

Jennifer L Cornish

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

84
papers

4,056
citations

109321

35
h-index

123424

61
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88
all docs

88
docs citations

88
times ranked

3634
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The effect of adolescent social isolation on vulnerability for methamphetamine addiction behaviours in female rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2022, 239, 1129-1141.	3.1	1
2	Cannabidiol but not cannabidiolic acid reduces behavioural sensitisation to methamphetamine in rats, at pharmacologically effective doses. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2022, 239, 1593-1603.	3.1	2
3	Four hypothalamic peptides and their impact on drug-seeking behaviour: A prefrontal cortex view. <i>Addiction Neuroscience</i> , 2022, 2, 100018.	1.3	0
4	Oxytocin as an adolescent treatment for methamphetamine addiction after early life stress in male and female rats. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2022, 47, 1561-1573.	5.4	5
5	The vagus nerve mediates the suppressing effects of peripherally administered oxytocin on methamphetamine self-administration and seeking in rats. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 46, 297-304.	5.4	37
6	Adolescent oxytocin administration reduces depression-like behaviour induced by early life stress in adult male and female rats. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 110, 110279.	4.8	9
7	The impact of early life stress on the central oxytocin system and susceptibility for drug addiction: Applicability of oxytocin as a pharmacotherapy. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , 2020, 110, 114-132.	6.1	34
8	The effect of chronic oxytocin treatment during abstinence from methamphetamine self-administration on incubation of craving, reinstatement, and anxiety. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2020, 45, 597-605.	5.4	31
9	Sign tracking predicts cue-induced but not drug-primed reinstatement to methamphetamine seeking in rats: Effects of oxytocin treatment. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2020, 34, 1271-1279.	4.0	16
10	Differential effects of GABAA receptor activation in the prelimbic and orbitofrontal cortices on anxiety. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2020, 237, 3237-3247.	3.1	8
11	Maternal separation changes maternal care, anxiety-like behaviour and expression of paraventricular oxytocin and corticotrophin-releasing factor immunoreactivity in lactating rats. <i>Journal of Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2020, 32, e12861.	2.6	21
12	Inhibitory regulation of the prefrontal cortex following behavioral sensitization to amphetamine and/or methamphetamine psychostimulants: A review of GABAergic mechanisms. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 95, 109681.	4.8	21
13	Oxytocin treatment in the prelimbic cortex reduces relapse to methamphetamine-seeking and is associated with reduced activity in the rostral nucleus accumbens core. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2019, 183, 64-71.	2.9	17
14	A Neuroethics Framework for the Australian Brain Initiative. <i>Neuron</i> , 2019, 101, 365-369.	8.1	11
15	The role of the vasopressin V1A receptor in oxytocin modulation of methamphetamine primed reinstatement. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2018, 133, 1-11.	4.1	37
16	Cannabidiol treatment reduces the motivation to self-administer methamphetamine and methamphetamine-primed relapse in rats. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2018, 32, 1369-1378.	4.0	56
17	A Comparison of Methamphetamine-Induced Psychosis and Schizophrenia: A Review of Positive, Negative, and Cognitive Symptomatology. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2018, 9, 491.	2.6	85
18	Randomised pilot study of cannabis cue exposure: Reducing cue reactivity while building tolerance. <i>Clinical Psychologist</i> , 2018, 22, 126-136.	0.8	7

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19	Pharmacotherapeutic agents in the treatment of methamphetamine dependence. <i>Expert Opinion on Investigational Drugs</i> , 2017, 26, 563-578.	4.1	97
20	Behavioral sensitization to methamphetamine induces specific interneuronal mRNA pathology across the prelimbic and orbitofrontal cortices. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2017, 77, 42-48.	4.8	11
21	The behavioral effects of chronic sugar and/or caffeine consumption in adult and adolescent rats.. <i>Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 131, 348-358.	1.2	5
22	Oxytocin in the nucleus accumbens core reduces reinstatement of methamphetamine-seeking behaviour in rats. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2016, 21, 316-325.	2.6	69
23	Chronic Methamphetamine Self-Administration Dysregulates Oxytocin Plasma Levels and Oxytocin Receptor Fibre Density in the Nucleus Accumbens Core and Subthalamic Nucleus of the Rat. <i>Journal of Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2016, 28, .	2.6	28
24	Quantitative shotgun proteomics reveals extensive changes to the proteome of the orbitofrontal cortex in rats that are hyperactive following withdrawal from a high sugar diet. <i>Proteomics</i> , 2016, 16, 657-673.	2.2	10
25	Adolescent pre-treatment with oxytocin protects against adult methamphetamine-seeking behavior in female rats. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2016, 21, 304-315.	2.6	43
26	Effects of acute and chronic systemic methamphetamine on respiratory, cardiovascular and metabolic function, and cardiorespiratory reflexes. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2016, 594, 763-780.	2.9	67
27	Extended exposure to sugar and/or caffeine produces distinct behavioral and neurochemical profiles in the orbitofrontal cortex of rats: Implications for neural function. <i>Proteomics</i> , 2016, 16, 2894-2910.	2.2	2
28	GABAergic mRNA expression is differentially expressed across the prelimbic and orbitofrontal cortices of rats sensitized to methamphetamine: Relevance to psychosis. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2016, 111, 107-118.	4.1	17
29	The neurocircuitry involved in oxytocin modulation of methamphetamine addiction. <i>Frontiers in Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2016, 43, 1-18.	5.2	43
30	Quantitative Proteomic Analysis of the Orbital Frontal Cortex in Rats Following Extended Exposure to Caffeine Reveals Extensive Changes to Protein Expression: Implications for Neurological Disease. <i>Journal of Proteome Research</i> , 2016, 15, 1455-1471.	3.7	8
31	GABAergic mRNA expression is upregulated in the prefrontal cortex of rats sensitized to methamphetamine. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2016, 297, 224-230.	2.2	23
32	Mechanisms that contribute to central methamphetamine induced hyperthermia. <i>Autonomic Neuroscience: Basic and Clinical</i> , 2015, 192, 64.	2.8	0
33	Inhibition of Histone Deacetylases Facilitates Extinction and Attenuates Reinstatement of Nicotine Self-Administration in Rats. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0124796.	2.5	27
34	Comparison of noradrenaline, dopamine and serotonin in mediating the tachycardic and thermogenic effects of methamphetamine in the ventral medial prefrontal cortex. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 295, 209-220.	2.3	13
35	The orexin-1 receptor antagonist SB-334867 decreases anxiety-like behavior and c-Fos expression in the hypothalamus of rats exposed to cat odor. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2015, 278, 563-568.	2.2	28
36	Methamphetamine-Induced Sensitization Is Associated with Alterations to the Proteome of the Prefrontal Cortex: Implications for the Maintenance of Psychotic Disorders. <i>Journal of Proteome Research</i> , 2015, 14, 397-410.	3.7	36

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37	The Involvement of Oxytocin in the Subthalamic Nucleus on Relapse to Methamphetamine-Seeking Behaviour. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0136132.	2.5	33
38	Behavioral and Neural Substrates of Habit Formation in Rats Intravenously Self-Administering Nicotine. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2014, 39, 2584-2593.	5.4	53
39	The orexin-1 receptor antagonist SB-334867 attenuates anxiety in rats exposed to cat odor but not the elevated plus maze: An investigation of Trial 1 and Trial 2 effects. <i>Hormones and Behavior</i> , 2014, 65, 294-300.	2.1	37
40	Proteomic analysis of the dorsal and ventral hippocampus of rats maintained on a high fat and refined sugar diet. <i>Proteomics</i> , 2013, 13, 3076-3091.	2.2	25
41	High levels of intravenous mephedrone (4-methylmethcathinone) self-administration in rats: Neural consequences and comparison with methamphetamine. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2013, 27, 823-836.	4.0	82
42	Oxytocin modulates dopamine-mediated reward in the rat subthalamic nucleus. <i>Hormones and Behavior</i> , 2013, 63, 370-375.	2.1	35
43	Catecholamine receptors differentially mediate impulsive choice in the medial prefrontal and orbitofrontal cortex. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2013, 27, 203-212.	4.0	53
44	Respiratory, metabolic and cardiac functions are altered by disinhibition of subregions of the medial prefrontal cortex. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2013, 591, 6069-6088.	2.9	46
45	A.5 - METHAMPHETAMINE-INDUCED BEHAVIOURAL SENSITIZATION IS ASSOCIATED WITH GLOBAL CHANGES TO THE GABAERGIC PROFILE OF THE RAT PREFRONTAL CORTEX. <i>Behavioural Pharmacology</i> , 2013, 24, e23-e24.	1.7	0
46	F.3 - THE ROLE OF HISTONE ACETYLATION IN THE ACQUISITION, EXTINCTION AND REINSTATEMENT OF NICOTINE SELF-ADMINISTRATION IN RATS. <i>Behavioural Pharmacology</i> , 2013, 24, e50.	1.7	0
47	Cocaine Tolerance in Honey Bees. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e64920.	2.5	20
48	Long-Term Effects of Chronic Oral Ritalin Administration on Cognitive and Neural Development in Adolescent Wistar Kyoto Rats. <i>Brain Sciences</i> , 2012, 2, 375-404.	2.3	16
49	Regional c-Fos and FosB/Δ ² FosB expression associated with chronic methamphetamine self-administration and methamphetamine-seeking behavior in rats. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2012, 206, 100-114.	2.3	48
50	Oxytocin directly administered into the nucleus accumbens core or subthalamic nucleus attenuates methamphetamine-induced conditioned place preference. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2012, 228, 185-193.	2.2	88
51	MDMA-induced c-Fos expression in oxytocin-containing neurons is blocked by pretreatment with the 5-HT-1A receptor antagonist WAY 100635. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 2011, 86, 65-73.	3.0	41
52	Serotonin 5-HT ₄ receptors in the nucleus accumbens are specifically involved in the appetite suppressant and not locomotor stimulant effects of MDMA (Δ ² -ecstasy ^Δ ™). <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2011, 213, 355-363.	3.1	24
53	Systemically administered oxytocin decreases methamphetamine activation of the subthalamic nucleus and accumbens core and stimulates oxytocinergic neurons in the hypothalamus. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2010, 15, 448-463.	2.6	119
54	The Roles of Dopamine and Related Compounds in Reward-Seeking Behavior Across Animal Phyla. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 4, 163.	2.0	132

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55	Oxytocin decreases methamphetamine self-administration, methamphetamine hyperactivity, and relapse to methamphetamine-seeking behaviour in rats. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2010, 58, 38-43.	4.1	138
56	Re-evaluation of an animal model for ADHD using a free-operant choice task. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Methods</i> , 2009, 176, 166-171.	2.5	30
57	High ambient temperature increases intravenous methamphetamine self-administration on fixed and progressive ratio schedules in rats. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2008, 22, 100-110.	4.0	16
58	High ambient temperature increases 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA, "ecstasy")-induced Fos expression in a region-specific manner. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2007, 145, 764-774.	2.3	43
59	A role for oxytocin and 5-HT1A receptors in the prosocial effects of 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine ("ecstasy"). <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2007, 146, 509-514.	2.3	207
60	Repeated weekly exposure to MDMA, methamphetamine or their combination: Long-term behavioural and neurochemical effects in rats. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2007, 86, 183-190.	3.2	60
61	MDMA, methamphetamine and their combination: possible lessons for party drug users from recent preclinical research. <i>Drug and Alcohol Review</i> , 2007, 26, 9-15.	2.1	41
62	Intravenous methamphetamine self-administration in rats: Effects of intravenous or intraperitoneal MDMA co-administration. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2006, 85, 454-463.	2.9	24
63	Investigation of the potential pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic drug interaction between AHN 1-055, a potent benzotropane analog used for cocaine abuse, and cocaine after dosing in rats using intracerebral microdialysis. <i>Biopharmaceutics and Drug Disposition</i> , 2006, 27, 229-240.	1.9	6
64	Cocaine and heroin ("speedball") self-administration: the involvement of nucleus accumbens dopamine and $\frac{1}{4}$ -opiate, but not $\frac{1}{2}$ -opiate receptors. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2005, 180, 21-32.	3.1	33
65	Neural activation during cat odor-induced conditioned fear and "trial 2" fear in rats. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , 2005, 29, 1265-1277.	6.1	61
66	Pharmacodynamic Assessment of the Benzotropane Analogues AHN-1055 and AHN-2005 Using Intracerebral Microdialysis to Evaluate Brain Dopamine Levels and Pharmacokinetic/Pharmacodynamic Modeling. <i>Pharmaceutical Research</i> , 2005, 22, 603-612.	3.5	29
67	MDMA ("Ecstasy") and methamphetamine combined: Order of administration influences hyperthermic and long-term adverse effects in female rats. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2005, 49, 195-207.	4.1	42
68	Chronic Fluoxetine Treatment Partly Attenuates the Long-Term Anxiety and Depressive Symptoms Induced by MDMA ("Ecstasy") in Rats. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2004, 29, 694-704.	5.4	79
69	Preexposure to MDMA ("Ecstasy") delays acquisition but facilitates MDMA-induced reinstatement of amphetamine self-administration behavior in rats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2004, 79, 331-342.	2.9	17
70	MDMA ("ecstasy"), methamphetamine and their combination: long-term changes in social interaction and neurochemistry in the rat. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2004, 173, 318-325.	3.1	72
71	Increased anxiety and "depressive" symptoms months after MDMA ("ecstasy") in rats: drug-induced hyperthermia does not predict long-term outcomes. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2003, 168, 465-474.	3.1	79
72	Heat increases 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine self-administration and social effects in rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2003, 482, 339-341.	3.5	68

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73	Pre-exposure to the cannabinoid receptor agonist CP 55,940 enhances morphine behavioral sensitization and alters morphine self-administration in Lewis rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2003, 465, 105-114.	3.5	57
74	Repeated cocaine administration into the rat ventral tegmental area produces behavioral sensitization to a systemic cocaine challenge. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2001, 126, 205-209.	2.2	38
75	Cocaine Sensitization and Craving. <i>Journal of Addictive Diseases</i> , 2001, 20, 43-54.	1.3	102
76	Glutamate Transmission in the Nucleus Accumbens Mediates Relapse in Cocaine Addiction. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2000, 20, RC89-RC89.	3.6	460
77	A role for nucleus accumbens glutamate transmission in the relapse to cocaine-seeking behavior. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 1999, 93, 1359-1367.	2.3	228
78	INHIBITION OF CARDIAC BAROREFLEX SENSITIVITY AFTER CENTRAL DOPAMINERGIC STIMULATION. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , 1998, 25, 624-626.	1.9	6
79	A role for sensitization in craving and relapse in cocaine addiction. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 1998, 12, 49-53.	4.0	230
80	Cocaine Craving and Paranoia: A Combination of Pharmacology and Learning. <i>Psychiatric Annals</i> , 1998, 28, 569-574.	0.1	9
81	A functional interaction between the mesolimbic dopamine system and vasopressin release in the regulation of blood pressure in conscious rats. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 1997, 81, 69-78.	2.3	25
82	Regional expression of c-fos in rat brain following stimulation of the ventral tegmental area. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1996, 220, 17-20.	2.1	10
83	Stimulation of the rat mesolimbic dopaminergic system produces a pressor response which is mediated by dopamine D-1 and D-2 receptor activation and the release of vasopressin. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1995, 701, 28-38.	2.2	36
84	Pressor responses to electrical and chemical stimulation of the rat brain A10 dopaminergic system. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1994, 176, 142-146.	2.1	29