

ValÃ©rie Le Corre

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

48
papers

4,074
citations

218677

26
h-index

214800

47
g-index

49
all docs

49
docs citations

49
times ranked

4915
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Lab meets field: Accelerated selection and field monitoring concur that non-target-site-based resistance evolves first in the dicotyledonous, allergenic weed <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> . <i>Plant Science</i> , 2022, 317, 111202.	3.6	2
2	A high diversity of mechanisms endows ALS-inhibiting herbicide resistance in the invasive common ragweed (<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> L.). <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 19904.	3.3	11
3	Harnessing the power of next-generation sequencing technologies to the purpose of high-throughput pesticide resistance diagnosis. <i>Pest Management Science</i> , 2020, 76, 543-552.	3.4	14
4	Adaptive introgression from maize has facilitated the establishment of teosinte as a noxious weed in Europe. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 25618-25627.	7.1	54
5	Intraspecific seasonal variation of dormancy and mortality of <i>Phelipanche ramosa</i> seeds. <i>Weed Research</i> , 2019, 59, 407-418.	1.7	10
6	Metapop: An individual-based model for simulating the evolution of tree populations in spatially and temporally heterogeneous landscapes. <i>Molecular Ecology Resources</i> , 2019, 19, 296-305.	4.8	4
7	Simulating changes in cropping practices in conventional and glyphosate-resistant maize. II. Weed impacts on crop production and biodiversity. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , 2017, 24, 13121-13135.	5.3	15
8	Relationship between weed dormancy and herbicide rotations: implications in resistance evolution. <i>Pest Management Science</i> , 2017, 73, 1994-1999.	3.4	25
9	Simulating changes in cropping practises in conventional and glyphosate-tolerant maize. I. Effects on weeds. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , 2017, 24, 11582-11600.	5.3	23
10	Is induction ability of seed germination of <i>Phelipanche ramosa</i> phylogenetically structured among hosts? A case study on Fabaceae species. <i>Genetica</i> , 2017, 145, 481-489.	1.1	8
11	Intermediate degrees of synergistic pleiotropy drive adaptive evolution in ecological time. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 1, 1551-1561.	7.8	89
12	New gSSR and EST-SSR markers reveal high genetic diversity in the invasive plant <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> L. and can be transferred to other invasive <i>Ambrosia</i> species. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0176197.	2.5	23
13	Choosing the best cropping systems to target pleiotropic effects when managing single-gene herbicide resistance in grass weeds. A blackgrass simulation study. <i>Pest Management Science</i> , 2016, 72, 1910-1925.	3.4	18
14	Assessment of phylogenetic signal in the germination ability of <i>Phelipanche ramosa</i> on <i>Brassicaceae</i> hosts. <i>Weed Research</i> , 2016, 56, 452-461.	1.7	10
15	Fitness cost due to herbicide resistance may trigger genetic background evolution. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2015, 69, 271-278.	2.3	35
16	Stochastic processes and crop types shape weed community assembly in arable fields. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2015, 26, 348-359.	2.2	28
17	Unexpected fast development of branched broomrape on slow-growing <i>Brassicaceae</i> . <i>Agronomy for Sustainable Development</i> , 2015, 35, 151-156.	5.3	6
18	Development of Microsatellite Markers in the Branched Broomrape <i>Phelipanche ramosa</i> L. (Pomel) and Evidence for Host-Associated Genetic Divergence. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2014, 15, 994-1002.	4.1	18

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19	Genetic diversity of the declining arable plant <i>Centaurea cyanus</i> : population fragmentation within an agricultural landscape is not associated with enhanced spatial genetic structure. <i>Weed Research</i> , 2014, 54, 436-444.	1.7	13
20	The interspecific and intraspecific variation of functional traits in weeds: diversified ecological strategies within arable fields. <i>Acta Botanica Gallica</i> , 2014, 161, 243-252.	0.9	23
21	Deciphering the evolution of herbicide resistance in weeds. <i>Trends in Genetics</i> , 2013, 29, 649-658.	6.7	462
22	<i>Phelipanche ramosa</i> (L.) Pomel populations differ in life-history and infection response to hosts. <i>Flora: Morphology, Distribution, Functional Ecology of Plants</i> , 2013, 208, 247-252.	1.2	16
23	Isolation and Characterisation of 11 Polymorphic Microsatellite Markers in <i>Papaver rhoeas</i> L. (Corn) <i>Trends in Plant Sciences</i> , 2013, 14, 470-479.	4.1	11
24	A new insight into arable weed adaptive evolution: mutations endowing herbicide resistance also affect germination dynamics and seedling emergence. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2013, 111, 681-691.	2.9	72
25	The genetic differentiation at quantitative trait loci under local adaptation. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2012, 21, 1548-1566.	3.9	278
26	High-throughput microsatellite isolation through 454 GS Titanium pyrosequencing of enriched DNA libraries. <i>Molecular Ecology Resources</i> , 2011, 11, 638-644.	4.8	276
27	Adaptive divergence for a fitness-related trait among invasive <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> populations in France. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2011, 20, 1378-1388.	3.9	64
28	Development of microsatellite markers in <i>Capsella rubella</i> and <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> (Brassicaceae). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2011, 98, e176-9.	1.7	1
29	High gene flow promotes the genetic homogeneity of arable weed populations at the landscape level. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2010, 11, 504-512.	2.7	37
30	Geographical variation in resistance to acetyl-coenzyme A carboxylase-inhibiting herbicides across the range of the arable weed <i>Alopecurus myosuroides</i> (blackgrass). <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2010, 186, 1005-1017.	7.3	103
31	Historical and contemporary dynamics of adaptive differentiation in European oaks. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2010, 19, 101-122.		29
32	The Scale of Population Structure in <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> . <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2010, 6, e1000843.	3.5	338
33	Variation in the gene encoding acetolactate synthase in <i>Lolium</i> species and proactive detection of mutant, herbicide-resistant alleles. <i>Weed Research</i> , 2009, 49, 326-336.	1.7	36
34	Genetic variation and population structure in blackgrass (<i>Alopecurus myosuroides</i> Huds.), a successful, herbicide-resistant, annual grass weed of winter cereal fields. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2007, 16, 3161-3172.	3.9	67
35	How to be early flowering: an evolutionary perspective. <i>Trends in Plant Science</i> , 2006, 11, 375-381.	8.8	143
36	Weed response to herbicides: regional scale distribution of herbicide resistance alleles in the grass weed <i>Alopecurus myosuroides</i> . <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2006, 171, 861-874.	7.3	72

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37	Evidence for a large-scale population structure among accessions of <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> : possible causes and consequences for the distribution of linkage disequilibrium. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2006, 15, 1507-1517.	3.9	122
38	Nested core collections maximizing genetic diversity in <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> . <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2004, 38, 193-202.	5.7	175
39	Nucleotide Variability at the Acetyl Coenzyme A Carboxylase Gene and the Signature of Herbicide Selection in the Grass Weed <i>Alopecurus myosuroides</i> (Huds.). <i>Molecular Biology and Evolution</i> , 2004, 21, 884-892.	8.9	39
40	Genetic Variability at Neutral Markers, Quantitative Trait Loci and Trait in a Subdivided Population Under Selection. <i>Genetics</i> , 2003, 164, 1205-1219.	2.9	211
41	DNA Polymorphism at the FRIGIDA Gene in <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> : Extensive Nonsynonymous Variation Is Consistent with Local Selection for Flowering Time. <i>Molecular Biology and Evolution</i> , 2002, 19, 1261-1271.	8.9	217
42	Sampling within the genome for measuring within-population diversity: trade-offs between markers. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2002, 11, 1145-1156.	3.9	129
43	Population differentiation for adaptive traits and their underlying loci in forest trees: theoretical predictions and experimental results. <i>Forestry Sciences</i> , 2000, , 59-74.	0.4	4
44	Geographical structure of gene diversity in <i>Quercus petraea</i> (Matt.) Liebl. III. Patterns of variation identified by geostatistical analyses. <i>Heredity</i> , 1998, 80, 464-473.	2.6	39
45	Colonization with long-distance seed dispersal and genetic structure of maternally inherited genes in forest trees: a simulation study. <i>Genetical Research</i> , 1997, 69, 117-125.	0.9	160
46	Genetic variation at allozyme and RAPD loci in sessile oak <i>Quercus petraea</i> (Matt.) Liebl.: the role of history and geography. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 1997, 6, 519-529.	3.9	85
47	Phylogeographic Structure of White Oaks Throughout the European Continent. <i>Genetics</i> , 1997, 146, 1475-1487.	2.9	437
48	Assessment of the type and degree of restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) in diploid species of the genus <i>Triticum</i> . <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 1995, 90, 1063-1067.	3.6	22