

# Sandra A.M. Lindström

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6416678/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

18  
papers

1,357  
citations

759233

12  
h-index

888059

17  
g-index

18  
all docs

18  
docs citations

18  
times ranked

1656  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	<scp>CropPol</scp>: A dynamic, open and global database on crop pollination. <i>Ecology</i> , 2022, 103, e3614.	3.2	19
2	Simple and farmer-friendly bumblebee conservation: straw bales as nest sites in agricultural landscapes. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2022, , .	2.7	1
3	Landscape crop diversity and semi-natural habitat affect crop pollinators, pollination benefit and yield. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2021, 306, 107189.	5.3	57
4	Evaluating predictive performance of statistical models explaining wild bee abundance in a mass-flowering crop. <i>Ecography</i> , 2021, 44, 525-536.	4.5	11
5	Wild insect diversity increases inter-annual stability in global crop pollinator communities. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2021, 288, 20210212.	2.6	43
6	Reduced crop density increases floral resources to pollinators without affecting crop yield in organic and conventional fields. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2021, 58, 1421-1430.	4.0	12
7	Flower strips enhance abundance of bumble bee queens and males in landscapes with few honey bee hives. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2021, 263, 109363.	4.1	16
8	Annual flower strips and honeybee hive supplementation differently affect arthropod guilds and ecosystem services in a mass-flowering crop. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2021, , 107754.	5.3	8
9	Bees increase seed set of wild plants while the proportion of arable land has a variable effect on pollination in European agricultural landscapes. <i>Plant Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 154, 341-350.	0.7	11
10	Crop diversity benefits carabid and pollinator communities in landscapes with semi-natural habitats. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2020, 57, 2170-2179.	4.0	83
11	Meta-analysis reveals that pollinator functional diversity and abundance enhance crop pollination and yield. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 1481.	12.8	150
12	Crop management affects pollinator attractiveness and visitation in oilseed rape. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2018, 26, 82-88.	2.7	18
13	Variable pollen viability and effects of pollen load size on components of seed set in cultivars and feral populations of oilseed rape. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0204407.	2.5	12
14	Experimental evidence that honeybees depress wild insect densities in a flowering crop. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2016, 283, 20161641.	2.6	94
15	Competition between managed honeybees and wild bumblebees depends on landscape context. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2016, 17, 609-616.	2.7	88
16	Large-scale pollination experiment demonstrates the importance of insect pollination in winter oilseed rape. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2016, 180, 759-769.	2.0	51
17	Non-bee insects are important contributors to global crop pollination. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2016, 113, 146-151.	7.1	618
18	Crop management modifies the benefits of insect pollination in oilseed rape. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2015, 207, 61-66.	5.3	65