

Hanna Schneeweiss

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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52
papers

2,239
citations

186265
28
h-index

223800
46
g-index

53
all docs

53
docs citations

53
times ranked

1974
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Molecular and Cytogenetic Analysis of rDNA Evolution in <i>Crepis Sensu Lato</i> . <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2022, 23, 3643.	4.1	7
2	Morphological variability, cytotype diversity, and cytoecography of populations traditionally called <i>Dactylorhiza fuchsii</i> in Central Europe. <i>Plant Systematics and Evolution</i> , 2021, 307, 1.	0.9	1
3	Descending Dysploidy and Bidirectional Changes in Genome Size Accompanied <i>Crepis</i> (Asteraceae) Evolution. <i>Genes</i> , 2021, 12, 1436.	2.4	6
4	What drives polyploidization in plants?. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2019, 223, 1690-1692.	7.3	9
5	Dating the Species Network: Allopolyploidy and Repetitive DNA Evolution in American Daisies (<i>Melampodium</i> sect. <i>Melampodium</i> , Asteraceae). <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 2018, 67, 1010-1024.	5.6	54
6	Euchromatic Supernumerary Chromosomal Segments—Remnants of Ongoing Karyotype Restructuring in the <i>Prospero autumnale</i> Complex?. <i>Genes</i> , 2018, 9, 468.	2.4	6
7	Multiple Origins and Nested Cycles of Hybridization Result in High Tetraploid Diversity in the Monocot <i>Prospero</i> . <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2018, 9, 433.	3.6	27
8	Structural polymorphisms and distinct genomic composition suggest recurrent origin and ongoing evolution of B chromosomes in the <i>Prospero autumnale</i> complex (Hyacinthaceae). <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2016, 210, 669-679.	7.3	21
9	Molecular and cytogenetic evidence for an allotetraploid origin of <i>Chenopodium quinoa</i> and <i>C. berlandieri</i> (Amaranthaceae). <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2016, 100, 109-123.	2.7	43
10	Floral traits and pollination ecology of European Arum hybrids. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2016, 180, 439-451.	2.0	13
11	The Impact of Reconstruction Methods, Phylogenetic Uncertainty and Branch Lengths on Inference of Chromosome Number Evolution in American Daisies (<i>Melampodium</i> , Asteraceae). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0162299.	2.5	16
12	rDNA Loci Evolution in the Genus <i>Glechoma</i> (Lamiaceae). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0167177.	2.5	30
13	Formamide-Free Genomic in situ Hybridization Allows Unambiguous Discrimination of Highly Similar Parental Genomes in Diploid Hybrids and Allopolyploids. <i>Cytogenetic and Genome Research</i> , 2015, 146, 325-331.	1.1	24
14	The evolution of genome size and rDNA in diploid species of <i>Chenopodium s.l.</i> (Amaranthaceae). <i>Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2015, 179, 218-235.	1.6	27
15	Cytotype diversity and genome size variation in <i>Knautia</i> (Caprifoliaceae, Dipsacoideae). <i>BMC Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2015, 15, 140.	3.2	31
16	Genomic Repeat Abundances Contain Phylogenetic Signal. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 2015, 64, 112-126.	5.6	126
17	Differential amplification of satellite PaB6 in chromosomally hypervariable <i>Prospero autumnale</i> complex (Hyacinthaceae). <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2014, 114, 1597-1608.	2.9	58
18	Triparental origin of triploid onion, <i>Allium acornutum</i> (Clementi ex Visiani, 1842), as evidenced by molecular, phylogenetic and cytogenetic analyses. <i>BMC Plant Biology</i> , 2014, 14, 24.	3.6	29

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19	Chromosomal diversification and karyotype evolution of diploids in the cytologically diverse genus <i>Prospero</i> (Hyacinthaceae). <i>BMC Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2013, 13, 136.	3.2	65
20	Isolation and characterization of reverse transcriptase fragments of LTR retrotransposons from the genome of <i>Chenopodium quinoa</i> (Amaranthaceae). <i>Plant Cell Reports</i> , 2013, 32, 1575-1588.	5.6	24
21	Molecular phylogenetic analyses identify Alpine differentiation and dysploid chromosome number changes as major forces for the evolution of the European endemic <i>Phyteuma</i> (Campanulaceae). <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2013, 69, 634-652.	2.7	19
22	High ploidy diversity and distinct patterns of cytotype distribution in a widespread species of <i>Oxalis</i> in the Greater Cape Floristic Region. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2013, 111, 641-649.	2.9	51
23	Chromosome counts and genome size of <i>Leontopodium</i> species (Asteraceae: Gnaphalieae) from south-western China. <i>Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2013, 171, 627-636.	1.6	6
24	Evolutionary Consequences, Constraints and Potential of Polyploidy in Plants. <i>Cytogenetic and Genome Research</i> , 2013, 140, 137-150.	1.1	186
25	The evolutionary history of the white-rayed species of <i>Melampodium</i> (Asteraceae) involved multiple cycles of hybridization and polyploidization. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2012, 99, 1043-1057.	1.7	15
26	THE PROMISCUOUS AND THE CHASTE: FREQUENT ALLOPOLYPLOID SPECIATION AND ITS GENOMIC CONSEQUENCES IN AMERICAN DAISIES (<i>MELAMPODIUM</i> s. str., <i>MELAMPODIUM</i> ; ASTERACEAE). <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2012, 66, 211-228.	2.3	44
27	Karyotype and AFLP data reveal the phylogenetic position of the Brazilian endemic <i>Hypochaeris catharinensis</i> (Asteraceae). <i>Plant Systematics and Evolution</i> , 2011, 296, 231-243.	0.9	11
28	Quaternary range dynamics and polyploid evolution in an arid brushland plant species (<i>Melampodium</i>) Tj ETQq0 0 0 ggBT /Overlock 10 T	2.7	28
29	Multiple Pleistocene refugia and Holocene range expansion of an abundant southwestern American desert plant species (<i>Melampodium leucanthum</i> , Asteraceae). <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2010, 19, 3421-3443.	3.9	57
30	Molecular phylogenetic analyses of nuclear and plastid DNA sequences support dysploid and polyploid chromosome number changes and reticulate evolution in the diversification of <i>Melampodium</i> (Millerieae, Asteraceae). <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2009, 53, 220-233.	2.7	55
31	Chromosome Numbers, Karyotypes, and Evolution in <i>Melampodium</i> (Asteraceae). <i>International Journal of Plant Sciences</i> , 2009, 170, 1168-1182.	1.3	31
32	Characterization, genomic organization and chromosomal distribution of Ty1-copia retrotransposons in species of <i>Hypochaeris</i> (Asteraceae). <i>Gene</i> , 2008, 412, 39-49.	2.2	18
33	Chromosome Numbers in Veroniceae (Plantaginaceae): Review and Several New Counts ¹ . <i>Annals of the Missouri Botanical Garden</i> , 2008, 95, 543-566.	1.3	45
34	Karyotype Diversification and Evolution in Diploid and Polyploid South American <i>Hypochaeris</i> (Asteraceae) Inferred from rDNA Localization and Genetic Fingerprint Data. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2008, 101, 909-918.	2.9	94
35	Complex distribution patterns of di-, tetra-, and hexaploid cytotypes in the European high mountain plant <i>Senecio carniolicus</i> (Asteraceae). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2007, 94, 1391-1401.	1.7	111
36	Diversity and evolution of Ty1-copia and Ty3-gypsy retroelements in the non-photosynthetic flowering plants <i>Orobanche</i> and <i>Phelipanche</i> (Orobanchaceae). <i>Gene</i> , 2007, 387, 75-86.	2.2	24

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37	Circumpolar phylogeography of <i>Juncus biglumis</i> (Juncaceae) inferred from AFLP fingerprints, cpDNA sequences, nuclear DNA content and chromosome numbers. <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2007, 42, 92-103.	2.7	174
38	Chromosome numbers and karyotypes of South American species and populations of <i>Hypochoeris</i> (Asteraceae). <i>Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2007, 153, 49-60.	1.6	14
39	Chromosomal stasis in diploids contrasts with genome restructuring in auto- and allopolyploid taxa of <i>Hepatica</i> (Ranunculaceae). <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2007, 174, 669-682.	7.3	65
40	Genome size evolution in holoparasitic <i>Orobanche</i> (Orobanchaceae) and related genera. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2006, 93, 148-156.	1.7	90
41	Nuclear ribosomal DNA and karyotypes indicate a NW African origin of South American <i>Hypochoeris</i> (Asteraceae, Cichorieae). <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2005, 35, 102-116.	2.7	56
42	Diploid and polyploid cytotype distribution in <i>Melampodium cinereum</i> and <i>M. leucanthum</i> (Asteraceae, Heliantheae). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2004, 91, 889-898.	1.7	65
43	Chromosome numbers and karyotype evolution in holoparasitic <i>Orobanche</i> (Orobanchaceae) and related genera. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2004, 91, 439-448.	1.7	65
44	Relationship of <i>Hypochoeris salzmanniana</i> (Asteraceae, Lactuceae), an endangered species of the Iberian Peninsula, to <i>H. radicata</i> and <i>H. glabra</i> and biogeographical implications. <i>Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2004, 146, 79-95.	1.6	31
45	Chromosome termini of the monocot plant <i>Othocallis siberica</i> are maintained by telomerase, which specifically synthesises vertebrate-type telomere sequences. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2004, 37, 484-493.	5.7	38
46	Karyotype evolution in South American species of <i>Hypochoeris</i> (Asteraceae, Lactuceae). <i>Plant Systematics and Evolution</i> , 2003, 241, 171-184.	0.9	50
47	Karyotype analysis in <i>Hyacinthella dalmatica</i> (Hyacinthaceae) reveals vertebrate-type telomere repeats at the chromosome ends. <i>Genome</i> , 2003, 46, 1070-1076.	2.0	19
48	Polyploidy in <i>Aeginetia indica</i> L. (Orobanchaceae). <i>Cytologia</i> , 2003, 68, 15-17.	0.6	4
49	Karyology of plant species endemic to Ullung Island (Korea) and selected relatives in peninsular Korea and Japan. <i>Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2002, 138, 93-105.	1.6	17
50	Occurrence of tetraploid and hexaploid cytotypes between and within populations in <i>Dianthus</i> sect. <i>Plumaria</i> (Caryophyllaceae). <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2002, 156, 85-94.	7.3	55
51	<i>Aloe</i> spp.–plants with vertebrate-like telomeric sequences. <i>Chromosome Research</i> , 2002, 10, 155-164.	2.2	56
52	Molecular Cytogenetic Analysis of Polyploidization in the Anther Tapetum of Diploid and Autotetraploid <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> Plants. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2001, 87, 729-735.	2.9	27