Alice S Forster

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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		117625	1	.33252
135	4,301	34		59
papers	citations	h-index		g-index
138	138	138		4865
all docs	docs citations	times ranked		citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Barriers to cervical cancer screening attendance in England: a population-based survey. Journal of Medical Screening, 2009, 16, 199-204.	2.3	205
2	Parental attitudes to pre-pubertal HPV vaccination. Vaccine, 2007, 25, 1945-1952.	3.8	204
3	Awareness, knowledge, perceptions, and attitudes towards genetic testing for cancer risk among ethnic minority groups: a systematic review. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 503.	2.9	195
4	Testing positive for human papillomavirus in routine cervical screening: examination of psychosocial impact. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2004, 111, 1437-1443.	2.3	154
5	Barriers to cervical cancer screening among ethnic minority women: a qualitative study. Journal of Family Planning and Reproductive Health Care, 2015, 41, 248-254.	0.8	147
6	Validation of a measure of knowledge about human papillomavirus (HPV) using item response theory and classical test theory. Preventive Medicine, 2013, 56, 35-40.	3.4	146
7	Mothers' Attitudes towards Preventing Cervical Cancer through Human Papillomavirus Vaccination: A Qualitative Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1257-1261.	2.5	138
8	What do people fear about cancer? A systematic review and metaâ€synthesis of cancer fears in the general population. Psycho-Oncology, 2017, 26, 1070-1079.	2.3	121
9	Screening for prevention and early diagnosis of cancer American Psychologist, 2015, 70, 119-133.	4.2	120
10	Beliefs about the risk factors for cervical cancer in a British population sample. Preventive Medicine, 2004, 38, 745-753.	3.4	115
11	Mothers' and Adolescents' Beliefs about Risk Compensation following HPV Vaccination. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2009, 44, 446-451.	2.5	95
12	Experiences of cervical screening and barriers to participation in the context of an organised programme: a systematic review and thematic synthesis. Psycho-Oncology, 2017, 26, 161-172.	2.3	89
13	Predictors of interest in HPV vaccination: A study of British adolescents. Vaccine, 2009, 27, 2483-2488.	3.8	81
14	Women's responses to information about overdiagnosis in the UK breast cancer screening programme: a qualitative study: TableÂ1. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e002703.	1.9	78
15	Passport to Promiscuity or Lifesaver: Press Coverage of HPV Vaccination and Risky Sexual Behavior. Journal of Health Communication, 2010, 15, 205-217.	2.4	7 5
16	Women's experiences of repeated HPV testing in the context of cervical cancer screening: a qualitative study. Psycho-Oncology, 2007, 16, 196-204.	2.3	72
17	Body Dissatisfaction and Binge Eating in Obese Women: The Role of Restraint and Depression. Obesity, 2001, 9, 778-787.	4.0	71
18	Does lung cancer attract greater stigma than other cancer types?. Lung Cancer, 2015, 88, 104-107.	2.0	71

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Walking the tightrope: communicating overdiagnosis in modern healthcare. BMJ, The, 2016, 352, i348.	6.0	69
20	Socioeconomic inequalities in breast and cervical screening coverage in England: are we closing the gap?. Journal of Medical Screening, 2016, 23, 98-103.	2.3	69
21	Cancer Fear: Facilitator and Deterrent to Participation in Colorectal Cancer Screening. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 400-405.	2.5	67
22	Ethnicity-specific factors influencing childhood immunisation decisions among Black and Asian Minority Ethnic groups in the UK: a systematic review of qualitative research. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2017, 71, 544-549.	3.7	60
23	Influences on individuals' decisions to take up the offer of a health check: a qualitative study. Health Expectations, 2015, 18, 2437-2448.	2.6	55
24	Anxiety and distress following receipt of results from routine HPV primary testing in cervical screening: The psychological impact of primary screening (PIPS) study. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 2113-2121.	5.1	52
25	Prevalence of beliefs about actual and mythical causes of cancer and their association with socio-demographic and health-related characteristics: Findings from a cross-sectional survey in England. European Journal of Cancer, 2018, 103, 308-316.	2.8	50
26	The impact of believing you have had COVID-19 on self-reported behaviour: Cross-sectional survey. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0240399.	2.5	49
27	Predicting human papillomavirus vaccination behaviour among adolescent girls in England: results from a prospective survey. Journal of Family Planning and Reproductive Health Care, 2014, 40, 14-22.	0.8	47
28	Attitudes to HPV vaccination among ethnic minority mothers in the UK: An exploratory qualitative study. Hum Vaccin, 2009, 5, 105-110.	2.4	45
29	Knowledge of human papillomavirus (HPV) testing in the USA, the UK and Australia: an international survey. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2014, 90, 201-207.	1.9	44
30	Emotional response to testing positive for human papillomavirus at cervical cancer screening: a mixed method systematic review with meta-analysis. Health Psychology Review, 2021, 15, 395-429.	8.6	44
31	A qualitative systematic review of factors influencing parents' vaccination decision-making in the United Kingdom. SSM - Population Health, 2016, 2, 603-612.	2.7	42
32	Non-attendance at diabetic eye screening and risk of sight-threatening diabetic retinopathy: a population-based cohort study. Diabetologia, 2013, 56, 2187-2193.	6.3	39
33	Common methods of measuring â€~informed choice' in screening participation: Challenges and future directions. Preventive Medicine Reports, 2016, 4, 601-607.	1.8	39
34	Attitudes towards human papillomavirus vaccination: a qualitative study of vaccinated and unvaccinated girls aged 17-18 years. Journal of Family Planning and Reproductive Health Care, 2011, 37, 22-25.	0.8	37
35	Extending and validating a human papillomavirus (HPV) knowledge measure in a national sample of Canadian parents of boys. Preventive Medicine, 2016, 91, 43-49.	3.4	37
36	It's hard to reach the "hard-to-reach― the challenges of recruiting people who do not access preventative healthcare services into interview studies. International Journal of Qualitative Studies on Health and Well-being, 2018, 13, 1479582.	1.6	37

3

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37	Does the HPV vaccination programme have implications for cervical screening programmes in the UK?. Vaccine, 2014, 32, 1828-1833.	3.8	35
38	Decision-making about HPV vaccination in parents of boys and girls: A population-based survey in England and Wales. Vaccine, 2020, 38, 1040-1047.	3.8	33
39	Social Cognitive Mediators of Sociodemographic Differences in Colorectal Cancer Screening Uptake. BioMed Research International, 2015, 2015, 1-9.	1.9	32
40	Variation in cervical and breast cancer screening coverage in England: a cross-sectional analysis to characterise districts with atypical behaviour. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e007735.	1.9	32
41	Public awareness and healthcare professional advice for obesity as a risk factor for cancer in the UK: a cross-sectional survey. Journal of Public Health, 2018, 40, 797-805.	1.8	32
42	Cervical cancer and HPV: Awareness and vaccine acceptability among parents in Morocco. Vaccine, 2014, 32, 409-416.	3.8	31
43	Attitudes to HPV vaccination among mothers in the British Jewish community: Reasons for accepting or declining the vaccine. Vaccine, 2011, 29, 7350-7356.	3.8	30
44	Do health checks improve risk factor detection in primary care? Matched cohort study using electronic health records. Journal of Public Health, 2016, 38, 552-559.	1.8	30
45	Development and validation of measures to evaluate adolescents' knowledge about human papillomavirus (HPV), involvement in HPV vaccine decision-making, self-efficacy to receive the vaccine and fear and anxiety. Public Health, 2017, 147, 77-83.	2.9	29
46	Anticipated shame and worry following an abnormal Pap test result: The impact of information about HPV. Preventive Medicine, 2009, 48, 415-419.	3.4	28
47	Attitudes towards cytology and human papillomavirus self-sample collection for cervical screening among Hindu women in London, UK: a mixed methods study. Journal of Family Planning and Reproductive Health Care, 2015, 41, 38-47.	0.8	28
48	Effect of HPV vaccination and cervical cancer screening in England by ethnicity: a modelling study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2018, 3, e44-e51.	10.0	28
49	Enhanced invitation methods and uptake of health checks in primary care: randomised controlled trial and cohort study using electronic health records. Health Technology Assessment, 2016, 20, 1-92.	2.8	28
50	Survey of public definitions of the term â€~overdiagnosis' in the UK. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e010723.	1.9	27
51	The psychosexual impact of testing positive for highâ€risk cervical human papillomavirus (HPV): A systematic review. Psycho-Oncology, 2019, 28, 1959-1970.	2.3	27
52	Association between human papillomavirus vaccine status and other cervical cancer risk factors. Vaccine, 2014, 32, 4310-4316.	3.8	26
53	High-Risk Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Infection and Cervical Cancer Prevention in Britain: Evidence of Differential Uptake of Interventions from a Probability Survey. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 842-853.	2.5	26
54	Understanding adolescents' intentions to have the HPV vaccine. Vaccine, 2010, 28, 1673-1676.	3.8	25

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55	Changes in Detection of Retinopathy in Type 2 Diabetes in the First 4 Years of a Population-Based Diabetic Eye Screening Program. Diabetes Care, 2013, 36, 2663-2669.	8.6	23
56	Discussing a diagnosis of human papillomavirus oropharyngeal cancer with patients: An exploratory qualitative study of health professionals. Head and Neck, 2016, 38, 394-401.	2.0	22
57	A cluster randomised feasibility study of an adolescent incentive intervention to increase uptake of HPV vaccination. British Journal of Cancer, 2017, 117, 1121-1127.	6.4	21
58	Diagnosing cancer in patients with â€~non-alarm' symptoms: Learning from diagnostic care innovations in Denmark. Cancer Epidemiology, 2018, 54, 101-103.	1.9	21
59	A cross-sectional survey of awareness of human papillomavirus-associated oropharyngeal cancers among general practitioners in the UK. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e023339.	1.9	20
60	Psychosocial impact of human papillomavirus-related head and neck cancer on patients and their partners: A qualitative interview study. European Journal of Cancer Care, 2019, 28, e12999.	1.5	20
61	Human papillomavirus (HPV) information needs: a theoretical framework. Journal of Family Planning and Reproductive Health Care, 2009, 35, 29-33.	0.8	18
62	Factors associated with the human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccination across three countries following vaccination introduction. Preventive Medicine Reports, 2017, 8, 169-176.	1.8	18
63	An Experimental Investigation of the Emotional and Motivational Impact of HPV Information in Adolescents. Journal of Adolescent Health, 2009, 45, 532-534.	2.5	17
64	Discussing HPV with oropharyngeal cancer patients: A cross-sectional survey of attitudes in health professionals. Oral Oncology, 2017, 68, 67-73.	1.5	17
65	A cross-sectional survey assessing factors associated with reading cancer screening information: previous screening behaviour, demographics and decision-making style. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 327.	2.9	17
66	Promoting Early Presentation of Breast Cancer in Older Women: Implementing an Evidence-Based Intervention in Routine Clinical Practice. Journal of Cancer Epidemiology, 2012, 2012, 1-6.	1.1	16
67	A lack of information engagement among colorectal cancer screening non-attenders: cross-sectional survey. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 659.	2.9	16
68	Health care professionals' attitudes towards population-based genetic testing and risk-stratification for ovarian cancer: a cross-sectional survey. BMC Women's Health, 2017, 17, 132.	2.0	15
69	UK Women's Views of the Concepts of Personalised Breast Cancer Risk Assessment and Risk-Stratified Breast Screening: A Qualitative Interview Study. Cancers, 2021, 13, 5813.	3.7	15
70	Girls' explanations for being unvaccinated or under vaccinated against human papillomavirus: a content analysis of survey responses. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 1278.	2.9	14
71	Psychological Impact of Primary Screening (PIPS) for HPV: a protocol for a cross-sectional evaluation within the NHS cervical screening programme. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e014356.	1.9	14
72	Attendance at early recall and colposcopy in routine cervical screening with human papillomavirus testing. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 148, 1850-1857.	5.1	14

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73	Non-speculum sampling approaches for cervical screening in older women: randomised controlled trial. British Journal of General Practice, 2022, 72, e26-e33.	1.4	14
74	What do you think you're looking at? Investigating social cognition in young offenders. Criminal Behaviour and Mental Health, 2007, 17, 101-106.	0.8	13
75	Self-Reported And Objectively Recorded Colorectal Cancer Screening Participation In England. Journal of Medical Screening, 2016, 23, 17-23.	2.3	13
76	Perspectives of non-attenders for cervical cancer screening in Norway: a qualitative focus group study. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e029505.	1.9	13
77	Countering Vaccine Hesitancy among Pregnant Women in England: The Case of Boostrix-IPV. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 4984.	2.6	13
78	Exploring human papillomavirus vaccination refusal among ethnic minorities in England: A comparative qualitative study. Psycho-Oncology, 2017, 26, 1278-1284.	2.3	11
79	Assessing the acceptability of incentivising HPV vaccination consent form return as a means of increasing uptake. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 382.	2.9	11
80	Enhanced Invitations Using the Question-Behavior Effect and Financial Incentives to Promote Health Check Uptake in Primary Care. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2018, 52, 594-605.	2.9	11
81	Are Health Care Professionals Prepared to Implement Human Papillomavirus Testing? A Review of Psychosocial Determinants of Human Papillomavirus Test Acceptability in Primary Cervical Cancer Screening. Journal of Women's Health, 2020, 29, 390-405.	3.3	11
82	Psychosexual distress following routine primary human papillomavirus testing: a longitudinal evaluation within the English Cervical Screening Programme. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2021, 128, 745-754.	2.3	11
83	Influences on university students' intention to receive recommended vaccines: a cross-sectional survey. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e016544.	1.9	11
84	Information needs among women taking part in primary HPV screening in England: a content analysis. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e044630.	1.9	11
85	Promoting early presentation of breast cancer: a preliminary evaluation of a written intervention. Chronic Illness, 2014, 10, 18-30.	1.5	10
86	Predictors of Human Papillomavirus Awareness and Knowledge in 2013. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2015, 49, e5-e7.	3.0	10
87	Acceptability of intranasal live attenuated influenza vaccine, influenza knowledge and vaccine intent in The Gambia. Vaccine, 2018, 36, 1772-1780.	3.8	10
88	Decisionâ€making about cervical screening in a heterogeneous sample of nonparticipants: A qualitative interview study. Psycho-Oncology, 2018, 27, 2488-2493.	2.3	10
89	Offering an app to book cervical screening appointments: A service evaluation. Journal of Medical Screening, 2020, 27, 85-89.	2.3	10
90	Testing positive for Human Papillomavirus (HPV) at primary HPV cervical screening: A qualitative exploration of women's information needs and preferences for communication of results. Preventive Medicine Reports, 2021, 24, 101529.	1.8	10

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91	Associations between diagnostic time intervals and health-related quality of life, clinical anxiety and depression in adolescents and young adults with cancer: cross-sectional analysis of the BRIGHTLIGHT cohort. British Journal of Cancer, 2022, 126, 1725-1734.	6.4	10
92	Testing key messages about extending cervical screening intervals. Patient Education and Counseling, 2022, 105, 2757-2762.	2.2	10
93	Maximising the acceptability of extended time intervals between screens in the NHS Cervical Screening Programme: An online experimental study. Journal of Medical Screening, 2021, 28, 333-340.	2.3	9
94	Print and online newspaper coverage of the link between HPV and oral cancer in the UK: a mixed-methods study. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e008740.	1.9	9
95	Awareness, attitudes and acceptability of the HPV vaccine among female university students in Morocco. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0266081.	2.5	9
96	Adolescents' beliefs about their parents' human papillomavirus vaccination decisions. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2010, 117, 229-233.	2.3	8
97	Information on 'Overdiagnosis' in Breast Cancer Screening on Prominent United Kingdom- and Australia-Oriented Health Websites. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0152279.	2.5	8
98	Sociodemographic and psychological determinants of influenza vaccine intention among recipients of autologous and allogeneic haematopoietic stem cell transplant: a cross-sectional survey of UK transplant recipients using a modified health belief model. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e021222.	1.9	8
99	Challenges to optimising uptake and delivery of a HPV vaccination programme for men who have sex with men. Human Vaccines and Immunotherapeutics, 2019, 15, 1541-1543.	3.3	8
100	Exploring reasons for variations in anxiety after testing positive for human papillomavirus with normal cytology: a comparative qualitative study. Psycho-Oncology, 2021, 30, 84-92.	2.3	8
101	Factors Affecting Delivery of the HPV Vaccination: A Focus Group Study With NHS School-Aged Vaccination Teams in London. Journal of School Nursing, 2020, 36, 135-143.	1.4	7
102	Distinct Illness Representation Profiles Are Associated With Anxiety in Women Testing Positive for Human Papillomavirus. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2022, 56, 78-88.	2.9	7
103	Patterns of anxiety and distress over 12 months following participation in HPV primary screening. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2021, , sextrans-2020-054780.	1.9	7
104	Socio-demographic correlates of cervical cancer risk factor knowledge among screening non-participants in Great Britain. Preventive Medicine, 2019, 125, 1-4.	3.4	6
105	Political and Public Responses to Human Papillomavirus Vaccination. , 2020, , 363-377.		6
106	Completeness of reporting and risks of overstating impact in cluster randomised trials: a systematic review. The Lancet Global Health, 2021, 9, e1163-e1168.	6.3	6
107	Targeted encouragement of GP consultations for possible cancer symptoms: a randomised controlled trial. British Journal of General Practice, 2021, 71, e339-e346.	1.4	6
108	Role of ethnicity in human papillomavirus vaccination uptake: a cross-sectional study of girls from ethnic minority groups attending London schools. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e014527.	1.9	5

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109	Women's Intentions to Engage in Risk-Reducing Behaviours after Receiving Personal Ovarian Cancer Risk Information: An Experimental Survey Study. Cancers, 2020, 12, 3543.	3.7	5
110	Measuring patient experience of diagnostic care and acceptability of testing. Diagnosis, 2021, 8, 317-321.	1.9	5
111	Micro actions in colorectal cancer screening participation: a population-based survey study. BMC Cancer, 2015, 15, 438.	2.6	4
112	Factors affecting uptake of childhood vaccination in the UK: a thematic synthesis. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, S36.	13.7	4
113	"Promoting Early Presentation―intervention sustains increased breast cancer awareness in older women for three years: A randomized controlled trial. Journal of Medical Screening, 2017, 24, 163-165.	2.3	4
114	Promoting early presentation of breast cancer in older women: sustained effect of an intervention to promote breast cancer awareness in routine clinical practice. BMC Health Services Research, 2017, 17, 386.	2.2	4
115	Attitudes towards a programme of risk assessment and stratified management for ovarian cancer: a focus group study of UK South Asians' perspectives. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e021782.	1.9	4
116	A qualitative exploration of using financial incentives to improve vaccination uptake via consent form return in female adolescents in London. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0237805.	2.5	4
117	Examining Facilitators of HPV Vaccination Uptake in Men Who Have Sex with Men: A Cross-Sectional Survey Design. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 7713.	2.6	4
118	Which young women are not being vaccinated against HPV? Cross-sectional analysis of a UK national cohort study. Vaccine, 2021, 39, 5934-5939.	3.8	4
119	Taking stock and looking ahead: Behavioural science lessons for implementing the nonavalent human papillomavirus vaccine. European Journal of Cancer, 2016, 62, 96-102.	2.8	3
120	A protocol for a cluster randomised feasibility study of an adolescent incentive intervention to increase uptake of HPV vaccination among girls. Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2017, 3, 13.	1.2	3
121	Using affective judgement to increase physical activity in British adults. Health Promotion International, 2018, 33, 648-656.	1.8	3
122	Exploring the psychosexual impact and disclosure experiences of women testing positive for highâ€risk cervical human papillomavirus. British Journal of Health Psychology, 2023, 28, 62-79.	3.5	2
123	Dr Waller and Colleagues Reply. Journal of Medical Screening, 2010, 17, 52-52.	2.3	1
124	The role of healthcare professionals in HPV communication with head and neck cancer patients: A narrative synthesis of qualitative studies. European Journal of Cancer Care, 2020, 29, e13241.	1.5	1
125	Developing Reporting Guidelines for Social Media Research (RESOME) by Using a Modified Delphi Method: Protocol for Guideline Development. JMIR Research Protocols, 2022, 11, e31739.	1.0	1
126	Why do electronic health records reveal oral anticoagulant prescription after haemorrhagic stroke?. British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 2015, 79, 1037-1039.	2.4	0

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127	Improving postal survey response using behavioural science: a nested randomised control trial. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2021, 21, 280.	3.1	0
128	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237805.		0
129	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237805.		0
130	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237805.		0
131	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237805.		O
132	The impact of believing you have had COVID-19 on self-reported behaviour: Cross-sectional survey. , 2020, 15, e0240399.		0
133	The impact of believing you have had COVID-19 on self-reported behaviour: Cross-sectional survey., 2020, 15, e0240399.		O
134	The impact of believing you have had COVID-19 on self-reported behaviour: Cross-sectional survey. , 2020, 15, e0240399.		0
135	The impact of believing you have had COVID-19 on self-reported behaviour: Cross-sectional survey. , 2020, 15, e0240399.		О