

# Andrew Williams

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

22  
papers

1,091  
citations

471509

17  
h-index

642732

23  
g-index

23  
all docs

23  
docs citations

23  
times ranked

1308  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Toxicity screening of air extracts representing different source sectors in the Greater Toronto and Hamilton areas: In vitro oxidative stress, pro-inflammatory response, and toxicogenomic analysis. <i>Mutation Research - Genetic Toxicology and Environmental Mutagenesis</i> , 2021, 872, 503415.	1.7	5
2	Acute phase response and inflammation following pulmonary exposure to low doses of zinc oxide nanoparticles in mice. <i>Nanotoxicology</i> , 2019, 13, 1275-1292.	3.0	42
3	Ranking of nanomaterial potency to induce pathway perturbations associated with lung responses. <i>NanoImpact</i> , 2019, 14, 100158.	4.5	30
4	Multi-walled carbon nanotube-induced genotoxic, inflammatory and pro-fibrotic responses in mice: Investigating the mechanisms of pulmonary carcinogenesis. <i>Mutation Research - Genetic Toxicology and Environmental Mutagenesis</i> , 2017, 823, 28-44.	1.7	72
5	A predictive toxicogenomics signature to classify genotoxic versus non-genotoxic chemicals in human TK6 cells. <i>Data in Brief</i> , 2015, 5, 77-83.	1.0	25
6	Transcriptional profiling identifies physicochemical properties of nanomaterials that are determinants of the in vivo pulmonary response. <i>Environmental and Molecular Mutagenesis</i> , 2015, 56, 245-264.	2.2	54
7	Characterizing Benzo[a]pyrene-induced lacZ mutation spectrum in transgenic mice using next-generation sequencing. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2015, 16, 812.	2.8	32
8	MWCNTs of different physicochemical properties cause similar inflammatory responses, but differences in transcriptional and histological markers of fibrosis in mouse lungs. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2015, 284, 16-32.	2.8	159
9	Carbon black nanoparticles induce biphasic gene expression changes associated with inflammatory responses in the lungs of C57BL/6 mice following a single intratracheal instillation. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2015, 289, 573-588.	2.8	45
10	Changes in cholesterol homeostasis and acute phase response link pulmonary exposure to multi-walled carbon nanotubes to risk of cardiovascular disease. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2015, 283, 210-222.	2.8	57
11	Single-molecule PCR analysis of an unstable microsatellite for detecting mutations in sperm of mice exposed to chemical mutagens. <i>Mutation Research - Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis</i> , 2015, 775, 26-32.	1.0	13
12	Gene expression analysis of livers from female B6C3F1 mice exposed to carcinogenic and non-carcinogenic doses of furan, with or without bromodeoxyuridine (BrdU) treatment. <i>Genomics Data</i> , 2014, 2, 117-122.	1.3	11
13	Case study on the utility of hepatic global gene expression profiling in the risk assessment of the carcinogen furan. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 274, 63-77.	2.8	70
14	Bromodeoxyuridine (BrdU) treatment to measure hepatocellular proliferation does not mask furan-induced gene expression changes in mouse liver. <i>Toxicology</i> , 2014, 323, 26-31.	4.2	11
15	Maternal inhalation of surface-coated nanosized titanium dioxide (UV-Titan) in C57BL/6 mice: effects in prenatally exposed offspring on hepatic DNA damage and gene expression. <i>Nanotoxicology</i> , 2013, 7, 85-96.	3.0	56
16	Gene expression profiling to identify potentially relevant disease outcomes and support human health risk assessment for carbon black nanoparticle exposure. <i>Toxicology</i> , 2013, 303, 83-93.	4.2	50
17	Pulmonary instillation of low doses of titanium dioxide nanoparticles in mice leads to particle retention and gene expression changes in the absence of inflammation. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2013, 269, 250-262.	2.8	91
18	Toxicogenomic outcomes predictive of forestomach carcinogenesis following exposure to benzo(a)pyrene: Relevance to human cancer risk. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2013, 273, 269-280.	2.8	33

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19	Carbon Black Nanoparticle Intratracheal Instillation Does Not Alter Cardiac Gene Expression. <i>Cardiovascular Toxicology</i> , 2013, 13, 406-412.	2.7	14
20	Transcriptomic Analysis Reveals Novel Mechanistic Insight into Murine Biological Responses to Multi-Walled Carbon Nanotubes in Lungs and Cultured Lung Epithelial Cells. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e80452.	2.5	80
21	Hepatic and Pulmonary Toxicogenomic Profiles in Mice Intratracheally Instilled With Carbon Black Nanoparticles Reveal Pulmonary Inflammation, Acute Phase Response, and Alterations in Lipid Homeostasis. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2012, 127, 474-484.	3.1	96
22	Carbon black nanoparticle intratracheal installation results in large and sustained changes in the expression of miR-135b in mouse lung. <i>Environmental and Molecular Mutagenesis</i> , 2012, 53, 462-468.	2.2	44