

Larry J Seidman

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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191
papers

15,088
citations

34105

52
h-index

20961

115
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195
all docs

195
docs citations

195
times ranked

14600
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The MATRICS Consensus Cognitive Battery, Part 1: Test Selection, Reliability, and Validity. <i>American Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2008, 165, 203-213.	7.2	1,863
2	Neurocognition in first-episode schizophrenia: A meta-analytic review.. <i>Neuropsychology</i> , 2009, 23, 315-336.	1.3	960
3	Mapping genomic loci implicates genes and synaptic biology in schizophrenia. <i>Nature</i> , 2022, 604, 502-508.	27.8	929
4	Contribution of copy number variants to schizophrenia from a genome-wide study of 41,321 subjects. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2017, 49, 27-35.	21.4	838
5	Structural Brain Imaging of Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2005, 57, 1263-1272.	1.3	593
6	The MATRICS Consensus Cognitive Battery, Part 2: Co-Norming and Standardization. <i>American Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2008, 165, 214-220.	7.2	593
7	Subcortical brain volume differences in participants with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder in children and adults: a cross-sectional mega-analysis. <i>Lancet Psychiatry</i> , 2017, 4, 310-319.	7.4	565
8	Progressive Reduction in Cortical Thickness as Psychosis Develops: A Multisite Longitudinal Neuroimaging Study of Youth at Elevated Clinical Risk. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 77, 147-157.	1.3	516
9	Neuropsychology of the Prodrome to Psychosis in the NAPLS Consortium₁<sup>1</sup>Relationship to Family History and Conversion to Psychosis₂<sup>2</sup><sup>3</sup>Neuropsychology of Prodrome to Psychosis₄<sup>4</sup>. <i>Archives of General Psychiatry</i> , 2010, 67, 578.	12.3	390
10	Dorsolateral Prefrontal and Anterior Cingulate Cortex Volumetric Abnormalities in Adults with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder Identified by Magnetic Resonance Imaging. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2006, 60, 1071-1080.	1.3	319
11	Toward defining a neuropsychology of attention deficit-hyperactivity disorder: Performance of children and adolescents from a large clinically referred sample.. <i>Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology</i> , 1997, 65, 150-160.	2.0	313
12	Association of Thalamic Dysconnectivity and Conversion to Psychosis in Youth and Young Adults at Elevated Clinical Risk. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 72, 882.	11.0	284
13	North American Prodrome Longitudinal Study: A Collaborative Multisite Approach to Prodromal Schizophrenia Research. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2007, 33, 665-672.	4.3	258
14	Cerebellar-Prefrontal Network Connectivity and Negative Symptoms in Schizophrenia. <i>American Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 176, 512-520.	7.2	245
15	North American Prodrome Longitudinal Study (NAPLS 2): Overview and recruitment. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2012, 142, 77-82.	2.0	235
16	Medial Temporal Lobe Structures and Hippocampal Subfields in Psychotic Disorders. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 71, 769.	11.0	167
17	Modeling Deficits From Early Auditory Information Processing to Psychosocial Functioning in Schizophrenia. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2017, 74, 37.	11.0	163
18	Cerebello-thalamo-cortical hyperconnectivity as a state-independent functional neural signature for psychosis prediction and characterization. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018, 9, 3836.	12.8	156

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19	Validation of mismatch negativity and P3a for use in multi-site studies of schizophrenia: Characterization of demographic, clinical, cognitive, and functional correlates in COGS-2. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 163, 63-72.	2.0	154
20	Multisite reliability of MR-based functional connectivity. NeuroImage, 2017, 146, 959-970.	4.2	140
21	Gray Matter Alterations in Adults with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder Identified by Voxel Based Morphometry. Biological Psychiatry, 2011, 69, 857-866.	1.3	137
22	Impact of Gender and Age on Executive Functioning: Do Girls and Boys With and Without Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder Differ Neuropsychologically in Preteen and Teenage Years?. Developmental Neuropsychology, 2005, 27, 79-105.	1.4	133
23	A Review and New Report of Medial Temporal Lobe Dysfunction as a Vulnerability Indicator for Schizophrenia: A Magnetic Resonance Imaging Morphometric Family Study of the Parahippocampal Gyrus. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2003, 29, 803-830.	4.3	128
24	Neuropsychological Functioning in Adolescents and Young Adults at Genetic Risk for Schizophrenia and Affective Psychoses: Results from the Harvard and Hillside Adolescent High Risk Studies. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2005, 32, 507-524.	4.3	124
25	N-acetylcysteine in a Double-Blind Randomized Placebo-Controlled Trial: Toward Biomarker-Guided Treatment in Early Psychosis. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2018, 44, 317-327.	4.3	121
26	Altered brain activation in dorsolateral prefrontal cortex in adolescents and young adults at genetic risk for schizophrenia: An fMRI study of working memory. Schizophrenia Research, 2006, 85, 58-72.	2.0	120
27	Reduced subcortical brain volumes in nonpsychotic siblings of schizophrenic patients: A pilot magnetic resonance imaging study. , 1997, 74, 507-514.		118
28	Intellectual Decline in Schizophrenia: Evidence from a Prospective Birth Cohort 28 Year Follow-up Study. Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology, 2006, 28, 225-242.	1.3	108
29	Prodromal psychosis detection in a counseling center population in China: An epidemiological and clinical study. Schizophrenia Research, 2014, 152, 391-399.	2.0	104
30	White Matter Microstructure in Individuals at Clinical High Risk of Psychosis: A Whole-Brain Diffusion Tensor Imaging Study. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2014, 40, 895-903.	4.3	97
31	Early traumatic experiences in those at clinical high risk for psychosis. Microbial Biotechnology, 2013, 7, 300-305.	1.7	95
32	Perinatal Risks and Childhood Premorbid Indicators of Later Psychosis: Next Steps for Early Psychosocial Interventions. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2015, 41, 801-816.	4.3	93
33	Neuropsychological functioning in nonreferred siblings of children with attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder.. Journal of Abnormal Psychology, 2000, 109, 252-265.	1.9	91
34	Deficient prepulse inhibition in schizophrenia detected by the multi-site COGS. Schizophrenia Research, 2014, 152, 503-512.	2.0	91
35	Brain function and structure in adults with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder. Psychiatric Clinics of North America, 2004, 27, 323-347.	1.3	87
36	The utility of P300 as a schizophrenia endophenotype and predictive biomarker: Clinical and socio-demographic modulators in COGS-2. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 163, 53-62.	2.0	87

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37	Neuropsychological function in adults with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder. <i>Psychiatric Clinics of North America</i> , 2004, 27, 261-282.	1.3	81
38	#Schizophrenia: Use and misuse on Twitter. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015, 165, 111-115.	2.0	77
39	Reliability of neuroanatomical measurements in a multisite longitudinal study of youth at risk for psychosis. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2014, 35, 2424-2434.	3.6	76
40	A pilot study of cognitive training in clinical high risk for psychosis: Initial evidence of cognitive benefit. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014, 157, 314-316.	2.0	76
41	Reducing the duration of untreated psychosis and its impact in the U.S.: the STEP-ED study. <i>BMC Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 14, 335.	2.6	74
42	Specificity of Incident Diagnostic Outcomes in Patients at Clinical High Risk for Psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2015, 41, 1066-1075.	4.3	71
43	Maternal Recall of Pregnancy History: Accuracy and Bias in Schizophrenia Research. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2000, 26, 335-350.	4.3	70
44	Self-disturbances as a possible premorbid indicator of schizophrenia risk: A neurodevelopmental perspective. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014, 152, 73-80.	2.0	68
45	Evolving Notions of Schizophrenia as a Developmental Neurocognitive Disorder. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2017, 23, 881-892.	1.8	66
46	Genetic assessment of additional endophenotypes from the Consortium on the Genetics of Schizophrenia Family Study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2016, 170, 30-40.	2.0	65
47	Reliability of an fMRI paradigm for emotional processing in a multisite longitudinal study. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2015, 36, 2558-2579.	3.6	63
48	Attention/vigilance in schizophrenia: Performance results from a large multi-site study of the Consortium on the Genetics of Schizophrenia (COGS). <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015, 163, 38-46.	2.0	62
49	Heritability of Neuropsychological Measures in Schizophrenia and Nonpsychiatric Populations: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2017, 43, 788-800.	4.3	62
50	Early traumatic experiences, perceived discrimination and conversion to psychosis in those at clinical high risk for psychosis. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2016, 51, 497-503.	3.1	60
51	Assessment of Neurocognitive Functions in 7-Year-Old Children at Familial High Risk for Schizophrenia or Bipolar Disorder. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2018, 75, 844.	11.0	60
52	A Phase II study of a histamine H3 receptor antagonist GSK239512 for cognitive impairment in stable schizophrenia subjects on antipsychotic therapy. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015, 164, 136-142.	2.0	59
53	Association Between P300 Responses to Auditory Oddball Stimuli and Clinical Outcomes in the Psychosis Risk Syndrome. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 76, 1187.	11.0	59
54	Prediction of psychosis in prodrome: development and validation of a simple, personalized risk calculator. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2019, 49, 1990-1998.	4.5	59

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55	Racial and Ethnic Differences in Prenatal Life Stress and Postpartum Depression Symptoms. Archives of Psychiatric Nursing, 2016, 30, 7-12.	1.4	57
56	Organizational and Visual Memory Deficits in Schizophrenia and Bipolar Psychoses Using the Rey-Osterrieth Complex Figure: Effects of Duration of Illness. Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology, 2003, 25, 949-964.	1.3	56
57	New Targets for Prevention of Schizophrenia: Is It Time for Interventions in the Premorbid Phase?. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2015, 41, 795-800.	4.3	56
58	Toward Leveraging Human Connectomic Data in Large Consortia: Generalizability of fMRI-Based Brain Graphs Across Sites, Sessions, and Paradigms. Cerebral Cortex, 2019, 29, 1263-1279.	2.9	55
59	Deficient prepulse inhibition in schizophrenia in a multi-site cohort: Internal replication and extension. Schizophrenia Research, 2018, 198, 6-15.	2.0	52
60	Evidence for Genetic Overlap Between Schizophrenia and Age at First Birth in Women. JAMA Psychiatry, 2016, 73, 497.	11.0	51
61	Lack of Diagnostic Pluripotentiality in Patients at Clinical High Risk for Psychosis: Specificity of Comorbidity Persistence and Search for Pluripotential Subgroups. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2018, 44, 254-263.	4.3	51
62	Clinical high risk and first episode schizophrenia: Auditory event-related potentials. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2015, 231, 126-133.	1.8	50
63	Functional connectome organization predicts conversion to psychosis in clinical high-risk youth from the SHARP program. Molecular Psychiatry, 2020, 25, 2431-2440.	7.9	49
64	Maternal Bacterial Infection During Pregnancy and Offspring Risk of Psychotic Disorders: Variation by Severity of Infection and Offspring Sex. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2020, 177, 66-75.	7.2	49
65	Neuropsychological functioning in girls with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder with and without learning disabilities.. Neuropsychology, 2006, 20, 166-177.	1.3	48
66	Reliability of functional magnetic resonance imaging activation during working memory in a multi-site study: Analysis from the North American Prodrome Longitudinal Study. NeuroImage, 2014, 97, 41-52.	4.2	48
67	Association of baseline inflammatory markers and the development of negative symptoms in individuals at clinical high risk for psychosis. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2019, 76, 268-274.	4.1	48
68	Comparative effects of schizophrenia and temporal lobe epilepsy on memory. Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society, 1998, 4, 342-352.	1.8	46
69	Current status specifiers for patients at clinical high risk for psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2014, 158, 69-75.	2.0	45
70	Tractography Analysis of 5 White Matter Bundles and Their Clinical and Cognitive Correlates in Early-Course Schizophrenia. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2016, 42, 762-771.	4.3	45
71	Severity of thought disorder predicts psychosis in persons at clinical high-risk. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 169, 169-177.	2.0	43
72	Genetic liability, prenatal health, stress and family environment: Risk factors in the Harvard Adolescent Family High Risk for Schizophrenia Study. Schizophrenia Research, 2014, 157, 142-148.	2.0	42

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73	Toward Defining the Neural Substrates of ADHD. <i>Journal of Attention Disorders</i> , 2015, 19, 944-953.	2.6	41
74	Early Childhood IQ Trajectories in Individuals Later Developing Schizophrenia and Affective Psychoses in the New England Family Studies. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2015, 41, 817-823.	4.3	40
75	Clinical Profiles and Conversion Rates Among Young Individuals With Autism Spectrum Disorder Who Present to Clinical High Risk for Psychosis Services. <i>Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 58, 582-588.	0.5	38
76	Progressive reconfiguration of resting-state brain networks as psychosis develops: Preliminary results from the North American Prodrome Longitudinal Study (NAPLS) consortium. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020, 226, 30-37.	2.0	36
77	Neural correlates of cognitive deficits across developmental phases of schizophrenia. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2019, 131, 104353.	4.4	35
78	Comparison of the Heritability of Schizophrenia and Endophenotypes in the COGS-1 Family Study. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2014, 40, 1404-1411.	4.3	34
79	Auditory working memory impairments in individuals at familial high risk for schizophrenia.. <i>Neuropsychology</i> , 2012, 26, 288-303.	1.3	32
80	Sex differences, hormones, and fMRI stress response circuitry deficits in psychoses. <i>Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging</i> , 2015, 232, 226-236.	1.8	32
81	Ventricular enlargement and progressive reduction of cortical gray matter are linked in prodromal youth who develop psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2017, 189, 169-174.	2.0	32
82	Progressive Reduction of Visual P300 Amplitude in Patients With First-Episode Schizophrenia: An ERP Study. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2015, 41, 460-470.	4.3	31
83	Anterior commissural white matter fiber abnormalities in first-episode psychosis: A tractography study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015, 162, 29-34.	2.0	31
84	Neuropsychological Impairment in Prodromal, First-Episode, and Chronic Psychosis: Assessing RBANS Performance. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0125784.	2.5	29
85	Is Prophylactic Psychiatry around the Corner? Combating Adolescent Oxidative Stress for Adult Psychosis and Schizophrenia. <i>Neuron</i> , 2014, 83, 991-993.	8.1	28
86	Brain activity and connectivity in response to negative affective stimuli: Impact of dysphoric mood and sex across diagnoses. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2016, 37, 3733-3744.	3.6	28
87	Altered Cellular White Matter But Not Extracellular Free Water on Diffusion MRI in Individuals at Clinical High Risk for Psychosis. <i>American Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 176, 820-828.	7.2	28
88	Frequency and pattern of childhood symptom onset reported by first episode schizophrenia and clinical high risk youth. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014, 158, 45-51.	2.0	26
89	Negative symptoms and impaired social functioning predict later psychosis in Latino youth at clinical high risk in the North American prodromal longitudinal studies consortium. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2015, 9, 467-475.	1.7	26
90	Verbal working memory in schizophrenia from the Consortium on the Genetics of Schizophrenia (COGS) Study: The moderating role of smoking status and antipsychotic medications. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015, 163, 24-31.	2.0	26

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91	P300 as an index of transition to psychosis and of remission: Data from a clinical high risk for psychosis study and review of literature. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020, 226, 74-83.	2.0	26
92	Medial temporal lobe default mode functioning and hippocampal structure as vulnerability indicators for schizophrenia: A MRI study of non-psychotic adolescent first-degree relatives. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014, 159, 426-434.	2.0	25
93	Brain functional connectivity data enhance prediction of clinical outcome in youth at risk for psychosis. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2020, 26, 102108.	2.7	25
94	Baseline Cortical Thickness Reductions in Clinical High Risk for Psychosis: Brain Regions Associated with Conversion to Psychosis Versus Non-Conversion as Assessed at One-Year Follow-Up in the Shanghai-At-Risk-for-Psychosis (SHARP) Study. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2021, 47, 562-574.	4.3	25
95	Prevention and Recovery in Early Psychosis (PREPÂ®): Building a public-academic partnership program in Massachusetts, United States. <i>Asian Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2013, 6, 171-177.	2.0	23
96	A New MRI Masking Technique Based on Multi-Atlas Brain Segmentation in Controls and Schizophrenia: A Rapid and Viable Alternative to Manual Masking. <i>Journal of Neuroimaging</i> , 2016, 26, 28-36.	2.0	23
97	Latent class cluster analysis of symptom ratings identifies distinct subgroups within the clinical high risk for psychosis syndrome. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018, 197, 522-530.	2.0	22
98	Predictive validity of conversion from the clinical high risk syndrome to frank psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020, 216, 184-191.	2.0	22
99	Impact of childhood adversity on corticolimbic volumes in youth at clinical high-risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019, 213, 48-55.	2.0	21
100	The effects of age and sex on cognitive impairment in schizophrenia: Findings from the Consortium on the Genetics of Schizophrenia (COGS) study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0232855.	2.5	21
101	Stressor-Cortisol Concordance Among Individuals at Clinical High-Risk for Psychosis: Novel Findings from the NAPLS Cohort. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2020, 115, 104649.	2.7	21
102	Early Intermodal Integration in Offspring of Parents With Psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2014, 40, 992-1000.	4.3	20
103	Cingulum bundle diffusivity and delusions of reference in first episode and chronic schizophrenia. <i>Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging</i> , 2014, 224, 124-132.	1.8	20
104	Abnormal white matter connections between medial frontal regions predict symptoms in patients with first episode schizophrenia. <i>Cortex</i> , 2015, 71, 264-276.	2.4	20
105	Early auditory processing evoked potentials (N100) show a continuum of blunting from clinical high risk to psychosis in a pediatric sample. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015, 169, 340-345.	2.0	20
106	Healthy adolescent performance on the MATRICS Consensus Cognitive Battery (MCCB): Developmental data from two samples of volunteers. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2016, 172, 106-113.	2.0	20
107	Progressive reduction of auditory evoked gamma in first episode schizophrenia but not clinical high risk individuals. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019, 208, 145-152.	2.0	20
108	Auditory verbal working memory load and thalamic activation in nonpsychotic relatives of persons with schizophrenia: An fMRI replication.. <i>Neuropsychology</i> , 2007, 21, 599-610.	1.3	19

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109	The content of attenuated psychotic symptoms in those at clinical high risk for psychosis. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2014, 219, 506-512.	3.3	19
110	Impact of "psychosis risk" identification: Examining predictors of how youth view themselves. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019, 208, 300-307.	2.0	19
111	Cingulum bundle abnormalities and risk for schizophrenia. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020, 215, 385-391.	2.0	19
112	Altered resting-state functional connectivity in young children at familial high risk for psychotic illness: A preliminary study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020, 216, 496-503.	2.0	19
113	Functional development in clinical high risk youth: Prediction of schizophrenia versus other psychotic disorders. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2014, 215, 52-60.	3.3	18
114	Interaction of social role functioning and coping in people with recent-onset attenuated psychotic symptoms: a case study of three Chinese women at clinical high risk for psychosis. <i>Neuropsychiatric Disease and Treatment</i> , 2015, 11, 1647.	2.2	17
115	Treatment Precedes Positive Symptoms in North American Adolescent and Young Adult Clinical High Risk Cohort. <i>Journal of Clinical Child and Adolescent Psychology</i> , 2018, 47, 69-78.	3.4	17
116	Incorporating cortisol into the NAPLS2 individualized risk calculator for prediction of psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021, 227, 95-100.	2.0	17
117	The Genetics of Endophenotypes of Neurofunction to Understand Schizophrenia (GENUS) consortium: A collaborative cognitive and neuroimaging genetics project. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018, 195, 306-317.	2.0	17
118	Schizophrenia and co-occurring substance use disorder: Reward, olfaction and clozapine. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014, 155, 45-51.	2.0	16
119	Robust differences in antisaccade performance exist between COGS schizophrenia cases and controls regardless of recruitment strategies. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015, 163, 47-52.	2.0	16
120	Alteration of gray matter microstructure in schizophrenia. <i>Brain Imaging and Behavior</i> , 2018, 12, 54-63.	2.1	16
121	Duration of the psychosis prodrome. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020, 216, 443-449.	2.0	16
122	The impact of premorbid adjustment, neurocognition, and depression on social and role functioning in patients in an early psychosis treatment program. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 49, 444-452.	2.3	15
123	Hyperactivity of caudate, parahippocampal, and prefrontal regions during working memory in never-medicated persons at clinical high-risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2016, 173, 1-12.	2.0	15
124	Exploration of clinical high-risk dropouts. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018, 195, 579-580.	2.0	15
125	The Violent Content in Attenuated Psychotic Symptoms. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2016, 242, 61-66.	3.3	14
126	A comparison of conversion rates, clinical profiles and predictors of outcomes in two independent samples of individuals at clinical high risk for psychosis in China. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018, 197, 509-515.	2.0	14

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127	Altered Brain Activation During Memory Retrieval Precedes and Predicts Conversion to Psychosis in Individuals at Clinical High Risk. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019, 45, 924-933.	4.3	14
128	Reduced maternal levels of common viruses during pregnancy predict offspring psychosis: Potential role of enhanced maternal immune activity?. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015, 166, 248-254.	2.0	13
129	Age-related trajectories of social cognition in youth at clinical high risk for psychosis: An exploratory study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018, 201, 130-136.	2.0	13
130	Neural responses during social reflection in relatives of schizophrenia patients: Relationship to subclinical delusions. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014, 157, 292-298.	2.0	12
131	California Verbal Learning Test-II performance in schizophrenia as a function of ascertainment strategy: Comparing the first and second phases of the Consortium on the Genetics of Schizophrenia (COGS). <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2015, 163, 32-37.	2.0	12
132	The Role of microRNA Expression in Cortical Development During Conversion to Psychosis. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2017, 42, 2188-2195.	5.4	12
133	A comparison of neurocognition and functioning in first episode psychosis populations: do research samples reflect the real world?. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2019, 54, 291-301.	3.1	12
134	Abnormal Function in Dentate Nuclei Precedes the Onset of Psychosis: A Resting-State fMRI Study in High-Risk Individuals. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2021, 47, 1421-1430.	4.3	12
135	Emotional and stigma-related experiences relative to being told one is at risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021, 238, 44-51.	2.0	12
136	The interplay of childhood behavior problems and IQ in the development of later schizophrenia and affective psychoses. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2017, 184, 45-51.	2.0	11
137	Suppression of irrelevant sounds during auditory working memory. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2017, 161, 1-8.	4.2	11
138	Psychosis screening practices in schools: A survey of school-based mental health providers. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019, 13, 818-822.	1.7	11
139	Tobacco use and psychosis risk in persons at clinical high risk. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019, 13, 1173-1181.	1.7	11
140	Basic self-disturbance, neurocognition and metacognition: A pilot study among help-seeking adolescents with and without attenuated psychosis syndrome. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019, 13, 434-442.	1.7	11
141	Mentalization-based treatment for psychosis: linking an attachment-based model to the psychotherapy for impaired mental state understanding in people with psychotic disorders. <i>Israel Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 51, 17-24.	0.2	11
142	Auditory Vigilance and Working Memory in Youth at Familial Risk for Schizophrenia or Affective Psychosis in the Harvard Adolescent Family High Risk Study. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2016, 22, 1026-1037.	1.8	10
143	Metacognition strengthens the association between neurocognition and attenuated psychosis syndrome: Preliminary evidence from a pilot study among treatment-seeking versus healthy adolescents. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019, 210, 207-214.	2.0	10
144	Stability of mismatch negativity event-related potentials in a multisite study. <i>International Journal of Methods in Psychiatric Research</i> , 2020, 29, e1819.	2.1	10

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145	Impaired facilitation of self-control cognition by glucose in patients with schizophrenia: A randomized controlled study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2014, 156, 38-45.	2.0	9
146	Alterations of lateral temporal cortical gray matter and facial memory as vulnerability indicators for schizophrenia: An MRI study in youth at familial high-risk for schizophrenia. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2016, 170, 123-129.	2.0	9
147	Changes in symptom content from a clinical high-risk state to conversion to psychosis. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019, 13, 257-263.	1.7	7
148	Utilizing Mutual Information Analysis to Explore the Relationship Between Gray and White Matter Structural Pathologies in Schizophrenia. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019, 45, 386-395.	4.3	7
149	Between-site reliability of startle prepulse inhibition across two early psychosis consortia. <i>NeuroReport</i> , 2013, 24, 626-630.	1.2	6
150	N100 Repetition Suppression Indexes Neuroplastic Defects in Clinical High Risk and Psychotic Youth. <i>Neural Plasticity</i> , 2016, 2016, 1-11.	2.2	6
151	Perceptual abnormalities in clinical high risk youth and the role of trauma, cannabis use and anxiety. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2017, 258, 462-468.	3.3	6
152	U.S. Caregivers with Mental Health Problems: Parenting Experiences and Children's Functioning. <i>Archives of Psychiatric Nursing</i> , 2016, 30, 753-760.	1.4	5
153	Characterizing sustained social anxiety in individuals at clinical high risk for psychosis: trajectory, risk factors, and functional outcomes. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2023, 53, 3644-3651.	4.5	5
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