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List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Lateral Lymph Nodes in Rectal Cancer: Do we all Think the Same? A Review of Multidisciplinary Obstacles and Treatment Recommendations. Clinical Colorectal Cancer, 2022, 21, 80-88.	2.3	6
2	Accelerated Partial Breast Irradiation Using External Beam or Intraoperative Electron Radiation Therapy: 5-Year Oncological Outcomes of a Prospective Cohort Study. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2022, 113, 570-581.	0.8	6
3	Quality of life and late toxicity after short-course radiotherapy followed by chemotherapy or chemoradiotherapy for locally advanced rectal cancer – The RAPIDO trial. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2022, 171, 69-76.	0.6	20
4	Short-course radiotherapy followed by chemotherapy before total mesorectal excision (TME) versus preoperative chemoradiotherapy, TME, and optional adjuvant chemotherapy in locally advanced rectal cancer (RAPIDO): a randomised, open-label, phase 3 trial. Lancet Oncology, The, 2021, 22, 29-42.	10.7	739
5	Interpreting the RAPIDO trial: factors to consider – Authors' reply. Lancet Oncology, The, 2021, 22, e90-e91.	10.7	2
6	Nationwide analysis of hospital variation in preoperative radiotherapy use for rectal cancer following guideline revision. European Journal of Surgical Oncology, 2020, 46, 486-494.	1.0	14
7	The 2017 Assisi Think Tank Meeting on rectal cancer: A positioning paper. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2020, 142, 6-16.	0.6	12
8	End-of-Life Trajectories of Patients With Hematological Malignancies and Patients With Advanced Solid Tumors Visiting the Emergency Department: The Need for a Proactive Integrated Care Approach. American Journal of Hospice and Palliative Medicine, 2020, 37, 692-700.	1.4	26
9	Applicator visualization using ultrashort echo time MRI for high-dose-rate endorectal brachytherapy. Brachytherapy, 2020, 19, 618-623.	0.5	4
10	Mesorectal radiotherapy for early stage rectal cancer: A novel target volume. Clinical and Translational Radiation Oncology, 2020, 21, 104-111.	1.7	10
11	Radiotherapy quality assurance for mesorectum treatment planning within the multi-center phase II STAR-TReC trial: Dutch results. Radiation Oncology, 2020, 15, 41.	2.7	3
12	Compliance and tolerability of short-course radiotherapy followed by preoperative chemotherapy and surgery for high-risk rectal cancer – Results of the international randomized RAPIDO-trial. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2020, 147, 75-83.	0.6	132
13	MRI cT1–2 rectal cancer staging accuracy: a population-based study. British Journal of Surgery, 2020, 107, 1372-1382.	0.3	43
14	EUS-guided fiducial marker placement for radiotherapy in rectal cancer: feasibility of two placement strategies and four fiducial types. Endoscopy International Open, 2019, 07, E1357-E1364.	1.8	10
15	Feasibility of Gold Fiducial Markers as a Surrogate for Gross Tumor Volume Position in Image-Guided Radiation Therapy of Rectal Cancer. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2019, 105, 1151-1159.	0.8	2
16	MRI visibility of gold fiducial markers for image-guided radiotherapy of rectal cancer. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2019, 132, 93-99.	0.6	15
17	The effect of time interval from chemoradiation to surgery on postoperative complications in patients with rectal cancer. European Journal of Surgical Oncology, 2019, 45, 1584-1591.	1.0	3
18	Patient explicit consideration of tradeoffs in decision making about rectal cancer treatment: benefits for decision process and quality of life. Acta Oncológica, 2019, 58, 1069-1076.	1.8	17

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19	Robust dose planning objectives for mesorectal radiotherapy of early stage rectal cancer – A multicentre dose planning study. Technical Innovations and Patient Support in Radiation Oncology, 2019, 11, 14-21.	1.9	12
20	Cross-Sectional Study on MRI Restaging After Chemoradiotherapy and Interval to Surgery in Rectal Cancer: Influence on Short- and Long-Term Outcomes. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2019, 26, 437-448.	1.5	13
21	Long-term Oncological and Functional Outcomes of Chemoradiotherapy Followed by Organ-Sparing Transanal Endoscopic Microsurgery for Distal Rectal Cancer. JAMA Surgery, 2019, 154, 47.	4.3	151
22	Benefit of adaptive CT-based treatment planning in high-dose-rate endorectal brachytherapy for rectal cancer. Brachytherapy, 2018, 17, 78-85.	0.5	3
23	Effectiveness and toxicity of conventional radiotherapy treatment for painful spinal metastases: a detailed course of side effects after opposing fields versus a single posterior field technique. Journal of Radiation Oncology, 2018, 7, 17-26.	0.7	11
24	Endorectal Brachytherapy Boost After External Beam Radiation Therapy in Elderly or Medically Inoperable Patients With Rectal Cancer: Primary Outcomes of the Phase 1 HERBERT Study. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2017, 98, 908-917.	0.8	59
25	Acute toxicity and surgical complications after preoperative (chemo)radiation therapy for rectal cancer in patients with inflammatory bowel disease. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2017, 123, 147-153.	0.6	21
26	Screening for psychological distress before radiotherapy for painful bone metastases may be useful to identify patients with high levels of distress. Acta OncolÃ ³ gica, 2017, 56, 1720-1727.	1.8	2
27	Can we <i>S</i> ave the rectum by watchful waiting or <i>T</i> rans <i>A</i> nal microsurgery following (chemo) <i>R</i> adiotherapy versus <i>T</i> otal mesorectal excision for early <i>RE</i> ctal <i>C</i> ancer (STAR-TREC study)?: protocol for a multicentre, randomised feasibility study. BMI Open, 2017, 7, e019474.	1.9	87
28	Course of Quality of Life After Radiation Therapy for Painful Bone Metastases: A Detailed Analysis From the Dutch Bone Metastasis Study. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2016, 95, 1391-1398.	0.8	29
29	International consensus guidelines on Clinical Target Volume delineation in rectal cancer. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2016, 120, 195-201.	0.6	141
30	Long-Term Health-Related Quality of Life in Patients With Rectal Cancer After Preoperative Short-Course and Long-Course (Chemo) Radiotherapy. Clinical Colorectal Cancer, 2016, 15, e93-e99.	2.3	19
31	The Quest for Evidence for Proton Therapy: Model-Based Approach and Precision Medicine. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2016, 95, 30-36.	0.8	105
32	Deciding about (neo-)adjuvant rectal and breast cancer treatment: Missed opportunities for shared decision making. Acta Oncológica, 2016, 55, 134-139.	1.8	68
33	A comprehensive longitudinal overview of health-related quality of life and symptoms after treatment for rectal cancer in the TME trial. Acta Oncológica, 2016, 55, 502-508.	1.8	44
34	No Increased Risk of Second Cancer After Radiotherapy in Patients Treated for Rectal or Endometrial Cancer in the Randomized TME, PORTEC-1, and PORTEC-2 Trials. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2015, 33, 1640-1646.	1.6	83
35	Considering patient values and treatment preferences enhances patient involvement in rectal cancer treatment decision making. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2015, 117, 338-342.	0.6	45
36	Organ preservation in rectal cancer: have all questions been answered?. Lancet Oncology, The, 2015, 16, e13-e22.	10.7	80

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37	Probabilities of benefit and harms of preoperative radiotherapy for rectal cancer: What do radiation oncologists tell and what do patients understand?. Patient Education and Counseling, 2015, 98, 1092-1098.	2.2	17
38	Acute toxicity after a diverting stoma and spacer prior to chemoradiation in locally advanced rectal cancer. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2015, 116, 107-111.	0.6	2
39	Which benefits and harms of preoperative radiotherapy should be addressed? A Delphi consensus study among rectal cancer patients and radiation oncologists. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2015, 114, 212-217.	0.6	18
40	Quality of Life in Relation to Pain Response toÂRadiation Therapy for Painful Bone Metastases. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2015, 93, 694-701.	0.8	57
41	Bowel Function 14 Years After Preoperative Short-Course Radiotherapy and Total Mesorectal Excision for Rectal Cancer: Report of a Multicenter Randomized Trial. Clinical Colorectal Cancer, 2015, 14, 106-114.	2.3	231
42	Feasibility of tailored follow-up for patients with early breast cancer. Breast, 2014, 23, 852-858.	2.2	6
43	Effect of age on response to palliative radiotherapy and quality of life in patients with painful bone metastases. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2014, 111, 264-269.	0.6	20
44	EURECCA consensus conference highlights about rectal cancer clinical management: The radiation oncologist's expert review. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2014, 110, 195-198.	0.6	61
45	EURECCA colorectal: Multidisciplinary management: European consensus conference colon & rectum. European Journal of Cancer, 2014, 50, 1.e1-1.e34.	2.8	349
46	Tumour regression grading after chemoradiotherapy for locally advanced rectal cancer: A near pathologic complete response does not translate into good clinical outcome. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2014, 112, 44-51.	0.6	49
47	Health-related quality of life 14years after preoperative short-term radiotherapy and total mesorectal excision for rectal cancer: Report of a multicenter randomised trial. European Journal of Cancer, 2014, 50, 2390-2398.	2.8	80
48	Preoperative radiotherapy combined with total mesorectal excision for resectable rectal cancer: 12-year follow-up of the multicentre, randomised controlled TME trial. Lancet Oncology, The, 2011, 12, 575-582.	10.7	1,508
49	Adaptive Conjoint Analysis as individual preference assessment tool: Feasibility through the internet and reliability of preferences. Patient Education and Counseling, 2010, 78, 224-233.	2.2	25
50	Methodologic evaluation of adaptive conjoint analysis to assess patient preferences: an application in oncology. Health Expectations, 2010, 13, 392-405.	2.6	12
51	Impact of Short-Term Preoperative Radiotherapy on Health-Related Quality of Life and Sexual Functioning in Primary Rectal Cancer: Report of a Multicenter Randomized Trial. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2005, 23, 1847-1858.	1.6	583
52	Radiotherapy is effective in patients with glioblastoma multiforme with a limited prognosis and in patients above 70 years of age: A retrospective single institution analysis. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2005, 75, 210-216.	0.6	49
53	High intrinsic apoptosis, but not radiation-induced apoptosis, predicts better survival in rectal carcinoma patients. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2003, 57, 434-443.	0.8	28
54	p53 expression in human rectal tissue after radiotherapy: upregulation in normal mucosa versus functional loss in rectal carcinomas. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2002, 52, 720-728.	0.8	20