

# John Barrett

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

90  
papers

4,874  
citations

76326

40  
h-index

98798

67  
g-index

92  
all docs

92  
docs citations

92  
times ranked

4282  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A Cross-sectional Cohort Study to Assess Long-term Neurocognitive and Psychiatric Symptoms of Mefloquine Use in Veterans. <i>Military Medicine</i> , 2022, , .	0.8	1
2	Connectivity: insights from the U.S. Long Term Ecological Research Network. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2021, 12, e03432.	2.2	4
3	Historical forest disturbance mediates soil microbial community responses to drought. <i>Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2021, 23, 6405-6419.	3.8	10
4	Emergent properties of microbial communities drive accelerated biogeochemical cycling in disturbed temperate forests. <i>Ecology</i> , 2021, 102, e03553.	3.2	12
5	Counting Carbon: Quantifying Biomass in the McMurdo Dry Valleys through Orbital & Field Observations. <i>International Journal of Remote Sensing</i> , 2021, 42, 8597-8623.	2.9	5
6	Estimating microbial mat biomass in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica using satellite imagery and ground surveys. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2020, 43, 1753-1767.	1.2	16
7	Livestock manure and antibiotics alter extracellular enzyme activity. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2020, 155, 103667.	4.3	9
8	Evaluating Alternative Metacommunity Hypotheses for Diatoms in the McMurdo Dry Valleys Using Simulations and Remote Sensing Data. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 8, .	2.2	1
9	Remote characterization of photosynthetic communities in the Fryxell basin of Taylor Valley, Antarctica. <i>Antarctic Science</i> , 2020, 32, 255-270.	0.9	19
10	Prolonged exposure to manure from livestock-administered antibiotics decreases ecosystem carbon-use efficiency and alters nitrogen cycling. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2019, 22, 2067-2076.	6.4	30
11	Volatile methanol and acetone additions increase labile soil carbon and inhibit nitrification. <i>Biogeochemistry</i> , 2019, 145, 127-140.	3.5	14
12	Unimodal productivity-diversity relationships among bacterial communities in a simple polar soil ecosystem. <i>Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2019, 21, 2523-2532.	3.8	12
13	Nematodes in a polar desert reveal the relative role of biotic interactions in the coexistence of soil animals. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2019, 2, 63.	4.4	34
14	Biotic interactions are an unexpected yet critical control on the complexity of an abiotically driven polar ecosystem. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2019, 2, 62.	4.4	42
15	Soil Bacterial and Fungal Communities Exhibit Distinct Long-Term Responses to Disturbance in Temperate Forests. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2019, 10, 2872.	3.5	37
16	Interactions of Water and Nitrogen on Primary Productivity Across Spatial and Temporal Scales in Grassland and Shrubland Ecosystems. , 2019, , 417-437.		1
17	Stable C and N isotope ratios reveal soil food web structure and identify the nematode <i>Eudorylaimus antarcticus</i> as an omnivore-predator in Taylor Valley, Antarctica. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2018, 41, 1013-1018.	1.2	37
18	Observed trends of soil fauna in the Antarctic Dry Valleys: early signs of shifts predicted under climate change. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 312-321.	3.2	46

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19	Catch and release: Hyporheic retention and mineralization of N-fixing <i>Nostoc</i> sustains downstream microbial mat biomass in two polar desert streams. <i>Limnology and Oceanography Letters</i> , 2018, 3, 357-364.	3.9	24
20	Stoichiometric Shifts in Soil C:N:P Promote Bacterial Taxa Dominance, Maintain Biodiversity, and Deconstruct Community Assemblages. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2018, 9, 1401.	3.5	56
21	Decadal ecosystem response to an anomalous melt season in a polar desert in Antarctica. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2017, 1, 1334-1338.	7.8	79
22	A simulation-based approach to understand how metacommunity characteristics influence emergent biodiversity patterns. <i>Oikos</i> , 2017, 126, 723-737.	2.7	32
23	Primary productivity as a control over soil microbial diversity along environmental gradients in a polar desert ecosystem. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2017, 5, e3377.	2.0	14
24	Microbial Community Responses to Increased Water and Organic Matter in the Arid Soils of the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2016, 7, 1040.	3.5	59
25	Evidence for dispersal and habitat controls on pond diatom communities from the McMurdo Sound Region of Antarctica. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2016, 39, 2441-2456.	1.2	31
26	Substrate availability drives spatial patterns in richness of ammonia-oxidizing bacteria and archaea in temperate forest soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2016, 94, 169-172.	8.8	43
27	Recovery of Antarctic stream epilithon from simulated scouring events. <i>Antarctic Science</i> , 2015, 27, 341-354.	0.9	9
28	Paired carbon and nitrogen metabolism by ammonia-oxidizing bacteria and archaea in temperate forest soils. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2015, 6, 1-11.	2.2	5
29	Plant Invasions Associated with Change in Root-Zone Microbial Community Structure and Diversity. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0141424.	2.5	64
30	Niche and metabolic principles explain patterns of diversity and distribution: theory and a case study with soil bacterial communities. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2015, 282, 20142630.	2.6	61
31	Global environmental change and the nature of aboveground net primary productivity responses: insights from long-term experiments. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2015, 177, 935-947.	2.0	48
32	Linking management to biodiversity in built ponds using metacommunity simulations. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2015, 296, 36-45.	2.5	29
33	Characterization of growing bacterial populations in McMurdo Dry Valley soils through stable isotope probing with <sup>18</sup> O-water. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , 2014, 89, 415-425.	2.7	49
34	Influence of soil properties on archaeal diversity and distribution in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , 2014, 89, 347-359.	2.7	44
35	Bacterial community composition of divergent soil habitats in a polar desert. <i>FEMS Microbiology Ecology</i> , 2014, 89, 490-494.	2.7	44
36	Substrate and nutrient limitation of ammonia-oxidizing bacteria and archaea in temperate forest soil. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2014, 69, 141-146.	8.8	58

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37	Soil Microbial Responses to Increased Moisture and Organic Resources along a Salinity Gradient in a Polar Desert. <i>Applied and Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2014, 80, 3034-3043.	3.1	171
38	Water track modification of soil ecosystems in the Lake Hoare basin, Taylor Valley, Antarctica. <i>Antarctic Science</i> , 2014, 26, 153-162.	0.9	17
39	Spatial and temporal patterns of snow accumulation and aerial ablation across the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2013, 27, 2864-2875.	2.6	11
40	Shallow groundwater systems in a polar desert, McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Hydrogeology Journal</i> , 2013, 21, 171-183.	2.1	39
41	Impact of labile and recalcitrant carbon treatments on available nitrogen and plant communities in a semiarid ecosystem. , 2013, 23, 537-545.		18
42	Local and regional influences over soil microbial metacommunities in the Transantarctic Mountains. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2013, 4, 1-24.	2.2	45
43	Environmental controls over bacterial communities in polar desert soils. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2013, 4, 1-17.	2.2	32
44	Seasonal controls on snow distribution and aerial ablation at the snow-patch and landscape scales, McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Cryosphere</i> , 2013, 7, 917-931.	3.9	10
45	Factors Controlling Soil Microbial Biomass and Bacterial Diversity and Community Composition in a Cold Desert Ecosystem: Role of Geographic Scale. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e66103.	2.5	98
46	Implications of meltwater pulse events for soil biology and biogeochemical cycling in a polar desert. <i>Polar Research</i> , 2011, 30, 14555.	1.6	17
47	Bacterial Community Structure Along Moisture Gradients in the Parafluvial Sediments of Two Ephemeral Desert Streams. <i>Microbial Ecology</i> , 2011, 61, 543-556.	2.8	107
48	Resolving environmental drivers of microbial community structure in Antarctic soils. <i>Antarctic Science</i> , 2010, 22, 673-680.	0.9	59
49	The legacy of aqueous environments on soils of the McMurdo Dry Valleys: contexts for future exploration of martian soils. , 2010, , 78-109.		3
50	Experimentally increased snow accumulation alters soil moisture and animal community structure in a polar desert. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2010, 33, 897-907.	1.2	39
51	On the rocks: the microbiology of Antarctic Dry Valley soils. <i>Nature Reviews Microbiology</i> , 2010, 8, 129-138.	28.6	505
52	Spatial variation in soil active-layer geochemistry across hydrologic margins in polar desert ecosystems. <i>Hydrology and Earth System Sciences</i> , 2009, 13, 2349-2358.	4.9	40
53	Interactions between physical and biotic factors influence CO <sub>2</sub> flux in Antarctic dry valley soils. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2009, 41, 1510-1517.	8.8	87
54	Long-term experimental warming reduces soil nematode populations in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2009, 41, 2052-2060.	8.8	90

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55	Hydrologic characteristics of lake- and stream- side riparian wetted margins in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2009, 23, 1255-1267.	2.6	37
56	Landscape Distribution of Microbial Activity in the McMurdo Dry Valleys: Linked Biotic Processes, Hydrology, and Geochemistry in a Cold Desert Ecosystem. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2009, 12, 562-573.	3.4	68
57	Terrestrial mesofauna in above- and below-ground habitats: Taylor Valley, Antarctica. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2009, 32, 1549-1558.	1.2	18
58	Thermal characterisation of active layer across a soil moisture gradient in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Permafrost and Periglacial Processes</i> , 2009, 20, 27-39.	3.4	37
59	Effects of Human Trampling on Populations of Soil Fauna in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2008, 22, 1544-1551.	4.7	37
60	Microbial community composition in soils of Northern Victoria Land, Antarctica. <i>Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2008, 10, 1713-1724.	3.8	182
61	Decline in a dominant invertebrate species contributes to altered carbon cycling in a low-diversity soil ecosystem. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2008, 14, 1734-1744.	9.5	60
62	Persistent effects of a discrete warming event on a polar desert ecosystem. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2008, 14, 2249-2261.	9.5	119
63	Soil phosphorus cycling in an Antarctic polar desert. <i>Geoderma</i> , 2008, 144, 21-31.	5.1	38
64	The Influence of Soil Geochemistry on Nematode Distribution, McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , 2008, 40, 119-128.	1.1	67
65	Hydrologic response to extreme warm and cold summers in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, East Antarctica. <i>Antarctic Science</i> , 2008, 20, 499-509.	0.9	128
66	Biogeochemical stoichiometry of Antarctic Dry Valley ecosystems. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2007, 112, .	3.3	97
67	Controls on the Spatial Dimensions of Wetted Hydrologic Margins of Two Antarctic Lakes. <i>Vadose Zone Journal</i> , 2007, 6, 841-848.	2.2	21
68	Unique Similarity of Faunal Communities across Aquatic-Terrestrial Interfaces in a Polar Desert Ecosystem. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2007, 10, 523-535.	3.4	29
69	Wind dispersal of soil invertebrates in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2006, 29, 346-352.	1.2	134
70	Salt tolerance and survival thresholds for two species of Antarctic soil nematodes. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2006, 29, 643-651.	1.2	79
71	Soil carbon turnover in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2006, 38, 3065-3082.	8.8	68
72	A synthesis of soil biodiversity and ecosystem functioning in Victoria Land, Antarctica. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2006, 38, 3001-3002.	8.8	8

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73	Terrestrial ecosystem processes of Victoria Land, Antarctica. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2006, 38, 3019-3034.	8.8	119
74	Pedogenic carbonate distribution within glacial till in Taylor Valley, Southern Victoria Land, Antarctica. , 2006, , .		7
75	Phosphorus Fractions in Soils of Taylor Valley, Antarctica. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 2006, 70, 806-815.	2.2	23
76	Co-variation in soil biodiversity and biogeochemistry in northern and southern Victoria Land, Antarctica. <i>Antarctic Science</i> , 2006, 18, 535-548.	0.9	127
77	INTERACTIONS OF WATER AND NITROGEN ON PRIMARY PRODUCTIVITY ACROSS SPATIAL AND TEMPORAL SCALES IN GRASSLAND AND SHRUBLAND ECOSYSTEMS. , 2006, , 201-216.		5
78	Potential Soil Organic Matter Turnover in Taylor Valley, Antarctica. <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , 2005, 37, 108-117.	1.1	35
79	Soil Carbon Dioxide Flux in Antarctic Dry Valley Ecosystems. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2004, 7, 286.	3.4	112
80	VARIATION IN BIOGEOCHEMISTRY AND SOIL BIODIVERSITY ACROSS SPATIAL SCALES IN A POLAR DESERT ECOSYSTEM. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004, 85, 3105-3118.	3.2	124
81	Organic matter and soil biota of upland wetlands in Taylor Valley, Antarctica. <i>Polar Biology</i> , 2003, 26, 567-576.	1.2	72
82	Snow-Patch Influence on Soil Biogeochemical Processes and Invertebrate Distribution in the McMurdo Dry Valleys, Antarctica. <i>Arctic, Antarctic, and Alpine Research</i> , 2003, 35, 91-99.	1.1	94
83	Nitrogen in the Central Grasslands Region of the United States. <i>BioScience</i> , 2002, 52, 813.	4.9	34
84	NITROGEN RETENTION IN SEMIARID ECOSYSTEMS ACROSS A SOIL ORGANIC-MATTER GRADIENT. , 2002, 12, 878-890.		52
85	Abiotic Nitrogen Uptake in Semiarid Grassland Soils of the U.S. Great Plains. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 2002, 66, 979-987.	2.2	30
86	Trends in Resin and KCl-extractable Soil Nitrogen Across Landscape Gradients in Taylor Valley, Antarctica. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2002, 5, 289-299.	3.4	50
87	Stable Nitrogen and Carbon Pools in Grassland Soils of Variable Texture and Carbon Content. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2002, 5, 461-471.	3.4	58
88	Influence of climate variability on plant production and Nâ€mineralization in Central US grasslands. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2002, 13, 383-394.	2.2	39
89	Abiotic Nitrogen Uptake in Semiarid Grassland Soils of the U.S. Great Plains. <i>Soil Science Society of America Journal</i> , 2002, 66, 979.	2.2	16
90	Potential nitrogen immobilization in grassland soils across a soil organic matter gradient. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2000, 32, 1707-1716.	8.8	176