

# Damon R Lisch

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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63  
papers

10,131  
citations

101543

36  
h-index

128289

60  
g-index

71  
all docs

71  
docs citations

71  
times ranked

10480  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Broad-spectrum fungal resistance in sorghum is conferred through the complex regulation of an immune receptor gene embedded in a natural antisense transcript. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2022, 34, 1641-1665.	6.6	17
2	A Molecular Cloning and Sanger Sequencing-based Protocol for Detecting Site-specific DNA Methylation. <i>Bio-protocol</i> , 2022, 12, .	0.4	2
3	The <i>mop1</i> mutation affects the recombination landscape in maize. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	7.1	17
4	The Epigenome and Beyond: How Does Non-genetic Inheritance Change Our View of Evolution?. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2021, , .	2.0	5
5	RNA-directed DNA methylation prevents rapid and heritable reversal of transposon silencing under heat stress in <i>Zea mays</i> . <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2021, 17, e1009326.	3.5	24
6	Silencing of <i>Mutator</i> Elements in Maize Involves Distinct Populations of Small RNAs and Distinct Patterns of DNA Methylation. <i>Genetics</i> , 2020, 215, 379-391.	2.9	19
7	Transposable elements employ distinct integration strategies with respect to transcriptional landscapes in eukaryotic genomes. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2020, 48, 6685-6698.	14.5	30
8	Small RNA-Mediated <i>De Novo</i> Silencing of <i>Ac/Ds</i> Transposons Is Initiated by Alternative Transposition in Maize. <i>Genetics</i> , 2020, 215, 393-406.	2.9	11
9	Cost-Effective Profiling of <i>Mutator</i> Transposon Insertions in Maize by Next-Generation Sequencing. <i>Methods in Molecular Biology</i> , 2020, 2072, 39-50.	0.9	2
10	The long and short of doubling down: polyploidy, epigenetics, and the temporal dynamics of genome fractionation. <i>Current Opinion in Genetics and Development</i> , 2018, 49, 1-7.	3.3	186
11	Editorial overview: Genome architecture and expression: Mobile elements at work. <i>Current Opinion in Genetics and Development</i> , 2018, 49, iv-v.	3.3	3
12	Genome-wide Estimation of Evolutionary Distance and Phylogenetic Analysis of Homologous Genes. <i>Bio-protocol</i> , 2018, 8, e3097.	0.4	3
13	Natural antisense transcripts are significantly involved in regulation of drought stress in maize. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2017, 45, 5126-5141.	14.5	53
14	Patterns and Consequences of Subgenome Differentiation Provide Insights into the Nature of Paleopolyploidy in Plants. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2017, 29, 2974-2994.	6.6	88
15	Creating Order from Chaos: Epigenome Dynamics in Plants with Complex Genomes. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2016, 28, 314-325.	6.6	89
16	<i>Mutator</i> and <i>MULE</i> Transposons. <i>Microbiology Spectrum</i> , 2015, 3, MDNA3-0032-2014.	3.0	33
17	A Solution to the C-Value Paradox and the Function of Junk DNA: The Genome Balance Hypothesis. <i>Molecular Plant</i> , 2015, 8, 899-910.	8.3	36
18	RNA-directed DNA methylation enforces boundaries between heterochromatin and euchromatin in the maize genome. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 14728-14733.	7.1	179

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19	Origin, inheritance, and gene regulatory consequences of genome dominance in polyploids. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2014, 111, 5283-5288.	7.1	172
20	What is being written, and why?. Physics of Life Reviews, 2013, 10, 336-337.	2.8	1
21	How important are transposons for plant evolution?. Nature Reviews Genetics, 2013, 14, 49-61.	16.3	711
22	Regulation of the Mutator System of Transposons in Maize. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2013, 1057, 123-142.	0.9	10
23	Regulation of transposable elements in maize. Current Opinion in Plant Biology, 2012, 15, 511-516.	7.1	34
24	Fractionation mutagenesis and similar consequences of mechanisms removing dispensable or less-expressed DNA in plants. Current Opinion in Plant Biology, 2012, 15, 131-139.	7.1	194
25	Transposable element origins of epigenetic gene regulation. Current Opinion in Plant Biology, 2011, 14, 156-161.	7.1	130
26	Strategies for Silencing and Escape. International Review of Cell and Molecular Biology, 2011, 292, 119-152.	3.2	39
27	Pack- <i>Mutator</i> -like transposable elements (Pack-MULEs) induce directional modification of genes through biased insertion and DNA acquisition. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 1537-1542.	7.1	74
28	POPCorn: An Online Resource Providing Access to Distributed and Diverse Maize Project Data. International Journal of Plant Genomics, 2011, 2011, 1-10.	2.2	20
29	Epigenetic reprogramming during vegetative phase change in maize. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2010, 107, 22184-22189.	7.1	69
30	Following Tetraploidy in Maize, a Short Deletion Mechanism Removed Genes Preferentially from One of the Two Homeologs. PLoS Biology, 2010, 8, e1000409.	5.6	260
31	Loss of RNA-Dependent RNA Polymerase 2 (RDR2) Function Causes Widespread and Unexpected Changes in the Expression of Transposons, Genes, and 24-nt Small RNAs. PLoS Genetics, 2009, 5, e1000737.	3.5	106
32	The Functional Role of Pack-MULEs in Rice Inferred from Purifying Selection and Expression Profile. Plant Cell, 2009, 21, 25-38.	6.6	91
33	Production and Processing of siRNA Precursor Transcripts from the Highly Repetitive Maize Genome. PLoS Genetics, 2009, 5, e1000598.	3.5	39
34	Mutator and MULE transposons. , 2009, , 277-306.		14
35	Epigenetic Regulation of Transposable Elements in Plants. Annual Review of Plant Biology, 2009, 60, 43-66.	18.7	409
36	The B73 Maize Genome: Complexity, Diversity, and Dynamics. Science, 2009, 326, 1112-1115.	12.6	3,612

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37	Distal Expression of <i>knotted1</i> in Maize Leaves Leads to Reestablishment of Proximal/Distal Patterning and Leaf Dissection. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2009, 151, 1878-1888.	4.8	47
38	Maize GEvo: A Comparative DNA Sequence Alignment Visualization and Research Tool. , 2009, , 341-351.		0
39	A new SPIN on horizontal transfer. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2008, 105, 16827-16828.	7.1	4
40	Many or most genes in <i>Arabidopsis</i> transposed after the origin of the order Brassicales. <i>Genome Research</i> , 2008, 18, 1924-1937.	5.5	157
41	A Position Effect on the Heritability of Epigenetic Silencing. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2008, 4, e1000216.	3.5	38
42	Finding and Comparing Syntenic Regions among <i>Arabidopsis</i> and the Outgroups Papaya, Poplar, and Grape: CoGe with Rosids. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2008, 148, 1772-1781.	4.8	376
43	Mutator Transposon in Maize and MULEs in the Plant Genome. <i>Journal of Genetics and Genomics</i> , 2006, 33, 477-487.	0.3	13
44	Initiation, Establishment, and Maintenance of Heritable MuDR Transposon Silencing in Maize Are Mediated by Distinct Factors. <i>PLoS Biology</i> , 2006, 4, e339.	5.6	95
45	The mop1 (mediator of paramutation1) Mutant Progressively Reactivates One of the Two Genes Encoded by the MuDR Transposon in Maize. <i>Genetics</i> , 2006, 172, 579-592.	2.9	63
46	Heritable transposon silencing initiated by a naturally occurring transposon inverted duplication. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2005, 37, 641-644.	21.4	164
47	Pack-MULEs: theft on a massive scale. <i>BioEssays</i> , 2005, 27, 353-355.	2.5	25
48	Horizontal Transfer of a Plant Transposon. <i>PLoS Biology</i> , 2005, 4, e5.	5.6	134
49	The FHY3 and FAR1 genes encode transposase-related proteins involved in regulation of gene expression by the phytochrome A-signaling pathway. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2003, 34, 453-471.	5.7	179
50	<i>Mu killer</i> Causes the Heritable Inactivation of the <i>Mutator</i> Family of Transposable Elements in <i>Zea mays</i> . <i>Genetics</i> , 2003, 165, 781-797.	2.9	78
51	A mutation that prevents paramutation in maize also reverses Mutator transposon methylation and silencing. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2002, 99, 6130-6135.	7.1	100
52	Mutator transposons. <i>Trends in Plant Science</i> , 2002, 7, 498-504.	8.8	175
53	Maize transgene results in Mexico are artefacts (see editorial footnote). <i>Nature</i> , 2002, 416, 601-602.	27.8	71
54	PERSPECTIVE: TRANSPOSABLE ELEMENTS, PARASITIC DNA, AND GENOME EVOLUTION. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2001, 55, 1-24.	2.3	518

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55	Mutator Transposase Is Widespread in the Grasses. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2001, 125, 1293-1303.	4.8	59
56	PERSPECTIVE: TRANSPOSABLE ELEMENTS, PARASITIC DNA, AND GENOME EVOLUTION. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2001, 55, 1.	2.3	55
57	Reply from M.G. Kidwell and D.R. Lisch. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2000, 15, 288.	8.7	23
58	Transposable elements and host genome evolution. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2000, 15, 95-99.	8.7	310
59	Functional Analysis of Deletion Derivatives of the Maize Transposon MuDR Delineates Roles for the MURA and MURB Proteins. <i>Genetics</i> , 1999, 151, 331-341.	2.9	61
60	Transposons unbound. <i>Nature</i> , 1998, 393, 22-23.	27.8	31
61	The Maize Regulatory Gene B-Peru Contains a DNA Rearrangement That Specifies Tissue-Specific Expression Through Both Positive and Negative Promoter Elements. <i>Genetics</i> , 1998, 149, 1125-1138.	2.9	32
62	Transposable elements as sources of variation in animals and plants. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 1997, 94, 7704-7711.	7.1	533
63	<i>Mutator</i> and <i>MULE</i> Transposons. , 0, , 801-826.		2