

Manuel Ángel GÃ³mez-Marcos

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

126
papers

2,535
citations

159525

30
h-index

276775

41
g-index

137
all docs

137
docs citations

137
times ranked

4314
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Abdominal obesity vs general obesity for identifying arterial stiffness, subclinical atherosclerosis and wave reflection in healthy, diabetics and hypertensive. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2012, 12, 3.	0.7	111
2	Increased plasma soluble endoglin levels as an indicator of cardiovascular alterations in hypertensive and diabetic patients. BMC Medicine, 2010, 8, 86.	2.3	93
3	Short-Term Effectiveness of a Mobile Phone App for Increasing Physical Activity and Adherence to the Mediterranean Diet in Primary Care: A Randomized Controlled Trial (EVIDENT II Study). Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2016, 18, e331.	2.1	72
4	Factors Associated with Adherence to the Mediterranean Diet in the Adult Population. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2014, 114, 583-589.	0.4	65
5	Association of metabolic syndrome and its components with arterial stiffness in Caucasian subjects of the MARK study: a cross-sectional trial. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2016, 15, 148.	2.7	61
6	Prevalence of cognitive impairment in individuals aged over 65 in an urban area: DERIVA study. BMC Neurology, 2011, 11, 147.	0.8	60
7	Effectiveness of brief interventions in primary health care settings to decrease alcohol consumption by adult non-dependent drinkers: a systematic review of systematic reviews. Preventive Medicine, 2015, 76, S33-S38.	1.6	59
8	Leisure and distress in caregivers for elderly patients. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2010, 50, 347-350.	1.4	57
9	Pulse pressure and nocturnal fall in blood pressure are predictors of vascular, cardiac and renal target organ damage in hypertensive patients (LOD-RISK study). Blood Pressure Monitoring, 2009, 14, 145-151.	0.4	54
10	Ambulatory arterial stiffness indices and target organ damage in hypertension. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2012, 12, 1.	0.7	54
11	Effectiveness of a smartphone application for improving healthy lifestyles, a randomized clinical trial (EVIDENT II): study protocol. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 254.	1.2	53
12	Physical exercise, fitness and dietary pattern and their relationship with circadian blood pressure pattern, augmentation index and endothelial dysfunction biological markers: EVIDENT study protocol. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 233.	1.2	50
13	Relationships between quality of life and family function in caregiver. BMC Family Practice, 2011, 12, 19.	2.9	50
14	Effectiveness of A Multifactorial Intervention in Increasing Adherence to the Mediterranean Diet among Patients with Diabetes Mellitus Type 2: A Controlled and Randomized Study (EMID Study). Nutrients, 2019, 11, 162.	1.7	48
15	Effectiveness of interventions applicable to primary health care settings to promote Mediterranean diet or healthy eating adherence in adults: A systematic review. Preventive Medicine, 2015, 76, S39-S55.	1.6	44
16	Comparison of two measuring instruments, B-pro and SphygmoCor system as reference, to evaluate central systolic blood pressure and radial augmentation index. Hypertension Research, 2012, 35, 617-623.	1.5	42
17	Cardio-ankle vascular index is associated with cardiovascular target organ damage and vascular structure and function in patients with diabetes or metabolic syndrome, LOD-DIABETES study: a case series report. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2015, 14, 7.	2.7	42
18	Protocol for Measuring Carotid Intima-Media Thickness That Best Correlates With Cardiovascular Risk and Target Organ Damage. American Journal of Hypertension, 2012, 25, 955-961.	1.0	41

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Relationship between intima-media thickness of the common carotid artery and arterial stiffness in subjects with and without type 2 diabetes: a case-series report. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2011, 10, 3.	2.7	39
20	Relationship of 24-h blood pressure variability with vascular structure and function in hypertensive patients. <i>Blood Pressure Monitoring</i> , 2013, 18, 101-106.	0.4	39
21	Relationship Between Uric Acid and Vascular Structure and Function in Hypertensive Patients and Sex-Related Differences. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2013, 26, 599-607.	1.0	37
22	The Association Between the Cardio-ankle Vascular Index and Other Parameters of Vascular Structure and Function in Caucasian Adults: MARK Study. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2015, 22, 901-911.	0.9	37
23	Association between different risk factors and vascular accelerated ageing (EVA study): study protocol for a cross-sectional, descriptive observational study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016, 6, e011031.	0.8	37
24	Relationship between ambulatory arterial stiffness index and subclinical target organ damage in hypertensive patients. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2011, 34, 180-186.	1.5	36
25	Relationship between objectively measured physical activity and cardiovascular aging in the general population – The EVIDENT trial. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2014, 233, 434-440.	0.4	36
26	Long-Term Effectiveness of a Smartphone App for Improving Healthy Lifestyles in General Population in Primary Care: Randomized Controlled Trial (Evident II Study). <i>JMIR MHealth and UHealth</i> , 2018, 6, e107.	1.8	36
27	Serum Superoxide Dismutase Is Associated with Vascular Structure and Function in Hypertensive and Diabetic Patients. <i>Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity</i> , 2016, 2016, 1-8.	1.9	35
28	Relationship between objectively measured physical activity and vascular structure and function in adults. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2014, 234, 366-372.	0.4	34
29	Sodium and potassium intake present a J-shaped relationship with arterial stiffness and carotid intima-media thickness. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2012, 225, 497-503.	0.4	33
30	Central blood pressure and pulse wave velocity: relationship to target organ damage and cardiovascular morbidity-mortality in diabetic patients or metabolic syndrome. An observational prospective study. LOD-DIABETES study protocol. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2010, 10, 143.	1.2	32
31	Plasma Cardiotrophin-1 as a Marker of Hypertension and Diabetes-Induced Target Organ Damage and Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Medicine (United States)</i> , 2015, 94, e1218.	0.4	31
32	Long-term Effectiveness of a Smartphone App Combined With a Smart Band on Weight Loss, Physical Activity, and Caloric Intake in a Population With Overweight and Obesity (Evident 3 Study): Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2022, 24, e30416.	2.1	29
33	Short- and long-term effectiveness of a smartphone application for improving measures of adiposity: A randomised clinical trial – EVIDENT II study. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Nursing</i> , 2018, 17, 552-562.	0.4	28
34	Effectiveness of an mHealth Intervention Combining a Smartphone App and Smart Band on Body Composition in an Overweight and Obese Population: Randomized Controlled Trial (EVIDENT 3 Study). <i>JMIR MHealth and UHealth</i> , 2020, 8, e21771.	1.8	28
35	A new tool to assess retinal vessel caliber. Reliability and validity of measures and their relationship with cardiovascular risk. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2012, 30, 770-777.	0.3	26
36	EVIDENT Smartphone App, a New Method for the Dietary Record: Comparison With a Food Frequency Questionnaire. <i>JMIR MHealth and UHealth</i> , 2019, 7, e11463.	1.8	26

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37	Improving interMediate Risk management. MARK study. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2011, 11, 61.	0.7	25
38	Association of Television Viewing Time With Central Hemodynamic Parameters and the Radial Augmentation Index in Adults. American Journal of Hypertension, 2013, 26, 488-494.	1.0	25
39	Vascular aging and its relationship with lifestyles and other risk factors in the general Spanish population: Early Vascular Ageing Study. Journal of Hypertension, 2020, 38, 1110-1122.	0.3	25
40	The Effectiveness of a Smartphone Application on Modifying the Intakes of Macro and Micronutrients in Primary Care: A Randomized Controlled Trial. The EVIDENT II Study. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 1473.	1.7	24
41	Glycemic markers and relation with arterial stiffness in Caucasian subjects of the MARK study. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0175982.	1.1	24
42	Relationships between high-sensitive C-reactive protein and markers of arterial stiffness in hypertensive patients. Differences by sex. BMC Cardiovascular Disorders, 2012, 12, 37.	0.7	23
43	Effects of a Psychological Intervention in a Primary Health Care Center for Caregivers of Dependent Relatives: A Randomized Trial. Gerontologist, The, 2013, 53, 397-406.	2.3	22
44	Ideal Cardiovascular Health and Arterial Stiffness in Spanish Adults—The EVIDENT Study. Journal of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases, 2018, 27, 1386-1394.	0.7	20
45	Combined use of smartphone and smartband technology in the improvement of lifestyles in the adult population over 65 years: study protocol for a randomized clinical trial (EVIDENT-Age study). BMC Geriatrics, 2019, 19, 19.	1.1	20
46	The Relationship of the Atlantic Diet with Cardiovascular Risk Factors and Markers of Arterial Stiffness in Adults without Cardiovascular Disease. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 742.	1.7	20
47	Valores de referencia de parámetros de rigidez arterial y su relación con los factores de riesgo cardiovascular en población española. Estudio EVA. Revista Española De Cardiología, 2020, 73, 43-52.	0.6	20
48	EVIDENT 3 Study. Medicine (United States), 2018, 97, e9633.	0.4	19
49	Relationship between Physical Activity and Plasma Fibrinogen Concentrations in Adults without Chronic Diseases. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e87954.	1.1	19
50	Gender differences in the progression of target organ damage in patients with increased insulin resistance: the LOD-DIABETES study. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2015, 14, 132.	2.7	18
51	Capacity adiposity indices to identify metabolic syndrome in subjects with intermediate cardiovascular risk (MARK study). PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0209992.	1.1	18
52	Peripheral and central arterial pressure and its relationship to vascular target organ damage in carotid artery, retina and arterial stiffness. Development and validation of a tool. The Vaso risk study. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 266.	1.2	17
53	Blood Pressure Circadian Pattern and Physical Exercise Assessment by Accelerometer and 7-Day Physical Activity Recall Scale. American Journal of Hypertension, 2014, 27, 665-673.	1.0	17
54	Clustering of lifestyle characteristics and their association with cardio-metabolic health: the Lifestyles and Endothelial Dysfunction (EVIDENT) study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 114, 943-951.	1.2	17

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55	Effects of kiwi consumption on plasma lipids, fibrinogen and insulin resistance in the context of a normal diet. <i>Nutrition Journal</i> , 2015, 14, 97.	1.5	16
56	Effectiveness of a multifactorial intervention based on an application for smartphones, heart-healthy walks and a nutritional workshop in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus in primary care (EMID): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e016191.	0.8	16
57	Using a smartphone app in changing cardiovascular risk factors: A randomized controlled trial (EVIDENT II study). <i>International Journal of Medical Informatics</i> , 2019, 125, 13-21.	1.6	16
58	Adiposity measures and arterial stiffness in primary care: the MARK prospective observational study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e016422.	0.8	15
59	Cardiovascular risk assessment in hypertensive patients with tests recommended by the European Guidelines on Hypertension. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2012, 19, 515-522.	0.8	14
60	Sedentary behaviour patterns and carotid intima-media thickness in Spanish healthy adult population. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2015, 239, 571-576.	0.4	14
61	Association between markers of glycemia and carotid intima-media thickness: the MARK study. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2016, 16, 203.	0.7	14
62	Abdominal obesity as a mediator of the influence of physical activity on insulin resistance in Spanish adults. <i>Preventive Medicine</i> , 2016, 82, 59-64.	1.6	14
63	Association of VAV2 and VAV3 polymorphisms with cardiovascular risk factors. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 41875.	1.6	14
64	The EVIDENT diet quality index is associated with cardiovascular risk and arterial stiffness in adults. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017, 17, 305.	1.2	14
65	Association Between Health-Related Quality of Life, Obesity, Fitness, and Sleep Quality in Young Adults: The Cuenca Adult Study. <i>Behavioral Sleep Medicine</i> , 2018, 16, 347-355.	1.1	14
66	Noninvasive validation of central and peripheral augmentation index estimated by a novel wrist-worn tonometer. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2018, 36, 2204-2214.	0.3	14
67	Combined use of a healthy lifestyle smartphone application and usual primary care counseling to improve arterial stiffness, blood pressure and wave reflections: a Randomized Controlled Trial (EVIDENT II Study). <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2019, 42, 852-862.	1.5	14
68	Yearly evolution of organ damage markers in diabetes or metabolic syndrome: data from the LOD-DIABETES study. <i>Cardiovascular Diabetology</i> , 2011, 10, 90.	2.7	13
69	Cognitive impairment and dependence of patients with diabetes older than 65 years old in an urban area (DERIVA study). <i>BMC Geriatrics</i> , 2016, 16, 33.	1.1	13
70	Moderate-to-vigorous physical activity as a mediator between sedentary behavior and cardiometabolic risk in Spanish healthy adults: a mediation analysis. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity</i> , 2015, 12, 78.	2.0	12
71	Reference values of arterial stiffness parameters and their association with cardiovascular risk factors in the Spanish population. The EVA Study. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed)</i> , 2020, 73, 43-52.	0.4	12
72	Adherence to the Mediterranean Diet in Spanish Population and Its Relationship with Early Vascular Aging according to Sex and Age: EVA Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 1025.	1.7	12

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73	Relationships of night/day heart rate ratio with carotid intima media thickness and markers of arterial stiffness. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2011, 217, 420-426.	0.4	11
74	A body shape index and vascular structure and function in Spanish adults (MARK study). <i>Medicine (United States)</i> , 2018, 97, e13299.	0.4	10
75	Effects of Cocoa-Rich Chocolate on Blood Pressure, Cardiovascular Risk Factors, and Arterial Stiffness in Postmenopausal Women: A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 1758.	1.7	10
76	Automatic image analyser to assess retinal vessel calibre (ALTAIR). A new tool to evaluate the thickness, area and length of the vessels of the retina. <i>International Journal of Medical Informatics</i> , 2020, 136, 104090.	1.6	10
77	Leukocyte Subtype Counts and Its Association with Vascular Structure and Function in Adults with Intermediate Cardiovascular Risk. MARK Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0119963.	1.1	10
78	Postprandial Effects of Breakfast Glycemic Index on Vascular Function among Young Healthy Adults: A Crossover Clinical Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2017, 9, 712.	1.7	9
79	Association between smoking status and the parameters of vascular structure and function in adults: results from the EVIDENT study. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2013, 13, 109.	0.7	8
80	Vascular and cognitive effects of cocoa-rich chocolate in postmenopausal women: a study protocol for a randomised clinical trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018, 8, e024095.	0.8	8
81	The Association of Dietary Intake with Arterial Stiffness and Vascular Ageing in a Population with Intermediate Cardiovascular Risk – A MARK Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2022, 14, 244.	1.7	8
82	Therapeutic implications of selecting the SCORE (European) versus the D'AGOSTINO (American) risk charts for cardiovascular risk assessment in hypertensive patients. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2009, 9, 17.	0.7	7
83	Physical activity program for patients with dementia and their relative caregivers: randomized clinical trial in Primary Health Care (AFISDEMyF study). <i>BMC Neurology</i> , 2014, 14, 63.	0.8	7
84	Hypertension and high ankle brachial index. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2019, 37, 92-98.	0.3	7
85	Carotid Intima-Media Thickness in Diabetics and Hypertensive Patients. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed)</i> , 2011, 64, 622-625.	0.4	6
86	Electrocardiographic Left Ventricular Hypertrophy Criteria and Ambulatory Blood Pressure Monitoring Parameters in Adults. <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2014, 27, 355-362.	1.0	6
87	Physical Activity and Adiposity Among Older Adults of the EVIDENT Study. <i>Journal of Aging and Physical Activity</i> , 2017, 25, 254-260.	0.5	6
88	Relationship between the presence of insomnia and walking physical activity and diet quality: A cross-sectional study in a sample of Spanish adults. <i>Medicina Clínica</i> , 2019, 152, 339-345.	0.3	6
89	Postprandial effects of breakfast glycaemic index on cognitive performance among young, healthy adults: A crossover clinical trial. <i>Nutritional Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 23, 1-7.	1.5	6
90	Effects of cocoa-rich chocolate on cognitive performance in postmenopausal women. A randomised clinical trial. <i>Nutritional Neuroscience</i> , 2022, 25, 1147-1158.	1.5	6

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91	Cocoa-rich chocolate and body composition in postmenopausal women: a randomised clinical trial. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2021, 125, 548-556.	1.2	6
92	Confirmatory factor analysis to assess the measure of adiposity that best fits the diagnosis of metabolic syndrome and relationship to physical activity in adults. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2013, 52, 1451-1459.	1.8	5
93	Relationship between target organ damage and blood pressure, retinal vessel calibre, oxidative stress and polymorphisms in VAV-2 and VAV-3 genes in patients with hypertension: a caseâ€“control study protocol (LOD-HipertensiÃ³n). <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2014, 4, e005112.	0.8	4
94	Evolution of target organ damage and haemodynamic parameters over 4â€“years in patients with increased insulin resistance: the LOD-DIABETES prospective observational study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016, 6, e010400.	0.8	4
95	Postprandial effect of breakfast glycaemic index on vascular function, glycaemic control and cognitive performance (BGI study): study protocol for a randomised crossover trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2016, 17, 516.	0.7	4
96	Association of Alk1 and Endoglin Polymorphisms with Cardiovascular Damage. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 9383.	1.6	4
97	Predictive Ability of Machine-Learning Methods for Vitamin D Deficiency Prediction by Anthropometric Parameters. <i>Mathematics</i> , 2022, 10, 616.	1.1	4
98	Comparative Effect of Antihypertensive Drugs in Improving Arterial Stiffness in Hypertensive Adults (RIGIPREV Study). A Protocol for Network Meta-Analysis. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 13353.	1.2	4
99	Relationship of Different Anthropometric Indices with Vascular Ageing in an Adult Population without Cardiovascular Diseaseâ€“EVA Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2022, 11, 2671.	1.0	4
100	Relationship of healthy vascular aging with lifestyle and metabolic syndrome in the general Spanish population. The EVA study. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed)</i> , 2021, 74, 854-861.	0.4	3
101	Association between measurements of arterial stiffness and target organ damage in a general Spanish population. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2021, 53, 345-356.	1.5	3
102	Association of Insulin Resistance with Vascular Ageing in a General Caucasian Population: An EVA Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2021, 10, 5748.	1.0	3
103	Early Diagnosis of Kidney Damage Associated with Tobacco Use: Preventive Application. <i>Journal of Personalized Medicine</i> , 2022, 12, 1032.	1.1	3
104	Validation of the automatic image analyser to assess retinal vessel calibre (<i>ALTAIR</i>): a prospective study protocol. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2014, 4, e006144.	0.8	2
105	Dietary glycaemic index and retinal microvasculature in adults: a cross-sectional study. <i>Nutrition Journal</i> , 2016, 15, 88.	1.5	2
106	Diet quality and carotid atherosclerosis in intermediate cardiovascular risk individuals. <i>Nutrition Journal</i> , 2017, 16, 40.	1.5	2
107	Behavioural intervention to reduce resistance in those attending adult day care centres: <sc>PROCENDIAS</sc> study protocol for a randomized clinical trial. <i>Journal of Advanced Nursing</i> , 2018, 74, 1402-1411.	1.5	2
108	Effectiveness of an intensive intervention to improve lifestyles in people with intermediate cardiovascular risk (DATE study): Study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. <i>Journal of Advanced Nursing</i> , 2018, 74, 957-967.	1.5	2

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109	Cocoa-Rich Chocolate and Quality of Life in Postmenopausal Women: A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 2754.	1.7	2
110	Behavioural intervention to reduce disruptive behaviours in adult day care centres users: A randomised clinical trial (PROCENDIAS study). <i>Journal of Advanced Nursing</i> , 2021, 77, 987-998.	1.5	2
111	Gut microbiota composition and arterial stiffness measured by pulse wave velocity: case-control study protocol (MIVAS study). <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e038933.	0.8	2
112	Sedentary Behaviour and Its Relationship with Early Vascular Ageing in the General Spanish Population: A Cross-Sectional Study. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 5450.	1.2	2
113	Agreement between the SCORE and D ² Agostino Scales for the Classification of High Cardiovascular Risk in Sedentary Spanish Patients. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2009, 6, 2800-2811.	1.2	1
114	Aortic flow propagation velocity in the assessment of arterial stiffness. <i>Anatolian Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2012, 12, 574-5.	0.4	1
115	Designing new diagnostic systems for the early detection of tobacco-associated chronic renal damage in patients of a primary care centre in Salamanca, Spain: an observational, prospective study protocol. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e032918.	0.8	1
116	Multivariate Analysis of Influence of Vitamin Intake on Vascular Function Parameters by Sex in the General Spanish Population: EVA Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020, 12, 643.	1.7	1
117	Effect of an intensive intervention on the increase of physical activity and the decrease of sedentary lifestyle in inactive postmenopausal. <i>Journal of Advanced Nursing</i> , 2021, 77, 2064-2072.	1.5	1
118	Response to: Reporting the results of a clinical trial across multiple papers, does it matter?. <i>European Journal of Cardiovascular Nursing</i> , 2021, 20, 620-621.	0.4	1
119	Vascular target organ damage in patients with Philadelphia negative myeloproliferative syndrome: A propensity score analysis. <i>Medicina Clínica</i> , 2021, , .	0.3	1
120	Retinal blood vessel calibre and vascular ageing in a general Spanish population: A EVA study. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2022, 52, e13684.	1.7	1
121	Reclassification by applying the Framingham equation 30 years to subjects with intermediate cardiovascular risk. MARK study. <i>Medicina Clínica</i> , 2019, 153, 351-356.	0.3	1
122	Parámetros de rigidez arterial en sujetos hipertensos y diabéticos comparados con controles. <i>Revista Española De Cardiología</i> , 2012, 65, 384-387.	0.6	0
123	Response to "Blood Pressure and Physical Activity: Time to Move (On)". <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2014, 27, 1126-1126.	1.0	0
124	Reclassification by applying the Framingham equation 30 years to subjects with intermediate cardiovascular risk. MARK study. <i>Medicina Clínica (English Edition)</i> , 2019, 153, 351-356.	0.1	0
125	Arterial stiffness in assessment of impaired left atrial function. <i>Anatolian Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 15, 814-815.	0.5	0
126	Vascular target organ damage in patients with Philadelphia negative myeloproliferative syndrome: A propensity score analysis. <i>Medicina Clínica (English Edition)</i> , 2022, 158, 503-508.	0.1	0