

VÃ©ronique Deroche-Gamonet

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

33
papers

3,742
citations

279798

23
h-index

414414

32
g-index

35
all docs

35
docs citations

35
times ranked

3448
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Addicted to Habits or to Sense of Control?. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2022, 91, 1003-1004.	1.3	0
2	The temporal origin of dentate granule neurons dictates their role in spatial memory. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 26, 7130-7140.	7.9	13
3	The relevance of animal models of addiction. <i>Addiction</i> , 2020, 115, 16-17.	3.3	8
4	Varenicline Targets the Reinforcing-Enhancing Effect of Nicotine on Its Associated Salient Cue During Nicotine Self-administration in the Rat. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 13, 159.	2.0	10
5	Depleting adult dentate gyrus neurogenesis increases cocaine-seeking behavior. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 24, 312-320.	7.9	31
6	Not all smokers appear to seek nicotine for the same reasons: implications for preclinical research in nicotine dependence. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2019, 24, 317-334.	2.6	18
7	Individual Variations in the Mechanisms of Nicotine Seeking: A Key for Research on Nicotine Dependence. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2017, 42, 584-586.	5.4	12
8	Differential Control of Cocaine Self-Administration by GABAergic and Glutamatergic CB1 Cannabinoid Receptors. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2016, 41, 2192-2205.	5.4	43
9	Frequency of Cocaine Self-Administration Influences Drug Seeking in the Rat: Optogenetic Evidence for a Role of the Prelimbic Cortex. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2014, 39, 2317-2330.	5.4	51
10	Psychobiology of cocaine addiction: Contribution of a multi-symptomatic animal model of loss of control. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2014, 76, 437-449.	4.1	64
11	Pregnenolone Can Protect the Brain from Cannabis Intoxication. <i>Science</i> , 2014, 343, 94-98.	12.6	247
12	A general theory of transition to addiction it was and a general theory of transition to addiction it is. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2014, 231, 3929-3937.	3.1	11
13	A multistep general theory of transition to addiction. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2013, 229, 387-413.	3.1	172
14	Prefrontal synaptic markers of cocaine addiction-like behavior in rats. <i>Molecular Psychiatry</i> , 2013, 18, 729-737.	7.9	147
15	The mGluR2/3 Agonist LY379268 Induced Anti-Reinstatement Effects in Rats Exhibiting Addiction-like Behavior. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2013, 38, 2048-2056.	5.4	58
16	Responses to Novelty and Vulnerability to Cocaine Addiction: Contribution of a Multi-Symptomatic Animal Model. <i>Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Medicine</i> , 2012, 2, a011940-a011940.	6.2	113
17	A decrease in gamma-synuclein expression within the nucleus accumbens increases cocaine intravenous self-administration in the rat. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2011, 16, 120-123.	2.6	3
18	High-Novelty-Preference Rats are Predisposed to Compulsive Cocaine Self-administration. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2011, 36, 569-579.	5.4	227

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	PRECLINICAL STUDY: Mifepristone and spironolactone differently alter cocaine intravenous self-administration and cocaine-induced locomotion in C57BL/6J mice. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2010, 15, 81-87.	2.6	30
20	Transition to Addiction Is Associated with a Persistent Impairment in Synaptic Plasticity. <i>Science</i> , 2010, 328, 1709-1712.	12.6	319
21	Stress and addiction: glucocorticoid receptor in dopaminergic neurons facilitates cocaine seeking. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 12, 247-249.	14.8	156
22	Pattern of Intake and Drug Craving Predict the Development of Cocaine Addiction-like Behavior in Rats. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2009, 65, 863-868.	1.3	145
23	Maternal Environment Influences Cocaine Intake in Adulthood in a Genotype-Dependent Manner. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2008, 3, e2245.	2.5	41
24	Gene-environment interactions in vulnerability to cocaine intravenous self-administration: a brief social experience affects intake in DBA/2J but not in C57BL/6J mice. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2007, 193, 179-186.	3.1	38
25	Gene expression regulation following behavioral sensitization to cocaine in transgenic mice lacking the glucocorticoid receptor in the brain. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2006, 137, 915-924.	2.3	22
26	Preexposure during or following adolescence differently affects nicotine-rewarding properties in adult rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2006, 184, 382-390.	3.1	77
27	Evidence for Addiction-like Behavior in the Rat. <i>Science</i> , 2004, 305, 1014-1017.	12.6	1,005
28	Relationships between individual sensitivity to CS- and cocaine-induced reinstatement in the rat. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2003, 168, 201-207.	3.1	20
29	The Glucocorticoid Receptor as a Potential Target to Reduce Cocaine Abuse. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 23, 4785-4790.	3.6	159
30	Evidence for Enhanced Neurobehavioral Vulnerability to Nicotine during Periadolescence in Rats. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 23, 4712-4716.	3.6	248
31	Study of the addictive potential of modafinil in naive and cocaine-experienced rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2002, 161, 387-395.	3.1	123
32	Influence of cue-conditioning on acquisition, maintenance and relapse of cocaine intravenous self-administration. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2002, 15, 1363-1370.	2.6	62
33	SR141716, a CB1 receptor antagonist, decreases the sensitivity to the reinforcing effects of electrical brain stimulation in rats. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2001, 157, 254-259.	3.1	69