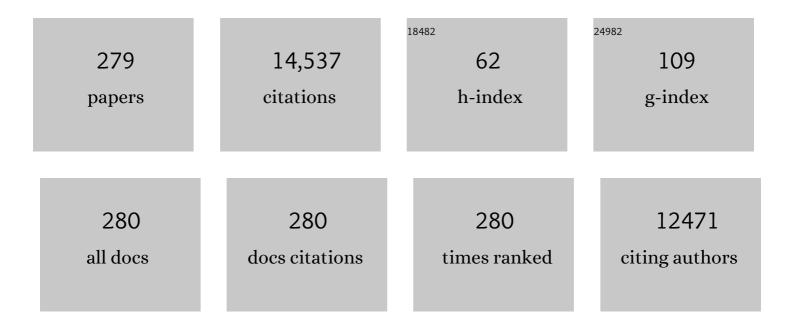
## **Reiner Rugulies**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Psychosocial work factors and blood pressure among 63 800 employees from The Netherlands in the Lifelines Cohort Study. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2022, 76, 60-66.	3.7	7
2	Organizational Justice and Long-term Metabolic Trajectories: A 25-Year Follow-up of the Whitehall II Cohort. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2022, 107, 398-409.	3.6	5
3	The influence of organizational factors, eldercare worker characteristics and care situation on the use of assistive devices during resident handling in eldercare work. Applied Ergonomics, 2022, 98, 103533.	3.1	0
4	Work-unit measures of psychosocial job stressors and onset of bullying: a 2-year follow-up study. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2022, 95, 117-130.	2.3	1
5	Characteristics of Workplace Psychosocial Resources and Risk of Diabetes: A Prospective Cohort Study. Diabetes Care, 2022, 45, 59-66.	8.6	6
6	Influence at work is a key factor for mental health – but what do contemporary employees in knowledge and relational work mean by "influence at work�. International Journal of Qualitative Studies on Health and Well-being, 2022, 17, 2054513.	1.6	5
7	Work stress and loss of years lived without chronic disease: an 18-year follow-up of 1.5 million employees in Denmark. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 37, 389-400.	5.7	7
8	Pain management in eldercare employees – the role of managers in addressing musculoskeletal pain and pain-related sickness absence. BMC Public Health, 2022, 22, 432.	2.9	1
9	Associations between perceived quantitative work demands at different organisational levels and pain and sickness absence in eldercare workers: a multi-level longitudinal analysis. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2022, 95, 993-1001.	2.3	2
10	Association of alcohol use with years lived without major chronic diseases: A multicohort study from the IPD-Work consortium and UK Biobank. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2022, 19, 100417.	5.6	4
11	Nursing Home, Ward and Worker Level Determinants of Perceived Quantitative Work Demands: A Multi-Level Cross-Sectional Analysis in Eldercare. Annals of Work Exposures and Health, 2022, 66, 1033-1043.	1.4	1
12	Effects of a participatory organisational, core work task focused workplace intervention on employees' primary healthcare consultations: secondary analysis of a cluster RCT. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2021, 78, 330-335.	2.8	0
13	Maternal life and work stressors during pregnancy and asthma in offspring. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 49, 1847-1855.	1.9	3
14	The effect of exposure to long working hours on alcohol consumption, risky drinking and alcohol use disorder: A systematic review and meta-analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. Environment International, 2021, 146, 106205.	10.0	36
15	Interrelationships between job demands, low back pain and depression: A four-way decomposition analysis of direct and indirect effects of job demands through mediation and/or interaction. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2021, 282, 219-226.	4.1	5
16	The COVID-19 pandemic: one year later – an occupational perspective. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2021, 47, 245-247.	3.4	36
17	Reducing employee turnover in hospitals: estimating the effects of hypothetical improvements in the psychosocial work environment. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2021, 47, 456-465.	3.4	7
18	High physical work demands have worse consequences for older workers: prospective study of long-term sickness absence among 69 117 employees. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2021, 78, 829-834.	2.8	21

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19	Work-related violence and depressive disorder among 955,573 employees followed for 6.99 million person-years. The Danish Work Life Course Cohort study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2021, 288, 136-144.	4.1	13
20	Can leadership quality buffer the association between emotionally demanding work and risk of long-term sickness absence?. European Journal of Public Health, 2021, 31, 739-741.	0.3	6
21	Are resident handlings in eldercare wards associated with musculoskeletal pain and sickness absence among the workers? A prospective study based on onsite observations. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2021, 47, 609-618.	3.4	2
22	1067Annual changes in job strain and risk of coronary heart disease in Denmark. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 50, .	1.9	0
23	Long working hours and risk of 50 health conditions and mortality outcomes: a multicohort study in four European countries. Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The, 2021, 11, 100212.	5.6	21
24	Understanding the impact of psychosocial working conditions on workers' health: we have come a long way, but are we there yet?. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2021, 47, 483-487.	3.4	5
25	Exposure to workplace violence and threats and risk of depression: a prospective study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2021, 47, 582-590.	3.4	9
26	1175Work stress and loss of years lived without chronic disease; an 18-year prospective cohort study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 50, .	1.9	1
27	Clobal, regional, and national burdens of ischemic heart disease and stroke attributable to exposure to long working hours for 194 countries, 2000–2016: A systematic analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. Environment International, 2021, 154, 106595.	10.0	155
28	Importance of the Working Environment for Early Retirement: Prospective Cohort Study with Register Follow-Up. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 9817.	2.6	10
29	Emotional demands at work and risk of long-term sickness absence in 1·5 million employees in Denmark: a prospective cohort study on effect modifiers. Lancet Public Health, The, 2021, 6, e752-e759.	10.0	13
30	The effect of exposure to long working hours on depression: A systematic review and meta-analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. Environment International, 2021, 155, 106629.	10.0	58
31	Work factors facilitating working beyond state pension age: Prospective cohort study with register follow-up. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2021, 47, 15-21.	3.4	20
32	Job demands and control and sickness absence, disability pension and unemployment among 2,194,692 individuals in Sweden. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2020, 48, 125-133.	2.3	13
33	Psychosocial working conditions and depressive disorder: disentangling effects of job control from socioeconomic status using a life-course approach. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2020, 55, 217-228.	3.1	15
34	Night work and risk of ischaemic heart disease and anti-hypertensive drug use: a cohort study of 145 861 Danish employees. European Journal of Public Health, 2020, 30, 259-264.	0.3	3
35	Effort-reward imbalance at work and risk of type 2 diabetes in a national sample of 50,552 workers in Denmark: A prospective study linking survey and register data. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2020, 128, 109867.	2.6	17
36	Can work-unit social capital buffer the association between workplace violence and long-term sickness absence? A prospective cohort study of healthcare employees. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2020, 93, 355-364.	2.3	10

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37	Contribution of income and job strain to the association between education and cardiovascular disease in 1.6 million Danish employees. European Heart Journal, 2020, 41, 1164-1178.	2.2	33
38	Objectively measured versus self-reported occupational physical activity and multisite musculoskeletal pain: a prospective follow-up study at 20 nursing homes in Denmark. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2020, 93, 381-389.	2.3	11
39	Leadership Quality and Risk of Long-term Sickness Absence Among 53,157 Employees of the Danish Workforce. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 62, 557-565.	1.7	15
40	Combinations of Job Demands and Job Control and Future Trajectories of Sickness Absence and Disability Pension An 11-year Follow-up of Two Million Employees in Sweden. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 62, 795-802.	1.7	7
41	Cognitive Ability in Midlife and Labor Market Participation Among Older Workers: Prospective Cohort Study With Register Follow-up. Safety and Health at Work, 2020, 11, 291-300.	0.6	3
42	Changes in effort-reward imbalance at work and risk of onset of sleep disturbances in a population-based cohort of workers in Denmark. Sleep Medicine: X, 2020, 2, 100021.	1.5	3
43	Onset of Workplace Bullying and Risk of Weight Gain: A Multicohort Longitudinal Study. Obesity, 2020, 28, 2216-2223.	3.0	1
44	Cumulated and most recent job control and risk of disability pension in the Danish Work Life Course Cohort (DaWCo). European Journal of Public Health, 2020, 30, 1212-1218.	0.3	1
45	Systematic review and meta-analysis on exposure to long working hours and risk of ischaemic heart disease – Conclusions are supported by the evidence. Environment International, 2020, 144, 106118.	10.0	3
46	Onset of workplace sexual harassment and subsequent depressive symptoms and incident depressive disorder in the Danish workforce. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 277, 21-29.	4.1	21
47	Work-unit social capital and incident purchase of psychotropic medications: A longitudinal cohort-study of healthcare workers. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2020, 276, 53-61.	4.1	7
48	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Peripheral Artery Disease: A Multi ohort Study. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2020, 9, e013538.	3.7	13
49	The effect of exposure to long working hours on ischaemic heart disease: A systematic review and meta-analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. Environment International, 2020, 142, 105739.	10.0	95
50	The effect of exposure to long working hours on stroke: A systematic review and meta-analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. Environment International, 2020, 142, 105746.	10.0	78
51	Association of Healthy Lifestyle With Years Lived Without Major Chronic Diseases. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2020, 180, 760.	5.1	140
52	Do organisational and ward-level factors explain the variance in multi-site musculoskeletal pain in eldercare workers? A multi-level cross-sectional study. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2020, 93, 891-898.	2.3	4
53	Effortâ€reward imbalance at work and weight changes in a nationwide cohort of workers in Denmark. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2020, 63, 634-643.	2.1	3
54	Job Demands and Job Control and Future Labor Market Situation. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 62, 403-411.	1.7	5

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55	Physical workload, long-term sickness absence, and the role of social capital. Multi-level analysis of a large occupation cohort. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 373-381.	3.4	3
56	Work-related exposure to violence or threats and risk of mental disorders and symptoms: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 339-349.	3.4	52
57	Persistent and changing job strain and risk of coronary heart disease. A population-based cohort study of 1.6 million employees in Denmark. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 498-507.	3.4	13
58	The COVID-19 (Coronavirus) pandemic: consequences for occupational health. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 229-230.	3.4	168
59	Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health goes full open access. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 455-456.	3.4	0
60	Occupational Determinants of Affective Disorders. , 2020, , 207-234.		1
61	Causal inference and evidence-based recommendations in occupational health and safety research. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 554-556.	3.4	0
62	Causal inference and evidence-based recommendations in occupational health and safety research. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2020, 46, 554-556.	3.4	0
63	The association of vertical and horizontal workplace social capital with employees' job satisfaction, exhaustion and sleep disturbances: a prospective study. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2019, 92, 883-890.	2.3	10
64	Patterns in the Occurrence and Duration of Musculoskeletal Pain and Interference with Work among Eldercare Workers—A One-Year Longitudinal Study with Measurements Every Four Weeks. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 2990.	2.6	3
65	Association between Psychosocial Working Conditions and Perceived Physical Exertion among Eldercare Workers: A Cross-Sectional Multilevel Analysis of Nursing Homes, Wards and Workers. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 3610.	2.6	12
66	Effect of a participatory organizational workplace intervention on workplace social capital: post-hoc results from a cluster randomized controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 693.	2.9	14
67	Night work during pregnancy and preterm birth—A large register-based cohort study. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0215748.	2.5	23
68	Emotional demands and exhaustion: cross-sectional and longitudinal associations in a cohort of Danish public sector employees. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2019, 92, 639-650.	2.3	7
69	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to long working hours and of the effect of exposure to long working hours on depression. Environment International, 2019, 125, 515-528.	10.0	34
70	Perceived stress and sickness absence: a prospective study of 17,795 employees in Denmark. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2019, 92, 821-828.	2.3	20
71	Cohort profile: the Danish Work Life Course Cohort study (DaWCo). BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e029658.	1.9	3
72	Job type and other socio-demographic factors associated with participation in a national, cross-sectional study of Danish employees. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e027056.	1.9	25

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73	Multicohort study of change in job strain, poor mental health and incident cardiometabolic disease. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2019, 76, 785-792.	2.8	13
74	Perceived and content-related emotional demands at work and risk of long-term sickness absence in the Danish workforce: a cohort study of 26 410 Danish employees. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2019, 76, 895-900.	2.8	16
75	Individual and Combined Effects of Job Strain Components on Subsequent Morbidity and Mortality. Epidemiology, 2019, 30, e27-e29.	2.7	12
76	Workplace bullying and workplace violence as risk factors for cardiovascular disease: a multi-cohort study. European Heart Journal, 2019, 40, 1124-1134.	2.2	82
77	Risk of childhood asthma following prenatal exposure to negative life events and job stressors: A nationwide register-based study in Denmark. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2019, 45, 174-182.	3.4	6
78	What is a psychosocial work environment?. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2019, 45, 1-6.	3.4	54
79	The Danish Psychosocial Work Environment Questionnaire (DPQ): Development, content, reliability and validity. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2019, 45, 356-369.	3.4	48
80	Physical capability in midlife and risk of disability pension and long-term sickness absence: prospective cohort study with register follow-up. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2019, 45, 610-621.	3.4	4
81	Work and mental health: what do we know and how can we intervene?. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2019, 45, 529-532.	3.4	15
82	Occupational Determinants of Affective Disorders. , 2019, , 1-28.		1
83	Danish Observational Study of Eldercare work and musculoskeletal disorderS (DOSES): a prospective study at 20 nursing homes in Denmark. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e019670.	1.9	26
84	Inter-rater reliability of direct observations of the physical and psychosocial working conditions in eldercare: An evaluation in the DOSES project. Applied Ergonomics, 2018, 69, 93-103.	3.1	13
85	A cohort study on self-reported role stressors at work and poor sleep: does sense of coherence moderate or mediate the associations?. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2018, 91, 445-456.	2.3	14
86	Optimal Cut-Off Points for the Short-Negative Act Questionnaire and Their Association with Depressive Symptoms and Diagnosis of Depression. Annals of Work Exposures and Health, 2018, 62, 281-294.	1.4	25
87	Retrospectively assessed physical work environment during working life and risk of sickness absence and labour market exit among older workers. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 75, 114-123.	2.8	59
88	Managerial Quality and Risk of Depressive Disorders Among Danish Eldercare Workers. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 60, 120-125.	1.7	7
89	Does Workplace Bullying Affect Long-Term Sickness Absence Among Coworkers?. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 60, 132-137.	1.7	23
90	Workplace bullying and violence as risk factors for type 2 diabetes: a multicohort study and meta-analysis. Diabetologia, 2018, 61, 75-83.	6.3	74

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91	Does workplace social capital protect against long-term sickness absence? Linking workplace aggregated social capital to sickness absence registry data. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2018, 46, 290-296.	2.3	18
92	Comorbid symptoms of depression and musculoskeletal pain and risk of long term sickness absence. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 981.	2.9	28
93	Obesity and loss of disease-free years owing to major non-communicable diseases: a multicohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2018, 3, e490-e497.	10.0	241
94	Physical work demands and psychosocial working conditions as predictors of musculoskeletal pain: a cohort study comparing self-reported and job exposure matrix measurements. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 75, 752-758.	2.8	42
95	Retrospectively assessed psychosocial working conditions as predictors of prospectively assessed sickness absence and disability pension among older workers. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 149.	2.9	24
96	Collaboration among eldercare workers: barriers, facilitators and supporting processes. Scandinavian Journal of Caring Sciences, 2018, 32, 1127-1137.	2.1	7
97	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to long working hours and of the effect of exposure to long working hours on ischaemic heart disease. Environment International, 2018, 119, 558-569.	10.0	39
98	Work stress and risk of death in men and women with and without cardiometabolic disease: a multicohort study. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2018, 6, 705-713.	11.4	100
99	Work-unit social capital and long-term sickness absence: a prospective cohort study of 32 053 hospital employees. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2018, 75, 623-629.	2.8	24
100	Prenatal exposure to negative life events and job stress and asthma risk. , 2018, , .		1
101	Long working hours and depressive symptoms: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2018, 44, 239-250.	3.4	135
102	Can illegitimate job tasks be reduced by a participatory organizational-level workplace intervention? Results of a cluster randomized controlled trial in Danish pre-schools. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2018, 44, 219-223.	3.4	6
103	Maternal stress at work and in private life during pregnancy and offspring asthma. , 2018, , .		0
104	Job strain as a risk factor for clinical depression: systematic review and meta-analysis with additional individual participant data. Psychological Medicine, 2017, 47, 1342-1356.	4.5	314
105	Sexual harassment in care work – Dilemmas and consequences: A qualitative investigation. International Journal of Nursing Studies, 2017, 70, 122-130.	5.6	56
106	The contribution from psychological, social, and organizational work factors to risk of disability retirement: a systematic review with meta-analyses. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 176.	2.9	110
107	The association of health and voluntary early retirement pension and the modifying effect of quality of supervision: Results from a Danish register-based follow-up study. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2017, 45, 468-475.	2.3	5
108	Effort–Reward Imbalance at Work and Incident Coronary Heart Disease. Epidemiology, 2017, 28, 619-626.	2.7	224

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109	Overweight, obesity, and risk of cardiometabolic multimorbidity: pooled analysis of individual-level data for 120â€^813 adults from 16 cohort studies from the USA and Europe. Lancet Public Health, The, 2017, 2, e277-e285.	10.0	375
110	Accuracy of a Single Item on Mentally Tiring Work as Proxy Measure of Job Demands and Efforts in the Gazel Cohort. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 59, e156-e158.	1.7	1
111	Prolonged perceived stress and saliva cortisol in a large cohort of Danish public service employees: cross-sectional and longitudinal associations. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2017, 90, 835-848.	2.3	20
112	Does influence at work modify the relation between high occupational physical activity and risk of heart disease in women?. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2017, 90, 433-442.	2.3	7
113	Long working hours as a risk factor for atrial fibrillation: a multi-cohort study. European Heart Journal, 2017, 38, 2621-2628.	2.2	76
114	Workplace sexual harassment and depressive symptoms: a cross-sectional multilevel analysis comparing harassment from clients or customers to harassment from other employees amongst 7603 Danish employees from 1041 organizations. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 675.	2.9	58
115	The associations between workplace bullying, salivary cortisol, and long-term sickness absence: a longitudinal study. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 710.	2.9	19
116	Job strain and informal caregiving as predictors of long-term sickness absence: A longitudinal multi-cohort study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2017, 43, 5-14.	3.4	34
117	Does age modify the association between physical work demands and deterioration of self-rated general health?. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2017, 43, 241-249.	3.4	23
118	Effort–reward imbalance at work and risk of depressive disorders. A systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective cohort studies. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2017, 43, 294-306.	3.4	228
119	Does age modify the association between psychosocial factors at work and deterioration of self-rated health?. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2017, 43, 465-474.	3.4	10
120	Temporal relationships between job strain and low-back pain. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2017, 43, 396-404.	3.4	9
121	Cumulative occupational mechanical exposures during working life and risk of sickness absence and disability pension: prospective cohort study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2017, 43, 415-425.	3.4	38
122	O06-1â€Selection bias in studies of preterm birth in relation to night work. , 2016, , .		0
123	Effects of a randomized controlled intervention trial on return to work and health care utilization after long-term sickness absence. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 1149.	2.9	14
124	Negative Acts at Work as Potential Bullying Behavior and Depression. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2016, 58, e72-e79.	1.7	25
125	Does Perceived Stress Mediate the Association Between Workplace Bullying and Long-Term Sickness Absence?. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2016, 58, e226-e230.	1.7	23
126	Influence of physical and psychosocial work environment throughout life and physical and cognitive capacity in midlife on labor market attachment among older workers: study protocol for a prospective cohort study. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 629.	2.9	6

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127	Work participation and health-related characteristics of sickness absence beneficiaries with multiple somatic symptoms. Public Health, 2016, 133, 75-82.	2.9	7
128	Effort-reward imbalance at work and the risk of antidepressant treatment in the Danish workforce. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2016, 196, 248-251.	4.1	10
129	The role of poor sleep in the relation between workplace bullying/unwanted sexual attention and long-term sickness absence. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2016, 89, 967-979.	2.3	39
130	Long working hours and cancer risk: a multi-cohort study. British Journal of Cancer, 2016, 114, 813-818.	6.4	17
131	Risk of depressive disorder following disasters and military deployment: systematic review with meta-analysis. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2016, 208, 330-336.	2.8	113
132	Job insecurity and risk of diabetes: a meta-analysis of individual participant data. Cmaj, 2016, 188, E447-E455.	2.0	47
133	Emotion work within eldercare and depressive symptoms: A cross-sectional multi-level study assessing the association between externally observed emotion work and self-reported depressive symptoms among Danish eldercare workers. International Journal of Nursing Studies, 2016, 62, 183-192.	5.6	6
134	Exposure to negative acts and risk of turnover: a study of a register-based outcome among employees in three occupational groups. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2016, 89, 1269-1278.	2.3	19
135	Effect of a participatory organizational-level occupational health intervention on job satisfaction, exhaustion and sleep disturbances: results of a cluster randomized controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 1210.	2.9	11
136	Relationship Between Changes in Workplace Bullying Status and the Reporting of Personality Characteristics. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2016, 58, 902-910.	1.7	18
137	Emotional Demands at Work and the Risk of Clinical Depression. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2016, 58, 994-1001.	1.7	19
138	Workplace social capital and risk of long-term sickness absence. Are associations modified by occupational grade?. European Journal of Public Health, 2016, 26, 328-333.	0.3	23
139	Effort-Reward Imbalance and Affective Disorders. Aligning Perspectives on Health, Safety and Well-being, 2016, , 103-143.	0.3	9
140	Workplace bullying, sleep problems and leisure-time physical activity: a prospective cohort study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2016, 42, 26-33.	3.4	32
141	Health correlates of workplace bullying: a 3-wave prospective follow-up study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2016, 42, 17-25.	3.4	62
142	Effect of a participatory organizational-level occupational health intervention on short-term sickness absence: a cluster randomized controlled trial. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2016, 42, 192-200.	3.4	13
143	Joint association of sleep problems and psychosocial working conditions with registered long-term sickness absence. A Danish cohort study. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2016, 42, 299-308.	3.4	8
144	A multilevel study on the association of observer-assessed working conditions with depressive symptoms among female eldercare workers from 56 work units in 10 care homes in Denmark. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e008713-e008713.	1.9	14

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145	Medically unexplained symptoms and the risk of loss of labor market participation - a prospective study in the Danish population. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 844.	2.9	17
146	Job Strain and the Risk of Stroke. Stroke, 2015, 46, 557-559.	2.0	97
147	Burnout as a risk factor for antidepressant treatment – a repeated measures time-to-event analysis of 2936 Danish human service workers. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2015, 65, 47-52.	3.1	41
148	A multisite randomized controlled trial on time to self-support among sickness absence beneficiaries. The Danish national return-to-work programme. European Journal of Public Health, 2015, 25, 96-102.	0.3	13
149	Does retirement reduce the risk of mental disorders? A national registry-linkage study of treatment for mental disorders before and after retirement of 245â€082 Danish residents. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2015, 72, 366-372.	2.8	29
150	Long working hours and alcohol use: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. BMJ, The, 2015, 350, g7772-g7772.	6.0	152
151	Long working hours, socioeconomic status, and the risk of incident type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis of published and unpublished data from 222â€^120 individuals. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2015, 3, 27-34.	11.4	197
152	Individual and work-unit measures of psychological demands and decision latitude and the use of antihypertensive medication. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2015, 88, 311-319.	2.3	3
153	Barriers and facilitators for implementation of a return-to-work intervention for sickness absence beneficiaries with mental health problems: Results from three Danish municipalities. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2015, 43, 423-431.	2.3	12
154	Reply to Drs Bianchi, Schonfeld & amp; Laurent. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2015, 69, 7-8.	3.1	0
155	Depressive symptoms and early retirement intentions among Danish eldercare workers: Cross-sectional and longitudinal analyses. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 677.	2.9	12
156	Long working hours and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke: a systematic review and meta-analysis of published and unpublished data for 603â€^838 individuals. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 1739-1746.	13.7	529
157	Struggling at work – a qualitative study of working Danes with depressive symptoms. Disability and Rehabilitation, 2015, 37, 1674-1682.	1.8	20
158	Stability of return to work after a coordinated and tailored intervention for sickness absence compensation beneficiaries with mental health problems: results of a two-year follow-up study. Disability and Rehabilitation, 2015, 37, 2107-2113.	1.8	12
159	IPD-Work consortium: pre-defined meta-analyses of individual-participant data strengthen evidence base for a link between psychosocial factors and health. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2015, 41, 312-321.	3.4	14
160	Implementation of the Danish return-to-work program: process evaluation of a trial in 21 Danish municipalities. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2015, 41, 529-541.	3.4	30
161	Author response to letter. Ref: Madsen et al. "Unnecessary work tasks and mental health: a prospective analysis of Danish human service workers― Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health, 2015, 41, 218.	3.4	0
162	Job strain and COPD exacerbations: an individual-participant meta-analysis. European Respiratory Journal, 2014, 44, 247-251.	6.7	11

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