

Adeel Mahmood

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

25
papers

1,378
citations

471509

17
h-index

580821

25
g-index

26
all docs

26
docs citations

26
times ranked

1626
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Human health risk assessment of heavy metals via consumption of contaminated vegetables collected from different irrigation sources in Lahore, Pakistan. <i>Arabian Journal of Chemistry</i> , 2014, 7, 91-99.	4.9	332
2	Indigenous knowledge of medicinal plants from Leepa valley, Azad Jammu and Kashmir, Pakistan. <i>Journal of Ethnopharmacology</i> , 2012, 143, 338-346.	4.1	122
3	Indigenous knowledge of medicinal plants from Gujranwala district, Pakistan. <i>Journal of Ethnopharmacology</i> , 2013, 148, 714-723.	4.1	95
4	Ethnopharmacological studies of indigenous medicinal plants of Saravan region, Baluchistan, Iran. <i>Journal of Ethnopharmacology</i> , 2014, 153, 111-118.	4.1	93
5	Enrichment, geo-accumulation and risk surveillance of toxic metals for different environmental compartments from Mehmood Booti dumping site, Lahore city, Pakistan. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2016, 144, 2229-2237.	8.2	92
6	Organochlorine pesticides across the tributaries of River Ravi, Pakistan: Human health risk assessment through dermal exposure, ecological risks, source fingerprints and spatio-temporal distribution. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018, 618, 291-305.	8.0	78
7	Human health risk assessment and dietary intake of organochlorine pesticides through air, soil and food crops (wheat and rice) along two tributaries of river Chenab, Pakistan. <i>Food and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 2014, 71, 17-25.	3.6	63
8	Ethnomedicinal knowledge and relative importance of indigenous medicinal plants of Cholistan desert, Punjab Province, Pakistan. <i>Journal of Ethnopharmacology</i> , 2014, 155, 1263-1275.	4.1	53
9	Levels, distribution pattern and ecological risk assessment of organochlorines pesticides (OCPs) in water and sediments from two tributaries of the Chenab River, Pakistan. <i>Ecotoxicology</i> , 2014, 23, 1713-1721.	2.4	51
10	Indigenous knowledge of medicinal plants in Kotli Sattian, Rawalpindi district, Pakistan. <i>Journal of Ethnopharmacology</i> , 2014, 151, 820-828.	4.1	43
11	Dietary exposure and screening-level risk assessment of polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs) and dechloran plus (DP) in wheat, rice, soil and air along two tributaries of the River Chenab, Pakistan. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2015, 118, 57-64.	8.2	43
12	Levels, distribution profile, and risk assessment of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in water and sediment from two tributaries of the River Chenab, Pakistan. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , 2014, 21, 7847-7855.	5.3	42
13	Distribution, Congener Profile, and Risk of Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers and Dechlorane Plus in Water and Sediment From Two Tributaries of the Chenab River, Pakistan. <i>Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology</i> , 2015, 68, 83-91.	4.1	41
14	Indigenous knowledge of medicinal plants from Sudhanoti district (AJK), Pakistan. <i>Journal of Ethnopharmacology</i> , 2015, 168, 201-207.	4.1	40
15	Determination of toxic heavy metals in indigenous medicinal plants used in Rawalpindi and Islamabad cities, Pakistan. <i>Journal of Ethnopharmacology</i> , 2013, 148, 158-164.	4.1	38
16	Human health risk assessment, congener specific analysis and spatial distribution pattern of organochlorine pesticides (OCPs) through rice crop from selected districts of Punjab Province, Pakistan. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2015, 511, 354-361.	8.0	38
17	Ethnopharmacological importance of medicinal flora from the district of Vehari, Punjab province, Pakistan. <i>Journal of Ethnopharmacology</i> , 2015, 168, 66-78.	4.1	28
18	Nutritional status, antioxidant activity and total phenolic content of different fruits and vegetables's peels. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0265566.	2.5	17

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	A review on emerging persistent organic pollutants: Current scenario in Pakistan. Human and Ecological Risk Assessment (HERA), 2017, 23, 1-13.	3.4	15
20	Ecological risk assessment of an open dumping site at Mehmood Booti Lahore, Pakistan. Environmental Science and Pollution Research, 2017, 24, 17889-17899.	5.3	14
21	Polychlorinated biphenyl (PCBs) in rice grains and straw; risk surveillance, congener specific analysis, distribution and source apportionment from selected districts of Punjab Province, Pakistan. Science of the Total Environment, 2016, 543, 620-627.	8.0	12
22	Persistent organic pollutants in Pakistan: Potential threat to ecological integrities in terms of genotoxicity and oxidative stress. Human and Ecological Risk Assessment (HERA), 2017, 23, 1249-1271.	3.4	12
23	Antimicrobial activities of three species of family mimosaceae. Pakistan Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences, 2012, 25, 203-6.	0.2	8
24	Dietary and toxicity exposure of emerging persistent organic pollutants to human health through consumption of cereal crops from Pakistan. Human and Ecological Risk Assessment (HERA), 2017, 23, 655-663.	3.4	6
25	Assessment of risk management and control measures against coronavirus disease. Saudi Journal of Biological Sciences, 2021, 28, 3013-3020.	3.8	2