

# Christopher Gordon

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6845782/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

71  
papers

2,689  
citations

186209

28  
h-index

206029

48  
g-index

74  
all docs

74  
docs citations

74  
times ranked

4928  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Highly conserved non-coding elements on either side of SOX9 associated with Pierre Robin sequence. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2009, 41, 359-364.	9.4	364
2	Disruption of a long distance regulatory region upstream of SOX9 in isolated disorders of sex development. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2011, 48, 825-830.	1.5	162
3	Long-range regulation at the SOX9 locus in development and disease. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2009, 46, 649-656.	1.5	148
4	<i>EFTUD2</i> haploinsufficiency leads to syndromic oesophageal atresia. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2012, 49, 737-746.	1.5	89
5	De novo mutations in SMCHD1 cause Bosma arhinia microphthalmia syndrome and abrogate nasal development. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2017, 49, 249-255.	9.4	88
6	A review of craniofacial disorders caused by spliceosomal defects. <i>Clinical Genetics</i> , 2015, 88, 405-415.	1.0	85
7	De Novo Mutations in SON Disrupt RNA Splicing of Genes Essential for Brain Development and Metabolism, Causing an Intellectual-Disability Syndrome. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2016, 99, 711-719.	2.6	81
8	A Human Homeotic Transformation Resulting from Mutations in PLCB4 and GNAI3 Causes Auriculocondylar Syndrome. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2012, 90, 907-914.	2.6	75
9	Identification of Novel Craniofacial Regulatory Domains Located far Upstream of <i>SOX9</i> and Disrupted in Pierre Robin Sequence. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2014, 35, 1011-1020.	1.1	69
10	Mutations in KCTD1 Cause Scalp-Ear-Nipple Syndrome. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2013, 92, 621-626.	2.6	65
11	MMP21 is mutated in human heterotaxy and is required for normal left-right asymmetry in vertebrates. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2015, 47, 1260-1263.	9.4	65
12	Mutations in the Spliceosome Component CWC27 Cause Retinal Degeneration with or without Additional Developmental Anomalies. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2017, 100, 592-604.	2.6	61
13	Phenotypic variability of distal 22q11.2 copy number abnormalities. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2011, 155, 1623-1633.	0.7	59
14	Mutations in Endothelin 1 Cause Recessive Auriculocondylar Syndrome and Dominant Isolated Question-Mark Ears. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2013, 93, 1118-1125.	2.6	59
15	Delineation of <i>EFTUD2</i> Haploinsufficiency-Related Phenotypes Through a Series of 36 Patients. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2014, 35, 478-485.	1.1	50
16	Understanding the basis of auriculocondylar syndrome: Insights from human, mouse and zebrafish genetic studies. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part C: Seminars in Medical Genetics</i> , 2013, 163, 306-317.	0.7	48
17	Mutations in the Endothelin Receptor Type A Cause Mandibulofacial Dysostosis with Alopecia. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2015, 96, 519-531.	2.6	47
18	Heterogeneity of mutational mechanisms and modes of inheritance in auriculocondylar syndrome. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2013, 50, 174-186.	1.5	44

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Impaired eIF5A function causes a Mendelian disorder that is partially rescued in model systems by spermidine. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 833.	5.8	41
20	Biallelic PPA2 Mutations Cause Sudden Unexpected Cardiac Arrest in Infancy. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2016, 99, 666-673.	2.6	39
21	SLC10A7 mutations cause a skeletal dysplasia with amelogenesis imperfecta mediated by GAG biosynthesis defects. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018, 9, 3087.	5.8	39
22	SMCHD1 is involved in <i>de novo</i> methylation of the <i>DUX4</i> -encoding D4Z4 macrosatellite. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2019, 47, 2822-2839.	6.5	39
23	De Novo Mutations Affecting the Catalytic C $\hat{\pm}$ Subunit of PP2A, PPP2CA, Cause Syndromic Intellectual Disability Resembling Other PP2A-Related Neurodevelopmental Disorders. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2019, 104, 139-156.	2.6	39
24	Germline gain-of-function mutations of ALK disrupt central nervous system development. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2011, 32, 272-276.	1.1	38
25	MN1 C-terminal truncation syndrome is a novel neurodevelopmental and craniofacial disorder with partial rhombencephalosynapsis. <i>Brain</i> , 2020, 143, 55-68.	3.7	38
26	Congenital Heart Defects in Patients with Deletions Upstream of <i>SOX9</i> . <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2013, 34, 1628-1631.	1.1	33
27	Ermap, a gene coding for a novel erythroid specific adhesion/receptor membrane protein. <i>Gene</i> , 2000, 242, 337-345.	1.0	31
28	Functional Assessment of Disease-Associated Regulatory Variants In Vivo Using a Versatile Dual Colour Transgenesis Strategy in Zebrafish. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2015, 11, e1005193.	1.5	31
29	Missense Variants in the Histone Acetyltransferase Complex Component Gene TRRAP Cause Autism and Syndromic Intellectual Disability. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2019, 104, 530-541.	2.6	30
30	ZMIZ1 Variants Cause a Syndromic Neurodevelopmental Disorder. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2019, 104, 319-330.	2.6	30
31	Role of <i>Dlx</i> genes in craniofacial morphogenesis: <i>Dlx2</i> influences skeletal patterning by inducing ectomesenchymal aggregation in ovo. <i>Evolution &amp; Development</i> , 2010, 12, 459-473.	1.1	29
32	Recessive loss of function PIGN alleles, including an intragenic deletion with founder effect in La R�union Island, in patients with Frysns syndrome. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2018, 26, 340-349.	1.4	27
33	Bi-allelic Variations of SMO in Humans Cause a Broad Spectrum of Developmental Anomalies Due to Abnormal Hedgehog Signaling. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2020, 106, 779-792.	2.6	25
34	Human ERMAP: An Erythroid Adhesion/Receptor Transmembrane Protein. <i>Blood Cells, Molecules, and Diseases</i> , 2001, 27, 938-949.	0.6	24
35	Enhancer mutations and phenotype modularity. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2014, 46, 3-4.	9.4	24
36	Dysregulation of the NRG1/ERBB pathway causes a developmental disorder with gastrointestinal dysmotility in humans. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2021, 131, .	3.9	24

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	The RCAS retroviral expression system in the study of skeletal development. <i>Developmental Dynamics</i> , 2009, 238, 797-811.	0.8	23
38	A Recurrent De Novo Nonsense Variant in ZSWIM6 Results in Severe Intellectual Disability without Frontonasal or Limb Malformations. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2017, 101, 995-1005.	2.6	23
39	Further characterization of atypical features in auriculocondylar syndrome caused by recessive <i>PLCB4</i> mutations. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2013, 161, 2339-2346.	0.7	22
40	Phenotypic spectrum and transcriptomic profile associated with germline variants in TRAF7. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2020, 22, 1215-1226.	1.1	22
41	Novel variants in GNAI3 associated with auriculocondylar syndrome strengthen a common dominant negative effect. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2015, 23, 481-485.	1.4	21
42	Mandibulofacial dysostosis Guion-Almeida type caused by novel EFTUD2 splice site variants in two Asian children. <i>Clinical Dysmorphology</i> , 2018, 27, 31-35.	0.1	21
43	A syndromic form of Pierre Robin sequence is caused by 5q23 deletions encompassing FBN2 and PHAX. <i>European Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2014, 57, 587-595.	0.7	18
44	A hypomorphic BMPR1B mutation causes du Pan acromesomelic dysplasia. <i>Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases</i> , 2015, 10, 84.	1.2	18
45	Efficiency of prenatal diagnosis in Pierre Robin sequence. <i>Prenatal Diagnosis</i> , 2017, 37, 1169-1175.	1.1	18
46	Heterozygous ANKRD17 loss-of-function variants cause a syndrome with intellectual disability, speech delay, and dysmorphism. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2021, 108, 1138-1150.	2.6	17
47	CXCL14 expression during chick embryonic development. <i>International Journal of Developmental Biology</i> , 2011, 55, 335-340.	0.3	16
48	Novel de novo <i>ZBTB20</i> mutations in three cases with Primrose syndrome and constant corpus callosum anomalies. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2018, 176, 1091-1098.	0.7	16
49	Discovery of a genetic module essential for assigning left-right asymmetry in humans and ancestral vertebrates. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2022, 54, 62-72.	9.4	16
50	C/EBP $\beta$ and C/EBP $\delta$ bind the CCAAT-box in the human $\beta$ -globin promoter and modulate the activity of the CACC-box binding protein, EKLF. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta Gene Regulatory Mechanisms</i> , 2005, 1729, 74-80.	2.4	15
51	Disruption of long-distance highly conserved noncoding elements in neurocristopathies. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2010, 1214, 34-46.	1.8	15
52	Genome-Wide ENU Mutagenesis in Combination with High Density SNP Analysis and Exome Sequencing Provides Rapid Identification of Novel Mouse Models of Developmental Disease. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e55429.	1.1	15
53	Heterozygous Mutations in TBX1 as a Cause of Isolated Hypoparathyroidism. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2018, 103, 4023-4032.	1.8	15
54	<i>EFTUD2</i> missense variants disrupt protein function and splicing in mandibulofacial dysostosis Guion-Almeida type. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2020, 41, 1372-1382.	1.1	15

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Heterozygous loss of <i>WBP11</i> function causes multiple congenital defects in humans and mice. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2021, 29, 3662-3678.	1.4	14
56	Respiratory and gastrointestinal dysfunctions associated with auriculocondylar syndrome and a homozygous <i>PLCB4</i> loss-of-function mutation. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2016, 170, 1471-1478.	0.7	12
57	Developmental perspectives on copy number abnormalities of the 22q11.2 region. <i>Clinical Genetics</i> , 2010, 78, 201-218.	1.0	11
58	Targeted molecular investigation in patients within the clinical spectrum of Auriculocondylar syndrome. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2017, 173, 938-945.	0.7	11
59	<i>YPEL1</i> overexpression in early avian craniofacial mesenchyme causes mandibular dysmorphogenesis by upregulating apoptosis. <i>Developmental Dynamics</i> , 2015, 244, 1022-1030.	0.8	10
60	Altered <i>SOX9</i> genital tubercle enhancer region in hypospadias. <i>Journal of Steroid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</i> , 2017, 170, 28-38.	1.2	10
61	<i>MED13L</i> loss-of-function variants in two patients with syndromic Pierre Robin sequence. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2018, 176, 181-186.	0.7	9
62	PPA2-associated sudden cardiac death: extending the clinical and allelic spectrum in 20 new families. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2021, 23, 2415-2425.	1.1	8
63	bfb, a Novel ENU-Induced blebs Mutant Resulting from a Missense Mutation in <i>Fras1</i> . <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e76342.	1.1	7
64	Clinical evidence for a mandibular to maxillary transformation in Auriculocondylar syndrome. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2014, 164, 1850-1853.	0.7	6
65	Further delineation of auriculocondylar syndrome based on 14 novel cases and reassessment of 25 published cases. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2022, 43, 582-594.	1.1	6
66	The association of severe encephalopathy and question mark ear is highly suggestive of loss of <i>MEF2C</i> function. <i>Clinical Genetics</i> , 2018, 93, 356-359.	1.0	5
67	A novel de novo <i>PDGFRB</i> variant in a child with severe cerebral malformations, intracerebral calcifications, and infantile myofibromatosis. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2019, 179, 1304-1309.	0.7	5
68	Reply: <i>MN1</i> gene loss-of-function mutation causes cleft palate in a pedigree. <i>Brain</i> , 2021, 144, e19-e19.	3.7	3
69	Biallelic alterations in <i>PLXND1</i> cause common arterial trunk and other cardiac malformations in humans. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2023, 32, 353-356.	1.4	3
70	Cleft palate lateral synechia syndrome in two patients and literature review. <i>International Journal of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery</i> , 2021, , .	0.7	0
71	Cis-Regulatory Disruption at the <i>SOX9</i> Locus as a Cause of Pierre Robin Sequence. , 2012, , 123-136.		0