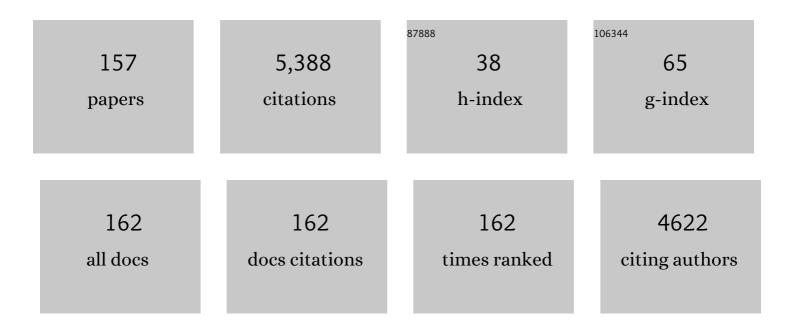
## Jerrold S Meyer

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Analysis of endogenous cortisol concentrations in the hair of rhesus macaques. General and Comparative Endocrinology, 2006, 147, 255-261.	1.8	546
2	Minireview: Hair Cortisol: A Novel Biomarker of Hypothalamic-Pituitary-Adrenocortical Activity. Endocrinology, 2012, 153, 4120-4127.	2.8	344
3	Subcutaneous implantation method for chronic glucocorticoid replacement therapy. Physiology and Behavior, 1979, 22, 867-870.	2.1	181
4	A Rhesus Monkey Model of Self-Injury: Effects of Relocation Stress on Behavior and Neuroendocrine Function. Biological Psychiatry, 2008, 63, 990-996.	1.3	135
5	Early adrenalectomy stimulates subsequent growth and development of the rat brain. Experimental Neurology, 1983, 82, 432-446.	4.1	122
6	Physiological and behavioral adaptation to relocation stress in differentially reared rhesus monkeys: Hair cortisol as a biomarker for anxiety-related responses. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2012, 37, 191-199.	2.7	114
7	Extraction and Analysis of Cortisol from Human and Monkey Hair. Journal of Visualized Experiments, 2014, , e50882.	0.3	107
8	Inhaled oxytocin increases positive social behaviors in newborn macaques. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2014, 111, 6922-6927.	7.1	107
9	Stress, the HPA axis, and nonhuman primate well-being: A review. Applied Animal Behaviour Science, 2013, 143, 135-149.	1.9	106
10	Socioeconomic status, hair cortisol and internalizing symptoms in parents and children. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2017, 78, 142-150.	2.7	105
11	Effects of shampoo and water washing on hair cortisol concentrations. Clinica Chimica Acta, 2011, 412, 382-385.	1.1	93
12	Behavioral and hormonal effects of attachment object separation in surrogate-peer-reared and mother-reared infant rhesus monkeys. Developmental Psychobiology, 1975, 8, 425-435.	1.6	86
13	Population density-dependent hair cortisol concentrations in rhesus monkeys (Macaca mulatta). Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2014, 42, 59-67.	2.7	86
14	Adverse childhood experiences and chronic hypothalamic–pituitary–adrenal activity. Stress, 2015, 18, 446-450.	1.8	82
15	Memory deficit and reduced anxiety in young adult rats given repeated intermittent MDMA treatment during the periadolescent period. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2004, 79, 723-731.	2.9	78
16	Circulating Catecholamine Concentrations in Cocaine-Exposed Neonates: A Pilot Study. Pediatrics, 1991, 88, 481-485.	2.1	76
17	The physiology and neurochemistry of self-injurious behavior: a nonhuman primate model. Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark, 2005, 10, 1.	3.0	67
18	Models of Stress in Nonhuman Primates and Their Relevance for Human Psychopathology and Endocrine Dysfunction. ILAR Journal, 2014, 55, 347-360.	1.8	66

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19	3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA): current perspectives. Substance Abuse and Rehabilitation, 2013, 4, 83.	4.8	65
20	Rearing experience, stress and adrenocorticosteroids in the rhesus monkey. Physiology and Behavior, 1972, 8, 339-343.	2.1	60
21	Physiological correlates of self-injurious behavior in captive, socially-reared rhesus monkeys. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2000, 25, 799-817.	2.7	60
22	Infant hair cortisol: associations with salivary cortisol and environmental context. Developmental Psychobiology, 2017, 59, 26-38.	1.6	60
23	Chronic stress in the mother-infant dyad: Maternal hair cortisol, infant salivary cortisol and interactional synchrony. , 2017, 47, 92-102.		59
24	Early adrenalectomy increases myelin content of the rat brain. Developmental Brain Research, 1985, 17, 1-9.	1.7	58
25	Enhanced Brain Cell Proliferation Following Early Adrenalectomy in Rats. Journal of Neurochemistry, 1989, 53, 241-248.	3.9	57
26	Repeated MDMA ("Ecstasyâ€ <del>)</del> exposure in adolescent male rats alters temperature regulation, spontaneous motor activity, attention, and serotonin transporter binding. Developmental Psychobiology, 2005, 47, 145-157.	1.6	57
27	Socioeconomic Disparities in Chronic Physiologic Stress Are Associated With Brain Structure in Children. Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 86, 921-929.	1.3	56
28	Alopecia: possible causes and treatments, particularly in captive nonhuman primates. Comparative Medicine, 2009, 59, 18-26.	1.0	55
29	Acute anxiogenic-like effects of selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors are attenuated by the benzodiazepine diazepam in BALB/c mice. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2011, 98, 544-551.	2.9	50
30	Evidence for Glucocorticoid Target Cells in the Rat Optic Nerve. Hormone Binding and Glycerolphosphate Dehydrogenase Induction. Journal of Neurochemistry, 1982, 39, 423-434.	3.9	45
31	Neurotoxic effects of MDMA ("ecstasyâ€) administration to neonatal rats. International Journal of Developmental Neuroscience, 2004, 22, 261-271.	1.6	45
32	Cortisol in Neonatal Mother's Milk Predicts Later Infant Social and Cognitive Functioning in Rhesus Monkeys. Child Development, 2018, 89, 525-538.	3.0	45
33	Effects of prenatal cocaine on behavioral responses to a cocaine challenge on postnatal day 11. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 1992, 14, 183-189.	2.4	44
34	Cocaine binding sites in fetal rat brain: implications for prenatal cocaine action. Psychopharmacology, 1993, 112, 445-451.	3.1	43
35	Prenatal cocaine administration stimulates fetal brain tyrosine hydroxylase activity. Brain Research, 1993, 608, 129-137.	2.2	43
36	Maternal distress and hair cortisol in pregnancy among women with elevated adverse childhood experiences. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2018, 95, 145-148.	2.7	42

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37	Polar bear stress hormone cortisol fluctuates with the North Atlantic Oscillation climate index. Polar Biology, 2013, 36, 1525-1529.	1.2	41
38	Associations between Parity, Hair Hormone Profiles during Pregnancy and Lactation, and Infant Development in Rhesus Monkeys (Macaca mulatta). PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0131692.	2.5	41
39	Effects of 3,4â€methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA) on serotonin transporter and vesicular monoamine transporter 2 protein and gene expression in rats: implications for MDMA neurotoxicity. Journal of Neurochemistry, 2010, 112, 951-962.	3.9	40
40	The Nature of 3, 4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA)-Induced Serotonergic Dysfunction: Evidence for and Against the Neurodegeneration Hypothesis. Current Neuropharmacology, 2011, 9, 84-90.	2.9	40
41	Intraâ€individual stability and developmental change in hair cortisol among postpartum mothers and infants: Implications for understanding chronic stress. Developmental Psychobiology, 2016, 58, 509-518.	1.6	39
42	Repeated Adolescent 3,4-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA) Exposure in Rats Attenuates the Effects of a Subsequent Challenge with MDMA or a 5-Hydroxytryptamine1A Receptor Agonist. Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 2006, 317, 838-849.	2.5	37
43	Effects of corticosterone replacement on the temporal patterning of activity and sleep in adrenalectomized rats. Brain Research, 1980, 200, 206-212.	2.2	36
44	Altered hypothalamic–pituitary–adrenocortical function in rhesus monkeys (Macaca mulatta) with self-injurious behavior. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2004, 29, 501-515.	2.7	36
45	Development and Characterization of a Novel Animal Model of Intermittent MDMA ("Ecstasyâ€) Exposure during Adolescence. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2008, 1139, 151-163.	3.8	34
46	Exogenous tyrosine potentiates the methylphenidate-induced increase in extracellular dopamine in the nucleus accumbens: a microdialysis study. Brain Research, 1991, 560, 97-105.	2.2	33
47	Monoamine transporters and the neurobehavioral teratology of cocaine. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1996, 55, 585-593.	2.9	33
48	lmaging brain activity in conscious monkeys following oral MDMA ("ecstasyâ€ <del>)</del> . Magnetic Resonance Imaging, 2006, 24, 707-714.	1.8	33
49	Relationships between affiliative social behavior and hair cortisol concentrations in semi-free ranging rhesus monkeys. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2017, 84, 109-115.	2.7	33
50	Salivary cortisol reactivity in preschoolers is associated with hair cortisol and behavioral problems. Stress, 2018, 21, 28-35.	1.8	33
51	Hair cortisol in the evaluation of Cushing syndrome. Endocrine, 2017, 56, 164-174.	2.3	32
52	Self-injurious behavior in male rhesus macaques does not reflect externally directed aggression. Physiology and Behavior, 2003, 78, 33-39.	2.1	31
53	Neural Effects of MDMA as Determined by Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging and Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy in Awake Marmoset Monkeys. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2006, 1074, 365-376.	3.8	31
54	The anxiogenic drug FG7142 increases self-injurious behavior in male rhesus monkeys (Macaca) Tj ETQq0 0 0 r	gBT /Oyerlc	ock 10 Tf 50 6

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	The effect of rearing experience and TPH2 genotype on HPA axis function and aggression in rhesus monkeys: A retrospective analysis. Hormones and Behavior, 2010, 57, 184-191.	2.1	29
56	Effects of testosterone on attention and memory for emotional stimuli in male rhesus monkeys. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2012, 37, 396-409.	2.7	29
57	Associations between early life experience, chronic HPA axis activity, and adult social rank in rhesus monkeys. Social Neuroscience, 2017, 12, 92-101.	1.3	29
58	Cortisol and socioeconomic status in early childhood: A multidimensional assessment. Development and Psychopathology, 2020, 32, 1876-1887.	2.3	29
59	Investigating relations among stress, sleep and nail cortisol and DHEA. Stress, 2018, 21, 188-193.	1.8	28
60	Glucocorticoids and hippocampal enzyme activity. Brain Research, 1979, 166, 172-175.	2.2	26
61	Dissociation of the Neurochemical and Behavioral Toxicology of MDMA (â€~Ecstasy') by Citalopram. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2008, 33, 1192-1205.	5.4	26
62	Hair cortisol predicts object permanence performance in infant rhesus macaques ( <i>Macaca) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT</i>	/Overlock	10 Tf 50 462
	Infants of mothers with higher physiological stress show alterations in brain function.		

63	Developmental Science, 2020, 23, e12976.	2.4	25
64	The efficacy of diazepam treatment for the management of acute wounding episodes in captive rhesus macaques. Comparative Medicine, 2005, 55, 387-92.	1.0	25
65	Evidence for Glucocorticoid Target Cells in the Rat Optic Nerve. Physicochemical Characterization of Cytosol Binding Sites. Journal of Neurochemistry, 1982, 39, 435-442.	3.9	24
66	Long day lengths promote brain growth in meadow voles. Developmental Brain Research, 1990, 53, 264-269.	1.7	24
67	Testosterone may increase selective attention to threat in young male macaques. Hormones and Behavior, 2010, 58, 854-863.	2.1	24
68	Mini-review of hair cortisol concentration for evaluation of Cushing syndrome. Expert Review of Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2018, 13, 225-231.	2.4	24
69	Adverse childhood experiences, post-traumatic stress disorder symptoms, and self-reported stress among traditional and nontraditional college students. Journal of American College Health, 2020, 68, 411-418.	1.5	24
70	Lack of Behavioral Sensitization to Repeated Cocaine Administration from Postnatal Days 1 to 10. International Journal of Neuroscience, 1993, 72, 107-113.	1.6	23
71	Serotonergic Neurotoxicity of MDMA (Ecstasy) in the Developing Rat Brain. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2002, 965, 373-380.	3.8	23
72	Emotion regulation moderates the association between parent and child hair cortisol concentrations. Developmental Psychobiology, 2019, 61, 1064-1078.	1.6	22

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Hair loss and hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenocortical axis activity in captive rhesus macaques (Macaca) Tj ETQq1	1 0.784314 1.2	4 rg <u>8</u> T /Overla
74	Responses to the Human Intruder Test are related to hair cortisol phenotype and sex in rhesus macaques ( <i>Macaca mulatta</i> ). American Journal of Primatology, 2017, 79, 1-10.	1.7	21
75	A longitudinal study of hair cortisol concentrations in <i>Macaca nemestrina</i> mothers and infants. American Journal of Primatology, 2017, 79, 1-9.	1.7	21
76	Extinction deficits in male rhesus macaques with a history of self-injurious behavior. American Journal of Primatology, 2004, 63, 41-48.	1.7	20
77	Shaping long-term primate development: Telomere length trajectory as an indicator of early maternal maltreatment and predictor of future physiologic regulation. Development and Psychopathology, 2017, 29, 1539-1551.	2.3	20
78	Developmental outcomes of early adverse care on amygdala functional connectivity in nonhuman primates. Development and Psychopathology, 2020, 32, 1579-1596.	2.3	20
79	Prevention of adrenalectomy-induced brain growth stimulation by corticosterone treatment. Physiology and Behavior, 1987, 41, 391-395.	2.1	19
80	Continuity and Change in Emotional Reactivity in Rhesus Monkeys Throughout the Prepubertal Period. Motivation and Emotion, 2003, 27, 57-76.	1.3	19
81	Regional patterns of brain growth during the first three weeks following early adrenalectomy. Physiology and Behavior, 1991, 49, 233-237.	2.1	18
82	Cocaine up-regulates norepinephrine transporter binding in the rat placenta. European Journal of Pharmacology, 1999, 386, 1-6.	3.5	18
83	Chronic administration of THC prevents the behavioral effects of intermittent adolescent MDMA administration and attenuates MDMA-induced hyperthermia and neurotoxicity in rats. Neuropharmacology, 2011, 61, 1183-1192.	4.1	18
84	Factors influencing alopecia and hair cortisol in rhesus macaques ( <i>Macaca mulatta</i> ). Journal of Medical Primatology, 2016, 45, 180-188.	0.6	18
85	Prenatal cocaine alters dopamine transporter binding in postnatal day 10 rat striatum. , 1996, 23, 335-343.		17
86	Surrogate mobility and orientation affect the early neurobehavioral development of infant rhesus macaques (Macaca mulatta). Developmental Psychobiology, 2008, 50, 418-422.	1.6	17
87	Effects of testosterone on cognition in young adult male rhesus monkeys. Physiology and Behavior, 2009, 98, 524-531.	2.1	17
88	Assessing significant (>30%) alopecia as a possible biomarker for stress in captive rhesus monkeys ( <i>Macaca mulatta</i> ). American Journal of Primatology, 2017, 79, 1-8.	1.7	17
89	Effects of early maternal care on adolescent attention bias to threat in nonhuman primates. Developmental Cognitive Neuroscience, 2019, 38, 100643.	4.0	17
90	Forced migration experiences, mental well-being, and nail cortisol among recently settled refugees in Serbia. Social Science and Medicine, 2020, 258, 113070.	3.8	17

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91	Matrilineal Behavioral and Physiological Changes following the Removal of a Non-Alpha Matriarch in Rhesus Macaques (Macaca mulatta). PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0157108.	2.5	17
92	A comparison between chlordiazepoxide and CL 218,872, a synthetic non-benzodiazepine ligand for benzodiazepine receptors, on serotonin and catecholamine turnover in brain. Psychopharmacology, 1986, 88, 105-108.	3.1	16
93	Prenatal cocaine treatment reduces haloperidol-induced catalepsy on postnatal day 10. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 1994, 16, 193-199.	2.4	16
94	Relationship between [125I]RTI-55-labeled cocaine binding sites and the serotonin transporter in rat placenta. American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology, 1998, 275, C1621-C1629.	4.6	16
95	Aggression and social support predict longâ€ŧerm cortisol levels in captive tufted capuchin monkeys ( <i>Cebus [Sapajus] apella</i> ). American Journal of Primatology, 2019, 81, e23001.	1.7	16
96	Does hair cortisol really reflect perceived stress? Findings from low-income mother-preschooler dyads. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2020, 111, 104478.	2.7	16
97	Platelet MAO activity and psychosis proneness in college students. Psychiatry Research, 1987, 20, 129-142.	3.3	15
98	Fenfluramine challenge, self-injurious behavior, and aggression in rhesus monkeys. Physiology and Behavior, 2003, 80, 327-331.	2.1	15
99	Assessment of prenatal stressâ€related cortisol exposure: focus on cortisol accumulation in hair and nails. Developmental Psychobiology, 2021, 63, 409-436.	1.6	15
100	Long day lengths enhance myelination of midbrain and hindbrain regions of developing meadow voles. Developmental Brain Research, 1990, 55, 103-108.	1.7	14
101	Increased responsiveness to MDMA in adult rats treated neonatally with MDMA. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 2005, 28, 95-102.	2.4	14
102	Repeated adolescent MDMA ("Ecstasyâ€ <del>)</del> exposure in rats increases behavioral and neuroendocrine responses to a 5-HT2A/2C agonist. Brain Research, 2009, 1252, 87-93.	2.2	14
103	Repeated intermittent methylenedioxymethamphetamine exposure protects against the behavioral and neurotoxic, but not hyperthermic, effects of an MDMA binge in adult rats. Synapse, 2010, 64, 421-431.	1.2	14
104	Hair cortisol and lifetime discrimination: Moderation by subjective social status. Health Psychology Open, 2017, 4, 205510291769517.	1.4	14
105	Maze-learning behavior in early adrenalectomized rats. Physiology and Behavior, 1988, 44, 373-381.	2.1	13
106	Effects of Prenatal Cocaine Exposure on Serotonin and Norepinephrine Transporter Density in the Rat Braina. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1998, 846, 412-414.	3.8	13
107	Distribution of Cocaine and Metabolites in the Pregnant Rat and Fetus in a Chronic Subcutaneous Injection Model. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 1999, 21, 639-646.	2.4	13
108	Effects of neonatal cocaine treatment and gender on opioid agonist-stimulated [35S]GTPÎ <sup>3</sup> S binding in the striatum and nucleus accumbens. Brain Research Bulletin, 2000, 53, 147-152.	3.0	12

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109	Physiological and economic benefits of abandoning invasive surgical procedures and enhancing animal welfare in swine production. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 16093.	3.3	12
110	Children's fingernail cortisol among BaYaka foragers of the Congo Basin: associations with fathers' roles. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2021, 376, 20200031.	4.0	12
111	Effects of prenatal cocaine exposure on latent inhibition in 1-year-old female rats. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2002, 72, 795-802.	2.9	11
112	Effects of a short-course MDMA binge on dopamine transporter binding and on levels of dopamine and its metabolites in adult male rats. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2013, 701, 176-180.	3.5	11
113	Effect of Overcrowding on Hair Corticosterone Concentrations in Juvenile Male Wistar Rats. Journal of the American Association for Laboratory Animal Science, 2016, 55, 749-755.	1.2	11
114	Prenatal cocaine effects on fear conditioning:. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 2002, 24, 161-172.	2.4	10
115	Quantification of hair cortisol concentration in common marmosets ( <i>Callithrix jacchus</i> ) and tufted capuchins ( <i>Cebus apella</i> ). American Journal of Primatology, 2018, 80, e22879.	1.7	10
116	Differential relationships between chronic hormone profiles in pregnancy and maternal investment in rhesus monkey mothers with hair loss in the neonatal period. American Journal of Primatology, 2017, 79, 1-8.	1.7	9
117	A pharmacological and endocrinological study of female insemination inPhormia regina (Diptera:) Tj ETQq1 1 (	).784314 rg 0.7	BT /Overlock
118	Behavioral Disorders of Nonhuman Primates. , 2012, , 177-196.		8
119	Alopecia in rhesus macaques ( <i>Macaca mulatta</i> ): Association with pregnancy and chronic stress. Journal of Medical Primatology, 2019, 48, 251-256.	0.6	8
120	Adrenalectomy in the developing rat: Does it cause reduced or increased brain myelination?. Developmental Psychobiology, 1985, 18, 349-354.	1.6	7
121	Divergent effects of early hydrocortisone treatment on behavioral and brain development in meadow and pine voles. Developmental Psychobiology, 1986, 19, 521-535.	1.6	7
122	Assessing reproductive profiles in female brown mouse lemurs ( <i>Microcebus rufus</i> ) from Ranomafana National Park, southeast Madagascar, using fecal hormone analysis. American Journal of Primatology, 2009, 71, 439-446.	1.7	7
123	A Computational Hypothesis for Allostasis: Delineation of Substance Dependence, Conventional Therapies, and Alternative Treatments. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2013, 4, 167.	2.6	7
124	A culturally and gender responsive stress and chronic disease prevention intervention for low/no-income African American men: The MOCHA moving forward randomized control trial protocol. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2021, 101, 106240.	1.8	7
105			
125	The effects of methaqualone on the seizure susceptibility of mice. Psychopharmacology, 1977, 54, 45-49.	3.1	6

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127	Behavioral Responses to a D1 Dopamine Agonist in Weanling Rats Treated Neonatally with Cocaine and Δ9-Tetrahydrocannabinol. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 1999, 21, 375-380.	2.4	6
128	Maternal hair cortisol levels as a novel predictor of neonatal abstinence syndrome severity: A pilot feasibility study. Developmental Psychobiology, 2020, 62, 116-122.	1.6	6
129	Infant diurnal cortisol predicts sleep. Journal of Sleep Research, 2021, 30, e13357.	3.2	6
130	A Rhesus Monkey Model of Non-suicidal Self-Injury. Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience, 2021, 15, 674127.	2.0	6
131	Effect of Chronic Social Stress on Prenatal Transfer of Antitetanus Immunity in Captive Breeding Rhesus Macaques (Macaca mulatta). Journal of the American Association for Laboratory Animal Science, 2018, 57, 357-367.	1.2	5
132	Socioeconomic factors, stress, hair cortisol, and white matter microstructure in children. Developmental Psychobiology, 2021, 63, e22147.	1.6	5
133	Pregnancy and Infant Development (PRIDE)—a preliminary observational study of maternal adversity and infant development. BMC Pediatrics, 2021, 21, 452.	1.7	5
134	Behavioral Assessment in Developmental Neurotoxicology. , 1998, , 403-426.		5
135	Transient refugees' social support, mental health, and physiological markers: Evidence from Serbian asylum centers. American Journal of Human Biology, 2022, 34, e23747.	1.6	5
136	Dissociation between Serotonin Neurotoxicity and Brain-Derived Neurotrophic Factor Induction following Neonatal MDMA Exposure in Rats. Developmental Neuroscience, 2009, 31, 90-94.	2.0	4
137	Behavioral Phenotyping in Developmental Neurotoxicology—Simple Approaches Using Unconditioned Behaviors in Rodents. , 2018, , 287-308.		4
138	Effects of early life stress on cocaine self-administration in post-pubertal male and female rhesus macaques. Psychopharmacology, 2019, 236, 2785-2796.	3.1	4
139	Maternal expressive suppression moderates the relations between maternal and child hair cortisol. Developmental Psychobiology, 2020, 62, 1150-1157.	1.6	4
140	The effects of methaqualone on pituitary-adrenocortical activity in mice. Psychopharmacology, 1977, 54, 51-55.	3.1	3
141	Effect of methaqualone on plasma corticosterone in rats: Possible sites of action. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1982, 16, 925-927.	2.9	3
142	Hair cortisol in captive corral-housed baboons. General and Comparative Endocrinology, 2021, 302, 113692.	1.8	3
143	Normal development of brain enolase isozymes in adrenalectomized rats. Brain Research, 1985, 348, 155-158.	2.2	2
144	Seeking the sources of simian suffering. Behavioral and Brain Sciences, 1990, 13, 31-32.	0.7	2

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145	Adolescent MDMA exposure diminishes the physiological and neurotoxic consequences of an MDMA binge in female rats. Developmental Psychobiology, 2014, 56, 924-934.	1.6	2
146	Hair Cortisol and Self-Injurious Behavior Among Children With Autism Spectrum Disorder. American Journal on Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities, 2021, 126, 158-166.	1.6	2
147	A mindfulness-based stress management program for caregivers of allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HCT) patients: Protocol for a randomized controlled trial. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0266316.	2.5	2
148	Effect of glucocorticoids on galactosylceramide sulfotransferase activity in rat brain. Brain Research, 1982, 252, 192-196.	2.2	1
149	Identification and control of intrinsic bias in a multiscale computational model of drug addiction. , 2010, , .		1
150	Developmental neurotoxicity of abused drugs. , 2011, , 341-353.		1
151	Self-injurious Behavior: Nonhuman Primate Models for the Human Condition. , 2008, , 109-140.		1
152	Principles of Neurotransmission and Implications for Network Modeling. Advances in Psychology, 1997, , 82-104.	0.1	0
153	Introduction. ILAR Journal, 2014, 55, 217-220.	1.8	0
154	Developmental Neurotoxicity of Abused Drugs. , 2017, , 413-429.		0
155	Lower hair cortisol among patients with sickle cell disease may indicate decreased adrenal reserves. American Journal of Blood Research, 2021, 11, 140-148.	0.6	0
156	Social Fear in US Infants: The Roles of Hair and Salivary Cortisol Yale Journal of Biology and Medicine, 2022, 95, 71-85.	0.2	0
157	Peer-led family-centred problem management plus for immigrants (PMP-I) for mental health promotion among immigrants in USA: protocol for a pilot, randomised controlled feasibility trial. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e061353.	1.9	0