2011, 1-6.	0.6	33
112	Methods to Measure the Impact of Home, Social, and Sexual Neighborhoods of Urban Gay, Bisexual, and Other Men Who Have Sex with Men. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e75878.	2.5	33
113	<i>SRD5A2</i> and <i>HSD3B2</i> polymorphisms are associated with prostate cancer risk and aggressiveness. Prostate, 2007, 67, 1654-1663.	2.3	32
114	Neighbourhood food environment and gestational diabetes in New York City. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2010, 24, 249-254.	1.7	32
115	Prostate Cancer Severity Associations with Neighborhood Deprivation. Prostate Cancer, 2011, 2011, 1-9.	0.6	32
116	Understanding childhood obesity in the US: the NIH environmental influences on child health outcomes (ECHO) program. International Journal of Obesity, 2020, 44, 617-627.	3.4	32
117	New Insights into Activity Patterns in Children, Found Using Functional Data Analyses. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2016, 48, 1723-1729.	0.4	31
118	Disparities in self-rated health across generations and through the life course. Social Science and Medicine, 2017, 174, 17-25.	3.8	31
119	Physical activity, black carbon exposure, and DNA methylation in the FOXP3 promoter. Clinical Epigenetics, 2017, 9, 65.	4.1	31
120	A common polymorphism in XRCC1 as a biomarker of susceptibility for chemically induced genetic damage. Biomarkers, 2003, 8, 408-414.	1.9	30
121	The association between benzo[a]pyrene-DNA adducts and body mass index, calorie intake and physical activity. Biomarkers, 2007, 12, 123-132.	1.9	30
122	Hey Mr. Sandman: dyadic effects of anxiety, depressive symptoms and sleep among married couples. Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2016, 39, 225-232.	2.1	30
123	Contextual Correlates of Physical Activity among Older Adults: A Neighborhood Environment-Wide Association Study (NE-WAS). Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 495-504.	2.5	30
124	Asthma, body mass, gender, and Hispanic national origin among 517 preschool children in New York City. Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2008, 63, 87-94.	5.7	29
125	Better cancer biomarker discovery through better study design. European Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2012, 42, 1350-1359.	3.4	28
126	Elevated polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon-DNA adducts in benign prostate and risk of prostate cancer in African Americans. Carcinogenesis, 2013, 34, 113-120.	2.8	28

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127	Prenatal phthalate and early childhood bisphenol AÂexposures increase asthma risk in inner-city children. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 2014, 134, 1195-1197.e2.	2.9	28
128	Vinyl flooring in the home is associated with children's airborne butylbenzyl phthalate and urinary metabolite concentrations. Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology, 2015, 25, 574-579.	3.9	28
129	Protecting Personally Identifiable Information When Using Online Geographic Tools for Public Health Research. American Journal of Public Health, 2016, 106, 206-208.	2.7	28
130	Business Data Categorization and Refinement for Application in Longitudinal Neighborhood Health Research: a Methodology. Journal of Urban Health, 2021, 98, 271-284.	3.6	28
131	Physical Activity and Asthma Symptoms among New York City Head Start Children. Journal of Asthma, 2009, 46, 803-809.	1.7	27
132	Patterns of Physical Activity Among Older Adults in New York City. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2015, 49, e13-e22.	3.0	27
133	Business Travel and Behavioral and Mental Health. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 60, 612-616.	1.7	27
134	Prenatal exposure to airborne polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and childhood growth trajectories from age 5–14†years. Environmental Research, 2019, 177, 108595.	7.5	27
135	Physical activity and quality of life in African American cancer survivors: The Detroit Research on Cancer Survivors study. Cancer, 2020, 126, 1987-1994.	4.1	27
136	Neighborhood physical disorder in New York City. Journal of Maps, 2016, 12, 53-60.	2.0	26
137	Molecular epidemiology of physical activity and cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 227-36.	2.5	26
138	Physical activity and lung cancer among non-smokers: a pilot molecular epidemiological study within EPIC. Biomarkers, 2010, 15, 20-30.	1.9	25
139	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon–DNA Adducts in Prostate and Biochemical Recurrence after Prostatectomy. Clinical Cancer Research, 2008, 14, 750-757.	7.0	24
140	Body Composition, Abdominal Fat Distribution, and Prostate-Specific Antigen Test Results. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 331-336.	2.5	24
141	Circulating Pro-Surfactant Protein B as a Risk Biomarker for Lung Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 1756-1761.	2.5	24
142	Relationship between Recreational Resources in the School Neighborhood and Changes in Fitness in New York City Public School Students. Journal of Urban Health, 2017, 94, 20-29.	3.6	24
143	Disparities in trajectories of changes in the unhealthy food environment in New York City: A latent class growth analysis, 1990–2010. Social Science and Medicine, 2019, 234, 112362.	3.8	24
144	Polymorphisms in glutathione S-transferase genes increase risk of prostate cancer biochemical recurrence differentially by ethnicity and disease severity. Cancer Causes and Control, 2009, 20, 1915-1926.	1.8	23

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145	Gene-by-social-environment interaction (GxSE) between ADCYAP1R1 genotype and neighborhood crime predicts major depression symptoms in trauma-exposed women. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 187, 147-150.	4.1	23
146	Neighborhood Disorder and Physical Activity among Older Adults: A Longitudinal Study. Journal of Urban Health, 2017, 94, 30-42.	3.6	23
147	Neighborhood Recreation Facilities and Facility Membership Are Jointly Associated with Objectively Measured Physical Activity. Journal of Urban Health, 2019, 96, 570-582.	3.6	23
148	Gestational weight gain and obesity, adiposity and body size in <scp>A</scp> fricanâ€" <scp>A</scp> merican and <scp>D</scp> ominican children in the <scp>B</scp> ronx and <scp>N</scp> orthern <scp>M</scp> anhattan. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2016, 12, 918-928.	3.0	22
149	Associations Among Neighborhood Characteristics and Sexual Risk Behavior Among Black and White MSM Living in a Major Urban Area. AIDS and Behavior, 2017, 21, 870-890.	2.7	22
150	Yoga Improves Academic Performance in Urban High School Students Compared to Physical Education: A Randomized Controlled Trial. Mind, Brain, and Education, 2016, 10, 105-116.	1.9	21
151	Obesity and Future Prostate Cancer Risk among Men after an Initial Benign Biopsy of the Prostate. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 898-904.	2.5	20
152	Business Travel and Self-rated Health, Obesity, and Cardiovascular Disease Risk Factors. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2011, 53, 358-363.	1.7	18
153	2â€Aminoâ€1â€methylâ€6â€phenylimidazo[4,5â€b]pyridine (PhIP)â€DNA adducts in benign prostate and subseq for prostate cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2013, 133, 961-971.	uent risk 5.1	18
154	Distinct trajectories of fruits and vegetables, dietary fat, and alcohol intake following a breast cancer diagnosis: the Pathways Study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2020, 179, 229-240.	2.5	18
155	Preliminary studies on the effect of moderate physical activity on blood levels of glutathione. Biomarkers, 2005, 10, 390-400.	1.9	17
156	The Economic Impact of Early Life Environmental Tobacco Smoke Exposure: Early Intervention for Developmental Delay. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2006, 114, 1585-1588.	6.0	17
157	Exhaled NO among inner-city children in New York City. Journal of Asthma, 2010, 47, 1015-1021.	1.7	17
158	Caseâ€only gene–environment interaction between <i>ALAD</i> tagSNPs and occupational lead exposure in prostate cancer. Prostate, 2014, 74, 637-646.	2.3	17
159	Socioeconomic vs Health-related Factors Associated With Google Searches for Gluten-Free Diet. Clinical Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2018, 16, 295-297.	4.4	17
160	Drop-And-Spin Virtual Neighborhood Auditing: Assessing Built Environment for Linkage to Health Studies. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2020, 58, 152-160.	3.0	17
161	Association between cesarean delivery types and obesity in preadolescence. International Journal of Obesity, 2020, 44, 2023-2034.	3.4	17
162	Racial differences in clinical and pathological associations with PhIP-DNA adducts in prostate. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 1319-1324.	5.1	16

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163	Overweight and obesity: Can we reconcile evidence about supermarkets and fast food retailers for public health policy?. Journal of Public Health Policy, 2013, 34, 424-438.	2.0	16
164	There Goes the Neighborhood Effect. Epidemiology, 2014, 25, 528-535.	2.7	16
165	High school sports programs differentially impact participation by sex. Journal of Sport and Health Science, 2015, 4, 282-288.	6.5	16
166	Quantifying Distance Overestimation From Global Positioning System in Urban Spaces. American Journal of Public Health, 2016, 106, 651-653.	2.7	16
167	Can Walkable Urban Design Play a Role in Reducing the Incidence of Obesity-Related Conditions?. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2016, 315, 2175.	7.4	16
168	Air pollution, urgent asthma medical visits and the modifying effect of neighborhood asthma prevalence. Pediatric Research, 2019, 85, 36-42.	2.3	16
169	Prenatal exposure to air pollution is associated with childhood inhibitory control and adolescent academic achievement. Environmental Research, 2021, 202, 111570.	7. 5	16
170	Physical activity and asthma symptoms among New York City Head Start Children. Journal of Asthma, 2009, 46, 803-9.	1.7	16
171	Physical characteristics of the environment and BMI of young urban children and their mothersâ~†â~†â~†. Health and Place, 2010, 16, 1182-1187.	3.3	15
172	Linking Practitioners' Attitudes Towards and Basic Knowledge of Immigrants with Their Social Work Education. Social Work Education, 2012, 31, 973-994.	1.3	15
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