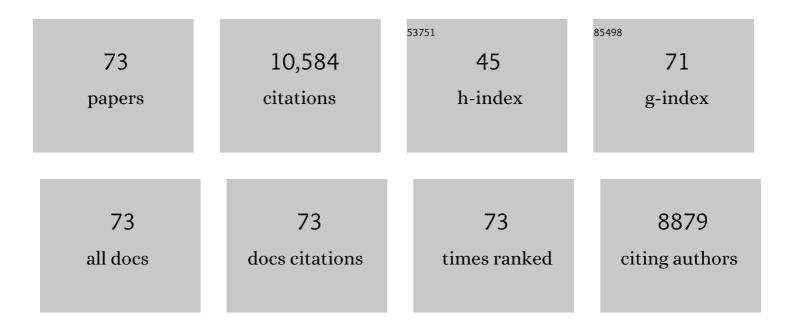
List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Changes in weight status, quality of life and behaviours of South Australian primary school children: results from the Obesity Prevention and Lifestyle (OPAL) community intervention program. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 1338.	1.2	8
2	Social marketing and community mobilisation to reduce underage alcohol consumption in Australia: A cluster randomised community trial. Preventive Medicine, 2018, 113, 132-139.	1.6	13
3	Relationship between the home environment and fruit and vegetable consumption in children aged 6–12 years: a systematic review. Public Health Nutrition, 2017, 20, 464-480.	1.1	56
4	Positive influences of home food environment on primary-school children's diet and weight status: a structural equation model approach. Public Health Nutrition, 2016, 19, 2525-2534.	1.1	7
5	Test–retest reliability of the Physical Activity Neighborhood Environment Scale among school students in China. Public Health, 2016, 130, 91-94.	1.4	3
6	Critical design features for establishing a childhood obesity monitoring program in Australia. Australian Journal of Primary Health, 2015, 21, 369.	0.4	7
7	Effectiveness of a Randomized Controlled Lifestyle Intervention to Prevent Obesity among Chinese Primary School Students: CLICK-Obesity Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0141421.	1.1	53
8	Physical activity, leisure-time screen use and depression among children and young adolescents. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport, 2014, 17, 183-187.	0.6	212
9	BMI, Health Behaviors, and Quality of Life in Children and Adolescents: A School-Based Study. Pediatrics, 2014, 133, e868-e874.	1.0	95
10	Initiating and maintaining recreational walking: A longitudinal study on the influence of neighborhood green space. Preventive Medicine, 2013, 57, 178-182.	1.6	95
11	A clustered randomised trial examining the effect of social marketing and community mobilisation on the age of uptake and levels of alcohol consumption by Australian adolescents. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e002423.	0.8	28
12	Relationships of Sun-Protection Habit Strength with Sunscreen Use During Outdoor Sport and Physical Activity. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2012, 9, 916-923.	1.2	11
13	A Prospective Study of Diet Quality and Mental Health in Adolescents. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e24805.	1.1	257
14	Habitual physical activity and the risk for depressive and anxiety disorders among older men and women. International Psychogeriatrics, 2011, 23, 292-298.	0.6	92
15	Don't Worry, be Active: Positive Affect and Habitual Physical Activity. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2011, 45, 1047-1052.	1.3	68
16	Habitual Active Transport Moderates the Association of TV Viewing Time With Body Mass Index. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2010, 7, 11-16.	1.0	30
17	Associations of Residential Density with Adolescents' Physical Activity in a Rapidly Urbanizing Area of Mainland China. Journal of Urban Health, 2010, 87, 44-53.	1.8	53
18	Bicycle Use for Transport in an Australian and a Belgian City: Associations with Built-Environment Attributes. Journal of Urban Health, 2010, 87, 189-198.	1.8	51

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19	Relationships of Land Use Mix with Walking for Transport: Do Land Uses and Geographical Scale Matter?. Journal of Urban Health, 2010, 87, 782-795.	1.8	141
20	Gender differences in personal, social and environmental influences on active travel to and from school for Australian adolescents. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport, 2010, 13, 597-601.	0.6	100
21	The importance of family management, closeness with father and family structure in early adolescent alcohol use. Addiction, 2010, 105, 1750-1758.	1.7	55
22	Associations Between Diet Quality and Depressed Mood in Adolescents: Results from the Australian Healthy Neighbourhoods Study. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2010, 44, 435-442.	1.3	185
23	Residential density and adolescent overweight in a rapidly urbanising region of mainland China. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2010, 64, 1017-1021.	2.0	42
24	Perceived and objectively measured greenness of neighbourhoods: Are they measuring the same thing?. Landscape and Urban Planning, 2010, 95, 28-33.	3.4	169
25	Perceptions of representatives of public, private, and community sector institutions of the barriers and enablers for physically active transport. Transport Policy, 2010, 17, 496-504.	3.4	45
26	Explaining socio-economic status differences in walking for transport: An ecological analysis of individual, social and environmental factors. Social Science and Medicine, 2009, 68, 1013-1020.	1.8	95
27	Physical activity for recreation or exercise on neighbourhood streets: Associations with perceived environmental attributes. Health and Place, 2009, 15, 1058-1063.	1.5	81
28	Associations of multiple physical activity domains with mental well-being. Mental Health and Physical Activity, 2009, 2, 55-64.	0.9	72
29	Associations of Perceived Community Environmental Attributes with Walking in a Population-Based Sample of Adults with Type 2 Diabetes. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2008, 35, 170-178.	1.7	24
30	How socio-economic status contributes to participation in leisure-time physical activity. Social Science and Medicine, 2008, 66, 2596-2609.	1.8	201
31	Are perceptions of the local environment related to neighbourhood satisfaction and mental health in adults?. Preventive Medicine, 2008, 47, 273-278.	1.6	185
32	Associations of neighbourhood greenness with physical and mental health: do walking, social coherence and local social interaction explain the relationships?. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2008, 62, e9-e9.	2.0	570
33	Objective Versus Perceived Walking Distances to Destinations. Environment and Behavior, 2008, 40, 401-425.	2.1	115
34	An Australian Version of the Neighborhood Environment Walkability Scale: Validity Evidence. Measurement in Physical Education and Exercise Science, 2008, 12, 31-51.	1.3	79
35	New Techniques and Issues in Assessing Walking Behavior and Its Contexts. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2008, 40, S574-S583.	0.2	11
36	Motivational readiness for active commuting by university students: incentives and barriers. Health Promotion Journal of Australia, 2008, 19, 210-215.	0.6	10

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37	Recreational facilities and leisure-time physical activity: An analysis of moderators and self-efficacy as a mediator Health Psychology, 2008, 27, S126-S135.	1.3	74
38	Does Walking in the Neighbourhood Enhance Local Sociability?. Urban Studies, 2007, 44, 1677-1695.	2.2	125
39	Regional Variations in Walking for Different Purposes. Environment and Behavior, 2007, 39, 557-577.	2.1	14
40	Residential proximity to school and the active travel choices of parents. Health Promotion Journal of Australia, 2007, 18, 127-134.	0.6	24
41	Neighborhood Walkability and the Walking Behavior of Australian Adults. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2007, 33, 387-395.	1.6	529
42	Sun exposure and sun protection behaviours among young adult sport competitors. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2007, 31, 230-234.	0.8	46
43	Walkability of local communities: Using geographic information systems to objectively assess relevant environmental attributes. Health and Place, 2007, 13, 111-122.	1.5	476
44	Destinations that matter: Associations with walking for transport. Health and Place, 2007, 13, 713-724.	1.5	235
45	Cigarette Smoking is Negatively Associated with Family Average Income Among Urban and Rural Men in Regional Mainland China. International Journal of Mental Health and Addiction, 2007, 5, 17-23.	4.4	7
46	Applying GIS in Physical Activity Research: Community â€~Walkability' and Walking Behaviors. Lecture Notes in Geoinformation and Cartography, 2007, , 72-89.	0.5	12
47	Objectively Assessing' Walkability' of Local Communities: Using GIS to Identify the Relevant Environmental Attributes. , 2007, , 91-104.		12
48	Small-scale randomized controlled trials need more powerful methods of mediational analysis than the Baron–Kenny method. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2006, 59, 457-464.	2.4	55
49	Socio-Demographic Variations in Walking for Transport and for Recreation or Exercise Among Adult Australians. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2006, 3, 164-178.	1.0	53
50	Family average income and diagnosed TypeÂ2 diabetes in urban and rural residents in regional mainland China. Diabetic Medicine, 2006, 23, 1239-1246.	1.2	40
51	Residents' perceptions of walkability attributes in objectively different neighbourhoods: a pilot study. Health and Place, 2005, 11, 227-236.	1.5	324
52	Piloting the feasibility and effectiveness of print- and telephone-mediated interventions for promoting the adoption of physical activity in Australian adults. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport, 2005, 8, 134-142.	0.6	13
53	Exploring the feasibility and acceptability of using Internet technology to promote physical activity within a defined community. Health Promotion Journal of Australia, 2005, 16, 82-84.	0.6	21
54	Levels of Physical Activity for Colon Cancer Prevention Compared with Generic Public Health Recommendations: Population Prevalence and Sociodemographic Correlates. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 1000-1002.	1.1	17

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55	Engagement and retention of participants in a physical activity website. Preventive Medicine, 2005, 40, 54-59.	1.6	134
56	Family average income and body mass index above the healthy weight range among urban and rural residents in regional Mainland China. Public Health Nutrition, 2005, 8, 47-51.	1.1	34
57	Associations of Location and Perceived Environmental Attributes with Walking in Neighborhoods. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2004, 18, 239-242.	0.9	142
58	Changes in neighborhood walking are related to changes in perceptions of environmental attributes. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2004, 27, 60-67.	1.7	197
59	Trial of print and telephone delivered interventions to influence walking. Preventive Medicine, 2004, 39, 635-641.	1.6	35
60	Perceived environment attributes, residential location, and walking for particular purposes. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2004, 26, 119-125.	1.6	327
61	Understanding environmental influences on walking. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2004, 27, 67-76.	1.6	1,043
62	Gender, Age, and Educational-Attainment Differences in Australian Adults' Participation in Vigorous Sporting and Fitness Activities. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2004, 1, 377-388.	1.0	17
63	Evaluation of an internet-based physical activity intervention: A preliminary investigation. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2003, 25, 92-99.	1.7	211
64	Reliability of moderate-intensity and vigorous physical activity stage of change measures for young adults. Preventive Medicine, 2003, 37, 177-181.	1.6	18
65	Print versus website physical activity programs. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2003, 25, 88-94.	1.6	176
66	Environmental factors associated with adults' participation in physical activity A review. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2002, 22, 188-199.	1.6	1,427
67	Perceived Environmental Aesthetics and Convenience and Company Are Associated with Walking for Exercise among Australian Adults. Preventive Medicine, 2001, 33, 434-440.	1.6	395
68	University campus settings and the promotion of physical activity in young adults: lessons from research in Australia and the USA. Health Education, 2001, 101, 116-125.	0.4	95
69	Physical activity and health. , 2001, , 155-161.		3
70	Age-related differences in physical activity levels of young adults. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2001, 33, 255-258.	0.2	79
71	Social–Cognitive and Perceived Environment Influences Associated with Physical Activity in Older Australians. Preventive Medicine, 2000, 31, 15-22.	1.6	588
72	Inactive Australian College Students' Preferred Activities, Sources of Assistance, and Motivators. American Journal of Health Promotion, 1999, 13, 197-199.	0.9	30

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73	Insufficiently Active Australian College Students: Perceived Personal, Social, and Environmental Influences. Preventive Medicine, 1999, 28, 20-27.	1.6	237