

Yuyan Han

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/7172949/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

34
papers

1,428
citations

331670

21
h-index

454955

30
g-index

35
all docs

35
docs citations

35
times ranked

2200
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cannabidiol and Cannabigerol Inhibit Cholangiocarcinoma Growth In Vitro via Divergent Cell Death Pathways. <i>Biomolecules</i> , 2022, 12, 854.	4.0	9
2	Creatine Alleviates Doxorubicin-Induced Liver Damage by Inhibiting Liver Fibrosis, Inflammation, Oxidative Stress, and Cellular Senescence. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021, 13, 41.	4.1	36
3	Genome-wide DNA methylation profiling of leukocytes identifies CpG methylation signatures of aggressive prostate cancer. <i>American Journal of Cancer Research</i> , 2021, 11, 968-978.	1.4	1
4	Epigenome-Wide Association Study of Prostate Cancer in African Americans Identifies DNA Methylation Biomarkers for Aggressive Disease. <i>Biomolecules</i> , 2021, 11, 1826.	4.0	7
5	Methylation of global DNA repeat LINE-1 and subtelomeric DNA repeats D4Z4 in leukocytes is associated with biochemical recurrence in African American prostate cancer patients. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2019, 40, 1055-1060.	2.8	4
6	Prolonged darkness reduces liver fibrosis in a mouse model of primary sclerosing cholangitis by miR-200b downregulation. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2017, 31, 4305-4324.	0.5	45
7	Methylation of subtelomeric repeat D4Z4 in peripheral blood leukocytes is associated with biochemical recurrence in localized prostate cancer patients. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2017, 38, 821-826.	2.8	7
8	LINE-1 methylation in peripheral blood leukocytes and clinical characteristics and prognosis of prostate cancer patients. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 94020-94027.	1.8	7
9	Inhibition of Mast Cell-Derived Histamine Decreases Human Cholangiocarcinoma Growth and Differentiation via c-Kit/Stem Cell Factor-Dependent Signaling. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2016, 186, 123-133.	3.8	61
10	miR-34a-dependent overexpression of Per1 decreases cholangiocarcinoma growth. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2016, 64, 1295-1304.	3.7	70
11	Liver Regeneration. , 2015, , 229-241.		0
12	Gonadotropin-Releasing Hormone Stimulates Biliary Proliferation by Paracrine/Autocrine Mechanisms. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2015, 185, 1061-1072.	3.8	18
13	Functional Role of Cellular Senescence in Biliary Injury. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2015, 185, 602-609.	3.8	46
14	Functional Role of MicroRNA-200 Family in Human Gall Bladder Cancer Stem Cells. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2015, 29, 45.7.	0.5	0
15	Prolonged exposure of cholestatic rats to complete dark inhibits biliary hyperplasia and liver fibrosis. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2014, 307, G894-G904.	3.4	31
16	Regulation of the Histamine/VEGF Axis by miR-125b during Cholestatic Liver Injury in Mice. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2014, 184, 662-673.	3.8	22
17	Formation of ultra-long nanoribbons by self-assembly of carbon dots and anionic oligomers for multi-colored fluorescence and electrical conduction. <i>Chemical Communications</i> , 2014, 50, 10244.	4.1	17
18	The functional role of microRNAs in alcoholic liver injury. <i>Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine</i> , 2014, 18, 197-207.	3.6	106

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Regulation of the Extrinsic Apoptotic Pathway by MicroRNA-21 in Alcoholic Liver Injury. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2014, 289, 27526-27539.	3.4	78
20	Overexpression of membrane metalloendopeptidase inhibits substance P stimulation of cholangiocarcinoma growth. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2014, 306, G759-G768.	3.4	24
21	Secretin Stimulates Biliary Cell Proliferation by Regulating Expression of MicroRNA 125b and MicroRNA let7a in Mice. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2014, 146, 1795-1808.e12.	1.3	83
22	Melatonin regulation of biliary functions. <i>Hepatobiliary Surgery and Nutrition</i> , 2014, 3, 35-43.	1.5	8
23	Recent advances in the morphological and functional heterogeneity of the biliary epithelium. <i>Experimental Biology and Medicine</i> , 2013, 238, 549-565.	2.4	64
24	Modulation of the biliary expression of arylalkylamine N-acetyltransferase alters the autocrine proliferative responses of cholangiocytes in rats. <i>Hepatology</i> , 2013, 57, 1130-1141.	7.3	41
25	Epigenetic Regulation of miR-34a Expression in Alcoholic Liver Injury. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2012, 181, 804-817.	3.8	126
26	Functional analysis of microRNAs in human hepatocellular cancer stem cells. <i>Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine</i> , 2012, 16, 160-173.	3.6	115
27	Role of stem cell factor and granulocyte colony-stimulating factor in remodeling during liver regeneration. <i>Hepatology</i> , 2012, 55, 209-221.	7.3	55
28	Interleukin-6 and its receptor, key players in hepatobiliary inflammation and cancer. <i>Translational Gastrointestinal Cancer</i> , 2012, 1, 58-70.	3.0	97
29	Aberrant Expression of the miR-17-92 Cluster in Human Cholangiocarcinoma Stem Cells. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2011, 140, S-889.	1.3	0
30	Melatonin Inhibits In Vivo Cholangiocarcinoma Growth by Enhanced Biliary Expression of Serotonin N-Acetyltransferase (AANAT) the Key Enzyme Involved in Melatonin Synthesis. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2011, 140, S-910.	1.3	0
31	Regulation of placenta growth factor by microRNA-125b in hepatocellular cancer. <i>Journal of Hepatology</i> , 2011, 55, 1339-1345.	3.7	117
32	Activation of alpha1-adrenergic receptors stimulate the growth of small mouse cholangiocytes Via calcium-dependent activation of nuclear factor of activated T cells 2 and specificity protein 1. <i>Hepatology</i> , 2011, 53, 628-639.	7.3	34
33	Melatonin exerts by an autocrine loop antiproliferative effects in cholangiocarcinoma; its synthesis is reduced favoring cholangiocarcinoma growth. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2011, 301, G623-G633.	3.4	46
34	Melatonin inhibits cholangiocyte hyperplasia in cholestatic rats by interaction with MT1 but not MT2 melatonin receptors. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2011, 301, G634-G643.	3.4	53