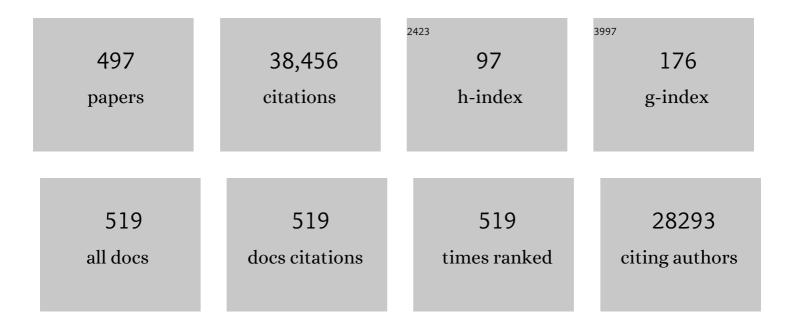
## Sian Ellard

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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SIAN FLIADD

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	A Common Variant in the FTO Gene Is Associated with Body Mass Index and Predisposes to Childhood and Adult Obesity. Science, 2007, 316, 889-894.	6.0	3,884
2	Replication of Genome-Wide Association Signals in UK Samples Reveals Risk Loci for Type 2 Diabetes. Science, 2007, 316, 1336-1341.	6.0	2,040
3	Activating Mutations in the Gene Encoding the ATP-Sensitive Potassium-Channel Subunit Kir6.2 and Permanent Neonatal Diabetes. New England Journal of Medicine, 2004, 350, 1838-1849.	13.9	1,077
4	Switching from Insulin to Oral Sulfonylureas in Patients with Diabetes Due to Kir6.2 Mutations. New England Journal of Medicine, 2006, 355, 467-477.	13.9	878
5	Mutations in the glucokinase gene of the fetus result in reduced birth weight. Nature Genetics, 1998, 19, 268-270.	9.4	565
6	Maturity-onset diabetes of the young (MODY): how many cases are we missing?. Diabetologia, 2010, 53, 2504-2508.	2.9	560
7	Insulin gene mutations as a cause of permanent neonatal diabetes. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2007, 104, 15040-15044.	3.3	494
8	Hypomethylation of multiple imprinted loci in individuals with transient neonatal diabetes is associated with mutations in ZFP57. Nature Genetics, 2008, 40, 949-951.	9.4	460
9	Clinical implications of a molecular genetic classification of monogenic β-cell diabetes. Nature Clinical Practice Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2008, 4, 200-213.	2.9	439
10	Activating germline mutations in STAT3 cause early-onset multi-organ autoimmune disease. Nature Genetics, 2014, 46, 812-814.	9.4	411
11	Update on mutations in glucokinase ( <i>GCK</i> ), which cause maturity-onset diabetes of the young, permanent neonatal diabetes, and hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia. Human Mutation, 2009, 30, 1512-1526.	1.1	403
12	Best practice guidelines for the molecular genetic diagnosis of maturity-onset diabetes of the young. Diabetologia, 2008, 51, 546-553.	2.9	376
13	Mutations in the human Delta homologue, DLL3, cause axial skeletal defects in spondylocostal dysostosis. Nature Genetics, 2000, 24, 438-441.	9.4	362
14	100,000 Genomes Pilot on Rare-Disease Diagnosis in Health Care — Preliminary Report. New England Journal of Medicine, 2021, 385, 1868-1880.	13.9	352
15	Macrosomia and Hyperinsulinaemic Hypoglycaemia in Patients with Heterozygous Mutations in the HNF4A Gene. PLoS Medicine, 2007, 4, e118.	3.9	349
16	Insulin Mutation Screening in 1,044 Patients With Diabetes. Diabetes, 2008, 57, 1034-1042.	0.3	347
17	Using SIFT and PolyPhen to Predict Loss-of-Function and Gain-of-Function Mutations. Genetic Testing and Molecular Biomarkers, 2010, 14, 533-537.	0.3	330
18	Mutations in ATP-Sensitive K+ Channel Genes Cause Transient Neonatal Diabetes and Permanent Diabetes in Childhood or Adulthood. Diabetes, 2007, 56, 1930-1937.	0.3	320

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19	Alagille syndrome: pathogenesis, diagnosis and management. European Journal of Human Genetics, 2012, 20, 251-257.	1.4	319
20	Prevalence, Characteristics and Clinical Diagnosis of Maturity Onset Diabetes of the Young Due to Mutations in HNF1A, HNF4A, and Glucokinase: Results From the SEARCH for Diabetes in Youth. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2013, 98, 4055-4062.	1.8	310
21	Mutations in hepatocyte nuclear factor-1Â and their related phenotypes. Journal of Medical Genetics, 2005, 43, 84-90.	1.5	291
22	Mutations in the Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor-1β Gene Are Associated with Familial Hypoplastic Glomerulocystic Kidney Disease. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2001, 68, 219-224.	2.6	263
23	Prevalence of Vascular Complications Among Patients With Glucokinase Mutations and Prolonged, Mild Hyperglycemia. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2014, 311, 279.	3.8	257
24	Recessive mutations in a distal PTF1A enhancer cause isolated pancreatic agenesis. Nature Genetics, 2014, 46, 61-64.	9.4	255
25	The effect of early, comprehensive genomic testing on clinical care in neonatal diabetes: an international cohort study. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 957-963.	6.3	250
26	GATA6 haploinsufficiency causes pancreatic agenesis in humans. Nature Genetics, 2012, 44, 20-22.	9.4	249
27	Improved genetic testing for monogenic diabetes using targeted next-generation sequencing. Diabetologia, 2013, 56, 1958-1963.	2.9	248
28	Effective Treatment With Oral Sulfonylureas in Patients With Diabetes Due to Sulfonylurea Receptor 1 (SUR1) Mutations. Diabetes Care, 2008, 31, 204-209.	4.3	239
29	The development and validation of a clinical prediction model to determine the probability of MODY in patients with young-onset diabetes. Diabetologia, 2012, 55, 1265-1272.	2.9	238
30	HNF1B-associated renal and extra-renal disease—an expanding clinical spectrum. Nature Reviews Nephrology, 2015, 11, 102-112.	4.1	237
31	HNF1B Mutations Associate with Hypomagnesemia and Renal Magnesium Wasting. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2009, 20, 1123-1131.	3.0	234
32	Exome Sequencing Identifies a DYNC1H1 Mutation in a Large Pedigree with Dominant Axonal Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2011, 89, 308-312.	2.6	233
33	ISPAD Clinical Practice Consensus Guidelines 2018: The diagnosis and management of monogenic diabetes in children and adolescents. Pediatric Diabetes, 2018, 19, 47-63.	1.2	227
34	Mutations in KCNJ11, which encodes Kir6.2, are a common cause of diabetes diagnosed in the first 6Âmonths of life, with the phenotype determined by genotype. Diabetologia, 2006, 49, 1190-1197.	2.9	221
35	Recognition and Management of Individuals With Hyperglycemia Because of a Heterozygous Glucokinase Mutation. Diabetes Care, 2015, 38, 1383-1392.	4.3	217
36	Missense mutations in the insulin promoter factor-1 gene predispose to type 2 diabetes. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 1999, 104, R33-R39.	3.9	216

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37	Prospective functional classification of all possible missense variants in PPARG. Nature Genetics, 2016, 48, 1570-1575.	9.4	210
38	Update of mutations in the genes encoding the pancreatic beta-cell K <sub>ATP</sub> channel subunits Kir6.2 ( <i>KCNJ11</i> ) and sulfonylurea receptor 1 ( <i>ABCC8</i> ) in diabetes mellitus and hyperinsulinism. Human Mutation, 2009, 30, 170-180.	1.1	209
39	A genetic diagnosis of <i>HNF1A</i> diabetes alters treatment and improves glycaemic control in the majority of insulinâ€treated patients. Diabetic Medicine, 2009, 26, 437-441.	1.2	205
40	Molecular genetics and phenotypic characteristics of MODY caused by hepatocyte nuclear factor 4α mutations in a large European collection. Diabetologia, 2005, 48, 878-885.	2.9	203
41	A heterozygous activating mutation in the sulphonylurea receptor SUR1 (ABCC8) causes neonatal diabetes. Human Molecular Genetics, 2006, 15, 1793-1800.	1.4	196
42	Permanent Neonatal Diabetes Caused by Dominant, Recessive, or Compound Heterozygous SUR1 Mutations with Opposite Functional Effects. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2007, 81, 375-382.	2.6	194
43	Clinical and molecular characterisation of 300 patients with congenital hyperinsulinism. European Journal of Endocrinology, 2013, 168, 557-564.	1.9	190
44	Recessive mutations in the <i>INS</i> gene result in neonatal diabetes through reduced insulin biosynthesis. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2010, 107, 3105-3110.	3.3	185
45	Relapsing diabetes can result from moderately activating mutations in KCNJ11. Human Molecular Genetics, 2005, 14, 925-934.	1.4	184
46	A high prevalence of glucokinase mutations in gestational diabetic subjects selected by clinical criteria. Diabetologia, 2000, 43, 250-253.	2.9	183
47	Mutations in the Genes Encoding the Transcription Factors Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor 1 Alpha and 4 Alpha in Maturity-Onset Diabetes of the Young and Hyperinsulinemic Hypoglycemia. Human Mutation, 2013, 34, 669-685.	1.1	182
48	lslet autoantibodies can discriminate maturityâ€onset diabetes of the young (MODY) from Type 1 diabetes. Diabetic Medicine, 2011, 28, 1028-1033.	1.2	173
49	Systematic Population Screening, Using Biomarkers and Genetic Testing, Identifies 2.5% of the U.K. Pediatric Diabetes Population With Monogenic Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2016, 39, 1879-1888.	4.3	172
50	Studies of Association between the Gene for Calpain-10 and Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in the United Kingdom. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2001, 69, 544-552.	2.6	171
51	The diagnosis and management of monogenic diabetes in children and adolescents. Pediatric Diabetes, 2014, 15, 47-64.	1.2	170
52	Cross-sectional and longitudinal studies suggest pharmacological treatment used in patients with glucokinase mutations does not alter glycaemia. Diabetologia, 2014, 57, 54-56.	2.9	164
53	Abnormal nephron development associated with a frameshift mutation in the transcription factor hepatocyte nuclear factor- $1^{2}1$ . Kidney International, 2000, 57, 898-907.	2.6	162
54	Mutated MESP2 Causes Spondylocostal Dysostosis in Humans. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2004, 74, 1249-1254.	2.6	157

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55	Mutations in the genes encoding the transcription factors hepatocyte nuclear factor 1 alpha (HNF1A) and 4 alpha (HNF4A) in maturity-onset diabetes of the young. Human Mutation, 2006, 27, 854-869.	1.1	157
56	Characterization of aryl hydrocarbon receptor interacting protein (AIP) mutations in familial isolated pituitary adenoma families. Human Mutation, 2010, 31, 950-960.	1.1	154
57	Systematic Assessment of Etiology in Adults With a Clinical Diagnosis of Young-Onset Type 2 Diabetes Is a Successful Strategy for Identifying Maturity-Onset Diabetes of the Young. Diabetes Care, 2012, 35, 1206-1212.	4.3	153
58	Human <i>CHN1</i> Mutations Hyperactivate α2-Chimaerin and Cause Duane's Retraction Syndrome. Science, 2008, 321, 839-843.	6.0	152
59	<i>AIP</i> Mutation in Pituitary Adenomas in the 18th Century and Today. New England Journal of Medicine, 2011, 364, 43-50.	13.9	151
60	An in-frame deletion at the polymerase active site of POLD1 causes a multisystem disorder with lipodystrophy. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 947-950.	9.4	151
61	Insights Into the Biochemical and Genetic Basis of Glucokinase Activation From Naturally Occurring Hypoglycemia Mutations. Diabetes, 2003, 52, 2433-2440.	0.3	150
62	Type 1 Diabetes Genetic Risk Score: A Novel Tool to Discriminate Monogenic and Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes, 2016, 65, 2094-2099.	0.3	146
63	Heterogeneous Genetic Background of the Association of Pheochromocytoma/Paraganglioma and Pituitary Adenoma: Results From a Large Patient Cohort. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2015, 100, E531-E541.	1.8	145
64	Landscape of Familial Isolated and Young-Onset Pituitary Adenomas: Prospective Diagnosis in <i>AIP</i> Mutation Carriers. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2015, 100, E1242-E1254.	1.8	144
65	Homozygous Mutations in <i>NEUROD1</i> Are Responsible for a Novel Syndrome of Permanent Neonatal Diabetes and Neurological Abnormalities. Diabetes, 2010, 59, 2326-2331.	0.3	143
66	Atypical familial juvenile hyperuricemic nephropathy associated with a hepatocyte nuclear factor-1β gene mutation. Kidney International, 2003, 63, 1645-1651.	2.6	142
67	Hepatocyte nuclear factor-1 beta mutations cause neonatal diabetes and intrauterine growth retardation: support for a critical role of HNF-1? in human pancreatic development. Diabetic Medicine, 2006, 23, 1301-1306.	1.2	142
68	Heterozygous ABCC8 mutations are a cause of MODY. Diabetologia, 2012, 55, 123-127.	2.9	141
69	Permanent Neonatal Diabetes and Enteric Anendocrinosis Associated With Biallelic Mutations in <i>NEUROG3</i> . Diabetes, 2011, 60, 1349-1353.	0.3	138
70	KCNJ11 activating mutations are associated with developmental delay, epilepsy and neonatal diabetes syndrome and other neurological features. European Journal of Human Genetics, 2006, 14, 824-830.	1.4	134
71	Solitary functioning kidney and diverse genital tract malformations associated with hepatocyte nuclear factor-1Î <sup>2</sup> mutations. Kidney International, 2002, 61, 1243-1251.	2.6	133
72	Persistent Hyperinsulinemic Hypoglycemia and Maturity-Onset Diabetes of the Young Due to Heterozygous <i>HNF4A</i> Mutations. Diabetes, 2008, 57, 1659-1663.	0.3	133

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73	Maturity onset diabetes of the young: identification and diagnosis. Annals of Clinical Biochemistry, 2013, 50, 403-415.	0.8	131
74	<i>GATA6</i> Mutations Cause a Broad Phenotypic Spectrum of Diabetes From Pancreatic Agenesis to Adult-Onset Diabetes Without Exocrine Insufficiency. Diabetes, 2013, 62, 993-997.	0.3	128
75	Wolcott-Rallison Syndrome Is the Most Common Genetic Cause of Permanent Neonatal Diabetes in Consanguineous Families. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2009, 94, 4162-4170.	1.8	127
76	Urinary C-Peptide Creatinine Ratio Is a Practical Outpatient Tool for Identifying Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor 1-α/Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor 4-α Maturity-Onset Diabetes of the Young From Long-Duration Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2011, 34, 286-291.	4.3	123
77	Analysis of Transcription Factors Key for Mouse Pancreatic Development Establishes NKX2-2 and MNX1 Mutations as Causes of Neonatal Diabetes in Man. Cell Metabolism, 2014, 19, 146-154.	7.2	123
78	The 0.1% of the Population With Glucokinase Monogenic Diabetes Can Be Recognized by Clinical Characteristics in Pregnancy: The Atlantic Diabetes in Pregnancy Cohort. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 1230-1236.	4.3	122
79	Referral rates for diagnostic testing support an incidence of permanent neonatal diabetes in three European countries of at least 1 in 260,000 live births. Diabetologia, 2009, 52, 1683-1685.	2.9	120
80	Effectiveness and safety of long-term treatment with sulfonylureas in patients with neonatal diabetes due to KCNJ11 mutations: an international cohort study. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2018, 6, 637-646.	5.5	120
81	Sirolimus Therapy in Infants with Severe Hyperinsulinemic Hypoglycemia. New England Journal of Medicine, 2014, 370, 1131-1137.	13.9	116
82	No Deterioration in Glycemic Control in HNF-1Â Maturity-Onset Diabetes of the Young Following Transfer From Long-Term Insulin to Sulphonylureas. Diabetes Care, 2003, 26, 3191-3192.	4.3	115
83	Isomers of the TCF1 gene encoding hepatocyte nuclear factor-1 alpha show differential expression in the pancreas and define the relationship between mutation position and clinical phenotype in monogenic diabetes. Human Molecular Genetics, 2006, 15, 2216-2224.	1.4	115
84	Contrasting Diabetes Phenotypes Associated With Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor-1Â and -1Â Mutations. Diabetes Care, 2004, 27, 1102-1107.	4.3	114
85	SLC2A2 mutations can cause neonatal diabetes, suggesting GLUT2 may have a role in human insulin secretion. Diabetologia, 2012, 55, 2381-2385.	2.9	113
86	Clinical presentation of 6q24 transient neonatal diabetes mellitus (6q24 TNDM) and genotype–phenotype correlation in an international cohort of patients. Diabetologia, 2013, 56, 758-762.	2.9	113
87	Population-Based Assessment of a Biomarker-Based Screening Pathway to Aid Diagnosis of Monogenic Diabetes in Young-Onset Patients. Diabetes Care, 2017, 40, 1017-1025.	4.3	111
88	Germline or somatic GPR101 duplication leads to X-linked acrogigantism: a clinico-pathological and genetic study. Acta Neuropathologica Communications, 2016, 4, 56.	2.4	110
89	Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor-1β. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2001, 12, 2175-2180.	3.0	110
90	HLA Genotyping Supports a Nonautoimmune Etiology in Patients Diagnosed With Diabetes Under the Age of 6 Months. Diabetes, 2006, 55, 1895-1898.	0.3	109

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91	Hepatocyte nuclear factor 1 alpha (HNF-1?) mutations in maturity-onset diabetes of the young. Human Mutation, 2000, 16, 377-385.	1.1	108
92	Â-Cell Dysfunction, Insulin Sensitivity, and Glycosuria Precede Diabetes in Hepatocyte Nuclear Factor-1Â Mutation Carriers. Diabetes Care, 2005, 28, 1751-1756.	4.3	108
93	Pregnancy outcome in patients with raised blood glucose due to a heterozygous glucokinase gene mutation. Diabetic Medicine, 2009, 26, 14-18.	1.2	108
94	<i>GATA4</i> Mutations Are a Cause of Neonatal and Childhood-Onset Diabetes. Diabetes, 2014, 63, 2888-2894.	0.3	108
95	Mutations in the genes encoding the pancreatic beta-cell KATPchannel subunits Kir6.2 (KCNJ11) and SUR1 (ABCC8) in diabetes mellitus and hyperinsulinism. Human Mutation, 2006, 27, 220-231.	1.1	105
96	Clinical Heterogeneity in Patients With <i>FOXP3</i> Mutations Presenting With Permanent Neonatal Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2009, 32, 111-116.	4.3	104
97	Most People With Long-Duration Type 1 Diabetes in a Large Population-Based Study Are Insulin Microsecretors. Diabetes Care, 2015, 38, 323-328.	4.3	104
98	tRNA Methyltransferase Homolog Gene TRMT10A Mutation in Young Onset Diabetes and Primary Microcephaly in Humans. PLoS Genetics, 2013, 9, e1003888.	1.5	103
99	Intrauterine Hyperglycemia Is Associated With an Earlier Diagnosis of Diabetes in HNF-1Â Gene Mutation Carriers. Diabetes Care, 2002, 25, 2287-2291.	4.3	102
100	Use of HbA1c in the Identification of Patients with Hyperglycaemia Caused by a Glucokinase Mutation: Observational Case Control Studies. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e65326.	1.1	101
101	Prevalence of Permanent Neonatal Diabetes in Slovakia and Successful Replacement of Insulin with Sulfonylurea Therapy in KCNJ11 and ABCC8 Mutation Carriers. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2007, 92, 1276-1282.	1.8	100
102	Extreme phenotypic diversity and nonpenetrance in families with the <i>LMNA</i> gene mutation R644C. American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A, 2008, 146A, 1530-1542.	0.7	100
103	Polycystic Kidney Disease with Hyperinsulinemic Hypoglycemia Caused by a Promoter Mutation in Phosphomannomutase 2. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2017, 28, 2529-2539.	3.0	99
104	Blood RNA analysis can increase clinical diagnostic rate and resolve variants of uncertain significance. Genetics in Medicine, 2020, 22, 1005-1014.	1.1	99
105	Activating glucokinase (GCK) mutations as a cause of medically responsive congenital hyperinsulinism: prevalence in children and characterisation of a novel GCK mutation European Journal of Endocrinology, 2008, 159, 27-34.	1.9	97
106	Increased allâ€cause and cardiovascular mortality in monogenic diabetes as a result of mutations in the HNF1A gene. Diabetic Medicine, 2010, 27, 157-161.	1.2	96
107	Hepatocyte nuclear factor-1Â gene deletionsa common cause of renal disease. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2007, 23, 627-635.	0.4	95
108	Heterozygous RFX6 protein truncating variants are associated with MODY with reduced penetrance. Nature Communications, 2017, 8, 888.	5.8	95

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109	Congenital Titinopathy: Comprehensive characterization and pathogenic insights. Annals of Neurology, 2018, 83, 1105-1124.	2.8	93
110	Detection of an MEN1 gene mutation depends on clinical features and supports current referral criteria for diagnostic molecular genetic testing. Clinical Endocrinology, 2005, 62, 169-175.	1.2	91
111	High-Sensitivity CRP Discriminates HNF1A-MODY From Other Subtypes of Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2011, 34, 1860-1862.	4.3	90
112	Update of variants identified in the pancreatic βâ€cell K <sub>ATP</sub> channel genes <i>KCNJ11</i> and <i>ABCC8</i> in individuals with congenital hyperinsulinism and diabetes. Human Mutation, 2020, 41, 884-905.	1.1	90
113	<i>MAFA</i> missense mutation causes familial insulinomatosis and diabetes mellitus. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, 1027-1032.	3.3	88
114	WNT Signaling Perturbations Underlie the Genetic Heterogeneity of Robinow Syndrome. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 102, 27-43.	2.6	88
115	Permanent Neonatal Diabetes due to Paternal Germline Mosaicism for an Activating Mutation of the KCNJ11 Gene Encoding the Kir6.2 Subunit of the β-Cell Potassium Adenosine Triphosphate Channel. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2004, 89, 3932-3935.	1.8	87
116	Insights into the Structure and Regulation of Glucokinase from a Novel Mutation (V62M), Which Causes Maturity-onset Diabetes of the Young. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2005, 280, 14105-14113.	1.6	87
117	Diabetes Mellitus in Neonates and Infants: Genetic Heterogeneity, Clinical Approach to Diagnosis, and Therapeutic Options. Hormone Research in Paediatrics, 2013, 80, 137-146.	0.8	87
118	Novel GLIS3 mutations demonstrate an extended multisystem phenotype. European Journal of Endocrinology, 2011, 164, 437-443.	1.9	86
119	Identifying Hepatic Nuclear Factor 1Â Mutations in Children and Young Adults With a Clinical Diagnosis of Type 1 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2003, 26, 333-337.	4.3	84
120	Entities and frequency of neonatal diabetes: data from the diabetes documentation and quality management system (DPV). Diabetic Medicine, 2010, 27, 709-712.	1.2	84
121	Incidence, genetics, and clinical phenotype of permanent neonatal diabetes mellitus in northwest Saudi Arabia. Pediatric Diabetes, 2012, 13, 499-505.	1.2	84
122	Concordance of assays designed for the quantification of JAK2V617F: a multicenter study. Haematologica, 2009, 94, 38-45.	1.7	82
123	The <i>HNF4A</i> R76W mutation causes atypical dominant Fanconi syndrome in addition to a β cell phenotype. Journal of Medical Genetics, 2014, 51, 165-169.	1.5	82
124	A Gene for Autosomal Recessive Spondylocostal Dysostosis Maps to 19q13.1-q13.3. American Journal of Human Genetics, 1999, 65, 175-182.	2.6	81
125	Hyperinsulinism–hyperammonaemia syndrome: novel mutations in the GLUD1 gene and genotype–phenotype correlations. European Journal of Endocrinology, 2009, 161, 731-735.	1.9	81
126	Mutations in the MESP2 Gene Cause Spondylothoracic Dysostosis/Jarcho-Levin Syndrome. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2008, 82, 1334-1341.	2.6	79

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127	Distinct Molecular and Morphogenetic Properties of Mutations in the Human HNF1β Gene That Lead to Defective Kidney Development. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2003, 14, 2033-2041.	3.0	78
128	High-Dose Glibenclamide Can Replace Insulin Therapy Despite Transitory Diarrhea in Early-Onset Diabetes Caused by a Novel R201L Kir6.2 Mutation. Diabetes Care, 2005, 28, 758-759.	4.3	77
129	Dominant ER Stress–Inducing <i>WFS1</i> Mutations Underlie a Genetic Syndrome of Neonatal/Infancy-Onset Diabetes, Congenital Sensorineural Deafness, and Congenital Cataracts. Diabetes, 2017, 66, 2044-2053.	0.3	77
130	Next-Generation Sequencing Reveals Deep Intronic Cryptic ABCC8 and HADH Splicing Founder Mutations Causing Hyperinsulinism by Pseudoexon Activation. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2013, 92, 131-136.	2.6	76
131	The identification of a R201H mutation in KCNJ11, which encodes Kir6.2, and successful transfer to sustained-release sulphonylurea therapy in a subject with neonatal diabetes: evidence for heterogeneity of beta cell function among carriers of the R201H mutation. Diabetologia, 2005, 48, 1029-1031.	2.9	75
132	Micronucleus assays using cytochalasin-blocked MCL-5 cells, a proprietary human cell line expressing five human cytochromesP-450 and microsomal epoxide hydrolase. Mutagenesis, 1993, 8, 363-372.	1.0	74
133	The use of genetically engineered V79 Chinese hamster cultures expressing rat liver CYP1A1, 1A2 and 2B1 cDNAs in micronucleus assays. Mutagenesis, 1991, 6, 461-470.	1.0	73
134	Permanent neonatal diabetes due to activating mutations in ABCC8 and KCNJ11. Reviews in Endocrine and Metabolic Disorders, 2010, 11, 193-198.	2.6	73
135	The mutated human gene encoding hepatocyte nuclear factor 1beta inhibits kidney formation in developing Xenopus embryos. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2000, 97, 4695-4700.	3.3	72
136	3-Hydroxyacyl-Coenzyme A Dehydrogenase Deficiency and Hyperinsulinemic Hypoglycemia: Characterization of a Novel Mutation and Severe Dietary Protein Sensitivity. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2009, 94, 2221-2225.	1.8	72
137	Growth in PHEX-associated X-linked hypophosphatemic rickets: the importance of early treatment. Pediatric Nephrology, 2012, 27, 581-588.	0.9	71
138	C282Y mutation in HFE (haemochromatosis) gene and type 2 diabetes. Lancet, The, 1998, 351, 1933-1934.	6.3	68
139	Successful transfer to sulfonylureas in KCNJ11 neonatal diabetes is determined by the mutation and duration of diabetes. Diabetologia, 2016, 59, 1162-1166.	2.9	68
140	Absence of Islet Autoantibodies and Modestly Raised Glucose Values at Diabetes Diagnosis Should Lead to Testing for MODY: Lessons From a 5-Year Pediatric Swedish National Cohort Study. Diabetes Care, 2020, 43, 82-89.	4.3	68
141	Expanding the Clinical Spectrum Associated With <i>GLIS3</i> Mutations. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2015, 100, E1362-E1369.	1.8	66
142	A UK nationwide prospective study of treatment change in MODY: genetic subtype and clinical characteristics predict optimal glycaemic control after discontinuing insulin and metformin. Diabetologia, 2018, 61, 2520-2527.	2.9	65
143	Mutations at the Same Residue (R50) of Kir6.2 (KCNJ11) That Cause Neonatal Diabetes Produce Different Functional Effects. Diabetes, 2006, 55, 1705-1712.	0.3	64
144	The Diabetic Phenotype in <i>HNF4A</i> Mutation Carriers Is Moderated By the Expression of <i>HNF4A</i> Isoforms From the P1 Promoter During Fetal Development. Diabetes, 2008, 57, 1745-1752.	0.3	64

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145	Chromosome 17q12 microdeletions but not intragenic HNF1B mutations link developmental kidney disease and psychiatric disorder. Kidney International, 2016, 90, 203-211.	2.6	64
146	Diagnosis of lethal or prenatalâ€onset autosomal recessive disorders by parental exome sequencing. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2018, 38, 33-43.	1.1	64
147	Pancreatic Endocrine and Exocrine Function in Children following Near-Total Pancreatectomy for Diffuse Congenital Hyperinsulinism. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e98054.	1.1	63
148	Response to treatment with rosiglitazone in familial partial lipodystrophy due to a mutation in the LMNA gene. Diabetic Medicine, 2003, 20, 823-827.	1.2	62
149	A Genome-Wide Scan in Families With Maturity-Onset Diabetes of the Young: Evidence for Further Genetic Heterogeneity. Diabetes, 2003, 52, 872-881.	0.3	62
150	Pitfalls of haplotype phasing from amplicon-based long-read sequencing. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 21746.	1.6	62
151	Mutations in the VNTR of the carboxyl-ester lipase gene (CEL) are a rare cause of monogenic diabetes. Human Genetics, 2010, 127, 55-64.	1.8	61
152	Childhood presentation of <i>COL4A1</i> mutations. Developmental Medicine and Child Neurology, 2012, 54, 569-574.	1.1	61
153	Predictive genetic testing in maturity-onset diabetes of the young (MODY). Diabetic Medicine, 2001, 18, 417-421.	1.2	60
154	Partial and whole gene deletion mutations of the GCK and HNF1A genes in maturity-onset diabetes of the young. Diabetologia, 2007, 50, 2313-2317.	2.9	59
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