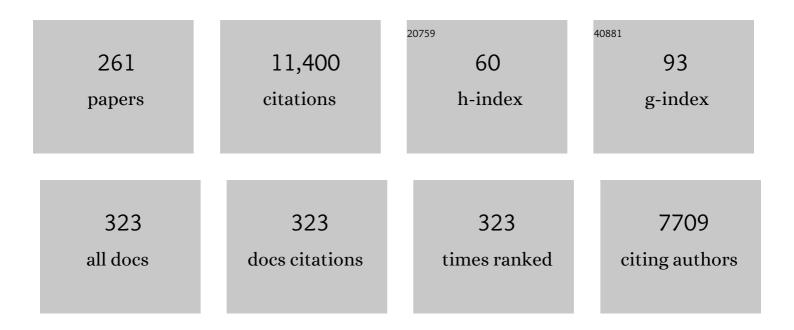
## John D Imig

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Soluble epoxide hydrolase as a therapeutic target for cardiovascular diseases. Nature Reviews Drug Discovery, 2009, 8, 794-805.	21.5	527
2	Soluble Epoxide Hydrolase Inhibition Lowers Arterial Blood Pressure in Angiotensin II Hypertension. Hypertension, 2002, 39, 690-694.	1.3	373
3	Epoxides and Soluble Epoxide Hydrolase in Cardiovascular Physiology. Physiological Reviews, 2012, 92, 101-130.	13.1	302
4	Immune and Inflammatory Role in Renal Disease. , 2013, 3, 957-976.		254
5	Alterations in the regulation of androgen-sensitive Cyp 4a monooxygenases cause hypertension. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2001, 98, 5211-5216.	3.3	228
6	An Orally Active Epoxide Hydrolase Inhibitor Lowers Blood Pressure and Provides Renal Protection in Salt-Sensitive Hypertension. Hypertension, 2005, 46, 975-981.	1.3	223
7	Angiotensin II hypertension is attenuated in interleukin-6 knockout mice. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2006, 290, H935-H940.	1.5	218
8	Epoxide hydrolase and epoxygenase metabolites as therapeutic targets for renal diseases. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2005, 289, F496-F503.	1.3	208
9	Receptor-Mediated Intrarenal Angiotensin II Augmentation in Angiotensin II–Infused Rats. Hypertension, 1996, 28, 669-677.	1.3	165
10	Ang II Accumulation in Rat Renal Endosomes During Ang II-Induced Hypertension. Hypertension, 2002, 39, 116-121.	1.3	160
11	Identification of a Putative Microvascular Oxygen Sensor. Circulation Research, 1996, 79, 54-61.	2.0	154
12	Soluble epoxide hydrolase inhibition protects the kidney from hypertension-induced damage. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2004, 15, 1244-53.	3.0	153
13	Eicosanoid regulation of the renal vasculature. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2000, 279, F965-F981.	1.3	151
14	Physiological role for P2X1 receptors in renal microvascular autoregulatory behavior. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2003, 112, 1895-1905.	3.9	144
15	Soluble epoxide hydrolase deficiency alters pancreatic islet size and improves glucose homeostasis in a model of insulin resistance. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 9038-9043.	3.3	130
16	Endothelial expression of human cytochrome P450 epoxygenases lowers blood pressure and attenuates hypertensionâ€induced renal injury in mice. FASEB Journal, 2010, 24, 3770-3781.	0.2	126
17	Thioredoxin-interacting protein is required for endothelial NLRP3 inflammasome activation and cell death in a rat model of high-fat diet. Diabetologia, 2014, 57, 413-423.	2.9	125
18	TNF-α inhibition reduces renal injury in DOCA-salt hypertensive rats. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2008, 294, R76-R83.	0.9	121

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Soluble epoxide hydrolase gene deletion attenuates renal injury and inflammation with DOCA-salt hypertension. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2009, 297, F740-F748.	1.3	121
20	Early diabetes mellitus stimulates proximal tubule renin mRNA expression in the rat. Kidney International, 2000, 58, 2320-2330.	2.6	118
21	An Epoxide Hydrolase Inhibitor, 12-(3-Adamantan-1-yl-ureido)dodecanoic Acid (AUDA), Reduces Ischemic Cerebral Infarct Size in Stroke-Prone Spontaneously Hypertensive Rats. Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology, 2005, 46, 842-848.	0.8	117
22	Epoxygenase Metabolites Contribute to Nitric Oxide-Independent Afferent Arteriolar Vasodilation in Response to Bradykinin. Journal of Vascular Research, 2001, 38, 247-255.	0.6	110
23	Tumor Necrosis Factor α Blockade Increases Renal Cyp2c23 Expression and Slows the Progression of Renal Damage in Salt-Sensitive Hypertension. Hypertension, 2006, 47, 557-562.	1.3	110
24	Roles of the cytochrome P450 arachidonic acid monooxygenases in the control of systemic blood pressure and experimental hypertension. Kidney International, 2007, 72, 683-689.	2.6	108
25	Epoxyeicosatrienoic Acid Analogs and Vascular Function. Current Medicinal Chemistry, 2010, 17, 1181-1190.	1.2	103
26	Decreased Renal Cytochrome P450 2C Enzymes and Impaired Vasodilation Are Associated With Angiotensin Salt-Sensitive Hypertension. Hypertension, 2003, 41, 709-714.	1.3	102
27	Soluble Epoxide Inhibition Is Protective Against Cerebral Ischemia via Vascular and Neural Protection. American Journal of Pathology, 2009, 174, 2086-2095.	1.9	102
28	Renal Uptake of Circulating Angiotensin II in Val5-Angiotensin II Infused Rats Is Mediated by AT1 Receptor. American Journal of Hypertension, 1998, 11, 570-578.	1.0	101
29	Renal Accumulation of Circulating Angiotensin II in Angiotensin II–Infused Rats. Hypertension, 1996, 27, 658-662.	1.3	100
30	Endothelial Dysfunction and the Development of Renal Injury in Spontaneously Hypertensive Rats Fed a High-Fat Diet. Hypertension, 2008, 51, 352-359.	1.3	99
31	Antihypertensive effects of selective prostaglandin E2 receptor subtype 1 targeting. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2007, 117, 2496-2505.	3.9	94
32	Afferent Arteriolar Vasodilation to the Sulfonimide Analog of 11,12-Epoxyeicosatrienoic Acid Involves Protein Kinase A. Hypertension, 1999, 33, 408-413.	1.3	93
33	Anti-inflammatory Effects of ω-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and Soluble Epoxide Hydrolase Inhibitors in Angiotensin-Il–Dependent Hypertension. Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology, 2013, 62, 285-297.	0.8	92
34	ETA and ETB receptors differentially modulate afferent and efferent arteriolar responses to endothelin. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2005, 146, 1019-1026.	2.7	89
35	Cardiovascular Therapeutic Aspects of Soluble Epoxide Hydrolase Inhibitors. Cardiovascular Drug Reviews, 2006, 24, 169-188.	4.4	86
36	Increased RhoA/Rho-Kinase Signaling Mediates Spontaneous Tone in Aorta from Angiotensin II-Induced Hypertensive Rats. Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 2006, 318, 288-295.	1.3	85

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37	Eicosanoids and renal vascular function in diseases. Clinical Science, 2006, 111, 21-34.	1.8	83
38	Normalization of the Ovarian Cancer Microenvironment by SPARC. Molecular Cancer Research, 2007, 5, 1015-1030.	1.5	83
39	Cytochrome P450 and Cyclooxygenase Metabolites Contribute to the Endothelin-1 Afferent Arteriolar Vasoconstrictor and Calcium Responses. Hypertension, 2000, 35, 307-312.	1.3	81
40	Inhibition of soluble epoxide hydrolase prevents renal interstitial fibrosis and inflammation. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2014, 307, F971-F980.	1.3	81
41	Neuronal nitric oxide synthase modulates rat renal microvascular function. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 1998, 274, F516-F524.	1.3	79
42	Early Onset Salt-Sensitive Hypertension in Bradykinin B <sub>2</sub> Receptor Null Mice. Hypertension, 1999, 34, 176-180.	1.3	78
43	Contribution of cytochrome P450 epoxygenase and hydroxylase pathways to afferent arteriolar autoregulatory responsiveness. British Journal of Pharmacology, 1999, 127, 1399-1405.	2.7	78
44	Obesity is the major contributor to vascular dysfunction and inflammation in high-fat diet hypertensive rats. Clinical Science, 2010, 118, 291-301.	1.8	76
45	Administration of a substituted adamantyl urea inhibitor of soluble epoxide hydrolase protects the kidney from damage in hypertensive Goto–Kakizaki rats. Clinical Science, 2009, 116, 61-70.	1.8	75
46	Obesity, Insulin Resistance, and Renal Function. Microcirculation, 2007, 14, 349-362.	1.0	72
47	Unraveling the Mystery of Goldblatt Hypertension. Physiology, 1998, 13, 170-176.	1.6	71
48	Decreased epoxygenase and increased epoxide hydrolase expression in the mesenteric artery of obese Zucker rats. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2005, 288, R188-R196.	0.9	71
49	Epoxyeicosatrienoic Acids, Hypertension, and Kidney Injury. Hypertension, 2015, 65, 476-482.	1.3	71
50	Chemokine Receptor 2b Inhibition Provides Renal Protection in Angiotensin II–Salt Hypertension. Hypertension, 2007, 50, 1069-1076.	1.3	70
51	Novel orally active epoxyeicosatrienoic acid (EET) analogs attenuate cisplatin nephrotoxicity. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 2946-2956.	0.2	70
52	Fructose Stimulates Na/H Exchange Activity and Sensitizes the Proximal Tubule to Angiotensin II. Hypertension, 2014, 63, e68-73.	1.3	68
53	Renal endosomes contain angiotensin peptides, converting enzyme, and AT <sub>1A</sub> receptors. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 1999, 277, F303-F311.	1.3	67
54	Prospective for cytochrome P450 epoxygenase cardiovascular and renal therapeutics. , 2018, 192, 1-19.		67

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55	Downregulation of Renal CYP-Derived Eicosanoid Synthesis in Rats With Diet-Induced Hypertension. Hypertension, 2003, 42, 594-599.	1.3	66
56	Identification of Novel Endogenous Cytochrome P450 Arachidonate Metabolites with High Affinity for Cannabinoid Receptors. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2008, 283, 24514-24524.	1.6	65
57	Deletion of soluble epoxide hydrolase gene improves renal endothelial function and reduces renal inflammation and injury in streptozotocin-induced type 1 diabetes. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2011, 301, R1307-R1317.	0.9	65
58	Cytochrome P450 eicosanoids and cerebral vascular function. Expert Reviews in Molecular Medicine, 2011, 13, e7.	1.6	64
59	Pharmacological inhibition of soluble epoxide hydrolase prevents renal interstitial fibrogenesis in obstructive nephropathy. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2015, 308, F131-F139.	1.3	64
60	Inhibition of soluble epoxide hydrolase by <i>cis</i> -4-[4-(3-adamantan-1-ylureido)cyclohexyl-oxy]benzoic acid exhibits antihypertensive and cardioprotective actions in transgenic rats with angiotensin II-dependent hypertension. Clinical Science, 2012, 122, 513-527.	1.8	63
61	Epoxyeicosatrienoic acid analogue lowers blood pressure through vasodilation and sodium channel inhibition. Clinical Science, 2014, 127, 463-474.	1.8	63
62	Afferent and Efferent Arteriolar Vasoconstriction to Angiotensin II and Norepinephrine Involves Release of Ca <sup>2+</sup> From Intracellular Stores. Hypertension, 1997, 29, 222-227.	1.3	62
63	Renal autoregulation in P2X1 knockout mice. Acta Physiologica Scandinavica, 2004, 181, 445-453.	2.3	62
64	Epoxyeicosatrienoic Acids and 20-Hydroxyeicosatetraenoic Acid on Endothelial and Vascular Function. Advances in Pharmacology, 2016, 77, 105-141.	1.2	62
65	Afferent Arteriolar Dilation to 11, 12-EET Analogs Involves PP2A Activity and Ca2 +-Activated K+Channels. Microcirculation, 2008, 15, 137-150.	1.0	61
66	Multi-Target Approaches in Metabolic Syndrome. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2020, 11, 554961.	1.6	59
67	Cyclooxygenase-2 Modulates Afferent Arteriolar Responses to Increases in Pressure. Hypertension, 1999, 34, 843-847.	1.3	58
68	SPARC Ameliorates Ovarian Cancer-Associated Inflammation. Neoplasia, 2008, 10, 1092-1104.	2.3	58
69	Epoxyeicosatrienoic acids, 20-hydroxyeicosatetraenoic acid, and renal microvascular function. Prostaglandins and Other Lipid Mediators, 2013, 104-105, 2-7.	1.0	58
70	Secreted Protein Acidic and Rich in Cysteine Deficiency Ameliorates Renal Inflammation and Fibrosis in Angiotensin Hypertension. American Journal of Pathology, 2007, 171, 1104-1112.	1.9	56
71	Orally Active Epoxyeicosatrienoic Acid Analog Attenuates Kidney Injury in Hypertensive Dahl Salt–Sensitive Rat. Hypertension, 2013, 62, 905-913.	1.3	56
72	Enhanced renal microvascular reactivity to angiotensin II in hypertension is ameliorated by the sulfonimide analog of 11,12-epoxyeicosatrienoic acid. Journal of Hypertension, 2001, 19, 983-992.	0.3	55

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73	Soluble epoxide hydrolase inhibition and peroxisome proliferator activated receptor Î <sup>3</sup> agonist improve vascular function and decrease renal injury in hypertensive obese rats. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2012, 237, 1402-1412.	1.1	54
74	Increased blood pressure in mice lacking cytochrome P450 2J5. FASEB Journal, 2008, 22, 4096-4108.	0.2	53
75	Targeting Epoxides for Organ Damage in Hypertension. Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology, 2010, 56, 329-335.	0.8	53
76	Role of Renal Nerves in Afferent Arteriolar Reactivity in Angiotensin-Induced Hypertension. Hypertension, 1997, 29, 442-449.	1.3	52
77	Cyclooxygenase-2 participates in tubular flow-dependent afferent arteriolar tone: interaction with neuronal NOS. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 1998, 275, F605-F612.	1.3	52
78	Eicosanoids and renal damage in cardiometabolic syndrome. Expert Opinion on Drug Metabolism and Toxicology, 2008, 4, 165-174.	1.5	52
79	The Cyp2c44 Epoxygenase Regulates Epithelial Sodium Channel Activity and the Blood Pressure Responses to Increased Dietary Salt. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2014, 289, 4377-4386.	1.6	51
80	Contribution of prostaglandin EP <sub>2</sub> receptors to renal microvascular reactivity in mice. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2002, 283, F415-F422.	1.3	50
81	PPAR-α activator fenofibrate increases renal CYP-derived eicosanoid synthesis and improves endothelial dilator function in obese Zucker rats. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2006, 290, H2187-H2195.	1.5	49
82	Glomerular Expression of Kidney Injury Molecule-1 and Podocytopenia in Diabetic Glomerulopathy. American Journal of Nephrology, 2011, 34, 268-280.	1.4	49
83	Development of Epoxyeicosatrienoic Acid Analogs with in Vivo Anti-Hypertensive Actions. Frontiers in Physiology, 2010, 1, 157.	1.3	47
84	12-Hydroxyeicosatetraenoic acid participates in angiotensin II afferent arteriolar vasoconstriction by activating L-type calcium channels. Journal of Lipid Research, 2003, 44, 2391-2399.	2.0	45
85	Altered Kidney CYP2C and Cyclooxygenaseâ€2 Levels Are Associated with Obesityâ€Related Albuminuria. Obesity, 2004, 12, 1278-1289.	4.0	45
86	Rofecoxib decreases renal injury in obese Zucker rats. Clinical Science, 2004, 107, 561-570.	1.8	45
87	Protein phosphatase 2A and Ca2+-activated K+ channels contribute to 11,12-epoxyeicosatrienoic acid analog mediated mesenteric arterial relaxation. Prostaglandins and Other Lipid Mediators, 2007, 83, 50-61.	1.0	45
88	Interactive Nitric Oxide–Angiotensin II Influences on Renal Microcirculation in Angiotensin II–Induced Hypertension. Hypertension, 1998, 31, 1255-1260.	1.3	44
89	Afferent arteriolar reactivity to angiotensin II is enhanced during the early phase of angiotensin II hypertension. American Journal of Hypertension, 2000, 13, 810-818.	1.0	44
90	Simvastatin and tempol protect against endothelial dysfunction and renal injury in a model of obesity and hypertension. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2010, 298, F86-F94.	1.3	44

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91	Hypertension Is a Major Contributor to 20-Hydroxyeicosatetraenoic Acid–Mediated Kidney Injury in Diabetic Nephropathy. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2015, 26, 597-610.	3.0	44
92	ACE Inhibition and Bradykinin-Mediated Renal Vascular Responses. Hypertension, 2004, 43, 533-535.	1.3	43
93	Substituted Adamantyl-Urea Inhibitors of the Soluble Epoxide Hydrolase Dilate Mesenteric Resistance Vessels. Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 2006, 318, 1307-1314.	1.3	43
94	Combined inhibition of 20-hydroxyeicosatetraenoic acid formation and of epoxyeicosatrienoic acids degradation attenuates hypertension and hypertensioninduced end-organ damage in Ren-2 transgenic rats. Clinical Science, 2010, 118, 617-632.	1.8	43
95	Endothelin-Mediated Calcium Signaling in Preglomerular Smooth Muscle Cells. Hypertension, 2000, 35, 280-286.	1.3	42
96	The CYP450 hydroxylase pathway contributes to P2X receptor-mediated afferent arteriolar vasoconstriction. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2001, 281, H2089-H2096.	1.5	42
97	Novel Nitric Oxide Synthase–Dependent Mechanism of Vasorelaxation in Small Arteries From Hypertensive Rats. Hypertension, 2007, 49, 893-901.	1.3	42
98	Orally Active Epoxyeicosatrienoic Acid Analogs. Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology, 2017, 70, 211-224.	0.8	42
99	Epoxygenase Metabolites: Epithelial and Vascular Actions. Molecular Biotechnology, 2000, 16, 233-252.	1.3	41
100	Calcium Mobilization Contributes to Pressure-Mediated Afferent Arteriolar Vasoconstriction. Hypertension, 1998, 31, 421-428.	1.3	40
101	Purinoceptor-Mediated Calcium Signaling in Preglomerular Smooth Muscle Cells. Hypertension, 1999, 33, 195-200.	1.3	40
102	Calcium signaling pathways utilized by P2X receptors in freshly isolated preglomerular MVSMC. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2001, 280, F1054-F1061.	1.3	40
103	A novel dual PPAR-Î <sup>3</sup> agonist/sEH inhibitor treats diabetic complications in a rat model of type 2 diabetes. Diabetologia, 2018, 61, 2235-2246.	2.9	40
104	RenalAT1Receptor Protein Expression During the Early Stage of Diabetes Mellitus. International Journal of Experimental Diabetes Research, 2002, 3, 97-108.	1.0	39
105	Impaired Ca 2+ Signaling Attenuates P2X Receptor–Mediated Vasoconstriction of Afferent Arterioles in Angiotensin II Hypertension. Hypertension, 2005, 46, 562-568.	1.3	39
106	Mechanisms involved in oleamide-induced vasorelaxation in rat mesenteric resistance arteries. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2009, 607, 143-150.	1.7	37
107	Inhibition of soluble epoxide hydrolase improves the impaired pressure–natriuresis relationship and attenuates the development of hypertension and hypertension-associated end-organ damage in Cyp1a1-Ren-2 transgenic rats. Journal of Hypertension, 2011, 29, 1590-1601.	0.3	37
108	Inhibition of soluble epoxide hydrolase is renoprotective in 5/6 nephrectomized Renâ€⊋ transgenic hypertensive rats. Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology, 2014, 41, 227-237.	0.9	37

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109	A dual COX-2/sEH inhibitor improves the metabolic profile and reduces kidney injury in Zucker diabetic fatty rat. Prostaglandins and Other Lipid Mediators, 2016, 125, 40-47.	1.0	37
110	Epoxyeicosatrienoic Acid Analog Decreases Renal Fibrosis by Reducing Epithelial-to-Mesenchymal Transition. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2017, 8, 406.	1.6	36
111	Eicosanoid blood vessel regulation in physiological and pathological states. Clinical Science, 2020, 134, 2707-2727.	1.8	36
112	p66Shc regulates renal vascular tone in hypertension-induced nephropathy. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2016, 126, 2533-2546.	3.9	36
113	Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptor-α Activation Reduces Salt-Dependent Hypertension During Chronic Endothelin B Receptor Blockade. Hypertension, 2005, 46, 366-371.	1.3	35
114	Effects of chronic cytochrome P-450 inhibition on the course of hypertension and end-organ damage in Ren-2 transgenic rats. Vascular Pharmacology, 2007, 47, 145-159.	1.0	35
115	Renal mechanisms contributing to the antihypertensive action of soluble epoxide hydrolase inhibition in Renâ€2 transgenic rats with inducible hypertension. Journal of Physiology, 2011, 589, 207-219.	1.3	35
116	Cytochrome P450 epoxygenase-derived epoxyeicosatrienoic acids contribute to insulin sensitivity in mice and in humans. Diabetologia, 2017, 60, 1066-1075.	2.9	35
117	Salt-Sensitive Hypertension After Exposure to Angiotensin Is Associated With Inability to Upregulate Renal Epoxygenases. Hypertension, 2003, 42, 775-780.	1.3	34
118	Role of cytochrome <i>P</i> -450 metabolites in the regulation of renal function and blood pressure in 2-kidney 1-clip hypertensive rats. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2011, 300, R1468-R1475.	0.9	34
119	Epoxyeicosatrienoic acid analog attenuates angiotensin II hypertension and kidney injury. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2014, 5, 216.	1.6	34
120	Epoxyeicosanoids in Hypertension. Physiological Research, 2019, 68, 695-704.	0.4	34
121	Endothelin antagonism prevents early EGFR transactivation but not increased matrix metalloproteinase activity in diabetes. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2006, 290, R435-R441.	0.9	32
122	P2X Receptor-Stimulated Calcium Responses in Preglomerular Vascular Smooth Muscle Cells Involves 20-Hydroxyeicosatetraenoic Acid. Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 2004, 311, 1211-1217.	1.3	31
123	Elevated arterial pressure impairs autoregulation independently of AT1 receptor activation. Journal of Hypertension, 2004, 22, 811-818.	0.3	30
124	14,15-Epoxyeicosa-5,8,11-trienoic Acid (14,15-EET) Surrogates: Carboxylate Modifications. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 2014, 57, 6965-6972.	2.9	30
125	Heterogeneous activation mechanisms in the renal microvasculature. Kidney International, 1998, 54, S17-S21.	2.6	28
126	Neuronal Nitric Oxide Synthase-Dependent Afferent Arteriolar Function in Angiotensin II-Induced Hypertension. Hypertension, 1999, 33, 462-466.	1.3	28

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127	Epoxyeicosatrienoic acid analogue mitigates kidney injury in a rat model of radiation nephropathy. Clinical Science, 2016, 130, 587-599.	1.8	28
128	L-type calcium channels in the renal microcirculatory response to endothelin. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2005, 288, F771-F777.	1.3	27
129	The Renal Microcirculation. , 2008, , 550-683.		27
130	Novel Omega-3 Fatty Acid Epoxygenase Metabolite Reduces Kidney Fibrosis. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2016, 17, 751.	1.8	27
131	Two pharmacological epoxyeicosatrienoic acid-enhancing therapies are effectively antihypertensive and reduce the severity of ischemic arrhythmias in rats with angiotensin II-dependent hypertension. Journal of Hypertension, 2018, 36, 1326-1341.	0.3	26
132	Calcium and chloride channel activation by angiotensin II-AT1 receptors in preglomerular vascular smooth muscle cells. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2005, 289, F760-F767.	1.3	25
133	Telmisartan Provides Better Renal Protection Than Valsartan in a Rat Model of Metabolic Syndrome. American Journal of Hypertension, 2011, 24, 816-821.	1.0	25
134	Soluble Epoxide Hydrolase Inhibition Exhibits Antihypertensive Actions Independently of Nitric Oxide in Mice with Renovascular Hypertension. Kidney and Blood Pressure Research, 2012, 35, 595-607.	0.9	25
135	OBESITY INDUCED RENAL OXIDATIVE STRESS CONTRIBUTES TO RENAL INJURY IN SALTâ€5ENSITIVE HYPERTENSION. Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology, 2009, 36, 724-728.	0.9	24
136	Azilsartan Decreases Renal and Cardiovascular Injury in the Spontaneously Hypertensive Obese Rat. Cardiovascular Drugs and Therapy, 2014, 28, 313-322.	1.3	23
137	Epoxyeicosatrienoic acid analog attenuates the development of malignant hypertension, but does not reverse it once established. Journal of Hypertension, 2016, 34, 2008-2025.	0.3	22
138	Age-related alterations in NOS and oxidative stress in mesenteric arteries from male and female rats. Journal of Applied Physiology, 2004, 97, 1268-1274.	1.2	21
139	Cytochrome P450 epoxygenases provide a novel mechanism for penile erection. FASEB Journal, 2006, 20, 539-541.	0.2	21
140	Increased Renal Proximal Convoluted Tubule Transport Contributes to Hypertension in Cyp4a14 Knockout Mice. Nephron Physiology, 2009, 113, p23-p28.	1.5	21
141	Intrarenal cytochrome P-450 metabolites of arachidonic acid in the regulation of the nonclipped kidney function in two-kidney, one-clip Goldblatt hypertensive rats. Journal of Hypertension, 2010, 28, 582-593.	0.3	21
142	Cytochrome P450 and Lipoxygenase Metabolites on Renal Function. , 2015, 6, 423-441.		21
143	Soluble epoxide hydrolase in podocytes is a significant contributor to renal function under hyperglycemia. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - General Subjects, 2017, 1861, 2758-2765.	1.1	21
144	Infarct size-limiting effect of epoxyeicosatrienoic acid analog EET-B is mediated by hypoxia-inducible factor-11̂± via downregulation of prolyl hydroxylase 3. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2018, 315, H1148-H1158.	1.5	21

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145	Postglomerular vasoconstriction to angiotensin II and norepinephrine depends on intracellular calcium release. General Pharmacology, 2000, 34, 409-415.	0.7	20
146	Captopril attenuates hypertension and renal injury induced by the vascular endothelial growth factor inhibitor sorafenib. Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology, 2012, 39, 454-461.	0.9	20
147	Different mechanisms of acute versus long-term antihypertensive effects of soluble epoxide hydrolase inhibition: Studies in Cyp1a1-Ren-2 transgenic rats. Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology, 2014, 41, 1003-1013.	0.9	20
148	A dual farnesoid X receptor/soluble epoxide hydrolase modulator treats non-alcoholic steatohepatitis in mice. Biochemical Pharmacology, 2019, 166, 212-221.	2.0	20
149	Antihypertensive action of soluble epoxide hydrolase inhibition in <scp>R</scp> enâ€2 transgenic rats is mediated by suppression of the intrarenal renin–angiotensin system. Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology, 2013, 40, 273-281.	0.9	19
150	Antihypertensive and renoprotective actions of soluble epoxide hydrolase inhibition in ANG II-dependent malignant hypertension are abolished by pretreatment with L-NAME. Journal of Hypertension, 2013, 31, 321-332.	0.3	19
151	Azilsartan Improves Glycemic Status and Reduces Kidney Damage in Zucker Diabetic Fatty Rats. American Journal of Hypertension, 2014, 27, 1087-1095.	1.0	19
152	Tumour necrosis factorâ€ <i>α</i> contributes to improved cardiac ischaemic tolerance in rats adapted to chronic continuous hypoxia. Acta Physiologica, 2015, 214, 97-108.	1.8	19
153	Epoxyeicosatrienoic acid analog EET-B attenuates post-myocardial infarction remodeling in spontaneously hypertensive rats. Clinical Science, 2019, 133, 939-951.	1.8	19
154	The Bradykinin B2 receptor is required for full expression of renal COX-2 and renin. Peptides, 2003, 24, 1141-1147.	1.2	18
155	The Soluble Epoxide Hydrolase Inhibitor AR9281 Decreases Blood Pressure, Ameliorates Renal Injury and Improves Vascular Function in Hypertension. Pharmaceuticals, 2009, 2, 217-227.	1.7	18
156	Regulation of Cardiac Mast Cell Maturation and Function by the Neurokinin-1 Receptor in the Fibrotic Heart. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 11004.	1.6	18
157	Dual soluble epoxide hydrolase inhibitor/PPAR-γ agonist attenuates renal fibrosis. Prostaglandins and Other Lipid Mediators, 2020, 150, 106472.	1.0	18
158	Adaptations of the Renal Microcirculation to Hypertension. Microcirculation, 2002, 9, 315-328.	1.0	18
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