Volodymyr Trotsiuk

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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60 papers

5,393 citations

27 h-index

201674

60 g-index

62 all docs

62 docs citations

62 times ranked 8540 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Historical mixed-severity disturbances shape current diameter distributions of primary temperate Norway spruce mountain forests in Europe. Forest Ecology and Management, 2022, 503, 119772.	3.2	8
2	The 2018 European heatwave led to stem dehydration but not to consistent growth reductions in forests. Nature Communications, 2022, 13, 28.	12.8	66
3	Climate-change-driven growth decline of European beech forests. Communications Biology, 2022, 5, 163.	4.4	89
4	Jet stream position explains regional anomalies in European beech forest productivity and tree growth. Nature Communications, 2022, 13, 2015.	12.8	8
5	Soil–plant interactions modulated water availability of Swiss forests during the 2015 and 2018 droughts. Global Change Biology, 2022, 28, 5928-5944.	9.5	13
6	Historical Disturbances Determine Current Taxonomic, Functional and Phylogenetic Diversity of Saproxylic Beetle Communities in Temperate Primary Forests. Ecosystems, 2021, 24, 37-55.	3 . 4	35
7	Natural dynamics of temperate mountain beech-dominated primary forests in Central Europe. Forest Ecology and Management, 2021, 479, 118522.	3. 2	21
8	Historical natural disturbances shape spruce primary forest structure and indirectly influence bird assemblage composition. Forest Ecology and Management, 2021, 481, 118647.	3. 2	12
9	Calibration of the process-based model 3-PG for major central European tree species. European Journal of Forest Research, 2021, 140, 847-868.	2.5	18
10	Tree growth in Switzerland is increasingly constrained by rising evaporative demand. Journal of Ecology, 2021, 109, 2981-2990.	4.0	22
11	Effects of climate on the growth of Swiss uneven-aged forests: Combining >100Âyears of observations with the 3-PG model. Forest Ecology and Management, 2021, 494, 119271.	3.2	17
12	Disturbance history is a key driver of tree life span in temperate primary forests. Journal of Vegetation Science, 2021, 32, e13069.	2.2	13
13	Natural disturbance impacts on trade-offs and co-benefits of forest biodiversity and carbon. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2021, 288, 20211631.	2.6	19
14	TreeNet–The Biological Drought and Growth Indicator Network. Frontiers in Forests and Global Change, 2021, 4, .	2.3	13
15	TRY plant trait database – enhanced coverage and open access. Global Change Biology, 2020, 26, 119-188.	9.5	1,038
16	Biomass carbon accumulation patterns throughout stand development in primary uneven-aged forest driven by mixed-severity natural disturbances. Forest Ecology and Management, 2020, 455, 117676.	3.2	9
17	Contrasting patterns of natural mortality in primary Picea forests of the Carpathian Mountains. Forest Ecology and Management, 2020, 457, 117734.	3.2	16
18	r3PG – An <scp>r</scp> package for simulating forest growth using the 3â€PG processâ€based model. Methods in Ecology and Evolution, 2020, 11, 1470-1475.	5.2	24

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19	Quantifying Natural Disturbances Using a Largeâ€Scale Dendrochronological Reconstruction to Guide Forest Management. Bulletin of the Ecological Society of America, 2020, 101, e01759.	0.2	2
20	Advancing simulations of water fluxes, soil moisture and drought stress by using the LWF-Brook90 hydrological model in R. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2020, 291, 108023.	4.8	16
21	Quantifying natural disturbances using a largeâ€scale dendrochronological reconstruction to guide forest management. Ecological Applications, 2020, 30, e02189.	3.8	27
22	Climatic drivers of Picea growth differ during recruitment and interact with disturbance severity to influence rates of canopy replacement. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2020, 287, 107981.	4.8	9
23	Axial changes in wood functional traits have limited net effects on stem biomass increment in European beech (Fagus sylvatica). Tree Physiology, 2020, 40, 498-510.	3.1	8
24	Assessing the response of forest productivity to climate extremes in Switzerland using model–data fusion. Global Change Biology, 2020, 26, 2463-2476.	9.5	54
25	Multi-aged micro-neighborhood patches challenge the forest cycle model in primeval European beech. IForest, 2020, 13, 209-214.	1.4	4
26	Primary forest distribution and representation in a Central European landscape: Results of a large-scale field-based census. Forest Ecology and Management, 2019, 449, 117466.	3.2	45
27	Drivers of basal area variation across primary late-successional Picea abies forests of the Carpathian Mountains. Forest Ecology and Management, 2019, 435, 196-204.	3.2	19
28	Precipitation mediates sap flux sensitivity to evaporative demand in the neotropics. Oecologia, 2019, 191, 519-530.	2.0	14
29	The climatic drivers of primary <i>Picea</i> forest growth along the Carpathian arc are changing under rising temperatures. Global Change Biology, 2019, 25, 3136-3150.	9.5	45
30	Increased sensitivity to drought across successional stages in natural Norway spruce (Picea abies (L.)) Tj ETQq0 (0 0 ₁ .9BT /0	Overlock 10 T
31	Disentangling the multi-faceted growth patterns of primary Picea abies forests in the Carpathian arc. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2019, 271, 214-224.	4.8	20
32	A climate-sensitive forest model for assessing impacts of forest management in Europe. Environmental Modelling and Software, 2019, 115, 128-143.	4.5	41
33	Patterns of forest dynamics in a secondary old-growth beech-dominated forest in the Jizera Mountains Beech Forest Reserve, Czech Republic. IForest, 2019, 12, 17-26.	1.4	7
34	Largeâ€scale disturbance legacies and the climate sensitivity of primary ⟨i⟩Picea abies⟨/i⟩ forests. Global Change Biology, 2018, 24, 2169-2181.	9.5	79
35	Contrasting effects of environmental change on the radial growth of co-occurring beech and fir trees across Europe. Science of the Total Environment, 2018, 615, 1460-1469.	8.0	80
36	Testing the efficacy of tree-ring methods for detecting past disturbances. Forest Ecology and Management, 2018, 425, 59-67.	3.2	40

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37	A Combined Tree Ring and Vegetation Model Assessment of European Forest Growth Sensitivity to Interannual Climate Variability. Global Biogeochemical Cycles, 2018, 32, 1226-1240.	4.9	54
38	Profile of tree-related microhabitats in European primary beech-dominated forests. Forest Ecology and Management, 2018, 429, 363-374.	3.2	45
39	Influence of sampling and disturbance history on climatic sensitivity of temperature-limited conifers. Holocene, 2018, 28, 1574-1587.	1.7	26
40	Early-Warning Signals of Individual Tree Mortality Based on Annual Radial Growth. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2018, 9, 1964.	3.6	117
41	Old trees as a key source of epiphytic lichen persistence and spatial distribution in mountain Norway spruce forests. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2017, 26, 1943-1958.	2.6	13
42	Forest disturbances under climate change. Nature Climate Change, 2017, 7, 395-402.	18.8	1,561
43	Mixed-severity natural disturbances promote the occurrence of an endangered umbrella species in primary forests. Forest Ecology and Management, 2017, 405, 210-218.	3.2	35
44	Longâ€term responses of canopy–understorey interactions to disturbance severity in primary <i>Picea abies</i> forests. Journal of Vegetation Science, 2017, 28, 1128-1139.	2.2	16
45	More ways than one: Mixed-severity disturbance regimes foster structural complexity via multiple developmental pathways. Forest Ecology and Management, 2017, 406, 410-426.	3.2	78
46	A matter of time: self-regulated tree regeneration in a natural Norway spruce (Picea abies) forest at Mt. Brocken, Germany. European Journal of Forest Research, 2017, 136, 907-921.	2.5	7
47	The historical disturbance regime of mountain Norway spruce forests in the Western Carpathians and its influence on current forest structure and composition. Forest Ecology and Management, 2017, 388, 67-78.	3.2	103
48	Ecosystem dynamics and management after forest dieâ€off: a global synthesis with conceptual stateâ€andâ€transition models. Ecosphere, 2017, 8, e02034.	2.2	56
49	Past disturbances and intraspecific competition as drivers of spatial pattern in primary spruce forests. Ecosphere, 2017, 8, e02037.	2.2	8
50	A synthesis of radial growth patterns preceding tree mortality. Global Change Biology, 2017, 23, 1675-1690.	9.5	394
51	When a Tree Dies in the Forest: Scaling Climate-Driven Tree Mortality to Ecosystem Water and Carbon Fluxes. Ecosystems, 2016, 19, 1133-1147.	3.4	7 3
52	The legacy of disturbance on individual tree and stand-level aboveground biomass accumulation and stocks in primary mountain Picea abies forests. Forest Ecology and Management, 2016, 373, 108-115.	3.2	30
53	Age, competition, disturbance and elevation effects on tree and stand growth response of primary Picea abies forest to climate. Forest Ecology and Management, 2015, 354, 77-86.	3.2	104
54	Old World megadroughts and pluvials during the Common Era. Science Advances, 2015, 1, e1500561.	10.3	403

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55	Zuwachs und KlimasensitivitĤvon Baumarten im Ėkogramm der kollinen und submontanen Stufe. Schweizerische Zeitschrift Fur Forstwesen, 2015, 166, 380-388.	0.1	2
56	Ecology of <i>Tilia sibirica</i> in a continental hemiboreal forest, southern Siberia: An analogue of a glacial refugium of broad-leaved temperate trees?. Holocene, 2014, 24, 908-918.	1.7	16
57	Landscapeâ€level variability in historical disturbance in primary <i><scp>P</scp>icea abies</i> forests of the <scp>E</scp> astern <scp>C</scp> arpathians, <scp>R</scp> omania. Journal of Vegetation Science, 2014, 25, 386-401.	2.2	99
58	A mixed severity disturbance regime in the primary Picea abies (L.) Karst. forests of the Ukrainian Carpathians. Forest Ecology and Management, 2014, 334, 144-153.	3.2	78
59	Comment on "Opinion paper: Forest management and biodiversity": the role of protected areas is greater than the sum of its number of species. Web Ecology, 2014, 14, 61-64.	1.6	5

Age structure and disturbance dynamics of the relic virgin beech forest Uholka (Ukrainian) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 542 Td