

Steven E Swift

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

51
papers

6,432
citations

430874

18
h-index

289244

40
g-index

52
all docs

52
docs citations

52
times ranked

4067
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	An international urogynecological association (IUGA)/international continence society (ICS) joint report on the terminology for female pelvic floor dysfunction. <i>Neurourology and Urodynamics</i> , 2010, 29, 4-20.	1.5	2,027
2	An International Urogynecological Association (IUGA)/International Continence Society (ICS) joint report on the terminology for female pelvic floor dysfunction. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2010, 21, 5-26.	1.4	1,718
3	Pelvic Organ Support Study (POSST): The distribution, clinical definition, and epidemiologic condition of pelvic organ support defects. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2005, 192, 795-806.	1.3	625
4	The distribution of pelvic organ support in a population of female subjects seen for routine gynecologic health care. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2000, 183, 277-285.	1.3	455
5	Correlation of symptoms with degree of pelvic organ support in a general population of women: what is pelvic organ prolapse?. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2003, 189, 372-377.	1.3	323
6	Interobserver and intraobserver reliability of the proposed International Continence Society, Society of Gynecologic Surgeons, and American Urogynecologic Society pelvic organ prolapse classification system. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 1996, 175, 1467-1471.	1.3	307
7	An international urogynecological association (IUGA)/international continence society (ICS) joint terminology and classification of the complications related directly to the insertion of prostheses (meshes, implants, tapes) and grafts in female pelvic floor surgery. <i>Neurourology and Urodynamics</i> , 2011, 30, 2-12.	1.5	281
8	Validation of a simplified technique for using the POPQ pelvic organ prolapse classification system. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2006, 17, 615-620.	1.4	107
9	Prevalence of severe pelvic organ prolapse in relation to job description and socioeconomic status: a multicenter cross-sectional study. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2006, 17, 340-345.	1.4	81
10	How to use the Pelvic Organ Prolapse Quantification (POP-Q) system?. <i>Neurourology and Urodynamics</i> , 2018, 37, S39-S43.	1.5	69
11	Institution and validation of an observed structured assessment of technical skills (OSATS) for obstetrics and gynecology residents and faculty. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2006, 195, 617-621.	1.3	59
12	An international urogynecological association (IUGA)/international continence society (ICS) joint report on the terminology for reporting outcomes of surgical procedures for pelvic organ prolapse. <i>Neurourology and Urodynamics</i> , 2012, 31, 415-421.	1.5	55
13	Transcutaneous posterior tibial nerve stimulation versus extended release oxybutynin in overactive bladder patients. A prospective randomized trial. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2016, 196, 6-10.	1.1	45
14	Outcomes of observation as therapy for pelvic organ prolapse: A study in the natural history of pelvic organ prolapse. <i>Neurourology and Urodynamics</i> , 2013, 32, 383-386.	1.5	38
15	Disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) in general population with pelvic organ prolapse: a study based on the prolapse quality-of-life questionnaire (P-QOL). <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2014, 182, 22-26.	1.1	26
16	Current opinion on the classification and definition of genital tract prolapse. <i>Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2002, 14, 503-507.	2.0	24
17	International Urogynecological Association (IUGA)/International Continence Society (ICS) joint terminology and classification of the complications related to native tissue female pelvic floor surgery. <i>Neurourology and Urodynamics</i> , 2012, 31, 406-414.	1.5	22
18	Pelvic organ prolapse: is it time to define it?. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2005, 16, 425-427.	1.4	20

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19	Body Image in the Pelvic Organ Prolapse Questionnaire: development and validation. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 211, 174.e1-174.e9.	1.3	19
20	Diary and Patient-Reported Outcomes in Patients with Severe Overactive Bladder Switching from Tolterodine Extended Release 4mg/day to Solifenacin Treatment. Clinical Drug Investigation, 2009, 29, 305-316.	2.2	17
21	Laser treatment in urogynaecology and the myth of the scientific evidence. International Urogynecology Journal, 2017, 28, 1443-1444.	1.4	12
22	Intrinsic sphincter deficiency: what is it and does it matter anymore?. International Urogynecology Journal, 2013, 24, 183-184.	1.4	11
23	Validation of the Spanish-language version of the Prolapse Quality of Life Questionnaire in Chilean women. International Urogynecology Journal, 2015, 26, 123-130.	1.4	11
24	Test-retest reliability of the cotton swab (Q-tip®) test in the evaluation of the incontinent female. International Urogynecology Journal, 2010, 21, 963-967.	1.4	9
25	Subjective versus objective determination of bladder emptying following urogynecological surgery: "do you feel that you completely emptied your bladder?" International Urogynecology Journal, 2020, 31, 1899-1905.	1.4	8
26	Validation of the French version of the P-QoL questionnaire. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2015, 192, 10-16.	1.1	7
27	Standing Vs Supine; Does it Matter in Cough Stress Testing?. Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery, 2017, 23, 315-317.	1.1	7
28	Defining normal apical vaginal support: a relook at the POSST study. International Urogynecology Journal, 2019, 30, 47-51.	1.4	7
29	Mental health among clinicians: what do we know and what can we do?. International Urogynecology Journal, 2021, 32, 1055-1059.	1.4	7
30	To mesh or not to mesh? That is the question. International Urogynecology Journal, 2011, 22, 505-506.	1.4	6
31	"First do no harm" and the emerging story of the vaginal reconstructive mesh implant. International Urogynecology Journal, 2007, 18, 983-984.	1.4	5
32	Informed consent checklists for midurethral slings: a common-sense approach. International Urogynecology Journal, 2017, 28, 1639-1643.	1.4	5
33	A narrative review of the epidemiology, diagnosis, and treatment of latent stress urinary incontinence. Neurourology and Urodynamics, 2019, 38, S7-S11.	1.5	5
34	Factors affecting patient choice for continued observation versus intervention for pelvic organ prolapse. International Urogynecology Journal, 2021, 32, 273-278.	1.4	4
35	What if you could not do a mid-urethral sling?. International Urogynecology Journal, 2019, 30, 1387-1388.	1.4	3
36	To pull or not to pull, that is the question how should we define prolapse?. International Urogynecology Journal, 2013, 24, 1995-1996.	1.4	2

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37	Construct and Predictive Validity of a Cystoscopic Checklist to Evaluate Surgical Competency in the Operating Room. <i>Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2016, 22, 415-419.	1.1	1
38	Surgical management of pelvic organ prolapse and stress urinary incontinence: where are we now?. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2018, 29, 1-2.	1.4	1
39	Can We Trust the Math? Correlation of Objective Postvoid Residual With Calculated Subtraction Postvoid Residual. <i>Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2022, 28, 45-48.	1.1	1
40	Joint terminology documents: are there too many or is this the way forward?. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, 32, 3103-3104.	1.4	1
41	Mid-urethral sling and the mystery of pain. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2022, 33, 749-750.	1.4	1
42	The use of vaginal mesh has no advantage over conventional surgery in the treatment of prolapse. <i>IJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2016, 123, 143-143.	2.3	0
43	Conflict of interest: what is it, and how do journals manage it in the publication process?. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2017, 28, 969-970.	1.4	0
44	IUGA terminology and standardization: creating and using this expanding resource. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2017, 28, 1613-1616.	1.4	0
45	Introduction from the new Editors-in-Chief. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2017, 28, 3-4.	1.4	0
46	Urodynamic Testing: Choosing Between Simple Versus Complex. <i>Current Obstetrics and Gynecology Reports</i> , 2017, 6, 269-273.	0.8	0
47	Genital Hiatus Size as a Predictor of Progression of Pelvic Organ Prolapse. <i>Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery</i> , 2021, 27, e555-e558.	1.1	0
48	Treatment outcomes of overactive bladder with combined therapies of botulinum toxin injections and oral agents. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, 32, 2803-2806.	1.4	0
49	The effect of preoperative phenazopyridine on short-term urinary retention following urogynecologic surgery. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2022, 33, 711-715.	1.4	0
50	The International Urogynaecology Consultation: the new IUGA educational project. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2021, 32, 2309-2310.	1.4	0
51	A Cost-Effectiveness Analysis of Post-Void Residual Bladder Scan Thresholds in the Postoperative Setting. <i>International Urogynecology Journal</i> , 2022, , 1.	1.4	0