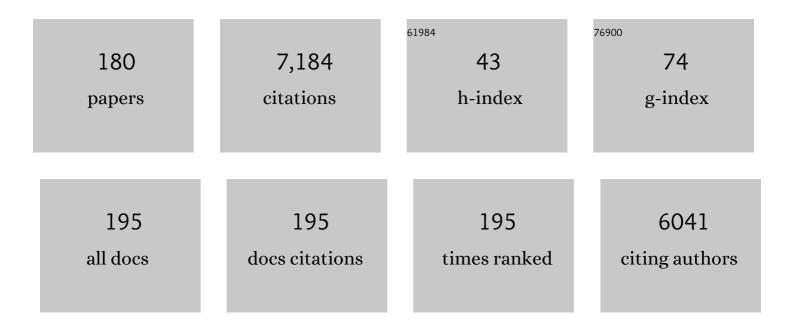
Emily S Gurley

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6534409/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



FMILY S CUDIEV

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Person-to-Person Transmission of Nipah Virus in a Bangladeshi Community. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2007, 13, 1031-1037.	4.3	387
2	Foodborne Transmission of Nipah Virus, Bangladesh. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2006, 12, 1888-1894.	4.3	376
3	Recurrent Zoonotic Transmission of Nipah Virus into Humans, Bangladesh, 2001–2007. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2009, 15, 1229-1235.	4.3	323
4	Transmission of Human Infection with Nipah Virus. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2009, 49, 1743-1748.	5.8	321
5	Genetic Characterization of Nipah Virus, Bangladesh, 2004. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2005, 11, 1594-1597.	4.3	236
6	Clinical Presentation of Nipah Virus Infection in Bangladesh. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2008, 46, 977-984.	5.8	225
7	Date Palm Sap Linked to Nipah Virus Outbreak in Bangladesh, 2008. Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases, 2012, 12, 65-72.	1.5	174
8	Nipah virus outbreak with person-to-person transmission in a district of Bangladesh, 2007. Epidemiology and Infection, 2010, 138, 1630-1636.	2.1	131
9	Longâ€ŧerm neurological and functional outcome in Nipah virus infection. Annals of Neurology, 2007, 62, 235-242.	5.3	126
10	Characterization of Nipah Virus from Outbreaks in Bangladesh, 2008–2010. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2012, 18, 248-255.	4.3	119
11	Nipah virus dynamics in bats and implications for spillover to humans. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 29190-29201.	7.1	119
12	Transmission of Nipah Virus — 14 Years of Investigations in Bangladesh. New England Journal of Medicine, 2019, 380, 1804-1814.	27.0	114
13	Nipah Virus Infection Outbreak with Nosocomial and Corpse-to-Human Transmission, Bangladesh. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2013, 19, 210-217.	4.3	110
14	Ecology, evolution and spillover of coronaviruses from bats. Nature Reviews Microbiology, 2022, 20, 299-314.	28.6	108
15	Nipah Virus Transmission from Bats to Humans Associated with Drinking Traditional Liquor Made from Date Palm Sap, Bangladesh, 2011–2014. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2016, 22, 664-670.	4.3	104
16	How social structures, space, and behaviors shape the spread of infectious diseases using chikungunya as a case study. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2016, 113, 13420-13425.	7.1	100
17	The engines of SARS-CoV-2 spread. Science, 2020, 370, 406-407.	12.6	100
18	Influenza in Outpatient ILI Case-Patients in National Hospital-Based Surveillance, Bangladesh, 2007–2008. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e8452.	2.5	91

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Use of Infrared Camera to Understand Bats' Access to Date Palm Sap: Implications for Preventing Nipah Virus Transmission. EcoHealth, 2010, 7, 517-525.	2.0	90
20	Initial findings from a novel population-based child mortality surveillance approach: a descriptive study. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e909-e919.	6.3	89
21	Risk Factors for Nipah Virus Encephalitis in Bangladesh1. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2008, 14, 1526-1532.	4.3	83
22	Convergence of Humans, Bats, Trees, and Culture in Nipah Virus Transmission, Bangladesh. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2017, 23, 1446-1453.	4.3	76
23	Date Palm Sap Collection: Exploring Opportunities to Prevent Nipah Transmission. EcoHealth, 2010, 7, 196-203.	2.0	75
24	Incidence of influenza-like illness and severe acute respiratory infection during three influenza seasons in Bangladesh, 2008–2010. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2012, 90, 12-19.	3.3	74
25	Prioritizing surveillance of Nipah virus in India. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2019, 13, e0007393.	3.0	74
26	A Randomized Controlled Trial of Interventions to Impede Date Palm Sap Contamination by Bats to Prevent Nipah Virus Transmission in Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e42689.	2.5	71
27	Febrile illness and pro-inflammatory cytokines are associated with lower neurodevelopmental scores in Bangladeshi infants living in poverty. BMC Pediatrics, 2014, 14, 50.	1.7	67
28	Indoor exposure to particulate matter and the incidence of acute lower respiratory infections among children: A birth cohort study in urban Bangladesh. Indoor Air, 2013, 23, 379-386.	4.3	66
29	Epidemiology of Henipavirus Disease in Humans. Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology, 2012, 359, 25-40.	1.1	65
30	Rethinking Japanese Encephalitis Virus Transmission: A Framework for Implicating Host and Vector Species. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0004074.	3.0	65
31	Outbreak of Hepatitis E in Urban Bangladesh Resulting in Maternal and Perinatal Mortality. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2014, 59, 658-665.	5.8	64
32	Incidence of Respiratory Virus-Associated Pneumonia in Urban Poor Young Children of Dhaka, Bangladesh, 2009–2011. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e32056.	2.5	64
33	The Role of Landscape Composition and Configuration on Pteropus giganteus Roosting Ecology and Nipah Virus Spillover Risk in Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2014, 90, 247-255.	1.4	62
34	Mortality Surveillance Methods to Identify and Characterize Deaths in Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance Network Sites. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2019, 69, S262-S273.	5.8	62
35	Contact structure, mobility, environmental impact and behaviour: the importance of social forces to infectious disease dynamics and disease ecology. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2017, 372, 20160454.	4.0	61
36	Roosting behaviour and habitat selection of <i>Pteropus giganteus</i> reveal potential links to Nipah virus epidemiology. Journal of Applied Ecology, 2014, 51, 376-387.	4.0	58

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Nationally-representative serostudy of dengue in Bangladesh allows generalizable disease burden estimates. ELife, 2019, 8, .	6.0	58
38	Avian influenza surveillance in domestic waterfowl and environment of live bird markets in Bangladesh, 2007–2012. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 9396.	3.3	54
39	Bangladeshi backyard poultry raisers' perceptions and practices related to zoonotic transmission of avian influenza. Journal of Infection in Developing Countries, 2012, 6, 156-165.	1.2	53
40	Estimating the Burden of Maternal and Neonatal Deaths Associated With Jaundice in Bangladesh: Possible Role of Hepatitis E Infection. American Journal of Public Health, 2012, 102, 2248-2254.	2.7	49
41	Seasonal concentrations and determinants of indoor particulate matter in a low-income community in Dhaka, Bangladesh. Environmental Research, 2013, 121, 11-16.	7.5	49
42	Family caregivers in public tertiary care hospitals in Bangladesh: Risks and opportunities for infection control, 2014, 42, 305-310.	2.3	49
43	An Outbreak of Chikungunya in Rural Bangladesh, 2011. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0003907.	3.0	47
44	Sexual Risk Behavior of Married Men and Women in Bangladesh Associated With Husbands' Work Migration and Living Apart. Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 2007, 34, 265-273.	1.7	46
45	Maximizing and evaluating the impact of test-trace-isolate programs: A modeling study. PLoS Medicine, 2021, 18, e1003585.	8.4	43
46	Evolving epidemiology of Nipah virus infection in Bangladesh: evidence from outbreaks during 2010–2011. Epidemiology and Infection, 2016, 144, 371-380.	2.1	42
47	HEV study protocol : design of a cluster-randomised, blinded trial to assess the safety, immunogenicity and effectiveness of the hepatitis E vaccine HEV 239 (Hecolin) in women of childbearing age in rural Bangladesh. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e033702.	1.9	42
48	Exploring Droughts and Floods and Their Association with Cholera Outbreaks in Sub-Saharan Africa: A Register-Based Ecological Study from 1990 to 2010. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2018, 98, 1269-1274.	1.4	42
49	Investigating Rare Risk Factors for Nipah Virus in Bangladesh: 2001–2012. EcoHealth, 2016, 13, 720-728.	2.0	41
50	The Ecology of Nipah Virus in Bangladesh: A Nexus of Land-Use Change and Opportunistic Feeding Behavior in Bats. Viruses, 2021, 13, 169.	3.3	41
51	Genetically Diverse Low Pathogenicity Avian Influenza A Virus Subtypes Co-Circulate among Poultry in Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0152131.	2.5	41
52	Risk of Nosocomial Transmission of Nipah Virus in a Bangladesh Hospital. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2007, 28, 740-742.	1.8	40
53	Economic burden of influenzaâ€associated hospitalizations and outpatient visits in <scp>B</scp> angladesh during 2010. Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses, 2014, 8, 406-413.	3.4	40
54	Hospital-based Surveillance for Rotavirus Gastroenteritis Among Young Children in Bangladesh. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2017, 36, 168-172.	2.0	40

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Hospital-Based Surveillance for Japanese Encephalitis at Four Sites in Bangladesh, 2003–2005. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2010, 82, 344-349.	1.4	39
56	Nipah Virus Contamination of Hospital Surfaces during Outbreaks, Bangladesh, 2013–2014. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2018, 24, 15-21.	4.3	39
57	A Novel Low-Cost Approach to Estimate the Incidence of Japanese Encephalitis in the Catchment Area of Three Hospitals in Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2011, 85, 379-385.	1.4	38
58	Piloting the use of indigenous methods to prevent Nipah virus infection by interrupting bats' access to date palm sap in Bangladesh. Health Promotion International, 2013, 28, 378-386.	1.8	38
59	Infrastructure and Contamination of the Physical Environment in Three Bangladeshi Hospitals: Putting Infection Control into Context. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e89085.	2.5	37
60	Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza A(H5N1) Virus Infection among Workers at Live Bird Markets, Bangladesh, 2009–2010. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2015, 21, 629-637.	4.3	37
61	Dynamics of Japanese Encephalitis Virus Transmission among Pigs in Northwest Bangladesh and the Potential Impact of Pig Vaccination. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2014, 8, e3166.	3.0	36
62	Why highly polluting methods are used to manufacture bricks in Bangladesh. Energy for Sustainable Development, 2015, 28, 68-74.	4.5	36
63	Multiple reassortment events among highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1) viruses detected in Bangladesh. Virology, 2014, 450-451, 297-307.	2.4	35
64	Isolation and Full-Genome Characterization of Nipah Viruses from Bats, Bangladesh. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2019, 25, 166-170.	4.3	32
65	Family and community concerns about post-mortem needle biopsies in a Muslim society. BMC Medical Ethics, 2011, 12, 10.	2.4	31
66	Impact of neighborhood biomass cooking patterns on episodic high indoor particulate matter concentrations in clean fuel homes in Dhaka, Bangladesh. Indoor Air, 2014, 24, 213-220.	4.3	31
67	Global Respiratory Syncytial Virus–Related Infant Community Deaths. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, S229-S237.	5.8	29
68	lt's not only what you say, it's also how you say it: communicating Nipah virus prevention messages during an outbreak in Bangladesh. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 726.	2.9	27
69	Seasonal Distribution and Climatic Correlates of Dengue Disease in Dhaka, Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2016, 94, 1359-1361.	1.4	27
70	Vibrio cholerae O1 transmission in Bangladesh: insights from a nationally representative serosurvey. Lancet Microbe, The, 2020, 1, e336-e343.	7.3	27
71	Raw Sap Consumption Habits and Its Association with Knowledge of Nipah Virus in Two Endemic Districts in Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0142292.	2.5	26
72	Cluster of Nipah Virus Infection, Kushtia District, Bangladesh, 2007. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e13570.	2.5	26

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Multiple Outbreaks of Puffer Fish Intoxication in Bangladesh, 2008. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2010, 83, 440-444.	1.4	25
74	Indoor Exposure to Particulate Matter and Age at First Acute Lower Respiratory Infection in a Low-Income Urban Community in Bangladesh. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 179, 967-973.	3.4	25
75	Estimates of seasonal influenzaâ€associated mortality in Bangladesh, 2010â€2012. Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses, 2018, 12, 65-71.	3.4	25
76	Epidemiology and genetic characterization of Peste des petits ruminants virus in Bangladesh. Veterinary Medicine and Science, 2018, 4, 161-171.	1.6	24
77	Air pollution dispersion from biomass stoves to neighboring homes in Mirpur, Dhaka, Bangladesh. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 425.	2.9	24
78	Population genetics of fruit bat reservoir informs the dynamics, distribution and diversity of Nipah virus. Molecular Ecology, 2020, 29, 970-985.	3.9	24
79	Postmortem investigations and identification of multiple causes of child deaths: An analysis of findings from the Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (CHAMPS) network. PLoS Medicine, 2021, 18, e1003814.	8.4	24
80	Prevalent high-risk respiratory hygiene practices in urban and rural Bangladesh. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2010, 15, 762-771.	2.3	23
81	Seroprevalence of Antibodies against Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza A (H5N1) Virus among Poultry Workers in Bangladesh, 2009. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e73200.	2.5	22
82	Evaluating Hospital-Based Surveillance for Outbreak Detection in Bangladesh: Analysis of Healthcare Utilization Data. PLoS Medicine, 2017, 14, e1002218.	8.4	22
83	Fatal Outbreak from Consuming Xanthium strumarium Seedlings during Time of Food Scarcity in Northeastern Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e9756.	2.5	22
84	Field Evaluation of Simple Rapid Tests in the Diagnosis of Syphilis. International Journal of STD and AIDS, 2008, 19, 316-320.	1.1	21
85	Hospital-Based Prevalence of Malaria and Dengue in Febrile Patients in Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2012, 86, 58-64.	1.4	21
86	Piloting the promotion of bamboo skirt barriers to prevent Nipah virus transmission through date palm sap in Bangladesh. Global Health Promotion, 2014, 21, 7-15.	1.3	21
87	Integrated cluster- and case-based surveillance for detecting stage III zoonotic pathogens: an example of Nipah virus surveillance in Bangladesh. Epidemiology and Infection, 2015, 143, 1922-1930.	2.1	21
88	Prevalence and clinical presentation of Rickettsia, Coxiella, Leptospira, Bartonella and chikungunya virus infections among hospital-based febrile patients from December 2008 to November 2009 in Bangladesh. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2017, 17, 141.	2.9	21
89	Using healthcare-seeking behaviour to estimate the number of Nipah outbreaks missed by hospital-based surveillance in Bangladesh. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 1219-1227.	1.9	21
90	Causes of Early Childhood Deaths in Urban Dhaka, Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e8145.	2.5	21

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	A low-cost approach to measure the burden of vaccine preventable diseases in urban areas. Vaccine, 2010, 28, 4903-4912.	3.8	20
92	Measuring domestic water use: a systematic review of methodologies that measure unmetered water use in lowâ€income settings. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2016, 21, 1389-1402.	2.3	20
93	Characterization of the Spatial and Temporal Distribution of Nipah Virus Spillover Events in Bangladesh, 2007–2013. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2018, 217, 1390-1394.	4.0	20
94	Rates of Hospitalâ€Acquired Respiratory Illness in Bangladeshi Tertiary Care Hospitals: Results from a Low ost Pilot Surveillance Strategy. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2010, 50, 1084-1090.	5.8	19
95	The Drivers and Impacts of Selling Soil for Brick Making in Bangladesh. Environmental Management, 2018, 62, 792-802.	2.7	19
96	Deaths Attributed to Respiratory Syncytial Virus in Young Children in High–Mortality Rate Settings: Report from Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (CHAMPS). Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, S218-S228.	5.8	19
97	Sampling Design Influences the Observed Dominance of Culex tritaeniorhynchus: Considerations for Future Studies of Japanese Encephalitis Virus Transmission. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2016, 10, e0004249.	3.0	19
98	High Hepatitis E Seroprevalence Among Displaced Persons in South Sudan. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 96, 1296-1301.	1.4	19
99	Etiologies of Bacterial Meningitis in Bangladesh: Results from a Hospital-Based Study. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2009, 81, 475-483.	1.4	19
100	Understanding the failure of a behavior change intervention to reduce risk behaviors for avian influenza transmission among backyard poultry raisers in rural Bangladesh: a focused ethnography. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 858.	2.9	18
101	Association of Biosecurity and Hygiene Practices with Environmental Contamination with Influenza A Viruses in Live Bird Markets, Bangladesh. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2020, 26, 2087-2096.	4.3	18
102	Inference of Nipah virus evolution, 1999–2015. Virus Evolution, 2021, 7, veaa062.	4.9	18
103	Risk practices for animal and human anthrax in Bangladesh: an exploratory study. Infection Ecology and Epidemiology, 2013, 3, 21356.	0.8	17
104	An update from hospital-based surveillance for rotavirus gastroenteritis among young children in Bangladesh, July 2012 to June 2017. Vaccine, 2018, 36, 7811-7815.	3.8	17
105	Hepatitis E should be considered a neglected tropical disease. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2019, 13, e0007453.	3.0	17
106	Contamination of hospital surfaces with respiratory pathogens in Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0224065.	2.5	17
107	Micro-scale Spatial Clustering of Cholera Risk Factors in Urban Bangladesh. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2016, 10, e0004400.	3.0	17
108	Poultry Slaughtering Practices in Rural Communities of Bangladesh and Risk of Avian Influenza Transmission: A Qualitative Study. EcoHealth, 2014, 11, 83-93.	2.0	16

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
109	Incidence of and Risk Factors for Hospital-Acquired Diarrhea in Three Tertiary Care Public Hospitals in Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2014, 91, 165-172.	1.4	16
110	Tracking Cholera through Surveillance of Oral Rehydration Solution Sales at Pharmacies: Insights from Urban Bangladesh. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0004230.	3.0	16
111	A Controlled Trial to Reduce the Risk of Human Nipah Virus Exposure in Bangladesh. EcoHealth, 2017, 14, 501-517.	2.0	16
112	Hospital-based surveillance for Japanese encephalitis in Bangladesh, 2007–2016: Implications for introduction of immunization. International Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2020, 99, 69-74.	3.3	15
113	Twenty Years of Nipah Virus Research: Where Do We Go From Here?. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2020, 221, S359-S362.	4.0	15
114	Hunting Bats for Human Consumption in Bangladesh. EcoHealth, 2020, 17, 139-151.	2.0	15
115	Exposure-Based Screening for Nipah Virus Encephalitis, Bangladesh. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2015, 21, 349-351.	4.3	13
116	A Framework to Monitor Changes in Transmission and Epidemiology of Emerging Pathogens: Lessons From Nipah Virus. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2020, 221, S363-S369.	4.0	13
117	SARS-CoV-2 Seroprevalence before Delta Variant Surge, Chattogram, Bangladesh, March–June 2021. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2022, 28, 429-431.	4.3	13
118	Surveillance at Private Laboratories Identifies Small Outbreaks of Hepatitis E in Urban Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 96, 395-399.	1.4	12
119	Hepatitis E as a cause of adult hospitalization in Bangladesh: Results from an acute jaundice surveillance study in six tertiary hospitals, 2014-2017. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2020, 14, e0007586.	3.0	12
120	Outbreak of Sudden Death with Acute Encephalitis Syndrome Among Children Associated with Exposure to Lychee Orchards in Northern Bangladesh, 2012. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 97, 949-957.	1.4	12
121	Exploring pig raising in Bangladesh: implications for public health interventions. Veterinaria Italiana, 2013, 49, 7-17.	0.5	12
122	Serological Evidence of Coxiella burnetii Infection in Cattle and Goats in Bangladesh. EcoHealth, 2015, 12, 354-358.	2.0	11
123	Low-Cost National Media-Based Surveillance System for Public Health Events, Bangladesh. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2016, 22, 720-722.	4.3	11
124	Epidemiology of childhood intussusception in Bangladesh: Findings from an active national hospital based surveillance system, 2012–2016. Vaccine, 2018, 36, 7805-7810.	3.8	11
125	A case of primary amebic meningoencephalitis caused by Naegleria fowleri in Bangladesh. Parasitology Research, 2020, 119, 339-344.	1.6	11
126	Hepatitis E in Bangladesh: Insights From a National Serosurvey. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2021, 224, S805-S812.	4.0	11

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
127	Assessing the feasibility of Nipah vaccine efficacy trials based on previous outbreaks in Bangladesh. Vaccine, 2021, 39, 5600-5606.	3.8	11
128	Etiologies of bacterial meningitis in Bangladesh: results from a hospital-based study. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2009, 81, 475-83.	1.4	11
129	Understanding community perceptions, social norms and current practice related to respiratory infection in Bangladesh during 2009: a qualitative formative study. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 901.	2.9	10
130	Increased Morbidity and Mortality in Domestic Animals Eating Dropped and Bitten Fruit in Bangladeshi Villages: Implications for Zoonotic Disease Transmission. EcoHealth, 2016, 13, 39-48.	2.0	10
131	An outbreak of classical swine fever in pigs in Bangladesh, 2015. Veterinary Medicine and Science, 2018, 4, 45-52.	1.6	10
132	Case-Fatality Ratio of Blood Culture–Confirmed Typhoid Fever in Dhaka, Bangladesh. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2018, 218, S222-S226.	4.0	10
133	Indirect effects of the early phase of the COVID-19 pandemic on the coverage of essential maternal and newborn health services in a rural subdistrict in Bangladesh: results from a cross-sectional household survey. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e056951.	1.9	10
134	An epidemic of chikungunya in northwestern Bangladesh in 2011. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0212218.	2.5	9
135	Risk Factors Associated with Blood Exposure for Sporadic Hepatitis E in Dhaka, Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 97, 1437-1444.	1.4	9
136	Hospital-based zoonotic disease surveillance in Bangladesh: design, field data and difficulties. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2019, 374, 20190019.	4.0	8
137	Behaviour change intervention to reduce caregivers' exposure to patients' oral and nasal secretions in Bangladesh. International Journal of Infection Control, 2013, 9, .	0.2	8
138	Incidence of Acute Diarrhea-Associated Death among Children < 5 Years of Age in Bangladesh, 2010–12. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2018, 98, 281-286.	1.4	8
139	The Cholera Phone: Diarrheal Disease Surveillance by Mobile Phone in Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2019, 100, 510-516.	1.4	8
140	One in Five Maternal Deaths in Bangladesh Associated with Acute Jaundice: Results from a National Maternal Mortality Survey. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2016, 94, 695-697.	1.4	7
141	A large-scale behavior change intervention to prevent Nipah transmission in Bangladesh: components and costs. BMC Research Notes, 2017, 10, 225.	1.4	7
142	Preparing for safety monitoring after rotavirus vaccine introduction – Assessment of baseline epidemiology of intussusception among children <2â€years of age in four Asian countries. Vaccine, 2018, 36, 7593-7598.	3.8	6
143	Cost of illness for severe and non-severe diarrhea borne by households in a low-income urban community of Bangladesh: A cross-sectional study. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009439.	3.0	6
144	The economic burden of rotavirus hospitalization among childrenÂ<Â5 years of age in selected hospitals in Bangladesh. Vaccine, 2021, 39, 7082-7090.	3.8	6

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
145	Costs of hospitalization with respiratory syncytial virus illness among children aged <5 years and the financial impact on households in Bangladesh, 2010. Journal of Global Health, 2017, 7, 010412.	2.7	6
146	Investigation of an Outbreak of Unintentional Acute Pesticide Poisoning: Assessment of Exposure to Carbamate and Organophosphate Insecticides, Rural Bangladesh, 2009. Epidemiology, 2011, 22, S115.	2.7	5
147	Social Ecological Analysis of an Outbreak of Pufferfish Egg Poisoning in a Coastal Area of Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2011, 85, 498-503.	1.4	5
148	The Application of One Health Approaches to Henipavirus Research. Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology, 2012, 365, 155-170.	1.1	5
149	Medically unexplained illness and the diagnosis of hysterical conversion reaction (HCR) in women's medicine wards of Bangladeshi hospitals: a record review and qualitative study. BMC Women's Health, 2012, 12, 38.	2.0	5
150	Influenza B virus outbreak at a religious residential school for boys in Northern Bangladesh, 2011. Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses, 2017, 11, 165-169.	3.4	5
151	Outbreak of diarrhoea in piglets caused by novel rotavirus genotype G4P[49] in northâ€western district of Bangladesh, February 2014. Transboundary and Emerging Diseases, 2020, 67, 442-449.	3.0	5
152	Rumor surveillance in support of minimally invasive tissue sampling for diagnosing the cause of child death in low-income countries: A qualitative study. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0244552.	2.5	5
153	Setting a Course for Preventing Hepatitis E in Low and Lower-Middle-Income Countries: A Systematic Review of Burden and Risk Factors. Open Forum Infectious Diseases, 2021, 8, ofab178.	0.9	5
154	Epidemiology of Henipaviruses. , 2015, , 55-71.		5
155	A Low-Cost, Community Knowledge Approach to Estimate Maternal and Jaundice-Associated Mortality in Rural Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2018, 99, 1633-1638.	1.4	5
156	Pig illnesses and epidemics: a qualitative study on perceptions and practices of pig raisers in Bangladesh. Veterinaria Italiana, 2012, 48, 157-65.	0.5	5
157	Cultural and Economic Motivation of Pig Raising Practices in Bangladesh. EcoHealth, 2015, 12, 611-620.	2.0	4
158	Changing Contact Patterns Over Disease Progression: Nipah Virus as a Case Study. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2020, 222, 438-442.	4.0	4
159	Hospital-based Surveillance for Pediatric Norovirus Gastroenteritis in Bangladesh, 2012–2016. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2021, 40, 215-219.	2.0	4
160	Nipah virus transmission in south Asia: exploring the mysteries and addressing the problems. Future Virology, 2011, 6, 897-900.	1.8	3
161	Anthropological Approaches to Outbreak Investigations in Bangladesh. , 2013, , 215-224.		3

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
163	Nipah Virus Detection at Bat Roosts after Spillover Events, Bangladesh, 2012–2019. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2022, 28, 1384-1392.	4.3	3
164	Differential Overlap in Human and Animal Fecal Microbiomes and Resistomes in Rural versus Urban Bangladesh. Applied and Environmental Microbiology, 2022, 88, .	3.1	3
165	Developing Culturally Appropriate Interventions to Prevent Person-to-Person Transmission of Nipah Virus in Bangladesh. , 2013, , 329-337.		2
166	Identifying Acceptable and Feasible Infection Control Interventions for Nipah Encephalitis Outbreaks in Bangladesh. American Journal of Infection Control, 2018, 46, S24.	2.3	2
167	Estimated impact of maternal vaccination on global paediatric influenza-related in-hospital mortality: A retrospective case series. EClinicalMedicine, 2021, 37, 100945.	7.1	2
168	Clinical Cholera Surveillance Sensitivity in Bangladesh and Implications for Large-Scale Disease Control. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2021, 224, S725-S731.	4.0	2
169	Seasonality of Date Palm Sap Feeding Behavior by Bats in Bangladesh. EcoHealth, 2021, 18, 359-371.	2.0	2
170	Curating the Evidence About COVID-19 for Frontline Public Health and Clinical Care: The Novel Coronavirus Research Compendium. Public Health Reports, 2022, 137, 197-202.	2.5	2
171	Comparing insights from clinic-based versus community-based outbreak investigations: a case study of chikungunya in Bangladesh. International Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2020, 97, 306-312.	3.3	1
172	Prioritising health-care strategies to reduce childhood mortality, insights from Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (CHAMPS): a longitudinal study. The Lancet Global Health, 2022, 10, S8.	6.3	1
173	Contact Tracing Is Far from Futile. Inference, 2021, 6, .	0.0	0
174	Coding-Complete Sequence of a SARS-CoV-2 B.1.1.25 Lineage Obtained from an 8-Day-Old Deceased Neonate. Microbiology Resource Announcements, 2021, 10, e0075621.	0.6	0
175	The Application of One Health Approaches to Henipavirus Research. Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology, 2012, , 155-170.	1.1	0
176	Reducing the Risk of Foodborne Transmission of Nipah Virus. , 2016, , 151-167.		0
177	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0007586.		0
178	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0007586.		0
179	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0007586.		0
180	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0007586.		0