

# Honglin Luo

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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114  
papers

10,172  
citations

71102

41  
h-index

34986

98  
g-index

116  
all docs

116  
docs citations

116  
times ranked

19597  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Guidelines for the use and interpretation of assays for monitoring autophagy (3rd edition). <i>Autophagy</i> , 2016, 12, 1-222.	9.1	4,701
2	Myocarditis. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2016, 118, 496-514.	4.5	363
3	Autophagosome Supports Coxsackievirus B3 Replication in Host Cells. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2008, 82, 9143-9153.	3.4	337
4	A new transcriptional role for matrix metalloproteinase-12 in antiviral immunity. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2014, 20, 493-502.	30.7	218
5	Coxsackievirus B3 Replication Is Reduced by Inhibition of the Extracellular Signal-Regulated Kinase (ERK) Signaling Pathway. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2002, 76, 3365-3373.	3.4	187
6	The ubiquitin-proteasome pathway in viral infections This paper is one of a selection of papers published in this Special Issue, entitled Young Investigator's Forum.. <i>Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology</i> , 2006, 84, 5-14.	1.4	163
7	Coxsackievirus B3 replication and pathogenesis. <i>Future Microbiology</i> , 2015, 10, 629-653.	2.0	145
8	Compromised Arterial Function in Human Type 2 Diabetic Patients. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2005, 54, 2415-2423.	0.6	136
9	REG $\beta$ , a proteasome activator and beyond?. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , 2008, 65, 3971-3980.	5.4	130
10	Interplay between the virus and the ubiquitin-proteasome system: molecular mechanism of viral pathogenesis. <i>Current Opinion in Virology</i> , 2016, 17, 1-10.	5.4	128
11	Immune and non-immune functions of the immunoproteasome. <i>Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark</i> , 2012, 17, 1904.	3.0	115
12	Protein Kinase B/Akt Regulates Coxsackievirus B3 Replication through a Mechanism Which Is Not Caspase Dependent. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2004, 78, 4289-4298.	3.4	107
13	Preparation and characterization of bacterial cellulose sponge with hierarchical pore structure as tissue engineering scaffold. <i>Journal of Porous Materials</i> , 2011, 18, 139-145.	2.6	107
14	Pyrrrolidine Dithiocarbamate Reduces Coxsackievirus B3 Replication through Inhibition of the Ubiquitin-Proteasome Pathway. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2005, 79, 8014-8023.	3.4	106
15	Dysregulation of the Ubiquitin-Proteasome System by Curcumin Suppresses Coxsackievirus B3 Replication. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2007, 81, 3142-3150.	3.4	106
16	Bcl-2 and Bcl-xL overexpression inhibits cytochrome c release, activation of multiple caspases, and virus release following coxsackievirus B3 infection. <i>Virology</i> , 2003, 313, 147-157.	2.4	103
17	Enteroviral Infection Inhibits Autophagic Flux via Disruption of the SNARE Complex to Enhance Viral Replication. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2018, 22, 3292-3303.	6.4	101
18	Stress-Activated Protein Kinases Are Involved in Coxsackievirus B3 Viral Progeny Release. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2005, 79, 13875-13881.	3.4	98

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19	Cleavage of sequestosome 1/p62 by an enteroviral protease results in disrupted selective autophagy and impaired NF $\kappa$ B signaling. <i>Autophagy</i> , 2013, 9, 1591-1603.	9.1	95
20	Propofol protects against hydrogen peroxide-induced injury in cardiac H9c2 cells via Akt activation and Bcl-2 up-regulation. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2009, 389, 105-111.	2.1	94
21	Production of a Dominant-Negative Fragment Due to G3BP1 Cleavage Contributes to the Disruption of Mitochondria-Associated Protective Stress Granules during CVB3 Infection. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e79546.	2.5	84
22	Regulation of the Versican Promoter by the $\beta$ 2-Catenin-T-cell Factor Complex in Vascular Smooth Muscle Cells. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2005, 280, 13019-13028.	3.4	77
23	Ablation of Matrix Metalloproteinase-9 Increases Severity of Viral Myocarditis in Mice. <i>Circulation</i> , 2008, 117, 1574-1582.	1.6	77
24	Enteroviral Infection: The Forgotten Link to Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis?. <i>Frontiers in Molecular Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 11, 63.	2.9	75
25	Proteasome Inhibition Reduces Coxsackievirus B3 Replication in Murine Cardiomyocytes. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2003, 163, 381-385.	3.8	74
26	Ubiquitination Is Required for Effective Replication of Coxsackievirus B3. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2008, 3, e2585.	2.5	71
27	REG $\beta$ 3 modulates p53 activity by regulating its cellular localization. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2010, 123, 4076-4084.	2.0	65
28	Ubiquitin-Dependent Proteolysis of Cyclin D1 Is Associated with Coxsackievirus-Induced Cell Growth Arrest. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2003, 77, 1-9.	3.4	63
29	N-Terminomics TAILS Identifies Host Cell Substrates of Poliovirus and Coxsackievirus B3 3C Proteinases That Modulate Virus Infection. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2018, 92, .	3.4	61
30	REG $\beta$ 3 deficiency promotes premature aging via the casein kinase 1 pathway. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 11005-11010.	7.1	60
31	Mechanistic insights into COVID-19 by global analysis of the SARS-CoV-2 3CLpro substrate degradome. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2021, 37, 109892.	6.4	60
32	Protein degradation systems in viral myocarditis leading to dilated cardiomyopathy. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2010, 85, 347-356.	3.8	59
33	CALCOCO2/NDP52 and SQSTM1/p62 differentially regulate coxsackievirus B3 propagation. <i>Cell Death and Differentiation</i> , 2019, 26, 1062-1076.	11.2	59
34	Inhibition of glycogen synthase kinase $\beta$ 2 suppresses coxsackievirus-induced cytopathic effect and apoptosis via stabilization of $\beta$ 2-catenin. <i>Cell Death and Differentiation</i> , 2005, 12, 1097-1106.	11.2	58
35	Soluble Recombinant Coxsackievirus and Adenovirus Receptor Abrogates Coxsackievirus B3-Mediated Pancreatitis and Myocarditis in Mice. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2004, 189, 1431-1439.	4.0	56
36	Overexpression of Interferon- $\beta$ -inducible GTPase Inhibits Coxsackievirus B3-induced Apoptosis through the Activation of the Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase/Akt Pathway and Inhibition of Viral Replication. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2003, 278, 33011-33019.	3.4	55

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37	Dysregulation of RNA-Binding Proteins in Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis. <i>Frontiers in Molecular Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 13, 78.	2.9	53
38	Cytoplasmic translocation, aggregation, and cleavage of TDP-43 by enteroviral proteases modulate viral pathogenesis. <i>Cell Death and Differentiation</i> , 2015, 22, 2087-2097.	11.2	52
39	Matrix metalloproteinases and tissue inhibitors of metalloproteinases in coxsackievirus-induced myocarditis. <i>Cardiovascular Pathology</i> , 2006, 15, 63-74.	1.6	51
40	Interplay between the cellular autophagy machinery and positive-stranded RNA viruses. <i>Acta Biochimica Et Biophysica Sinica</i> , 2012, 44, 375-384.	2.0	49
41	Proteasome inhibition attenuates coxsackievirus-induced myocardial damage in mice. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2008, 295, H401-H408.	3.2	47
42	Emerging nanomedicines for effective breast cancer immunotherapy. <i>Journal of Nanobiotechnology</i> , 2020, 18, 180.	9.1	46
43	Dominant-negative function of the C-terminal fragments of NBR1 and SQSTM1 generated during enteroviral infection. <i>Cell Death and Differentiation</i> , 2014, 21, 1432-1441.	11.2	45
44	Heterogeneous Nuclear Ribonucleoprotein M Facilitates Enterovirus Infection. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2015, 89, 7064-7078.	3.4	45
45	Nip21 Gene Expression Reduces Coxsackievirus B3 Replication by Promoting Apoptotic Cell Death via a Mitochondria-Dependent Pathway. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2002, 90, 1251-1258.	4.5	42
46	Pairwise network mechanisms in the host signaling response to coxsackievirus B3 infection. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 17053-17058.	7.1	42
47	Coxsackievirus B3-Associated Myocardial Pathology and Viral Load Reduced by Recombinant Soluble Human Decay-Accelerating Factor in Mice. <i>Laboratory Investigation</i> , 2003, 83, 75-85.	3.7	40
48	An ERK-p38 Subnetwork Coordinates Host Cell Apoptosis and Necrosis during Coxsackievirus B3 Infection. <i>Cell Host and Microbe</i> , 2013, 13, 67-76.	11.0	39
49	Pressure distention compared with pharmacologic relaxation in vein grafting upregulates matrix metalloproteinase-2 and -9. <i>Journal of Vascular Surgery</i> , 2005, 42, 747-756.	1.1	37
50	A phosphorothioate antisense oligodeoxynucleotide specifically inhibits coxsackievirus B3 replication in cardiomyocytes and mouse hearts. <i>Laboratory Investigation</i> , 2004, 84, 703-714.	3.7	36
51	The ubiquitin-proteasome system in positive-strand RNA virus infection. <i>Reviews in Medical Virology</i> , 2013, 23, 85-96.	8.3	36
52	Cytoplasmic redistribution and cleavage of AUF1 during coxsackievirus infection enhance the stability of its viral genome. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2013, 27, 2777-2787.	0.5	36
53	Cardiac Gab1 deletion leads to dilated cardiomyopathy associated with mitochondrial damage and cardiomyocyte apoptosis. <i>Cell Death and Differentiation</i> , 2016, 23, 695-706.	11.2	36
54	Bosentan Enhances Viral Load via Endothelin-1 Receptor Type-A-Mediated p38 Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase Activation While Improving Cardiac Function During Coxsackievirus-Induced Myocarditis. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2009, 104, 813-821.	4.5	35

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55	NBR1 is dispensable for PARK2-mediated mitophagy regardless of the presence or absence of SQSTM1. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2015, 6, e1943-e1943.	6.3	35
56	The papain-like protease of coronaviruses cleaves ULK1 to disrupt host autophagy. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2021, 540, 75-82.	2.1	34
57	Proteasome Activator REG1 <sup>3</sup> Enhances Coxsackieviral Infection by Facilitating p53 Degradation. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2010, 84, 11056-11066.	3.4	31
58	Cleavage of serum response factor mediated by enteroviral protease 2A contributes to impaired cardiac function. <i>Cell Research</i> , 2012, 22, 360-371.	12.0	31
59	Coxsackievirus Type B3 Is a Potent Oncolytic Virus against KRAS-Mutant Lung Adenocarcinoma. <i>Molecular Therapy - Oncolytics</i> , 2019, 14, 266-278.	4.4	31
60	Spatio-temporal characterization of the antiviral activity of the XRN1-DCP1/2 aggregation against cytoplasmic RNA viruses to prevent cell death. <i>Cell Death and Differentiation</i> , 2020, 27, 2363-2382.	11.2	30
61	Viral interaction with molecular chaperones: role in regulating viral infection. <i>Archives of Virology</i> , 2010, 155, 1021-1031.	2.1	29
62	PKA turnover by the REG1 <sup>3</sup> -proteasome modulates FoxO1 cellular activity and VEGF-induced angiogenesis. <i>Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology</i> , 2014, 72, 28-38.	1.9	28
63	Enhanced cell cycle entry and mitogen-activated protein kinase-signaling and downregulation of matrix metalloproteinase-1 and -3 in human diabetic arterial vasculature. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2007, 195, e1-e8.	0.8	27
64	NLRP3 deficiency exacerbates enterovirus infection in mice. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2019, 33, 942-952.	0.5	27
65	The Intertwined Life Cycles of Enterovirus and Autophagy. <i>Virulence</i> , 2019, 10, 470-480.	4.4	27
66	Regulation of REG1 <sup>3</sup> cellular distribution and function by SUMO modification. <i>Cell Research</i> , 2011, 21, 807-816.	12.0	26
67	A fluorescent sensing strategy for ultrasensitive detection of oxytetracycline in milk based on aptamer-magnetic bead conjugate, complementary strand of aptamer and PicoGreen. <i>Spectrochimica Acta - Part A: Molecular and Biomolecular Spectroscopy</i> , 2021, 246, 119009.	3.9	25
68	Neutralizing anti-4-1BBL treatment improves cardiac function in viral myocarditis. <i>Laboratory Investigation</i> , 2007, 87, 651-661.	3.7	23
69	Propofol mediates signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 activation and crosstalk with phosphoinositide 3-kinase/AKT. <i>Jak-stat</i> , 2014, 3, e29554.	2.2	23
70	Enteroviral Infection Leads to Transactive Response DNA-Binding Protein 43 Pathology in Vivo. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2018, 188, 2853-2862.	3.8	22
71	Dysferlin deficiency confers increased susceptibility to coxsackievirus-induced cardiomyopathy. <i>Cellular Microbiology</i> , 2015, 17, 1423-1430.	2.1	20
72	Coxsackievirus B3 targets TFEB to disrupt lysosomal function. <i>Autophagy</i> , 2021, 17, 3924-3938.	9.1	20

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73	Genetic Determinants of Coxsackievirus B3 Pathogenesis. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2002, 975, 169-179.	3.8	19
74	Enhanced enteroviral infectivity via viral protease-mediated cleavage of Grb2-associated binder 1. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2015, 29, 4523-4531.	0.5	19
75	Hexokinase 2 controls cellular stress response through localization of an RNA-binding protein. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2015, 6, e1837-e1837.	6.3	19
76	Apoptosis repressor with caspase recruitment domain (ARC) inhibits myogenic differentiation. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 2007, 581, 879-884.	2.8	18
77	Innate immune evasion mediated by picornaviral 3C protease: Possible lessons for coronaviral 3C-like protease?. <i>Reviews in Medical Virology</i> , 2021, 31, 1-22.	8.3	18
78	Genes related to emphysema are enriched for ubiquitination pathways. <i>BMC Pulmonary Medicine</i> , 2014, 14, 187.	2.0	17
79	MicroRNA Modification of Coxsackievirus B3 Decreases Its Toxicity, while Retaining Oncolytic Potency against Lung Cancer. <i>Molecular Therapy - Oncolytics</i> , 2020, 16, 207-218.	4.4	17
80	Crosstalk between RNA viruses and DNA sensors: Role of the cGAS-STING signalling pathway. <i>Reviews in Medical Virology</i> , 2022, 32, e2343.	8.3	16
81	Development of Group B Coxsackievirus as an Oncolytic Virus: Opportunities and Challenges. <i>Viruses</i> , 2021, 13, 1082.	3.3	15
82	Activation of Big Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase-1 Regulates Smooth Muscle Cell Replication. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2002, 22, 394-399.	2.4	13
83	Coxsackievirus infection induces a non-canonical autophagy independent of the ULK and PI3K complexes. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 19068.	3.3	13
84	Inhibition of the extracellular signal-regulated kinase signaling pathway is correlated with proteasome inhibitor suppression of coxsackievirus replication. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2007, 358, 903-907.	2.1	11
85	Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Increases Human Cardiac Microvascular Endothelial Cell Permeability to Low-Density Lipoproteins. <i>Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation</i> , 2009, 28, 950-957.	0.6	11
86	Liposome-mediated transient transfection reduces cholesterol-dependent coxsackievirus infectivity. <i>Journal of Virological Methods</i> , 2006, 133, 211-218.	2.1	10
87	Vascular endothelial growth factor-D is overexpressed in human cardiac allograft vasculopathy and diabetic atherosclerosis and induces endothelial permeability to low-density lipoproteins in vitro. <i>Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation</i> , 2011, 30, 955-62.	0.6	10
88	Tripeptidyl peptidase II serves as an alternative to impaired proteasome to maintain viral growth in the host cells. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 2011, 585, 261-265.	2.8	10
89	Arterialization of a vein graft promotes cell cycle progression through Akt and p38 mitogen-activated protein kinase pathways: Impact of the preparation procedure. <i>Canadian Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2007, 23, 1147-1154.	1.7	9
90	FUS/TLS Suppresses Enterovirus Replication and Promotes Antiviral Innate Immune Responses. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2021, 95, .	3.4	9

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91	Phosphorylation and degradation of $\beta$ -crystallin during enterovirus infection facilitates viral replication and induces viral pathogenesis. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 74767-74780.	1.8	9
92	Neuromuscular Complications of SARS-CoV-2 and Other Viral Infections. <i>Frontiers in Neurology</i> , 0, 13, .	2.4	9
93	Cleavage of Grb2-Associated Binding Protein 2 by Viral Proteinase 2A during Coxsackievirus Infection. <i>Frontiers in Cellular and Infection Microbiology</i> , 2017, 7, 85.	3.9	7
94	Oh, SNAP! How enteroviruses redirect autophagic traffic away from degradation. <i>Autophagy</i> , 2018, 14, 1469-1471.	9.1	7
95	Sublethal enteroviral infection exacerbates disease progression in an ALS mouse model. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2022, 19, 16.	7.2	7
96	Pharmacologic relaxation of vein grafts is beneficial compared with pressure distention caused by upregulation of endothelial nitric oxide synthase and nitric oxide production. <i>Journal of Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery</i> , 2006, 132, 925-932.	0.8	6
97	Is autophagy an avenue to modulate coxsackievirus replication and pathogenesis?. <i>Future Microbiology</i> , 2012, 7, 921-924.	2.0	6
98	Advances in Targeting Cancer-Associated Genes by Designed siRNA in Prostate Cancer. <i>Cancers</i> , 2020, 12, 3619.	3.7	4
99	Autophagy Receptor Protein Tax1-Binding Protein 1/TRAF6-Binding Protein Is a Cellular Substrate of Enteroviral Proteinase. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2021, 12, 647410.	3.5	4
100	Detection of Cardiac Signaling in the Injured and Hypertrophied Heart. <i>Methods in Molecular Medicine</i> , 2005, 112, 291-303.	0.8	4
101	SNAP47 Interacts with ATG14 to Promote VP1 Conjugation and CVB3 Propagation. <i>Cells</i> , 2021, 10, 2141.	4.1	3
102	Herbal Medicine after Interventional Therapy in Cardiovascular Diseases: Efficacy, Mechanisms, and Safety. <i>Evidence-based Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 2015, 2015, 1-2.	1.2	1
103	Enteroviral Infection Inhibits Autophagic Flux via Disruption of the SNARE Complex to Enhance Viral Replication. <i>SSRN Electronic Journal</i> , 0, , .	0.4	1
104	Antisense DNA and RNA: Potential Therapeutics for Viral Infection. <i>Anti-Infective Agents in Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2006, 5, 367-377.	0.6	0
105	Response to Letter Regarding Article, "Ablation of Matrix Metalloproteinase-9 Increases Severity of Viral Myocarditis in Mice". <i>Circulation</i> , 2008, 118, .	1.6	0
106	Differential Gene Expression in Coxsackievirus Infection and Its Effect on Viral Pathogenesis. , 2009, , 495-524.		0
107	Viral Heart Disease. , 2016, , 99-113.		0
108	Ubiquitination Is Required for Effective Replication of Coxsackievirus B3. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2006, 20, A644.	0.5	0

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109	The Signaling Duel Between Virus and Host: Impact on Coxsackieviral Pathogenesis. , 2008, , 267-284.		0
110	Host Signaling Responses to Coxsackievirus Infection. , 2009, , 525-545.		0
111	Impaired Cardiac Function in Viral Myocarditis. , 0, , .		0
112	Selective Autophagy Eats Up Invading Viruses. Journal of Antivirals & Antiretrovirals, 2012, 04, .	0.1	0
113	Coxsackieviral Infection Causes Cytoplasmic Aggregation and Cleavage of TAR DNA Binding Proteinâ€43. FASEB Journal, 2015, 29, 507.5.	0.5	0
114	From gene expression profiles to biological validation in enteroviral heart disease. Experimental and Clinical Cardiology, 2003, 8, 125-30.	1.3	0