

# Andrew H Wei

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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272  
papers

26,478  
citations

25034

57  
h-index

6836

155  
g-index

281  
all docs

281  
docs citations

281  
times ranked

20962  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Diagnosis and management of AML in adults: 2017 ELN recommendations from an international expert panel. <i>Blood</i> , 2017, 129, 424-447.	1.4	4,375
2	Differential Targeting of Prosurvival Bcl-2 Proteins by Their BH3-Only Ligands Allows Complementary Apoptotic Function. <i>Molecular Cell</i> , 2005, 17, 393-403.	9.7	1,639
3	Midostaurin plus Chemotherapy for Acute Myeloid Leukemia with a FLT3 Mutation. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2017, 377, 454-464.	27.0	1,628
4	Blinatumomab versus Chemotherapy for Advanced Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2017, 376, 836-847.	27.0	1,443
5	Azacitidine and Venetoclax in Previously Untreated Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2020, 383, 617-629.	27.0	1,407
6	Venetoclax combined with decitabine or azacitidine in treatment-naive, elderly patients with acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 133, 7-17.	1.4	1,254
7	The BH3 mimetic ABT-737 targets selective Bcl-2 proteins and efficiently induces apoptosis via Bak/Bax if Mcl-1 is neutralized. <i>Cancer Cell</i> , 2006, 10, 389-399.	16.8	1,149
8	Proapoptotic Bak is sequestered by Mcl-1 and Bcl-xL, but not Bcl-2, until displaced by BH3-only proteins. <i>Genes and Development</i> , 2005, 19, 1294-1305.	5.9	1,071
9	The MCL1 inhibitor S63845 is tolerable and effective in diverse cancer models. <i>Nature</i> , 2016, 538, 477-482.	27.8	830
10	International Consensus Classification of Myeloid Neoplasms and Acute Leukemias: integrating morphologic, clinical, and genomic data. <i>Blood</i> , 2022, 140, 1200-1228.	1.4	814
11	Diagnosis and management of AML in adults: 2022 recommendations from an international expert panel on behalf of the ELN. <i>Blood</i> , 2022, 140, 1345-1377.	1.4	805
12	Safety and preliminary efficacy of venetoclax with decitabine or azacitidine in elderly patients with previously untreated acute myeloid leukaemia: a non-randomised, open-label, phase 1b study. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , 2018, 19, 216-228.	10.7	551
13	Venetoclax Combined With Low-Dose Cytarabine for Previously Untreated Patients With Acute Myeloid Leukemia: Results From a Phase Ib/II Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2019, 37, 1277-1284.	1.6	494
14	Venetoclax plus LDAC for newly diagnosed AML ineligible for intensive chemotherapy: a phase 3 randomized placebo-controlled trial. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 135, 2137-2145.	1.4	470
15	Molecular patterns of response and treatment failure after frontline venetoclax combinations in older patients with AML. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 135, 791-803.	1.4	412
16	Anti-apoptotic Mcl-1 is essential for the development and sustained growth of acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Genes and Development</i> , 2012, 26, 120-125.	5.9	344
17	AMG 176, a Selective MCL1 Inhibitor, Is Effective in Hematologic Cancer Models Alone and in Combination with Established Therapies. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2018, 8, 1582-1597.	9.4	310
18	Oral Azacitidine Maintenance Therapy for Acute Myeloid Leukemia in First Remission. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2020, 383, 2526-2537.	27.0	265

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19	BH3-Mimetic Drugs: Blazing the Trail for New Cancer Medicines. <i>Cancer Cell</i> , 2018, 34, 879-891.	16.8	250
20	Inhibition of Endosteal Vascular Niche Remodeling Rescues Hematopoietic Stem Cell Loss in AML. <i>Cell Stem Cell</i> , 2018, 22, 64-77.e6.	11.1	249
21	MDM2 inhibition: an important step forward in cancer therapy. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2020, 34, 2858-2874.	7.2	207
22	Analysis of the apoptotic and therapeutic activities of histone deacetylase inhibitors by using a mouse model of B cell lymphoma. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007, 104, 8071-8076.	7.1	195
23	How I treat acute myeloid leukemia in the era of new drugs. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 135, 85-96.	1.4	172
24	The caspase-8 inhibitor emricasan combines with the SMAC mimetic birinapant to induce necroptosis and treat acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2016, 8, 339ra69.	12.4	140
25	Towards precision medicine for AML. <i>Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology</i> , 2021, 18, 577-590.	27.6	138
26	In vivo efficacy of the Bcl-2 antagonist ABT-737 against aggressive Myc-driven lymphomas. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2008, 105, 17961-17966.	7.1	137
27	Targeting MCL-1 in hematologic malignancies: Rationale and progress. <i>Blood Reviews</i> , 2020, 44, 100672.	5.7	135
28	Vosaroxin plus cytarabine versus placebo plus cytarabine in patients with first relapsed or refractory acute myeloid leukaemia (VALOR): a randomised, controlled, double-blind, multinational, phase 3 study. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , The, 2015, 16, 1025-1036.	10.7	129
29	Impact of NPM1/FLT3-ITD genotypes defined by the 2017 European LeukemiaNet in patients with acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 135, 371-380.	1.4	127
30	Combining BH3-mimetics to target both BCL-2 and MCL1 has potent activity in pre-clinical models of acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2019, 33, 905-917.	7.2	126
31	Enhancing venetoclax activity in acute myeloid leukemia by co-targeting MCL1. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2018, 32, 303-312.	7.2	123
32	Chemotherapy and Venetoclax in Elderly Acute Myeloid Leukemia Trial (CAVEAT): A Phase Ib Dose-Escalation Study of Venetoclax Combined With Modified Intensive Chemotherapy. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020, 38, 3506-3517.	1.6	112
33	Midostaurin, enasidenib, CPX-351, gemtuzumab ozogamicin, and venetoclax bring new hope to AML. <i>Blood</i> , 2017, 130, 2469-2474.	1.4	110
34	The Multi-Kinase Inhibitor Midostaurin (M) Prolongs Survival Compared with Placebo (P) in Combination with Daunorubicin (D)/Cytarabine (C) Induction (ind), High-Dose C Consolidation (consol), and As Maintenance (maint) Therapy in Newly Diagnosed Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) Patients (pts) Age 18-60 with FLT3 Mutations (mut): An International Prospective Randomized (rand) P-Controlled Double-Blind Trial (CALGB 10603/RATIFY [Alliance]). <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 6-6.	1.4	104
35	RUNX1-mutated families show phenotype heterogeneity and a somatic mutation profile unique to germline predisposed AML. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2020, 4, 1131-1144.	5.2	102
36	Granulocyte colony-stimulating factor-induced sickle cell crisis and multiorgan dysfunction in a patient with compound heterozygous sickle cell/β <sup>+</sup> thalassemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2001, 97, 3998-3999.	1.4	101

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37	Structural Basis for Apoptosis Inhibition by Epstein-Barr Virus BHRF1. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2010, 6, e1001236.	4.7	99
38	Genomic subtyping and therapeutic targeting of acute erythroleukemia. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2019, 51, 694-704.	21.4	97
39	New directions for emerging therapies in acute myeloid leukemia: the next chapter. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2020, 10, 107.	6.2	96
40	Venetoclax with azacitidine or decitabine in patients with newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukemia: Long term follow-up from a phase 1b study. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 2021, 96, 208-217.	4.1	95
41	Targeting p38 or MK2 Enhances the Anti-Leukemic Activity of Smac-Mimetics. <i>Cancer Cell</i> , 2016, 29, 145-158.	16.8	93
42	Enasidenib plus azacitidine versus azacitidine alone in patients with newly diagnosed, mutant-IDH2 acute myeloid leukaemia (AG221-AML-005): a single-arm, phase 1b and randomised, phase 2 trial. <i>Lancet Oncology</i> , 2021, 22, 1597-1608.	10.7	90
43	Stage I of a phase 2 study assessing the efficacy, safety, and tolerability of barasertib (AZD1152) versus low-dose cytosine arabinoside in elderly patients with acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Cancer</i> , 2013, 119, 2611-2619.	4.1	88
44	New insights into the haemostatic function of platelets. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2009, 147, 415-430.	2.5	81
45	Dual epigenetic targeting with panobinostat and azacitidine in acute myeloid leukemia and high-risk myelodysplastic syndrome. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2014, 4, e170-e170.	6.2	80
46	BCL2 and MCL1 inhibitors for hematologic malignancies. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 138, 1120-1136.	1.4	78
47	Chromosomal Abnormalities and Prognosis in <i>NPM1</i> -Mutated Acute Myeloid Leukemia: A Pooled Analysis of Individual Patient Data From Nine International Cohorts. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2019, 37, 2632-2642.	1.6	77
48	Reducing TNF Receptor 2+ Regulatory T Cells via the Combined Action of Azacitidine and the HDAC Inhibitor, Panobinostat for Clinical Benefit in Acute Myeloid Leukemia Patients. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2014, 20, 724-735.	7.0	76
49	Intact TP-53 function is essential for sustaining durable responses to BH3-mimetic drugs in leukemias. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 137, 2721-2735.	1.4	75
50	Inhibition of Pol I transcription treats murine and human AML by targeting the leukemia-initiating cell population. <i>Blood</i> , 2017, 129, 2882-2895.	1.4	74
51	The BAFF receptor TACI controls IL-10 production by regulatory B cells and CLL B cells. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2016, 30, 163-172.	7.2	69
52	The QUAZAR AML-001 Maintenance Trial: Results of a Phase III International, Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Study of CC-486 (Oral Formulation of Azacitidine) in Patients with Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) in First Remission. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, LBA-3-LBA-3.	1.4	68
53	Targeting sphingosine kinase 1 induces MCL1-dependent cell death in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2017, 129, 771-782.	1.4	67
54	Phase 1b Study of the Anti-TIM-3 Antibody MBG453 in Combination with Decitabine in Patients with High-Risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS) and Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML). <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 570-570.	1.4	64

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55	Lenalidomide-based maintenance therapy reduces TNF receptor 2 on CD4 T cells and enhances immune effector function in acute myeloid leukemia patients. <i>American Journal of Hematology</i> , 2014, 89, 795-802.	4.1	63
56	Safety and efficacy of talacotuzumab plus decitabine or decitabine alone in patients with acute myeloid leukemia not eligible for chemotherapy: results from a multicenter, randomized, phase 2/3 study. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2021, 35, 62-74.	7.2	63
57	Venetoclax induces rapid elimination of <i>NPM1</i> mutant measurable residual disease in combination with low-intensity chemotherapy in acute myeloid leukaemia. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2021, 192, 1026-1030.	2.5	63
58	Discovery of Potent and Selective Benzothiazole Hydrazone Inhibitors of Bcl-X <sub>L</sub> . <i>Journal of Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2013, 56, 5514-5540.	6.4	60
59	Interconversion between Tumorigenic and Differentiated States in Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Cell Stem Cell</i> , 2019, 25, 258-272.e9.	11.1	60
60	Omalizumab is effective in treating systemic mastocytosis in a nonatopic patient. <i>Allergy: European Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology</i> , 2010, 65, 926-927.	5.7	56
61	Special considerations in the management of adult patients with acute leukaemias and myeloid neoplasms in the COVID-19 era: recommendations from a panel of international experts. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , 2020, 7, e601-e612.	4.6	56
62	Preliminary Results from a Phase 1 First-in-Human Study of AMG 673, a Novel Half-Life Extended (HLE) Anti-CD33/CD3 BiTE <sup>®</sup> (Bispecific T-Cell Engager) in Patients with Relapsed/Refractory (R/R) Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML). <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 833-833.	1.4	55
63	Efficacy and Safety of Sabatolimab (MBG453) in Combination with Hypomethylating Agents (HMAs) in Patients with Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) and High-Risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome (HR-MDS): Updated Results from a Phase 1b Study. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 1-2.	1.4	54
64	Targeting acute myeloid leukemia by dual inhibition of PI3K signaling and Cdk9-mediated Mcl-1 transcription. <i>Blood</i> , 2013, 122, 738-748.	1.4	53
65	MIRROS: a randomized, placebo-controlled, Phase III trial of cytarabine ± idasanutlin in relapsed or refractory acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Future Oncology</i> , 2020, 16, 807-815.	2.4	53
66	Efficacy of an Fc-modified anti-CD123 antibody (CSL362) combined with chemotherapy in xenograft models of acute myelogenous leukemia in immunodeficient mice. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2015, 100, 914-926.	3.5	51
67	Time to reeval and replace response criteria for acute myeloid leukemia?. <i>Blood Reviews</i> , 2018, 32, 416-425.	5.7	51
68	Midostaurin reduces relapse in FLT3-mutant acute myeloid leukemia: the Alliance CALGB 10603/RATIFY trial. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2021, 35, 2539-2551.	7.2	51
69	KB004, a first in class monoclonal antibody targeting the receptor tyrosine kinase EphA3, in patients with advanced hematologic malignancies: Results from a phase 1 study. <i>Leukemia Research</i> , 2016, 50, 123-131.	0.8	50
70	Inositol polyphosphate 4-phosphatase II (INPP4B) is associated with chemoresistance and poor outcome in AML. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 125, 2815-2824.	1.4	47
71	Use of antibacterial prophylaxis for patients with neutropenia. <i>Internal Medicine Journal</i> , 2011, 41, 102-109.	0.8	45
72	Cytokine-driven loss of plasmacytoid dendritic cell function in chronic lymphocytic leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2014, 28, 2005-2015.	7.2	43

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73	A Phase 1b Study Evaluating the Safety and Efficacy of Venetoclax in Combination with Azacitidine in Treatment-Naïve Patients with Higher-Risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 568-568.	1.4	43
74	Impact of <i>F</i> <i>LT3</i> Mutation on Outcomes after Venetoclax and Azacitidine for Patients with Treatment-Naïve Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2022, 28, 2744-2752.	7.0	43
75	Mitochondrial inhibitors circumvent adaptive resistance to venetoclax and cytarabine combination therapy in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Nature Cancer</i> , 2021, 2, 1204-1223.	13.2	42
76	Phase 1/2 Study of Venetoclax with Low-Dose Cytarabine in Treatment-Naive, Elderly Patients with Acute Myeloid Leukemia Unfit for Intensive Chemotherapy: 1-Year Outcomes. <i>Blood</i> , 2017, 130, 890-890.	1.4	41
77	Blinatumomab versus chemotherapy in first salvage or in later salvage for B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2019, 60, 2214-2222.	1.3	40
78	Safety, Efficacy, and Patient-Reported Outcomes of Venetoclax in Combination with Azacitidine for the Treatment of Patients with Higher-Risk Myelodysplastic Syndrome: A Phase 1b Study. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 55-57.	1.4	40
79	Safety and Efficacy of Venetoclax Plus Low-Dose Cytarabine in Treatment-Naive Patients Aged $\geq 65$ Years with Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 128, 102-102.	1.4	40
80	New drugs creating new challenges in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Genes Chromosomes and Cancer</i> , 2019, 58, 903-914.	2.8	39
81	Bone marrow immunohistology of plasma cell neoplasms. <i>Journal of Clinical Pathology</i> , 2003, 56, 406-411.	2.0	38
82	Oral azacitidine prolongs survival of patients with AML in remission independently of measurable residual disease status. <i>Blood</i> , 2022, 139, 2145-2155.	1.4	38
83	Enasidenib Plus Azacitidine Significantly Improves Complete Remission and Overall Response Compared with Azacitidine Alone in Patients with Newly Diagnosed Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) with Isocitrate Dehydrogenase 2 (IDH2) Mutations: Interim Phase II Results from an Ongoing, Randomized Study. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 643-643.	1.4	37
84	Design of the randomized, Phase III, QUAZAR AML Maintenance trial of CC-486 (oral azacitidine) maintenance therapy in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Future Oncology</i> , 2016, 12, 293-302.	2.4	36
85	High expression of HMGA2 independently predicts poor clinical outcomes in acute myeloid leukemia. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2018, 8, 68.	6.2	36
86	Serine Biosynthesis Is a Metabolic Vulnerability in FLT3-ITD-Driven Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2021, 11, 1582-1599.	9.4	35
87	Discovery and SAR of novel pyrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidines as inhibitors of CDK9. <i>Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2015, 23, 6280-6296.	3.0	34
88	Isavuconazole as salvage therapy for mucormycosis. <i>Medical Mycology Case Reports</i> , 2016, 11, 36-39.	1.3	34
89	Midostaurin in patients with acute myeloid leukemia and FLT3-TKD mutations: a subanalysis from the RATIFY trial. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2020, 4, 4945-4954.	5.2	34
90	Clonal hematopoiesis, myeloid disorders and <i>BAX</i> -mutated myelopoiesis in patients receiving venetoclax for CLL. <i>Blood</i> , 2022, 139, 1198-1207.	1.4	34

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91	Results of a phase 1b study of venetoclax plus decitabine or azacitidine in untreated acute myeloid leukemia patients ≥ 65 years ineligible for standard induction therapy.. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 7009-7009.	1.6	33
92	BCL-2 family protein BOK is a positive regulator of uridine metabolism in mammals. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2019, 116, 15469-15474.	7.1	31
93	Use of risk stratification to guide ambulatory management of neutropenic fever. Internal Medicine Journal, 2011, 41, 82-89.	0.8	30
94	Venetoclax with Low-Dose Cytarabine Induces Rapid, Deep, and Durable Responses in Previously Untreated Older Adults with AML Ineligible for Intensive Chemotherapy. Blood, 2018, 132, 284-284.	1.4	30
95	Maintenance lenalidomide in combination with 5-azacitidine as post-remission therapy for acute myeloid leukaemia. British Journal of Haematology, 2015, 169, 199-210.	2.5	29
96	Venetoclax in Combination with Hypomethylating Agents Induces Rapid, Deep, and Durable Responses in Patients with AML Ineligible for Intensive Therapy. Blood, 2018, 132, 285-285.	1.4	29
97	Effect of enasidenib (ENA) plus azacitidine (AZA) on complete remission and overall response versus AZA monotherapy in mutant-IDH2 (mIDH2) newly diagnosed acute myeloid leukemia (ND-AML).. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2020, 38, 7501-7501.	1.6	29
98	Cotargeting BCL-2 and MCL-1 in high-risk B-ALL. Blood Advances, 2020, 4, 2762-2767.	5.2	28
99	Acute Myeloid Leukemia: Historical Perspective and Progress in Research and Therapy Over 5 Decades. Clinical Lymphoma, Myeloma and Leukemia, 2021, 21, 580-597.	0.4	28
100	Harnessing the benefits of available targeted therapies in acute myeloid leukaemia. Lancet Haematology, the, 2021, 8, e922-e933.	4.6	27
101	Enasidenib vs conventional care in older patients with late-stage mutant-IDH2 relapsed/refractory AML: a randomized phase 3 trial. Blood, 2023, 141, 156-167.	1.4	27
102	Subversion of the Bcl-2 Life/Death Switch in Cancer Development and Therapy. Cold Spring Harbor Symposia on Quantitative Biology, 2005, 70, 469-477.	1.1	26
103	Clinical impact of NPM1-mutant molecular persistence after chemotherapy for acute myeloid leukemia. Blood Advances, 2021, 5, 5107-5111.	5.2	25
104	Treatment-free remission after ceasing venetoclax-based therapy in patients with acute myeloid leukemia. Blood Advances, 2022, 6, 3879-3883.	5.2	25
105	Fli-1 Overexpression in Hematopoietic Progenitors Deregulates T Cell Development and Induces Pre-T Cell Lymphoblastic Leukaemia/Lymphoma. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e62346.	2.5	24
106	Improving the transition of highly complex patients into the community: impact of a pharmacist in an allogeneic stem cell transplant (SCT) outpatient clinic. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2013, 21, 3491-3495.	2.2	23
107	Olutasidenib (FT-2102), an IDH1m Inhibitor As a Single Agent or in Combination with Azacitidine, Induces Deep Clinical Responses with Mutation Clearance in Patients with Acute Myeloid Leukemia Treated in a Phase 1 Dose Escalation and Expansion Study. Blood, 2019, 134, 231-231.	1.4	23
108	GADD45A methylation predicts poor overall survival in acute myeloid leukemia and is associated with IDH1/2 and DNMT3A mutations. Leukemia, 2013, 27, 1588-1592.	7.2	22

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109	Phase Ib/2 study of venetoclax with low-dose cytarabine in treatment-naïve patients age ≥ 65 with acute myelogenous leukemia. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2016, 34, 7007-7007.	1.6	22
110	Effectiveness of a single fixed dose of rasburicase 3 mg in the management of tumour lysis syndrome. <i>British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology</i> , 2013, 75, 565-568.	2.4	20
111	Biomarkers associated with blinatumomab outcomes in acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2021, 35, 2220-2231.	7.2	20
112	The mTOR inhibitor everolimus in combination with azacitidine in patients with relapsed/refractory acute myeloid leukemia: a phase Ib/II study. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 52269-52280.	1.8	20
113	Protein Kinase Activity of Phosphoinositide 3-Kinase Regulates Cytokine-Dependent Cell Survival. <i>PLoS Biology</i> , 2013, 11, e1001515.	5.6	19
114	Development of fatal bortezomib induced acute lung injury despite concurrent therapy with high-dose dexamethasone. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2007, 48, 212-213.	1.3	18
115	Methylation of <i>KLF5</i> contributes to reduced expression in acute myeloid leukaemia and is associated with poor overall survival. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2013, 161, 884-888.	2.5	18
116	Pharmacologic Reduction of Mitochondrial Iron Triggers a Noncanonical BAX/BAK-Dependent Cell Death. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2022, 12, 774-791.	9.4	18
117	Protocol of a multi-centre randomised controlled trial of a web-based information intervention with nurse-delivered telephone support for haematological cancer patients and their support persons. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2015, 15, 295.	2.6	17
118	6-month follow-up of VIALE-C demonstrates improved and durable efficacy in patients with untreated AML ineligible for intensive chemotherapy. <i>Blood Cancer Journal</i> , 2021, 11, 163.	6.2	17
119	FT-2102, an IDH1m Inhibitor, in Combination with Azacitidine in Patients with Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) or Myelodysplastic Aynndrome (MDS): Results from a Phase 1 Study. <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 132, 1452-1452.	1.4	16
120	Outcomes in Patients with Poor-Risk Cytogenetics with or without <i>TP53</i> Mutations Treated with Venetoclax Combined with Hypomethylating Agents. <i>Blood</i> , 2021, 138, 224-224.	1.4	16
121	PUMA promotes apoptosis of hematopoietic progenitors driving leukemic progression in a mouse model of myelodysplasia. <i>Cell Death and Differentiation</i> , 2016, 23, 1049-1059.	11.2	15
122	Olutasidenib (FT-2102) Induces Rapid Remissions in Patients with IDH1-Mutant Myelodysplastic Syndrome: Results of Phase 1/2 Single Agent Treatment and Combination with Azacitidine. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 674-674.	1.4	15
123	Rituximab responsive immune thrombocytopenic purpura in an adult with underlying autoimmune lymphoproliferative syndrome due to a splice-site mutation (IVS7+2 T>C) affecting the Fas gene. <i>European Journal of Haematology</i> , 2007, 79, 363-366.	2.2	14
124	Idarubicin Dose Escalation During Consolidation Therapy for Adult Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2017, 35, 1678-1685.	1.6	14
125	Fludarabine, cytarabine, granulocyte-colony stimulating factor and amsacrine: an effective salvage therapy option for acute myeloid leukemia at first relapse. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2013, 54, 336-341.	1.3	13
126	Have all-trans retinoic acid and arsenic trioxide replaced all-trans retinoic acid and anthracyclines in APL as standard of care. <i>Best Practice and Research in Clinical Haematology</i> , 2014, 27, 39-52.	1.7	13



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127	Comparison of biosimilar filgrastim with originator filgrastim for peripheral blood stem cell mobilization and engraftment in patients with multiple myeloma undergoing autologous stem cell transplantation. <i>Transfusion</i> , 2015, 55, 2709-2713.	1.6	13
128	Management of adverse events in patients with acute myeloid leukemia in remission receiving oral azacitidine: experience from the phase 3 randomized QUAZAR AML-001 trial. <i>Journal of Hematology and Oncology</i> , 2021, 14, 133.	17.0	13
129	Acquired Mutations in BAX Confer Resistance to BH3 Mimetics in Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2020, 136, 7-8.	1.4	13
130	Venetoclax exposureâ€ efficacy and exposureâ€ safety relationships in patients with treatmentâ€ naïve acute myeloid leukemia who are ineligible for intensive chemotherapy. <i>Hematological Oncology</i> , 2022, 40, 269-279.	1.7	13
131	Epigenetic Activation of Plasmacytoid DCs Drives IFNAR-Dependent Therapeutic Differentiation of AML. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2022, 12, 1560-1579.	9.4	13
132	Phase I trials of the lysine-specific demethylase 1 inhibitor, GSK2879552, asâ€ mono- and combination-therapy in relapsed/refractory acute myeloid leukemia or high-risk myelodysplastic syndromes. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2022, 63, 463-467.	1.3	13
133	Idasanutlin Plus Cytarabine in Relapsed or Refractory Acute Myeloid Leukemia: Results of the MIRROS Trial. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2022, , .	5.2	13
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