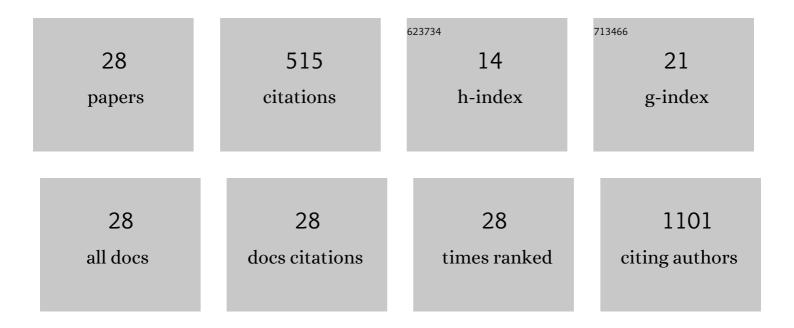
Alexandra L Clark

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cortical Amyloid Burden Differences Across Empirically-Derived Mild Cognitive Impairment Subtypes and Interaction with APOE É>4 Genotype. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2016, 52, 849-861.	2.6	48
2	Cerebral Blood Flow and Amyloid-β Interact to Affect Memory Performance in Cognitively Normal Older Adults. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2017, 9, 181.	3.4	47
3	Regional hyperperfusion in older adults with objectively-defined subtle cognitive decline. Journal of Cerebral Blood Flow and Metabolism, 2021, 41, 1001-1012.	4.3	35
4	Dynamic association between perfusion and white matter integrity across time since injury in Veterans with history of TBI. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2017, 14, 308-315.	2.7	31
5	Blast-Exposed Veterans With Mild Traumatic Brain Injury Show Greater Frontal Cortical Thinning and Poorer Executive Functioning. Frontiers in Neurology, 2018, 9, 873.	2.4	28
6	Predictors of cognitive and physical fatigue in post-acute mild–moderate traumatic brain injury. Neuropsychological Rehabilitation, 2017, 27, 1031-1046.	1.6	27
7	Pathological vascular and inflammatory biomarkers of acute- and chronic-phase traumatic brain injury. Concussion, 2017, 2, CNC30.	1.0	25
8	Repetitive mild traumatic brain injury in military veterans is associated with increased neuropsychological intra-individual variability. Neuropsychologia, 2018, 119, 340-348.	1.6	25
9	Fatigue Is Associated With Global and Regional Thalamic Morphometry in Veterans With a History of Mild Traumatic Brain Injury. Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, 2018, 33, 382-392.	1.7	23
10	White Matter Microstructural Compromise Is Associated With Cognition But Not Posttraumatic Stress Disorder Symptoms in Military Veterans With Traumatic Brain Injury. Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, 2016, 31, 297-308.	1.7	22
11	Deep white matter hyperintensities affect verbal memory independent of PTSD symptoms in veterans with mild traumatic brain injury. Brain Injury, 2016, 30, 864-871.	1.2	21
12	Apolipoprotein E (APOE) Îμ4 genotype is associated with reduced neuropsychological performance in military veterans with a history of mild traumatic brain injury. Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology, 2018, 40, 1050-1061.	1.3	21
13	Neuropsychiatric Predictors of Postâ€Injury Headache After Mildâ€Moderate Traumatic Brain Injury in Veterans. Headache, 2016, 56, 699-710.	3.9	19
14	Apolipoprotein E ε4 Genotype Is Associated with Elevated Psychiatric Distress in Veterans with a History of Mild to Moderate Traumatic Brain Injury. Journal of Neurotrauma, 2018, 35, 2272-2282.	3.4	19
15	Cognitive fatigue is associated with reduced anterior internal capsule integrity in veterans with history of mild to moderate traumatic brain injury. Brain Imaging and Behavior, 2017, 11, 1548-1554.	2.1	18
16	Repetitive mTBI is associated with age-related reductions in cerebral blood flow but not cortical thickness. Journal of Cerebral Blood Flow and Metabolism, 2021, 41, 431-444.	4.3	17
17	Elevated Intraindividual Variability in Executive Functions and Associations with White Matter Microstructure in Veterans with Mild Traumatic Brain Injury. Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society, 2021, 27, 305-314.	1.8	15
18	White Matter Associations With Performance Validity Testing in Veterans With Mild Traumatic Brain Injury: The Utility of Biomarkers in Complicated Assessment. Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, 2016, 31, 346-359.	1.7	11

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	APOE-ε4 Genotype is Associated with Elevated Post-Concussion Symptoms in Military Veterans with a Remote History of Mild Traumatic Brain Injury. Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology, 2019, 34, 706-712.	0.5	11
20	Problem alcohol use in veterans with mild traumatic brain injury: Associations with cognitive performance and psychiatric symptoms. Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology, 2016, 38, 1115-1130.	1.3	10
21	Dissociation of BDNF Val66Met polymorphism on neurocognitive functioning in military veterans with and without a history of remote mild traumatic brain injury. Clinical Neuropsychologist, 2020, 34, 1226-1247.	2.3	9
22	Coordinating Global Multi-Site Studies of Military-Relevant Traumatic Brain Injury: Opportunities, Challenges, and Harmonization Guidelines. Brain Imaging and Behavior, 2021, 15, 585-613.	2.1	9
23	Elevated Inflammatory Markers and Arterial Stiffening Exacerbate Tau but Not Amyloid Pathology in Older Adults with Mild Cognitive Impairment. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2021, 80, 1451-1463.	2.6	7
24	Differential Effect of APOE ɛ4 Status and Elevated Pulse Pressure on Functional Decline in Cognitively Normal Older Adults. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2018, 62, 1567-1578.	2.6	6
25	Subjective cognitive and psychiatric well-being in U.S. Military Veterans screened for deployment-related traumatic brain injury: A Million Veteran Program Study. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2022, 151, 144-149.	3.1	4
26	Response inhibition in Veterans with a history of mild traumatic brain injury: The role of self-reported complaints in objective performance. Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology, 2020, 42, 556-568.	1.3	3
27	Decreased myelin content of the fornix predicts poorer memory performance beyond vascular risk, hippocampal volume, and fractional anisotropy in nondemented older adults. Brain Imaging and Behavior, 2021, 15, 2563-2571.	2.1	3
28	Research Letter. Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, 2021, Publish Ahead of Print, 418-423.	1.7	1