

Juan M Barros-Dios

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

76
papers

1,759
citations

279798

23
h-index

330143

37
g-index

84
all docs

84
docs citations

84
times ranked

1692
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Exposure to Residential Radon and Lung Cancer in Spain: A Population-based Case-Control Study. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2002, 156, 548-555.	3.4	104
2	Residential Radon Exposure, Histologic Types, and Lung Cancer Risk. A Case-Control Study in Galicia, Spain. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2012, 21, 951-958.	2.5	94
3	Lung cancer in never-smokers: a case-control study in a radon-prone area (Galicia, Spain). <i>European Respiratory Journal</i> , 2014, 44, 994-1001.	6.7	79
4	Residential radon and lung cancer in never smokers. A systematic review. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2014, 345, 21-26.	7.2	74
5	Residential radon and lung cancer--detailed results of a collaborative analysis of individual data on 7148 persons with lung cancer and 14,208 persons without lung cancer from 13 epidemiologic studies in Europe. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2006, 32 Suppl 1, 1-83.	3.4	73
6	Meta-analysis and pooled analysis of GSTM1 and CYP1A1 polymorphisms and oral and pharyngeal cancers: a HuGE-GSEC review. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2008, 10, 369-384.	2.4	60
7	Lung cancer and residential radon in never-smokers: A pooling study in the Northwest of Spain. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2019, 172, 713-718.	7.5	60
8	Associated Links Among Smoking, Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease, and Small Cell Lung Cancer: A Pooled Analysis in the International Lung Cancer Consortium. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2015, 2, 1677-1685.	6.1	49
9	Epidemiology of stage III lung cancer: frequency, diagnostic characteristics, and survival. <i>Translational Lung Cancer Research</i> , 2021, 10, 506-518.	2.8	49
10	Radon exposure: a major cause of lung cancer. <i>Expert Review of Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2019, 13, 839-850.	2.5	48
11	Population-based versus hospital-based controls: are they comparable?. <i>Gaceta Sanitaria</i> , 2008, 22, 609-613.	1.5	43
12	Antioxidant Vitamins and Risk of Lung Cancer. <i>Current Pharmaceutical Design</i> , 2006, 12, 599-613.	1.9	42
13	Residential radon and small cell lung cancer. A systematic review. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2018, 426, 57-62.	7.2	42
14	Genetic Susceptibility, Residential Radon, and Lung Cancer in a Radon Prone Area. <i>Journal of Thoracic Oncology</i> , 2014, 9, 1073-1080.	1.1	39
15	Lung cancer survival among never smokers. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2019, 451, 142-149.	7.2	38
16	Lung cancer risk and residential radon exposure: A pooling of case-control studies in northwestern Spain. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2020, 189, 109968.	7.5	38
17	Residential radon and cancer mortality in Galicia, Spain. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018, 610-611, 1125-1132.	8.0	33
18	Residential radon, EGFR mutations and ALK alterations in never-smoking lung cancer cases. <i>European Respiratory Journal</i> , 2016, 48, 1462-1470.	6.7	32

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19	Small cell lung cancer in never-smokers. <i>European Respiratory Journal</i> , 2016, 47, 947-953.	6.7	32
20	Consumption of fruit and vegetables and risk of lung cancer: A case-control study in Galicia, Spain. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2008, 24, 407-413.	2.4	30
21	Residential radon in Galicia: a cross-sectional study in a radon-prone area. <i>Journal of Radiological Protection</i> , 2017, 37, 728-741.	1.1	30
22	Alpha-1 Antitrypsin Deficiency and Lung Cancer Risk. <i>Journal of Thoracic Oncology</i> , 2015, 10, 1279-1284.	1.1	27
23	Is there a specific mutation of p53 gene due to radon exposure? A systematic review. <i>International Journal of Radiation Biology</i> , 2009, 85, 614-621.	1.8	26
24	Lung cancer mortality attributable to residential radon exposure in Spain and its regions. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2021, 199, 111372.	7.5	26
25	Residential radon and lung cancer characteristics in never smokers. <i>International Journal of Radiation Biology</i> , 2015, 91, 605-610.	1.8	23
26	Occupation and smoking as risk factors for lung cancer: A population-based case-control study. <i>American Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 2003, 43, 149-155.	2.1	22
27	Attributable mortality to radon exposure in Galicia, Spain. Is it necessary to act in the face of this health problem?. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2010, 10, 256.	2.9	22
28	Residential radon and cancers other than lung cancer: a cohort study in Galicia, a Spanish radon-prone area. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2016, 31, 437-441.	5.7	22
29	Exposición a radón residencial y cáncer de pulmón en nunca fumadores. Resultados preliminares del estudio LCRINS. <i>Archivos De Bronconeumología</i> , 2012, 48, 405-409.	0.8	21
30	Residential radon exposure and brain cancer: an ecological study in a radon prone area (Galicia, Spain). <i>Journal of Environmental and Public Health</i> , 2010, 2010, 10, 10.	3.3	21
31	Residential radon, genetic polymorphisms in DNA damage and repair-related. <i>Lung Cancer</i> , 2019, 135, 10-15.	2.0	21
32	Action levels for indoor radon: different risks for the same lung carcinogen?. <i>European Respiratory Journal</i> , 2017, 50, 1701609.	6.7	20
33	Indoor radon in Spanish workplaces. A pilot study before the introduction of the European Directive 2013/59/Euratom. <i>Gaceta Sanitaria</i> , 2019, 33, 563-567.	1.5	19
34	Analysis of the relationship between p53 immunohistochemical expression and risk factors for lung cancer, with special emphasis on residential radon exposure. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2008, 19, 109-114.	1.2	18
35	Residential radon exposure and esophageal cancer. An ecological study from an area with high indoor radon concentration (Galicia, Spain). <i>International Journal of Radiation Biology</i> , 2014, 90, 299-305.	1.8	18
36	Meat and fish consumption and risk of lung cancer: A case-control study in Galicia, Spain. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2007, 252, 115-122.	7.2	16

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37	Radon and stomach cancer. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2017, 46, 767-768.	1.9	16
38	Residential radon and COPD. An ecological study in Galicia, Spain. <i>International Journal of Radiation Biology</i> , 2017, 93, 222-230.	1.8	16
39	Leisure time activities related to carcinogen exposure and lung cancer risk in never smokers. A case-control study. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2014, 132, 33-37.	7.5	14
40	Radon exposure and tumors of the central nervous system. <i>Gaceta Sanitaria</i> , 2018, 32, 567-575.	1.5	14
41	<p>Exposure to Residential Radon and COPD: A Systematic Review</p>. <i>International Journal of COPD</i> , 2020, Volume 15, 939-948.	2.3	14
42	Radon exposure and oropharyngeal cancer risk. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2015, 369, 45-49.	7.2	13
43	Alcohol consumption and lung cancer risk in never smokers: a pooled analysis of case-control studies. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2018, 28, 521-527.	0.3	13
44	Diet and lung cancer: a new approach. <i>European Journal of Cancer Prevention</i> , 2000, 9, 395-400.	1.3	12
45	Residential Radon and Lung Cancer. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2009, 20, 155-156.	2.7	12
46	Fruit and Vegetable Consumption and Lung Cancer Risk: A Case-Control Study in Galicia, Spain. <i>Nutrition and Cancer</i> , 2014, 66, 1030-1037.	2.0	12
47	Residential Radon in Central and South America: A Systematic Review. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 4550.	2.6	11
48	Lung cancer survival in never-smokers and exposure to residential radon: Results of the LCRINS study. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2020, 487, 21-26.	7.2	11
49	Alcohol consumption and lung cancer risk in never smokers. <i>Gaceta Sanitaria</i> , 2016, 30, 311-317.	1.5	10
50	Residential Radon and Small Cell Lung Cancer. Final Results of the Small Cell Study. <i>Archivos De Bronconeumologia</i> , 2022, 58, 542-546.	0.8	10
51	Indoor Radon Exposure and COPD, Synergic Association? A Multicentric, Hospital-Based Caseâ€“Control Study in a Radon-Prone Area. <i>Archivos De Bronconeumologia</i> , 2021, 57, 630-636.	0.8	10
52	A Population-Based Case-Control Study on Fruit and Vegetable Intake and Lung Cancer: A Paradox Effect?. <i>Nutrition and Cancer</i> , 2002, 43, 47-51.	2.0	9
53	Environmental tobacco smoke exposure and EGFR and ALK alterations in never smokers' lung cancer. Results from the LCRINS study. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2017, 411, 130-135.	7.2	9
54	Lung cancer risk and do-it-yourself activities. A neglected risk factor for lung cancer. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2019, 179, 108812.	7.5	9

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55	Exposure to Residential Radon and Lung Cancer in Never-smokers: The Preliminary Results of the LCRINS Study. <i>Archivos De Bronconeumologia</i> , 2012, 48, 405-409.	0.8	8
56	Lung cancer survival and deletion of GSTM1 and GSTT1 genes. A case-series from Spain. <i>Tumori</i> , 2013, 99, 445-451.	1.1	8
57	Residential Radon: The Neglected Risk Factor in Lung Cancer Risk Scores. <i>Journal of Thoracic Oncology</i> , 2016, 11, 1384-1386.	1.1	8
58	Radon Exposure and Neurodegenerative Disease. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 7439.	2.6	8
59	Leisure Time Activities and Lung Cancer. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2012, 23, 352-353.	2.7	7
60	Radón residencial y riesgo de cáncer de pulmón en nunca fumadores. <i>Archivos De Bronconeumologia</i> , 2017, 53, 475-476.	0.8	6
61	Deletion of <i>GSTM1</i> and <i>GSTT1</i> Genes and Lung Cancer Survival: a Systematic Review. <i>Tumori</i> , 2017, 103, 338-344.	1.1	6
62	Residential Radon and Risk of Lung Cancer in Never-Smokers. <i>Archivos De Bronconeumologia</i> , 2017, 53, 475-476.	0.8	5
63	Cáncer de pulmón microcítico. Metodología y resultados preliminares del estudio SMALL CELL. <i>Archivos De Bronconeumologia</i> , 2017, 53, 675-681.	0.8	5
64	Residential radon and lung cancer: a cohort study in Galicia, Spain. <i>Cadernos De Saude Publica</i> , 2017, 33, e00189415.	1.0	5
65	Residential Radon in Manizales, Colombia: Results of a Pilot Study. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 1228.	2.6	5
66	Residential radon and lung cancer characteristics at diagnosis. <i>International Journal of Radiation Biology</i> , 2021, 97, 997-1002.	1.8	4
67	Polymorphisms in the BER and NER pathways and their influence on survival and toxicity in never-smokers with lung cancer. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 21147.	3.3	3
68	Radon, Tobacco Exposure and Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Risk Related to BER and NER Genetic Polymorphisms. <i>Archivos De Bronconeumologia</i> , 2022, 58, 311-322.	0.8	2
69	Fruits and Vegetables and Lung Cancer Risk in Never Smokers. A Multicentric and Pooled Case-Control Study. <i>Nutrition and Cancer</i> , 2022, 74, 613-621.	2.0	2
70	Indoor Radon Exposure and COPD, Synergic Association? A Multicentric, Hospital-Based Case-Control Study in a Radon-Prone Area. <i>Archivos De Bronconeumologia</i> , 2021, 57, 630-636.	0.8	2
71	Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency and risk of lung cancer in never-smokers: a multicentre case-control study. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2022, 22, 81.	2.6	2
72	Residential radon and lung cancer. An ecologic study in Galicia, Spain. <i>Medicina Clínica (English)</i> Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT/Overlock 10 Tf 50 6	0.2	1

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73	Population versus hospital controls and the lost opportunities. Gaceta Sanitaria, 2009, 23, 565.	1.5	0
74	Bacteremia nosocomial asociada a catéter vascular central en unidades de cuidados intensivos en 2 hospitales en Galicia (España). Infectio, 2016, 20, 62-69.	0.4	0
75	Small Cell Lung Cancer. Methodology and Preliminary Results of the SMALL CELL Study. Archivos De Bronconeumologia, 2017, 53, 675-681.	0.8	0
76	Reply: Residential radon and small cell lung cancer. A systematic review. Cancer Letters, 2019, 452, 266-267.	7.2	0