

M Luke McCormack

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

68
papers

8,399
citations

76326

40
h-index

91884

69
g-index

74
all docs

74
docs citations

74
times ranked

8463
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Linking fine-root architecture, vertical distribution and growth rate in temperate mountain shrubs. <i>Oikos</i> , 2023, 2023, .	2.7	4
2	Root traits as drivers of plant and ecosystem functioning: current understanding, pitfalls and future research needs. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 232, 1123-1158.	7.3	277
3	Global root traits (GRooT) database. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2021, 30, 25-37.	5.8	90
4	Functionally divergent growth, biomass allocation and root distribution of two xerophytic species in response to varying soil rock fragment content. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2021, 463, 265-277.	3.7	10
5	Fine-root functional trait responses to experimental warming: a global meta-analysis. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 230, 1856-1867.	7.3	59
6	Higher biomass partitioning to absorptive roots improves needle nutrition but does not alleviate stomatal limitation of northern Scots pine. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 3859-3869.	9.5	7
7	Root traits explain plant species distributions along climatic gradients yet challenge the nature of ecological trade-offs. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 5, 1123-1134.	7.8	62
8	An integrated framework of plant form and function: the belowground perspective. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 232, 42-59.	7.3	153
9	Filling gaps in our understanding of belowground plant traits across the world: an introduction to a Virtual Issue. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 231, 2097-2103.	7.3	14
10	A starting guide to root ecology: strengthening ecological concepts and standardising root classification, sampling, processing and trait measurements. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 232, 973-1122.	7.3	216
11	TRY plant trait database "enhanced coverage and open access. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 119-188.	9.5	1,038
12	Fine-root morphological trait variation in tropical forest ecosystems: an evidence synthesis. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2020, 221, 1-13.	1.6	27
13	Climate and phylogenetic history structure morphological and architectural trait variation among fine-root orders. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2020, 228, 1824-1834.	7.3	25
14	Vertical fine-root distributions in five subalpine forest types shifts with soil properties across environmental gradients. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2020, 456, 129-143.	3.7	23
15	The fungal collaboration gradient dominates the root economics space in plants. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2020, 6, .	10.3	377
16	Intraspecific Fine-Root Trait-Environment Relationships across Interior Douglas-Fir Forests of Western Canada. <i>Plants</i> , 2019, 8, 199.	3.5	22
17	Global mycorrhizal plant distribution linked to terrestrial carbon stocks. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 5077.	12.8	170
18	Physical and Functional Constraints on Viable Belowground Acquisition Strategies. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2019, 10, 1215.	3.6	115

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19	Global patterns in fine root decomposition: climate, chemistry, mycorrhizal association and woodiness. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2019, 22, 946-953.	6.4	110
20	Community-level economics spectrum of fine roots driven by nutrient limitations in subalpine forests. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2019, 107, 1238-1249.	4.0	30
21	Fine root traits are linked to species dynamics in a successional plant community. <i>Ecology</i> , 2019, 100, e02588.	3.2	48
22	Global meta-analysis reveals different patterns of root tip adjustments by angiosperm and gymnosperm trees in response to environmental gradients. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2019, 46, 123-133.	3.0	14
23	Different responses of absorptive roots and arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi to fertilization provide diverse nutrient acquisition strategies in Chinese fir. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2019, 433, 64-72.	3.2	45
24	How are nitrogen availability, fine root mass, and nitrogen uptake related empirically? Implications for models and theory. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2019, 25, 885-899.	9.5	22
25	Evolutionary history resolves global organization of root functional traits. <i>Nature</i> , 2018, 555, 94-97.	27.8	463
26	Root responses to elevated CO_2 , warming and irrigation in a semi-arid grassland: Integrating biomass, length and life span in a 5-year field experiment. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2018, 106, 2176-2189.	4.0	39
27	Association of ectomycorrhizal trees with high carbon-to-nitrogen ratio soils across temperate forests is driven by smaller nitrogen not larger carbon stocks. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2018, 106, 524-535.	4.0	50
28	Frontiers in root ecology: recent advances and future challenges. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2018, 424, 1-9.	3.7	78
29	Mechanical traits of fine roots as a function of topology and anatomy. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2018, 122, 1103-1116.	2.9	21
30	Production dynamics of <i>Cenococcum geophilum</i> ectomycorrhizas in response to long-term elevated CO_2 and N fertilization. <i>Fungal Ecology</i> , 2017, 26, 11-19.	1.6	11
31	Mycorrhizal fungi as drivers and modulators of terrestrial ecosystem processes. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2017, 213, 996-999.	7.3	38
32	A global Fine Root Ecology Database to address belowground challenges in plant ecology. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2017, 215, 15-26.	7.3	250
33	Climate, soil and plant functional types as drivers of global fine root trait variation. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2017, 105, 1182-1196.	4.0	234
34	Building a better foundation: improving root trait measurements to understand and model plant and ecosystem processes. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2017, 215, 27-37.	7.3	159
35	Plasticity of fine-root functional traits in the litter layer in response to nitrogen addition in a subtropical forest plantation. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2017, 415, 317-330.	3.7	16
36	Diverse belowground resource strategies underlie plant species coexistence and spatial distribution in three grasslands along a precipitation gradient. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2017, 216, 1140-1150.	7.3	96

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37	Trait covariance: the functional warp of plant diversity?. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2017, 216, 976-980.	7.3	22
38	Nitrogen ion form and spatio-temporal variation in root distribution mediate nitrogen effects on lifespan of ectomycorrhizal roots. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2017, 411, 261-273.	3.7	12
39	Patterns of structural and defense investments in fine roots of Scots pine (<i>Pinus sylvestris</i> L.) across a strong temperature and latitudinal gradient in Europe. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 1218-1231.	9.5	74
40	Similar below-ground carbon cycling dynamics but contrasting modes of nitrogen cycling between arbuscular mycorrhizal and ectomycorrhizal forests. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2017, 213, 1440-1451.	7.3	212
41	Scots pine fine roots adjust along a 2000-km latitudinal climatic gradient. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2016, 212, 389-399.	7.3	98
42	Fast-cycling unit of root turnover in perennial herbaceous plants in a cold temperate ecosystem. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 19698.	3.3	25
43	Moving forward with fine-root definitions and research. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2016, 212, 313-313.	7.3	3
44	Mycorrhizal fungi and roots are complementary in foraging within nutrient patches. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 2815-2823.	3.2	80
45	Root phenology in a changing climate. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 67, 3617-3628.	4.8	95
46	The decomposition of ectomycorrhizal fungal necromass. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2016, 93, 38-49.	8.8	156
47	Arbuscular mycorrhizal fungal effects on plant competition and community structure. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2015, 103, 1224-1232.	4.0	131
48	Leaf economics and hydraulic traits are decoupled in five species-rich tropical-subtropical forests. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2015, 18, 899-906.	6.4	175
49	The rhizosphere and hyphosphere differ in their impacts on carbon and nitrogen cycling in forests exposed to elevated CO_2 . <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2015, 205, 1164-1174.	7.3	84
50	Early season root production in relation to leaf production among six diverse temperate tree species. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2015, 389, 121-129.	3.7	42
51	Seasonal variation in chemistry, but not morphology, in roots of <i>Quercus robur</i> growing in different soil types. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2015, 35, 644-652.	3.1	41
52	Redefining fine roots improves understanding of below-ground contributions to terrestrial biosphere processes. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2015, 207, 505-518.	7.3	906
53	Sensitivity of four ecological models to adjustments in fine root turnover rate. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2015, 297, 107-117.	2.5	38
54	Impacts of environmental factors on fine root lifespan. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2014, 5, 205.	3.6	140

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55	Long-term dynamics of mycorrhizal root tips in a loblolly pine forest grown with free-air CO ₂ enrichment and soil N fertilization for 6 years. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 1313-1326.	9.5	26
56	Fine-root and mycorrhizal traits help explain ecosystem processes and responses to global change. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2014, 204, 455-458.	7.3	24
57	A novel approach to study composition of in situ produced root-derived dissolved organic matter. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2014, 76, 1-4.	8.8	2
58	Improving the representation of roots in terrestrial models. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2014, 291, 193-204.	2.5	101
59	Relation of fine root distribution to soil C in a <i>Cunninghamia lanceolata</i> plantation in subtropical China. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2014, 381, 225-234.	3.7	57
60	Variability in root production, phenology, and turnover rate among 12 temperate tree species. <i>Ecology</i> , 2014, 95, 2224-2235.	3.2	136
61	Foraging strategies in trees of different root morphology: the role of root lifespan. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2013, 33, 940-948.	3.1	84
62	On the persistence of <i>Cenococcum geophilum</i> ectomycorrhizas and its implications for forest carbon and nutrient cycles. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2013, 65, 141-143.	8.8	66
63	Regional scale patterns of fine root lifespan and turnover under current and future climate. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2013, 19, 1697-1708.	9.5	57
64	Predicting fine root lifespan from plant functional traits in temperate trees. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2012, 195, 823-831.	7.3	350
65	Increases in the flux of carbon belowground stimulate nitrogen uptake and sustain the long-term enhancement of forest productivity under elevated CO ₂ . <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2011, 14, 349-357.	6.4	374
66	Soil Fungi Respond More Strongly than Fine Roots to Elevated CO ₂ in a Model Regenerating Longleaf Pine-Wiregrass Ecosystem. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2010, 13, 901-916.	3.4	23
67	Fine root dynamics in a loblolly pine forest are influenced by free-air CO ₂ enrichment: a six-year minirhizotron study. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2008, 14, 588-602.	9.5	132
68	Irreconcilable Differences: Fine-Root Life Spans and Soil Carbon Persistence. <i>Science</i> , 2008, 319, 456-458.	12.6	200