

# Pietro Fratta

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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96  
papers

8,655  
citations

53794

45  
h-index

51608

86  
g-index

121  
all docs

121  
docs citations

121  
times ranked

12345  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	HnRNP K mislocalisation in neurons of the dentate nucleus is a novel neuropathological feature of neurodegenerative disease and ageing. <i>Neuropathology and Applied Neurobiology</i> , 2022, 48, .	3.2	11
2	Multicentre appraisal of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis biofluid biomarkers shows primacy of blood neurofilament light chain. <i>Brain Communications</i> , 2022, 4, fcac029.	3.3	29
3	TDP-43 loss and ALS-risk SNPs drive mis-splicing and depletion of UNC13A. <i>Nature</i> , 2022, 603, 131-137.	27.8	188
4	Markers of cognitive resilience and a framework for investigating clinical heterogeneity in <scp>ALS</scp> â€. <i>Journal of Pathology</i> , 2022, , .	4.5	0
5	Whole genome sequencing for the diagnosis of neurological repeat expansion disorders in the UK: a retrospective diagnostic accuracy and prospective clinical validation study. <i>Lancet Neurology</i> , The, 2022, 21, 234-245.	10.2	74
6	Cell environment shapes TDP-43 function with implications in neuronal and muscle disease. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2022, 5, 314.	4.4	21
7	Transcriptomic analysis of frontotemporal lobar degeneration with TDP-43 pathology reveals cellular alterations across multiple brain regions. <i>Acta Neuropathologica</i> , 2022, 143, 383-401.	7.7	20
8	AR cooperates with SMAD4 to maintain skeletal muscle homeostasis. <i>Acta Neuropathologica</i> , 2022, 143, 713-731.	7.7	6
9	Pathogenic Huntingtin Repeat Expansions in Patients with Frontotemporal Dementia and Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis. <i>Neuron</i> , 2021, 109, 448-460.e4.	8.1	56
10	Musclesense: a Trained, Artificial Neural Network for the Anatomical Segmentation of Lower Limb Magnetic Resonance Images in Neuromuscular Diseases. <i>Neuroinformatics</i> , 2021, 19, 379-383.	2.8	2
11	Value of systematic genetic screening of patients with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 92, 510-518.	1.9	69
12	NMJ-Analyser identifies subtle early changes in mouse models of neuromuscular disease. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 12251.	3.3	12
13	HnRNP K mislocalisation is a novel protein pathology of frontotemporal lobar degeneration and ageing and leads to cryptic splicing. <i>Acta Neuropathologica</i> , 2021, 142, 609-627.	7.7	24
14	Humoral response to neurofilaments and dipeptide repeats in ALS progression. <i>Annals of Clinical and Translational Neurology</i> , 2021, 8, 1831-1844.	3.7	8
15	FUS-ALS mutants alter FMRP phase separation equilibrium and impair protein translation. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2021, 7, .	10.3	36
16	Association of Variants in the <i>SPTLC1</i> Gene With Juvenile Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis. <i>JAMA Neurology</i> , 2021, 78, 1236.	9.0	46
17	ALS-related FUS mutations alter axon growth in motoneurons and affect HuD/ELAVL4 and FMRP activity. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2021, 4, 1025.	4.4	21
18	An integrated multi-omic analysis of iPSC-derived motor neurons from C9ORF72 ALS patients. <i>IScience</i> , 2021, 24, 103221.	4.1	27

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19	Circulating miR-181 is a prognostic biomarker for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 24, 1534-1541.	14.8	57
20	The role of the RNA binding protein HnRNP K in the pathogenesis of frontotemporal lobar degeneration.. <i>Alzheimer's and Dementia</i> , 2021, 17 Suppl 3, e052826.	0.8	0
21	Cytoplasmic functions of TDP-43 and FUS and their role in ALS. <i>Seminars in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , 2020, 99, 193-201.	5.0	80
22	Plasma pNfH levels differentiate SBMA from ALS. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2020, 91, 215-217.	1.9	11
23	Travelling Together: A Unifying Pathomechanism for ALS. <i>Trends in Neurosciences</i> , 2020, 43, 1-2.	8.6	12
24	The role of hnRNPs in frontotemporal dementia and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Acta Neuropathologica</i> , 2020, 140, 599-623.	7.7	62
25	Disease mechanism, biomarker and therapeutics for spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy (SBMA). <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2020, 91, 1085-1091.	1.9	28
26	A Comparison of Low Read Depth QuantSeq 3' Sequencing to Total RNA-Seq in FUS Mutant Mice. <i>Frontiers in Genetics</i> , 2020, 11, 562445.	2.3	6
27	FUS ALS-causative mutations impair FUS autoregulation and splicing factor networks through intron retention. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2020, 48, 6889-6905.	14.5	70
28	Mice Carrying ALS Mutant TDP-43, but Not Mutant FUS, Display In Vivo Defects in Axonal Transport of Signaling Endosomes. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2020, 30, 3655-3662.e2.	6.4	51
29	The Overlapping Genetics of Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis and Frontotemporal Dementia. <i>Frontiers in Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 14, 42.	2.8	152
30	DNA Editing for Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis: Leading Off First Base. <i>CRISPR Journal</i> , 2020, 3, 75-77.	2.9	1
31	Truncated stathmin-2 is a marker of TDP-43 pathology in frontotemporal dementia. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2020, 130, 6080-6092.	8.2	117
32	Skeletal muscle MRI differentiates SBMA and ALS and correlates with disease severity. <i>Neurology</i> , 2019, 93, e895-e907.	1.1	51
33	Postmortem Cortex Samples Identify Distinct Molecular Subtypes of ALS: Retrotransposon Activation, Oxidative Stress, and Activated Glia. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2019, 29, 1164-1177.e5.	6.4	184
34	Uses for humanised mouse models in precision medicine for neurodegenerative disease. <i>Mammalian Genome</i> , 2019, 30, 173-191.	2.2	22
35	Biallelic expansion of an intronic repeat in RFC1 is a common cause of late-onset ataxia. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2019, 51, 649-658.	21.4	338
36	Muscle and not neuronal biomarkers correlate with severity in spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy. <i>Neurology</i> , 2019, 92, e1205-e1211.	1.1	41

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37	Shared polygenic risk and causal inferences in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2019, 85, 470-481.	5.3	118
38	Neuregulin 1 type III improves peripheral nerve myelination in a mouse model of congenital hypomyelinating neuropathy. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2019, 28, 1260-1273.	2.9	28
39	C9orf72 arginine-rich dipeptide proteins interact with ribosomal proteins in vivo to induce a toxic translational arrest that is rescued by eIF1A. <i>Acta Neuropathologica</i> , 2019, 137, 487-500.	7.7	94
40	A nonsense mutation in myelin protein zero causes congenital hypomyelination neuropathy through altered PO membrane targeting and gain of abnormal function. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2019, 28, 124-132.	2.9	12
41	Beyond motor neurons: expanding the clinical spectrum in Kennedy's disease. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2018, 89, 808-812.	1.9	48
42	The snowball effect of RNA binding protein dysfunction in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Brain</i> , 2018, 141, 1236-1238.	7.6	14
43	Genome-wide Analyses Identify KIF5A as a Novel ALS Gene. <i>Neuron</i> , 2018, 97, 1268-1283.e6.	8.1	517
44	C9orf72 quadruplex-binding small molecules ameliorate C9orf72 FTD / ALS pathology in vitro and in vivo. <i>EMBO Molecular Medicine</i> , 2018, 10, 22-31.	6.9	178
45	TDP-43 mutations increase HNRNP A1-7B through gain of splicing function. <i>Brain</i> , 2018, 141, e83-e83.	7.6	7
46	Mice with endogenous TDP-43 mutations exhibit gain of splicing function and characteristics of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>EMBO Journal</i> , 2018, 37, .	7.8	129
47	Unexpected similarities between C9ORF72 and sporadic forms of ALS/FTD suggest a common disease mechanism. <i>ELife</i> , 2018, 7, .	6.0	53
48	Evaluation of methodologies for microRNA biomarker detection by next generation sequencing. <i>RNA Biology</i> , 2018, 15, 1133-1145.	3.1	74
49	ATXN2 trinucleotide repeat length correlates with risk of ALS. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2017, 51, 178.e1-178.e9.	3.1	86
50	A comprehensive analysis of rare genetic variation in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis in the UK. <i>Brain</i> , 2017, 140, 1611-1618.	7.6	71
51	Humanized mutant FUS drives progressive motor neuron degeneration without aggregation in FUS $\Delta$ 14 knockin mice. <i>Brain</i> , 2017, 140, 2797-2805.	7.6	95
52	Quantitative analysis of cryptic splicing associated with TDP-43 depletion. <i>BMC Medical Genomics</i> , 2017, 10, 38.	1.5	81
53	No effect of AR polyG polymorphism on spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy phenotype. <i>European Journal of Neurology</i> , 2016, 23, 1134-1136.	3.3	8
54	Genome-wide association analyses identify new risk variants and the genetic architecture of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2016, 48, 1043-1048.	21.4	494

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55	Systemic inflammatory response and neuromuscular involvement in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Neurology: Neuroimmunology and NeuroInflammation</i> , 2016, 3, e244.	6.0	129
56	Deficiency of the zinc finger protein ZFP106 causes motor and sensory neurodegeneration. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2016, 25, 291-307.	2.9	19
57	Towards a European Registry and Biorepository for Patients with Spinal and Bulbar Muscular Atrophy. <i>Journal of Molecular Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 58, 394-400.	2.3	10
58	Clinical Trials in Spinal and Bulbar Muscular Atrophy—Past, Present, and Future. <i>Journal of Molecular Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 58, 379-387.	2.3	15
59	<i>CHCHD10</i> Pro34Ser is not a highly penetrant pathogenic variant for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis and frontotemporal dementia. <i>Brain</i> , 2016, 139, e9-e9.	7.6	7
60	Post-transcriptional modifications caused by TDP-43 mutations in mouse and man. <i>SpringerPlus</i> , 2015, 4, L52.	1.2	0
61	A novel SOD1-ALS mutation separates central and peripheral effects of mutant SOD1 toxicity. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2015, 24, 1883-1897.	2.9	52
62	Screening a UK amyotrophic lateral sclerosis cohort provides evidence of multiple origins of the C9orf72 expansion. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2015, 36, 546.e1-546.e7.	3.1	48
63	Investigation of next-generation sequencing technologies as a diagnostic tool for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2015, 36, 1600.e5-1600.e8.	3.1	32
64	C9orf72 expansions in frontotemporal dementia and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Lancet Neurology</i> , 2015, 14, 291-301.	10.2	270
65	SOD1 Function and Its Implications for Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Pathology. <i>Neuroscientist</i> , 2015, 21, 519-529.	3.5	113
66	Plasma neurofilament heavy chain levels and disease progression in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis: insights from a longitudinal study. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 86, 565-573.	1.9	91
67	The C9orf72 repeat expansion itself is methylated in ALS and FTLD patients. <i>Acta Neuropathologica</i> , 2015, 129, 715-727.	7.7	114
68	G-quadruplexes: Emerging roles in neurodegenerative diseases and the non-coding transcriptome. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 2015, 589, 1653-1668.	2.8	185
69	Neurofilament light chain. <i>Neurology</i> , 2015, 84, 2247-2257.	1.1	412
70	Neuromuscular diseases: progress in gene discovery drives diagnostics and therapeutics. <i>Lancet Neurology</i> , 2015, 14, 13-14.	10.2	3
71	A Nonsense Mutation in Mouse Tardbp Affects TDP43 Alternative Splicing Activity and Causes Limb-Clasping and Body Tone Defects. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e85962.	2.5	18
72	Profilin1 E117G is a moderate risk factor for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 85, 506-508.	1.9	17

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73	Novel mutations in human and mouse SCN4A implicate AMPK in myotonia and periodic paralysis. <i>Brain</i> , 2014, 137, 3171-3185.	7.6	23
74	Correlation of clinical and molecular features in spinal bulbar muscular atrophy. <i>Neurology</i> , 2014, 82, 2077-2084.	1.1	76
75	Recent advances in bulbar syndromes. <i>Current Opinion in Neurology</i> , 2014, 27, 506-514.	3.6	15
76	Mutations in the Matrin 3 gene cause familial amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 17, 664-666.	14.8	398
77	<i>C9orf72</i> repeat expansions cause neurodegeneration in <i>Drosophila</i> through arginine-rich proteins. <i>Science</i> , 2014, 345, 1192-1194.	12.6	632
78	Widespread RNA metabolism impairment in sporadic inclusion body myositis TDP43-proteinopathy. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2014, 35, 1491-1498.	3.1	36
79	Sequencing analysis of the spinal bulbar muscular atrophy CAG expansion reveals absence of repeat interruptions. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2014, 35, 443.e1-443.e3.	3.1	16
80	Novel <i>CLN3</i> mutation causing autophagic vacuolar myopathy. <i>Neurology</i> , 2014, 82, 2072-2076.	1.1	37
81	Homozygosity for the <i>C9orf72</i> GGGGCC repeat expansion in frontotemporal dementia. <i>Acta Neuropathologica</i> , 2013, 126, 401-409.	7.7	126
82	Large <i>C9orf72</i> Hexanucleotide Repeat Expansions Are Seen in Multiple Neurodegenerative Syndromes and Are More Frequent Than Expected in the UK Population. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2013, 92, 345-353.	6.2	297
83	Antisense makes sense for amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. <i>Lancet Neurology</i> , The, 2013, 12, 416-417.	10.2	3
84	FUS is not dysregulated by the spinal bulbar muscular atrophy androgen receptor polyglutamine repeat expansion. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2013, 34, 1516.e17-1516.e19.	3.1	5
85	Graphical modelling of molecular networks underlying sporadic inclusion body myositis. <i>Molecular BioSystems</i> , 2013, 9, 1736.	2.9	10
86	<i>C9orf72</i> frontotemporal lobar degeneration is characterised by frequent neuronal sense and antisense RNA foci. <i>Acta Neuropathologica</i> , 2013, 126, 845-857.	7.7	289
87	Is SOD1 loss of function involved in amyotrophic lateral sclerosis?. <i>Brain</i> , 2013, 136, 2342-2358.	7.6	237
88	An unusual presentation for SOD1 $\Delta$ ALS: Isolated facial diplegia. <i>Muscle and Nerve</i> , 2013, 48, 994-995.	2.2	1
89	<i>C9orf72</i> hexanucleotide repeat associated with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis and frontotemporal dementia forms RNA G-quadruplexes. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2012, 2, 1016.	3.3	275
90	SOD1 and TDP-43 animal models of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis: recent advances in understanding disease toward the development of clinical treatments. <i>Mammalian Genome</i> , 2011, 22, 420-448.	2.2	113

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91	POS63del impedes the arrival of wild-type P0 glycoprotein to myelin in CMT1B mice. Human Molecular Genetics, 2011, 20, 2081-2090.	2.9	14
92	Nuclear import impairment causes cytoplasmic trans-activation response DNA-binding protein accumulation and is associated with frontotemporal lobar degeneration. Brain, 2010, 133, 1763-1771.	7.6	165
93	Different Intracellular Pathomechanisms Produce Diverse Myelin Protein Zero Neuropathies in Transgenic Mice. Journal of Neuroscience, 2006, 26, 2358-2368.	3.6	144
94	Proteasome Inhibition and Aggresome Formation in Sporadic Inclusion-Body Myositis and in Amyloid- $\beta$ Precursor Protein-Overexpressing Cultured Human Muscle Fibers. American Journal of Pathology, 2005, 167, 517-526.	3.8	105
95	Genome-Wide Analyses Identify KIF5A as a Novel ALS Gene. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	4
96	ALS Mice Carrying Pathological Mutant TDP-43, But Not Mutant FUS, Display Axonal Transport Defects &in vivo&. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	1