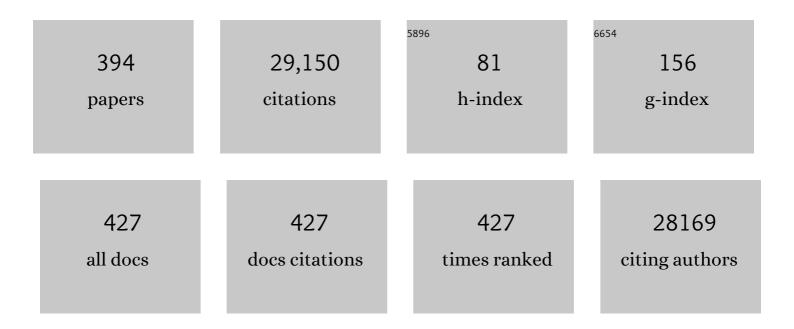
## Simon Gilbody

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Optimal cut-off score for diagnosing depression with the Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9): a meta-analysis. Cmaj, 2012, 184, E191-E196.	2.0	1,336
2	Collaborative Care for Depression. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2006, 166, 2314.	3.8	1,141
3	Loneliness and social isolation as risk factors for coronary heart disease and stroke: systematic review and meta-analysis of longitudinal observational studies. Heart, 2016, 102, 1009-1016.	2.9	1,109
4	Screening for Depression in Medical Settings with the Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ): A Diagnostic Meta-Analysis. Journal of General Internal Medicine, 2007, 22, 1596-1602.	2.6	991
5	Accuracy of Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) for screening to detect major depression: individual participant data meta-analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 365, 11476.	2.3	822
6	Stepped care in psychological therapies: access, effectiveness and efficiency. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2005, 186, 11-17.	2.8	818
7	Educational and Organizational Interventions to Improve the Management of Depression in Primary Care. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2003, 289, 3145.	7.4	649
8	Collaborative care for depression and anxiety problems. The Cochrane Library, 2012, 10, CD006525.	2.8	624
9	Efficacy of Self-guided Internet-Based Cognitive Behavioral Therapy in the Treatment of Depressive Symptoms. JAMA Psychiatry, 2017, 74, 351.	11.0	560
10	Evidence-based guidelines for treating depressive disorders with antidepressants: A revision of the 2008 British Association for Psychopharmacology guidelines. Journal of Psychopharmacology, 2015, 29, 459-525.	4.0	528
11	A diagnostic meta-analysis of the Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) algorithm scoring method as a screen for depression. General Hospital Psychiatry, 2015, 37, 67-75.	2.4	490
12	Cost and Outcome of Behavioural Activation versus Cognitive Behavioural Therapy for Depression (COBRA): a randomised, controlled, non-inferiority trial. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 871-880.	13.7	427
13	A metaâ€review of "lifestyle psychiatryâ€r the role of exercise, smoking, diet and sleep in the prevention and treatment of mental disorders. World Psychiatry, 2020, 19, 360-380.	10.4	424
14	Systematic review and meta-analysis of transdiagnostic psychological treatments for anxiety and depressive disorders in adulthood. Clinical Psychology Review, 2015, 40, 91-110.	11.4	411
15	Internet-Based Cognitive Behavioral Therapy for Depression. JAMA Psychiatry, 2021, 78, 361.	11.0	398
16	Behavioural Activation for Depression; An Update of Meta-Analysis of Effectiveness and Sub Group Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e100100.	2.5	390
17	What makes self-help interventions effective in the management of depressive symptoms? Meta-analysis and meta-regression. Psychological Medicine, 2007, 37, 1217-1228.	4.5	387
18	Screening and case-finding instruments for depression: a meta-analysis. Cmaj, 2008, 178, 997-1003.	2.0	371

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19	Estimating the sample mean and standard deviation from commonly reported quantiles in meta-analysis. Statistical Methods in Medical Research, 2020, 29, 2520-2537.	1.5	366
20	Barriers to the uptake of computerized cognitive behavioural therapy: a systematic review of the quantitative and qualitative evidence. Psychological Medicine, 2009, 39, 705-712.	4.5	355
21	Collaborative care for depression in primary care. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2006, 189, 484-493.	2.8	343
22	A meta-analysis of randomized trials of behavioural treatment of depression. Psychological Medicine, 2008, 38, 611-623.	4.5	324
23	Vitamin K and the Prevention of Fractures. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2006, 166, 1256.	3.8	317
24	Publication and related biases Health Technology Assessment, 2000, 4, .	2.8	315
25	Computerised cognitive behaviour therapy (cCBT) as treatment for depression in primary care (REEACT) Tj ETQq1	1.0.7843 6.0	14 rgBT /O
26	Methylenetetrahydrofolate Reductase (MTHFR) Genetic Polymorphisms and Psychiatric Disorders: A HuGE Review. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 165, 1-13.	3.4	290
27	The Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale: A diagnostic meta-analysis of case-finding ability. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2010, 69, 371-378.	2.6	285
28	Routinely administered questionnaires for depression and anxiety: systematic review. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2001, 322, 406-409.	2.3	272
29	Influence of initial severity of depression on effectiveness of low intensity interventions: meta-analysis of individual patient data. BMJ, The, 2013, 346, f540-f540.	6.0	251
30	Accuracy of the PHQ-2 Alone and in Combination With the PHQ-9 for Screening to Detect Major Depression. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2020, 323, 2290.	7.4	242
31	Informing efficient randomised controlled trials: exploration of challenges in developing progression criteria for internal pilot studies. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e013537.	1.9	239
32	Screening and case finding for major depressive disorder using the Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ-9): a meta-analysis. General Hospital Psychiatry, 2015, 37, 567-576.	2.4	234
33	The COREâ€10: A short measure of psychological distress for routine use in the psychological therapies. Counselling and Psychotherapy Research, 2013, 13, 3-13.	3.2	229
34	A systematic review of quantitative and qualitative research on the role and effectiveness of written information available to patients about individual medicines. Health Technology Assessment, 2007, 11, iii, 1-160.	2.8	221
35	Methods to identify postnatal depression in primary care: an integrated evidence synthesis and value of information analysis. Health Technology Assessment, 2009, 13, 1-145, 147-230.	2.8	212
36	Smoking cessation in severe mental illness: what works?. Addiction, 2010, 105, 1176-1189.	3.3	208

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37	Can we predict suicide and non-fatal self-harm with the Beck Hopelessness Scale? A meta-analysis. Psychological Medicine, 2007, 37, 769-778.	4.5	206
38	Loneliness, social isolation and social relationships: what are we measuring? A novel framework for classifying and comparing tools. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e010799.	1.9	198
39	ls low folate a risk factor for depression? A meta-analysis and exploration of heterogeneity. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 631-637.	3.7	197
40	Psychiatrists in the UK do not use outcomes measures. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2002, 180, 101-103.	2.8	194
41	Prevalence of HIV, hepatitis B, and hepatitis C in people with severe mental illness: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2016, 3, 40-48.	7.4	193
42	The diagnostic accuracy of brief versions of the Geriatric Depression Scale: a systematic review and metaâ€analysis. International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2016, 31, 837-857.	2.7	186
43	Managing common mental health disorders in primary care: conceptual models and evidence base. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2005, 330, 839-842.	2.3	184
44	Rethinking recommendations for screening for depression in primary care. Cmaj, 2012, 184, 413-418.	2.0	184
45	Benefits and harms of direct to consumer advertising: a systematic review. Quality and Safety in Health Care, 2005, 14, 246-250.	2.5	179
46	Defining successful treatment outcome in depression using the PHQ-9: A comparison of methods. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2010, 127, 122-129.	4.1	179
47	A systematic review, psychometric analysis and qualitative assessment of generic preference-based measures of health in mental health populations and the estimation of mapping functions from widely used specific measures. Health Technology Assessment, 2014, 18, vii-viii, xiii-xxv, 1-188.	2.8	179
48	Behavioural activation delivered by the non-specialist: phase II randomised controlled trial. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2011, 198, 66-72.	2.8	178
49	Equivalency of the diagnostic accuracy of the PHQ-8 and PHQ-9: a systematic review and individual participant data meta-analysis. Psychological Medicine, 2020, 50, 1368-1380.	4.5	175
50	Clinical effectiveness of collaborative care for depression in UK primary care (CADET): cluster randomised controlled trial. BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f4913-f4913.	6.0	173
51	Should we screen for depression?. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2006, 332, 1027-1030.	2.3	172
52	Loneliness, social isolation and risk of cardiovascular disease in the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2018, 25, 1387-1396.	1.8	166
53	Characteristics of Effective Collaborative Care for Treatment of Depression: A Systematic Review and Meta-Regression of 74 Randomised Controlled Trials. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e108114.	2.5	158
54	Psychological and pharmacological interventions for posttraumatic stress disorder and comorbid mental health problems following complex traumatic events: Systematic review and component network meta-analysis. PLoS Medicine, 2020, 17, e1003262.	8.4	154

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55	Psychotherapy mediated by remote communication technologies: a meta-analytic review. BMC Psychiatry, 2008, 8, 60.	2.6	151
56	Costs and consequences of enhanced primary care for depression. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2006, 189, 297-308.	2.8	150
57	Qualitative Meta-Synthesis of User Experience of Computerised Therapy for Depression and Anxiety. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e84323.	2.5	148
58	Fathers' views and experiences of their own mental health during pregnancy and the first postnatal year: a qualitative interview study of men participating in the UK Born and Bred in Yorkshire (BaBY) cohort. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2017, 17, 45.	2.4	146
59	Identifying depression with the PHQ-2: A diagnostic meta-analysis. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2016, 203, 382-395.	4.1	144
60	Diagnosing depression in primary care using self-completed instruments: UK validation of PHQ-9 and CORE-OM. British Journal of General Practice, 2007, 57, 650-2.	1.4	136
61	Collaborative care for depression in UK primary care: a randomized controlled trial. Psychological Medicine, 2008, 38, 279-287.	4.5	135
62	Screening and case finding instruments for depression. The Cochrane Library, 2005, , CD002792.	2.8	133
63	Routine use of patient reported outcome measures (PROMs) for improving treatment of common mental health disorders in adults. The Cochrane Library, 2016, 2016, CD011119.	2.8	133
64	Smoking cessation for people with severe mental illness (SCIMITAR+): a pragmatic randomised controlled trial. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2019, 6, 379-390.	7.4	126
65	Delivering stepped care: an analysis of implementation in routine practice. Implementation Science, 2012, 7, 3.	6.9	120
66	Patient Health Questionnaire-9 scores do not accurately estimate depression prevalence: individual participant data meta-analysis. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2020, 122, 115-128.e1.	5.0	113
67	Is self-guided internet-based cognitive behavioural therapy (iCBT) harmful? An individual participant data meta-analysis. Psychological Medicine, 2018, 48, 2456-2466.	4.5	106
68	The Effects of Meditation, Yoga, and Mindfulness on Depression, Anxiety, and Stress in Tertiary Education Students: A Meta-Analysis. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2019, 10, 193.	2.6	105
69	Dismantling, optimising, and personalising internet cognitive behavioural therapy for depression: a systematic review and component network meta-analysis using individual participant data. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2021, 8, 500-511.	7.4	105
70	Screening for postnatal depression in primary care: cost effectiveness analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 339, b5203-b5203.	2.3	100
71	Smoking cessation in severe mental ill health: what works? an updated systematic review and meta-analysis. BMC Psychiatry, 2017, 17, 252.	2.6	99
72	How durable is the effect of low intensity CBT for depression and anxiety? Remission and relapse in a longitudinal cohort study. Behaviour Research and Therapy, 2017, 94, 1-8.	3.1	97

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73	Nature-based outdoor activities for mental and physical health: Systematic review and meta-analysis. SSM - Population Health, 2021, 16, 100934.	2.7	96
74	Effect of Collaborative Care vs Usual Care on Depressive Symptoms in Older Adults With Subthreshold Depression. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 317, 728.	7.4	95
75	Telephone-supported computerised cognitive–behavioural therapy: REEACT-2 large-scale pragmatic randomised controlled trial. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2017, 210, 362-367.	2.8	94
76	Newer atypical antipsychotic medication in comparison to clozapine: a systematic review of randomized trials. Schizophrenia Research, 2002, 56, 1-10.	2.0	93
77	Nurse-delivered collaborative care for depression and long-term physical conditions: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2013, 149, 14-22.	4.1	88
78	Depression screening and patient outcomes in pregnancy or postpartum: A systematic review. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2014, 76, 433-446.	2.6	88
79	Early changes, attrition, and dose–response in low intensity psychological interventions. British Journal of Clinical Psychology, 2014, 53, 114-130.	3.5	87
80	Routine administration of Health Related Quality of Life (HRQoL) and needs assessment instruments to improve psychological outcome–Âa systematic review. Psychological Medicine, 2002, 32, 1345-1356.	4.5	86
81	Feedback-informed treatment versus usual psychological treatment for depression and anxiety: a multisite, open-label, cluster randomised controlled trial. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2018, 5, 564-572.	7.4	86
82	Modelling publication bias in meta-analysis: a review. Statistical Methods in Medical Research, 2000, 9, 421-445.	1.5	86
83	The causes, consequences and detection of publication bias in psychiatry. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2000, 102, 241-249.	4.5	85
84	Outcomes research in mental health. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2002, 181, 8-16.	2.8	85
85	Improving the detection and management of depression in primary care. Quality and Safety in Health Care, 2003, 12, 149-155.	2.5	85
86	A systematic review and economic model of the clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of interventions for preventing relapse in people with bipolar disorder. Health Technology Assessment, 2007, 11, iii-iv, ix-206.	2.8	83
87	The clinical effectiveness of sertraline in primary care and the role of depression severity and duration (PANDA): a pragmatic, double-blind, placebo-controlled randomised trial. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2019, 6, 903-914.	7.4	78
88	Association Between Chronic Physical Conditions and the Effectiveness of Collaborative Care for Depression. JAMA Psychiatry, 2016, 73, 978.	11.0	76
89	Maintenance or Discontinuation of Antidepressants in Primary Care. New England Journal of Medicine, 2021, 385, 1257-1267.	27.0	75
90	Effectiveness of interventions designed to promote patient involvement to enhance safety: a systematic review. BMJ Quality and Safety, 2010, 19, e10-e10.	3.7	72

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91	The diagnostic accuracy of the Patient Health Questionnaire-2 (PHQ-2), Patient Health Questionnaire-8 (PHQ-8), and Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) for detecting major depression: protocol for a systematic review and individual patient data meta-analyses. Systematic Reviews, 2014, 3, 124.	5.3	71
92	Predicting persistent depressive symptoms in older adults: A machine learning approach to personalised mental healthcare. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2019, 246, 857-860.	4.1	69
93	Bespoke smoking cessation for people with severe mental ill health (SCIMITAR): a pilot randomised controlled trial. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2015, 2, 395-402.	7.4	68
94	The Accuracy of the Patient Health Questionnaire-9 Algorithm for Screening to Detect Major Depression: An Individual Participant Data Meta-Analysis. Psychotherapy and Psychosomatics, 2020, 89, 25-37.	8.8	67
95	Screening for postnatal depression – is it acceptable to women and healthcare professionals? A systematic review and metaâ€synthesis. Journal of Reproductive and Infant Psychology, 2010, 28, 328-344.	1.8	66
96	Brief case finding tools for anxiety disorders: Validation of GAD-7 and GAD-2 in addictions treatment. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2012, 125, 37-42.	3.2	66
97	Diagnostic accuracy of the Whooley questions for the identification of depression: a diagnostic meta-analysis. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e008913.	1.9	66
98	Patient experience of computerised therapy for depression in primary care. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e008581.	1.9	65
99	Instruments to identify post-natal depression: Which methods have been the most extensively validated, in what setting and in which language?. International Journal of Psychiatry in Clinical Practice, 2010, 14, 72-76.	2.4	64
100	The accessibility and acceptability of self-management support interventions for men with long term conditions: a systematic review and meta-synthesis of qualitative studies. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 1230.	2.9	61
101	Developing a U.K. protocol for collaborative care: a qualitative study. General Hospital Psychiatry, 2006, 28, 296-305.	2.4	60
102	Publication bias and the integrity of psychiatry research. Psychological Medicine, 2000, 30, 253-258.	4.5	59
103	Improving the efficiency of psychological treatment using outcome feedback technology. Behaviour Research and Therapy, 2017, 99, 89-97.	3.1	58
104	On poverty, politics and psychology: the socioeconomic gradient of mental healthcare utilisation and outcomes. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2016, 209, 429-430.	2.8	57
105	CollAborative care for Screen-Positive EldeRs with major depression (CASPER plus): a multicentred randomised controlled trial of clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness. Health Technology Assessment, 2017, 21, 1-252.	2.8	56
106	Effectiveness and adherence of telephone-administered psychotherapy for depression: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 260, 514-526.	4.1	55
107	A randomised controlled trial of computerised cognitive behaviour therapy for the treatment of depression in primary care: the Randomised Evaluation of the Effectiveness and Acceptability of Computerised Therapy (REEACT) trial. Health Technology Assessment, 2015, 19, 1-174.	2.8	55
108	Barriers and facilitators to implementing perinatal mental health care in health and social care settings: a systematic review. Lancet Psychiatry,the, 2021, 8, 521-534.	7.4	54

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109	Vegetarianism in young women: Another means of weight control?. International Journal of Eating Disorders, 1999, 26, 87-90.	4.0	53
110	Is it clinically and cost effective to screen for postnatal depression: a systematic review of controlled clinical trials and economic evidence. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2009, 116, 1019-1027.	2.3	53
111	What work has to be done to implement collaborative care for depression? Process evaluation of a trial utilizing the Normalization Process Model. Implementation Science, 2010, 5, 15.	6.9	53
112	Probability of major depression diagnostic classification using semi-structured versus fully structured diagnostic interviews. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2018, 212, 377-385.	2.8	53
113	How much change is enough? Evidence from a longitudinal study on depression in UK primary care. Psychological Medicine, 2022, 52, 1875-1882.	4.5	51
114	Can we improve the morale of staff working in psychiatric units? A systematic review. Journal of Mental Health, 2006, 15, 7-17.	1.9	49
115	How reliable is depression screening in alcohol and drug users? A validation of brief and ultra-brief questionnaires. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2011, 134, 266-271.	4.1	49
116	Improving the delivery and organisation of mental health services: Beyond the conventional randomised controlled trial. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2002, 180, 13-18.	2.8	48
117	Randomized controlled trials in schizophrenia: a critical perspective on the literature. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2002, 105, 243-251.	4.5	48
118	The effectiveness of behavioural therapy for the treatment of depression in older adults: a metaâ€analysis. International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2011, 26, 1211-1220.	2.7	47
119	Diagnostic accuracy of the Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) for detecting major depression in pregnant and postnatal women: protocol for a systematic review and individual patient data meta-analyses. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e009742.	1.9	46
120	Evaluation of ethnic disparities in detection of depression and anxiety in primary care during the maternal period: Combined analysis of routine and cohort data. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2016, 208, 453-461.	2.8	46
121	Selective Cutoff Reporting in Studies of Diagnostic Test Accuracy: A Comparison of Conventional and Individual-Patient-Data Meta-Analyses of the Patient Health Questionnaire-9 Depression Screening Tool. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 185, 954-964.	3.4	45
122	Prevalence and incidence of postnatal depression: what can systematic reviews tell us?. Archives of Women's Mental Health, 2010, 13, 295-305.	2.6	44
123	Cost utility of behavioural activation delivered by the non-specialist. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2011, 199, 510-511.	2.8	44
124	The effectiveness of self-management support interventions for men with long-term conditions: a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e006620-e006620.	1.9	43
125	Role of age, gender and marital status in prognosis for adults with depression: An individual patient data meta-analysis. Epidemiology and Psychiatric Sciences, 2021, 30, e42.	3.9	43
126	Relationship between Green and Blue Spaces with Mental and Physical Health: A Systematic Review of Longitudinal Observational Studies. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 9010.	2.6	41

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127	Clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of collaborative care for depression in UK primary care (CADET): a cluster randomised controlled trial. Health Technology Assessment, 2016, 20, 1-192.	2.8	41
128	Clinical effectiveness, cost-effectiveness and acceptability of low-intensity interventions in the management of obsessive–compulsive disorder: the Obsessive–Compulsive Treatment Efficacy randomised controlled Trial (OCTET). Health Technology Assessment, 2017, 21, 1-132.	2.8	41
129	Determinants of hospital length of stay for people with serious mental illness in England and implications for payment systems: a regression analysis. BMC Health Services Research, 2015, 15, 439.	2.2	40
130	The digital divide: amplifying health inequalities for people with severe mental illness in the time of COVID-19. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2021, 219, 529-531.	2.8	40
131	Shared goals for mental health research: what, why and when for the 2020s. Journal of Mental Health, 2023, 32, 997-1005.	1.9	39
132	Cost-Effectiveness of Collaborative Care for Depression in UK Primary Care: Economic Evaluation of a Randomised Controlled Trial (CADET). PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e104225.	2.5	38
133	The prevalence of nursing staff stress on adult acute psychiatric in-patient wards. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2006, 41, 34-43.	3.1	36
134	A review and critical appraisal of measures of therapist-patient interactions in mental health settings. Health Technology Assessment, 2008, 12, iii, ix-47.	2.8	36
135	The Effectiveness of Pharmacological and Non-Pharmacological Interventions for Improving Glycaemic Control in Adults with Severe Mental Illness: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0168549.	2.5	35
136	Risperidone versus other atypical antipsychotic medication for schizophrenia. , 2000, , CD002306.		34
137	Putting the â€~Q' in depression QALYs: a comparison of utility measurement using EQ-5D and SF-6D health related quality of life measures. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2009, 44, 569-578.	3.1	34
138	Psychological Distress during Pregnancy in a Multi-Ethnic Community: Findings from the Born in Bradford Cohort Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e60693.	2.5	34
139	Comparison of major depression diagnostic classification probability using the SCID, CIDI, and MINI diagnostic interviews among women in pregnancy or postpartum: An individual participant data metaâ€analysis. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2019, 28, e1803.	2.1	34
140	Usefulness of PHQ-9 in primary care to determine meaningful symptoms of low mood: a qualitative study. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e78-e84.	1.4	33
141	Probability of major depression diagnostic classification based on the SCID, CIDI and MINI diagnostic interviews controlling for Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale – Depression subscale scores: An individual participant data meta-analysis of 73 primary studies. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2020, 129, 109892.	2.6	33
142	Comparison of Large Versus Smaller Randomized Trials for Mental Health-Related Interventions. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2005, 162, 578-584.	7.2	32
143	Diagnostic accuracy of case-finding questions to identify perinatal depression. Cmaj, 2012, 184, E424-E430.	2.0	32
144	Clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of parenting interventions for children with severe attachment problems: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Health Technology Assessment, 2015, 19, 1-348.	2.8	32

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145	The second Randomised Evaluation of the Effectiveness, cost-effectiveness and Acceptability of Computerised Therapy (REEACT-2) trial: does the provision of telephone support enhance the effectiveness of computer-delivered cognitive behaviour therapy? A randomised controlled trial. Health Technology Assessment, 2016, 20, 1-64.	2.8	31
146	Behavioural activation to prevent depression and loneliness among socially isolated older people with long-term conditions: The BASIL COVID-19 pilot randomised controlled trial. PLoS Medicine, 2021, 18, e1003779.	8.4	31
147	Collaborative Depression Trial (CADET): multi-centre randomised controlled trial of collaborative care for depression - study protocol. BMC Health Services Research, 2009, 9, 188.	2.2	30
148	Cost-effectiveness of combining systematic identification and treatment of co-morbid major depression for people with chronic diseases: the example of cancer. Psychological Medicine, 2014, 44, 1451-1460.	4.5	30
149	Variation and ethnic inequalities in treatment of common mental disorders before, during and after pregnancy: combined analysis of routine and research data in the Born in Bradford cohort. BMC Psychiatry, 2016, 16, 99.	2.6	30
150	Depression prevalence based on the Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale compared to Structured Clinical Interview for DSM DIsorders classification: Systematic review and individual participant data metaâ€analysis. International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research, 2021, 30, e1860.	2.1	30
151	Socioeconomic Indicators of Treatment Prognosis for Adults With Depression. JAMA Psychiatry, 2022, 79, 406.	11.0	30
152	Impact of long-term medical conditions on the outcomes of psychological therapy for depression and anxiety. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2017, 210, 47-53.	2.8	29
153	The associations between loneliness, social exclusion and pain in the general population: A N=502,528 cross-sectional UK Biobank study. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2020, 130, 68-74.	3.1	29
154	Outcome measures and needs assessment tools for schizophrenia and related disorders. The Cochrane Library, 2003, , CD003081.	2.8	28
155	NICE, but will they help people with depression? The new National Institute for Clinical Excellence depression guidelines. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2005, 186, 177-178.	2.8	28
156	Varenicline for smoking cessation and reduction in people with severe mental illnesses: systematic review and meta-analysis. Addiction, 2016, 111, 1554-1567.	3.3	28
157	The contribution of depressive †disorder characteristics' to determinations of prognosis for adults with depression: an individual patient data meta-analysis. Psychological Medicine, 2021, 51, 1068-1081.	4.5	28
158	Smoking Cessation Intervention for severe Mental III Health Trial (SCIMITAR): a pilot randomised control trial of the clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of a bespoke smoking cessation service. Health Technology Assessment, 2015, 19, 1-148.	2.8	28
159	Improving health and productivity of depressed workers: a pilot randomized controlled trial of telephone cognitive behavioral therapy delivery in workplace settings. General Hospital Psychiatry, 2010, 32, 337-340.	2.4	27
160	A randomised evaluation of CollAborative care and active surveillance for Screen-Positive EldeRs with sub-threshold depression (CASPER): study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. Trials, 2011, 12, 225.	1.6	27
161	Promoting <scp>HIV</scp> and sexual safety behaviour in people with severe mental illness: A systematic review of behavioural interventions. International Journal of Mental Health Nursing, 2014, 23, 344-354.	3.8	27
162	Impact of family practice continuity of care on unplanned hospital use for people with serious mental illness. Health Services Research, 2019, 54, 1316-1325.	2.0	27

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163	Assessing the quality of diagnostic studies using psychometric instruments: applying QUADAS. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2009, 44, 300-307.	3.1	26
164	Detecting and predicting self-harm behaviour in prisoners: a prospective psychometric analysis of three instruments. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2009, 44, 853-861.	3.1	25
165	Cost and outcome of behavioural activation versus cognitive behaviour therapy for depression (COBRA): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2014, 15, 29.	1.6	25
166	Low-intensity cognitive-behaviour therapy interventions for obsessive-compulsive disorder compared to waiting list for therapist-led cognitive-behaviour therapy: 3-arm randomised controlled trial of clinical effectiveness. PLoS Medicine, 2017, 14, e1002337.	8.4	25
167	Living with diabetes alongside a severe mental illness: A qualitative exploration with people with severe mental illness, family members and healthcare staff. Diabetic Medicine, 2021, 38, e14562.	2.3	25
168	Cluster randomized trials produced similar results to individually randomized trials in a meta-analysis of enhanced care for depression. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2008, 61, 160-168.e2.	5.0	24
169	Benchmarking Routine Psychological Services: A Discussion of Challenges and Methods. Behavioural and Cognitive Psychotherapy, 2014, 42, 16-30.	1.2	24
170	Feasibility Randomized Controlled Trial of Cognitive and Behavioral Interventions for Depression Symptoms in Patients Accessing Drug and Alcohol Treatment. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2015, 55, 6-14.	2.8	24
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