Norie Sawada

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

354 papers	9,730 citations	50276 46 h-index	79698 73 g-index
362 all docs	362 docs citations	362 times ranked	14144 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Genome-wide association study identifies 112 new loci for body mass index in the Japanese population. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 1458-1467.	21.4	380
2	The JPHC Study: Design and Some Findings on the Typical Japanese Diet. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2014, 44, 777-782.	1.3	313
3	Large-scale genome-wide association study in a Japanese population identifies novel susceptibility loci across different diseases. Nature Genetics, 2020, 52, 669-679.	21.4	304
4	Population-specific and trans-ancestry genome-wide analyses identify distinct and shared genetic risk loci for coronary artery disease. Nature Genetics, 2020, 52, 1169-1177.	21.4	206
5	Validity of Short and Long Self-Administered Food Frequency Questionnaires in Ranking Dietary Intake in Middle-Aged and Elderly Japanese in the Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study for the Next Generation (JPHC-NEXT) Protocol Area. Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 26, 420-432.	2.4	180
6	Consumption of n-3 Fatty Acids and Fish Reduces Risk of Hepatocellular Carcinoma. Gastroenterology, 2012, 142, 1468-1475.	1.3	164
7	Identification of 28 new susceptibility loci for type 2 diabetes in the Japanese population. Nature Genetics, 2019, 51, 379-386.	21.4	164
8	Attributable causes of cancer in Japan in 2005â€”systematic assessment to estimate current burden of cancer attributable to known preventable risk factors in Japan. Annals of Oncology, 2012, 23, 1362-1369.	1.2	152
9	Quality of diet and mortality among Japanese men and women: Japan Public Health Center based prospective study. BMJ, The, 2016, 352, i1209.	6.0	135
10	Association between type 2 diabetes and risk of cancer mortality: a pooled analysis of over 771,000 individuals in the Asia Cohort Consortium. Diabetologia, 2017, 60, 1022-1032.	6.3	132
11	Characterizing rare and low-frequency height-associated variants in the Japanese population. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 4393.	12.8	123
12	Association of Animal and Plant Protein Intake With All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality in a Japanese Cohort. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2019, 179, 1509.	5.1	120
13	Association of Diabetes With All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality in Asia. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e192696.	5.9	103
14	Tobacco Smoking and Mortality in Asia. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e191474.	5.9	102
15	Consumption of sodium and salted foods in relation to cancer and cardiovascular disease: the Japan Public Health Centerâ€“based Prospective Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 91, 456-464.	4.7	100
16	Burden of Total and Cause-Specific Mortality Related to Tobacco Smoking among Adults Aged â‰¥45 Years in Asia: A Pooled Analysis of 21 Cohorts. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001631.	8.4	98
17	Dietary patterns and all-cause, cancer, and cardiovascular disease mortality in Japanese men and women: The Japan public health center-based prospective study. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0174848.	2.5	96
18	Soy Intake and Breast Cancer Risk: An Evaluation Based on a Systematic Review of Epidemiologic Evidence Among the Japanese Population. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2014, 44, 282-295.	1.3	79

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Prediction of the 10â€year probability of gastric cancer occurrence in the <scp>J</scp>apanese population: the <scp>JPHC</scp> study cohort <scp>II</scp>. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 138, 320-331.	5.1	78
20	Overall and Central Obesity and Risk of Lung Cancer: A Pooled Analysis. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2018, 110, 831-842.	6.3	78
21	Isoflavone intake and risk of lung cancer: a prospective cohort study in Japan. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 91, 722-728.	4.7	77
22	Green tea consumption and gastric cancer in Japanese: a pooled analysis of six cohort studies. Gut, 2009, 58, 1323-1332.	12.1	76
23	Low Free Testosterone and Prostate Cancer Risk: A Collaborative Analysis of 20 Prospective Studies. European Urology, 2018, 74, 585-594.	1.9	75
24	Genetic polymorphisms of ADH1B, ADH1C and ALDH2, alcohol consumption, and the risk of gastric cancer: the Japan Public Health Center-based prospective study. Carcinogenesis, 2015, 36, 223-231.	2.8	69
25	Association of Breakfast Intake With Incident Stroke and Coronary Heart Disease. Stroke, 2016, 47, 477-481.	2.0	69
26	Changing trends in the prevalence of H. pylori infection in Japan (1908â€“2003): a systematic review and meta-regression analysis of 170,752 individuals. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 15491.	3.3	69
27	Risk and preventive factors for prostate cancer in Japan: The Japan Public Health Center-based prospective (JPHC) study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, 2-7.	2.4	67
28	Association of green tea consumption with mortality due to all causes and major causes of death in a Japanese population: the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study (JPHC Study). Annals of Epidemiology, 2015, 25, 512-518.e3.	1.9	66
29	Associations of All-Cause Mortality with Census-Based Neighbourhood Deprivation and Population Density in Japan: A Multilevel Survival Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e97802.	2.5	65
30	Genetic Predisposition to Ischemic Stroke. Stroke, 2017, 48, 253-258.	2.0	64
31	Body weight at age 20 years, subsequent weight change and breast cancer risk defined by estrogen and progesterone receptor statusâ€”the Japan public health centerâ€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2011, 129, 1214-1224.	5.1	63
32	Dietary fish, n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid consumption, and depression risk in Japan: a population-based prospective cohort study. Translational Psychiatry, 2017, 7, e1242-e1242.	4.8	62
33	Low-Carbohydrate Diet and Type 2 Diabetes Risk in Japanese Men and Women: The Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0118377.	2.5	61
34	Plasma 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentration and subsequent risk of total and site specific cancers in Japanese population: large case-cohort study within Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study cohort. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2018, 360, k671.	2.3	61
35	Meat Consumption and Colorectal Cancer Risk: An Evaluation Based on a Systematic Review of Epidemiologic Evidence Among the Japanese Population. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2014, 44, 641-650.	1.3	60
36	Smoking, Alcohol, and Biliary Tract Cancer Risk: A Pooling Project of 26 Prospective Studies. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 1263-1278.	6.3	60

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37	Increased Levels of Branched-Chain Amino Acid Associated With Increased Risk of Pancreatic Cancer in a Prospective Caseâ€“Control Study of a Large Cohort. Gastroenterology, 2018, 155, 1474-1482.e1.	1.3	59
38	Long-term Dietary Cadmium Intake and Cancer Incidence. Epidemiology, 2012, 23, 368-376.	2.7	58
39	Association of coffee intake with total and cause-specific mortality in a Japanese population: the Japan Public Health Centerâ€“based Prospective Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 101, 1029-1037.	4.7	58
40	Sustained Weight Loss and Risk of Breast Cancer in Women 50 Years and Older: A Pooled Analysis of Prospective Data. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2020, 112, 929-937.	6.3	58
41	Association of Sleep Duration With All- and Major-Cause Mortality Among Adults in Japan, China, Singapore, and Korea. JAMA Network Open, 2021, 4, e2122837.	5.9	58
42	10-Year risk of colorectal cancer: Development and validation of a prediction model in middle-aged Japanese men. Cancer Epidemiology, 2010, 34, 534-541.	1.9	56
43	Daily Total Physical Activity and Incident Stroke. Stroke, 2017, 48, 1730-1736.	2.0	55
44	Cigarette Smoking and Esophageal Cancer Risk: An Evaluation Based on a Systematic Review of Epidemiologic Evidence Among the Japanese Population. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 42, 63-73.	1.3	53
45	Alcohol and smoking and subsequent risk of prostate cancer in Japanese men: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2014, 134, 971-978.	5.1	52
46	High Dietary Acid Load Score Is Associated with Increased Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in Japanese Men: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€“based Prospective Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 146, 1076-1083.	2.9	52
47	GWAS identifies two novel colorectal cancer loci at 16q24.1 and 20q13.12. Carcinogenesis, 2018, 39, 652-660.	2.8	52
48	Diabetes and cancer risk: A Mendelian randomization study. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 712-719.	5.1	52
49	Fermented Soy Product Intake Is Inversely Associated with the Development of High Blood Pressure: The Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 147, 1749-1756.	2.9	51
50	Cigarette smoking and cervical cancer risk: an evaluation based on a systematic review and meta-analysis among Japanese women. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2019, 49, 77-86.	1.3	51
51	The association between midlife serum high-density lipoprotein and mild cognitive impairment and dementia after 19 years of follow-up. Translational Psychiatry, 2019, 9, 26.	4.8	50
52	12 new susceptibility loci for prostate cancer identified by genome-wide association study in Japanese population. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 4422.	12.8	49
53	Fish, nâ€‰â^'â€‰3 polyunsaturated fatty acids and nâ€‰â^'â€‰6 polyunsaturated fatty acids intake and breast cancer risk: The <scp>J</scp>apan <scp>P</scp>ublic <scp>H</scp>ealth <scp>C</scp>enterâ€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 137, 2915-2926.	5.1	48
54	Association of vegetable and fruit intake with gastric cancer risk among Japanese: a pooled analysis of four cohort studies. Annals of Oncology, 2014, 25, 1228-1233.	1.2	47

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55	Association between mortality and incidence rates of coronary heart disease and stroke: The Japan Public Health Center-based prospective (JPHC) study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2016, 222, 281-286.	1.7	47
56	Validity of a Self-Administered Food Frequency Questionnaire for Middle-Aged Urban Cancer Screenees: Comparison With 4-Day Weighed Dietary Records. Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 21, 447-458.	2.4	46
57	Coping strategies and risk of cardiovascular disease incidence and mortality: the Japan Public Health Center-based prospective Study. European Heart Journal, 2016, 37, 890-899.	2.2	45
58	Association of soy and fermented soy product intake with total and cause specific mortality: prospective cohort study. BMJ, The, 2020, 368, m34.	6.0	45
59	Transethnic Meta-Analysis of Genome-Wide Association Studies Identifies Three New Loci and Characterizes Population-Specific Differences for Coronary Artery Disease. Circulation Genomic and Precision Medicine, 2020, 13, e002670.	3.6	44
60	Association of high-density lipoprotein cholesterol concentration with different types of stroke and coronary heart disease: The Japan Public Health Center-based prospective (JPHC) study. Atherosclerosis, 2017, 265, 147-154.	0.8	43
61	Dietary acrylamide intake and risk of breast cancer: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€based Prospective Study. Cancer Science, 2018, 109, 843-853.	3.9	43
62	Physical inactivity, prolonged sedentary behaviors, and use of visual display terminals as potential risk factors for dry eye disease: JPHC-NEXT study. Ocular Surface, 2020, 18, 56-63.	4.4	42
63	Quantitative Assessment of the Retina Using OCT and Associations with Cognitive Function. Ophthalmology, 2020, 127, 107-118.	5.2	41
64	Alcohol consumptionâ€associated breast cancer incidence and potential effect modifiers: the Japan Public Health Centerâ€based Prospective Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2010, 127, 685-695.	5.1	40
65	Rice consumption is not associated with risk of cardiovascular disease morbidity or mortality in Japanese men and women: a large population-based, prospective cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 100, 199-207.	4.7	40
66	Plasma Organochlorines and Subsequent Risk of Prostate Cancer in Japanese Men: A Nested Caseâ€“Control Study. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2010, 118, 659-665.	6.0	39
67	Dietary arsenic intake and subsequent risk of cancer: the Japan Public Health Center-based (JPHC) Prospective Study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2013, 24, 1403-1415.	1.8	39
68	Fish, nâ€“3 PUFA consumption, and pancreatic cancer risk in Japanese: a large, population-based, prospective cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 1490-1497.	4.7	39
69	High hemoglobin A1c levels within the nonâ€diabetic range are associated with the risk of all cancers. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 138, 1741-1753.	5.1	39
70	Impact of Alcohol Intake and Drinking Patterns on Mortality From All Causes and Major Causes of Death in a Japanese Population. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 140-148.	2.4	39
71	Genomeâ€wide association study identifies gastric cancer susceptibility loci at 12q24.11â€12 and 20q11.21. Cancer Science, 2018, 109, 4015-4024.	3.9	39
72	Seaweed intake and risk of cardiovascular disease: the Japan Public Health Centerâ€“based Prospective (JPHC) Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 110, 1449-1455.	4.7	39

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73	Genome-wide association study identified new susceptible genetic variants in HLA class I region for hepatitis B virus-related hepatocellular carcinoma. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 7958.	3.3	38
74	Dietary fiber intake and total and cause-specific mortality: the Japan Public Health Center-based prospective study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 111, 1027-1035.	4.7	38
75	Association between adherence to the Japanese diet and all-cause and cause-specific mortality: the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 60, 1327-1336.	3.9	37
76	Coffee and tea consumption and mortality from all causes, cardiovascular disease and cancer: a pooled analysis of prospective studies from the Asia Cohort Consortium. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 51, 626-640.	1.9	37
77	Isoflavone intake and risk of gastric cancer: a population-based prospective cohort study in Japan. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 95, 147-154.	4.7	36
78	Dietary magnesium intake and risk of incident coronary heart disease in men: A prospective cohort study. Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 37, 1602-1608.	5.0	35
79	Validating the dietary inflammatory index using inflammatory biomarkers in a Japanese population: A cross-sectional study of the JPHC-FFQ validation study. Nutrition, 2020, 69, 110569.	2.4	35
80	Measures of body fatness and height in early and mid-to-late adulthood and prostate cancer: risk and mortality in The Pooling Project of Prospective Studies of Diet and Cancer. Annals of Oncology, 2020, 31, 103-114.	1.2	35
81	Cholesterol and egg intakes and the risk of type 2 diabetes: The Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 112, 1636-1643.	2.3	34
82	Dietary pattern and breast cancer risk in Japanese women: the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study (JPHC Study). British Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 115, 1769-1779.	2.3	34
83	Cruciferous Vegetable Intake Is Inversely Associated with Lung Cancer Risk among Current Nonsmoking Men in the Japan Public Health Center (JPHC) Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 147, 841-849.	2.9	34
84	Perceived stress level and risk of cancer incidence in a Japanese population: the Japan Public Health Center (JPHC)-based Prospective Study. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 12964.	3.3	34
85	Circulating sex hormones in relation to anthropometric, sociodemographic and behavioural factors in an international dataset of 12,300 men. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0187741.	2.5	34
86	Genome-wide association meta-analysis identifies GP2 gene risk variants for pancreatic cancer. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 3175.	12.8	34
87	Hepatitis B and C virus infection and risk of lymphoid malignancies: A population-based cohort study (JPHC Study). Cancer Epidemiology, 2015, 39, 562-566.	1.9	33
88	Dietary acid load and mortality among Japanese men and women: the Japan Public Health Centerâ€“based Prospective Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 106, 146-154.	4.7	33
89	Hepatitis B and C Virus Infection and Risk of Pancreatic Cancer: A Population-Based Cohort Study (JPHC) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /O	2.5	32
90	Association of leisure-time physical activity with total and cause-specific mortality: a pooled analysis of nearly a half million adults in the Asia Cohort Consortium. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 47, 771-779.	1.9	32

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91	Validity of selfâ€reported tooth counts and masticatory status study of a Japanese adult population. Journal of Oral Rehabilitation, 2018, 45, 393-398.	3.0	32
92	Plasma testosterone and sex hormoneâ€binding globulin concentrations and the risk of prostate cancer among Japanese men: A nested caseâ€control study. Cancer Science, 2010, 101, 2652-2657.	3.9	31
93	Association between green tea/coffee consumption and biliary tract cancer: A populationâ€based cohort study in Japan. Cancer Science, 2016, 107, 76-83.	3.9	31
94	Cigarette smoking and bladder cancer risk: an evaluation based on a systematic review of epidemiologic evidence in the Japanese population. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 46, 273-283.	1.3	31
95	Changes in the Employment Status and Risk of Stroke and Stroke Types. Stroke, 2017, 48, 1176-1182.	2.0	31
96	Green tea consumption and mortality in Japanese men and women: a pooled analysis of eight population-based cohort studies in Japan. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 34, 917-926.	5.7	31
97	Anthropometric Risk Factors for Cancers of the Biliary Tract in the Biliary Tract Cancers Pooling Project. Cancer Research, 2019, 79, 3973-3982.	0.9	31
98	Impact of Moderate-Intensity and Vigorous-Intensity Physical Activity on Mortality. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2018, 50, 715-721.	0.4	30
99	Body-Mass Index and Pancreatic Cancer Incidence: A Pooled Analysis of Nine Population-Based Cohort Studies With More Than 340,000 Japanese Subjects. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 245-252.	2.4	30
100	The Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study for the Next Generation (JPHC-NEXT): Study Design and Participants. Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 30, 46-54.	2.4	30
101	Non-High-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol and Risk of Stroke Subtypes and Coronary Heart Disease: The Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective (JPHC) Study. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2020, 27, 363-374.	2.0	30
102	Body size and weight change over adulthood and risk of breast cancer by menopausal and hormone receptor status: a pooled analysis of 20 prospective cohort studies. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 36, 37-55.	5.7	30
103	Association of dietary diversity with total mortality and major causes of mortality in the Japanese population: JPHC study. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 74, 54-66.	2.9	29
104	Body Mass Index and Subsequent Risk of Kidney Cancer: A Prospective Cohort Study in Japan. Annals of Epidemiology, 2010, 20, 466-472.	1.9	28
105	Diagnosed diabetes and premature death among middle-aged Japanese: results from a large-scale population-based cohort study in Japan (JPHC study). BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e007736-e007736.	1.9	28
106	Dietary consumption of antioxidant vitamins and subsequent lung cancer risk: The <scp>J</scp>apan <scp>P</scp>ublic <scp>H</scp>ealth <scp>C</scp>enterâ€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 142, 2441-2460.	5.1	28
107	Dietary Acrylamide Intake and Risk of Esophageal, Gastric, and Colorectal Cancer: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€“Based Prospective Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2019, 28, 1461-1468.	2.5	28
108	Working Hours and Risk of Acute Myocardial Infarction and Stroke Among Middle-Aged Japanese Menã€€â€• The Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study Cohort II â€•. Circulation Journal, 2019, 83, 1072-1079.	1.6	28

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109	Low carbohydrate diet and all cause and cause-specific mortality. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 2016-2024.	5.0	28
110	A Pooled Analysis of 15 Prospective Cohort Studies on the Association between Fruit, Vegetable, and Mature Bean Consumption and Risk of Prostate Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 1276-1287.	2.5	27
111	Dietary intake of antioxidant vitamins and risk of stroke: the Japan Public Health Centerâ€“based Prospective Study. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 71, 1179-1185.	2.9	27
112	Circulating isoflavone and lignan concentrations and prostate cancer risk: a metaâ€analysis of individual participant data from seven prospective studies including 2,828 cases and 5,593 controls. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 143, 2677-2686.	5.1	27
113	Dietary acrylamide intake and the risk of endometrial or ovarian cancers in Japanese women. Cancer Science, 2018, 109, 3316-3325.	3.9	26
114	Circulating inflammatory markers and colorectal cancer risk: A prospective caseâ€cohort study in Japan. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 143, 2767-2776.	5.1	26
115	Association of Alcohol Intake with the Risk of Malignant Lymphoma and Plasma Cell Myeloma in Japanese: A Population-Based Cohort Study (Japan Public Health Centerâ€“based Prospective Study). Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 429-434.	2.5	25
116	Evidence-based cancer prevention recommendations for Japanese. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2018, 48, 576-586.	1.3	25
117	A Collaborative Analysis of Individual Participant Data from 19 Prospective Studies Assesses Circulating Vitamin D and Prostate Cancer Risk. Cancer Research, 2019, 79, 274-285.	0.9	25
118	Body mass index and colorectal cancer risk: A Mendelian randomization study. Cancer Science, 2021, 112, 1579-1588.	3.9	25
119	Fiber intake and risk of subsequent prostate cancer in Japanese men. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 101, 118-125.	4.7	24
120	Circulating sex hormone levels and colorectal cancer risk in Japanese postmenopausal women: The JPHC nested caseâ€“control study. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 145, 1238-1244.	5.1	24
121	Coffee drinking and colorectal cancer and its subsites: A pooled analysis of 8 cohort studies in <scp>J</scp>apan. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 143, 307-316.	5.1	23
122	Dietary patterns and prostate cancer risk in Japanese: the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study (JPHC Study). Cancer Causes and Control, 2018, 29, 589-600.	1.8	23
123	Body Mass Index and Risks of Incident Ischemic Stroke Subtypes: The Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective (JPHC) Study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 29, 325-333.	2.4	23
124	Dietary Inflammatory Index Is Associated With Inflammation in Japanese Men. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2021, 8, 604296.	3.7	23
125	Socioeconomic Status Inconsistency and Risk of Stroke Among Japanese Middle-Aged Women. Stroke, 2014, 45, 2592-2598.	2.0	22
126	Coffee drinking and colorectal cancer risk: an evaluation based on a systematic review and meta-analysis among the Japanese population. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 46, 781-787.	1.3	22

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127	Coffee and green tea consumption in relation to brain tumor risk in a Japanese population. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 139, 2714-2721.	5.1	22
128	Plasma tea catechins and risk of cardiovascular disease in middle-aged Japanese subjects: The JPHC study. Atherosclerosis, 2018, 277, 90-97.	0.8	22
129	Revisit of an unanswered question by pooled analysis of eight cohort studies in Japan: Does cigarette smoking and alcohol drinking have interaction for the risk of esophageal cancer?. Cancer Medicine, 2019, 8, 6414-6425.	2.8	22
130	Workâ€“family conflict and self-rated health among Japanese workers: How household income modifies associations. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0169903.	2.5	22
131	Occupational sitting time and risk of all-cause mortality among Japanese workers. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2015, 41, 519-528.	3.4	22
132	Vitamin D Receptor Gene Polymorphism and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer: A Nested Case-Control Study. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0164648.	2.5	21
133	Inclusion of a Genetic Risk Score into a Validated Risk Prediction Model for Colorectal Cancer in Japanese Men Improves Performance. Cancer Prevention Research, 2017, 10, 535-541.	1.5	21
134	The relationship between vegetable/fruit consumption and gallbladder/bile duct cancer: A populationâ€based cohort study in <scp>J</scp>apan. International Journal of Cancer, 2017, 140, 1009-1019.	5.1	21
135	The association between adult attained height and sitting height with mortality in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0173117.	2.5	21
136	Helicobacter pylori infection, atrophic gastritis, and risk of pancreatic cancer: A population-based cohort study in a large Japanese population: the JPHC Study. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 6099.	3.3	21
137	Smoking and colorectal cancer: A pooled analysis of 10 populationâ€based cohort studies in Japan. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 148, 654-664.	5.1	21
138	Association of Anthropometric Characteristics with the Risk of Malignant Lymphoma and Plasma Cell Myeloma in a Japanese Population: A Population-Based Cohort Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 1623-1631.	2.5	20
139	Coping behaviors and suicide in the middle-aged and older Japanese general population: the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2014, 24, 199-205.	1.9	20
140	CYP1A1, GSTM1 and GSTT1 genetic polymorphisms and gastric cancer risk among Japanese: A nested caseâ€“control study within a largeâ€scale populationâ€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 139, 759-768.	5.1	20
141	Marital Transition and Risk of Stroke. Stroke, 2016, 47, 991-998.	2.0	20
142	Dietary patterns and colorectal cancer risk in middle-aged adults: AÂlarge population-based prospective cohort study. Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 37, 1019-1026.	5.0	20
143	Validity of a Self-administered Food Frequency Questionnaire for the Estimation of Acrylamide Intake in the Japanese Population: The JPHC FFQ Validation Study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 482-487.	2.4	20
144	Reproductive history and risk of cognitive impairment in Japanese women. Maturitas, 2019, 128, 22-28.	2.4	20

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145	Neighborhood Deprivation and Risk of Cancer Incidence, Mortality and Survival: Results from a Population-Based Cohort Study in Japan. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e106729.	2.5	19
146	The association of active and secondhand smoking with oral health in adults: Japan public health center-based study. Tobacco Induced Diseases, 2015, 13, 19.	0.6	19
147	Chocolate consumption and risk of stroke among men and women: A large population-based, prospective cohort study. Atherosclerosis, 2017, 260, 8-12.	0.8	19
148	High serum total cholesterol is associated with suicide mortality in Japanese women. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2017, 136, 259-268.	4.5	19
149	Smoking and Pancreatic Cancer Incidence: A Pooled Analysis of 10 Population-Based Cohort Studies in Japan. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2019, 28, 1370-1378.	2.5	19
150	Prediagnostic circulating inflammation biomarkers and esophageal squamous cell carcinoma: A caseâ€“cohort study in Japan. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 147, 686-691.	5.1	19
151	High-Negative Antiâ€“Helicobacter pylori IgG Antibody Titers and Long-Term Risk of Gastric Cancer: Results from a Large-Scale Population-Based Cohort Study in Japan. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2020, 29, 420-426.	2.5	19
152	Fermented soy products intake and risk of cardiovascular disease and total cancer incidence: The Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective study. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 75, 954-968.	2.9	19
153	Cigarette smoking, alcohol drinking, and oral cavity and pharyngeal cancer in the Japanese: a population-based cohort study in Japan. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2018, 27, 171-179.	1.3	19
154	Coping strategies and cancer incidence and mortality: The Japan Public Health Center-based prospective study. Cancer Epidemiology, 2016, 40, 126-133.	1.9	18
155	Dietary fiber intake and risk of breast cancer defined by estrogen and progesterone receptor status: the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2017, 28, 569-578.	1.8	18
156	Comparison of land use regression models for NO2 based on routine and campaign monitoring data from an urban area of Japan. Science of the Total Environment, 2018, 631-632, 1029-1037.	8.0	18
157	Smoking, Alcohol Consumption, and Risks for Biliary Tract Cancer and Intrahepatic Bile Duct Cancer. Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 29, 180-186.	2.4	18
158	Coffee, green tea and liver cancer risk: an evaluation based on a systematic review of epidemiologic evidence among the Japanese population. Japanese Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2019, 49, 972-984.	1.3	18
159	Cruciferous vegetable intake and mortality in middle-aged adults: A prospective cohort study. Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 38, 631-643.	5.0	18
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